Nora's Bagel Bin Database Blueprints

1. Nora's Bagel Bin: 2NF

BAGEL ORDER BAGEL ORDER LINE ITEM BAGEL

PK	Bagel Order ID		PK/FK	Bagel Order ID		PK	Bagel ID
	Order Date	<u>1:M</u>	PK/FK	Bagel ID	M:1		Bagel Name
	First Name			Bagel Quantity			Bagel Description
	Last Name						Bagel Price
	Address 1						
	Address 2						
	City						
	State						
	Zip						
	Mobile Phone						
	Delivery Fee						
	Special Notes						

To transition from 1NF to 2NF three tables were created. The tables above are "Bagel Order", "Bagel Order Line Item", and "Bagel". The three tables were created because 2NF does not have any non-attribute keys that is functionally dependent on any candidate key. "Bagel Order" and "Bagel" tables has Primary keys while the "Bagel Order Line Item" has both primary keys that intersects both tables.

The relationship between "Bagel Order" and "Bagel Order Line Item" from left to right is one-to-many. A "Bagel Order "has many orders line items. From right to left, "Bagel Order Line Item" has one bagel order. The "Bagel Order Line Item" has many-to-one relationship with "Bagel". From left to right, "Bagel Order Line Item" has one "Bagel". From right to left, "Bagel" has many "Bagel Order Line Items".

2. Third normal form (3NF) "Nora's Bagel Bin Database Blueprints":

BAGEL ORDER BAGEL ORDER LINE ITEM BAGEL

PK	Bagel Order ID		PK/FK	Bagel Order ID		PK	Bagel ID
FK	Customer ID	<u>1:M</u>	PK/FK	Bagel ID	<u>M:1</u>		Bagel Name
	Order Date			Bagel Quantity			Bagel Description
	Delivery Fee				='		Bagel Price
	Special Notes						

M:1

Customer

PK	Customer ID
	First Name
	Last Name
	Address 1
	Address 2
	City
	State
	Zip
	Mobile Phone

For a table to be considered in 3NF all transitive dependencies must be removed. The "Customer" table was added to remove the transitive dependencies; making it a foreign key in the "Bagel Order" table.

The table above shows from up-to-down that the "Bagel Order" table has a many-to-one relationship with the "customer" table; "Bagel Order" has one customer; customer has many "Bagel Orders". The "Bagel order" table has a one-to-many relationship with the "Bagel Order Line Item" table; from left-to-right, the "bagel order" has many order line items; from right-to-left, the "Bagel order line items" has one bagel. The "Bagel Order Line Item" has a many-to-one relationship with the "Bagel" table; from left-to-right, "Bagel Order Line Item" has one bagel; read from right-to-left "Bagel" has many "Bagel Order Line Items".

3. "Final Physical Database Model": "Nora's Bagel Bin Database Blueprints":

BAGEL ORDER BAGEL ORDER LINE ITEM BAGEL

PK	bagel_order	INT		PK/FK	bagel_order_id	INT		PK	bagel_id	CHAR
	_ld		1.M	PK/FK	bagel_id	CHAR				(2)
FK	customer_id	INT	1.171			(2)	M:1		bagel_name	VARCHAR
	order date	TIMESTAMP			bagel_quantily	INT			1 1 1 1 1 1	(15)
	delivery_fee	NUMERIC			I.				bagel_description	VARCHAR (100)
	special_notes	VARCHAR							bagel_price	NUMERIC
	· –	(20)								

M:1

CUSTOMER

PK	Customer_id	INT
	first_name	VARCHAR(20)
	last_name	VARCHAR(20)
	address 1	VARCHAR(30)
	address 2	VARCHAR(30)
	city	VARCHAR(30)
	state	CHAR(2)
	zip	VARCHAR(16)
	mobile_phone	VARCHAR(10)

Jaunty Coffee Co. ERD

1. SQL code "Jaunty Coffee Co. ERD":

```
CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE
employee id INT NOT NULL,
first_name VARCHAR(30),
last name VARCHAR(30),
hire_date DATE,
job title VARCHAR(30),
shop id INT,
PRIMARY KEY (employee id),
);
CREATE TABLE COFFEE_SHOP
 shop id INT NOT NULL,
 shop name VARCHAR(30),
 city VARCHAR(30),
 state CHAR(2),
 PRIMARY KEY (shop id)
 );
CREATE TABLE COFFEE
 coffee_id INT NOT NULL,
 shop id INT,
 supplier id INT,
 coffee name VARCHAR(30),
 price_per_pound NUMERIC(5,2),
 PRIMARY KEY (coffee id),
 FOREIGN KEY (shop_id) REFERENCES COFFEE_SHOP (shop_id)
 );
```

CREATE TABLE SUPPLIER

supplier_id INT NOT NULL, company_name VARCHAR(50),

country VARCHAR(30),

```
sales_contact_name VARCHAR(60),
email VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (supplier_id),
);

ALTER TABLE COFFEE
ADD FOREIGN KEY (supplier_id) REFERENCES SUPPLIER (supplier_id);

| Contact Table SPRONE
| Conta
```

```
2. SQL code to populate each table:
INSERT INTO COFFEE SHOP (shop id, shop name, city, state) VALUES
 (10, 'NOLA CAFE', 'NEW ORLEANS', 'LA'),
 (20, 'FRENCH CAFE', 'HARVEY', 'LA'),
 (30, 'CANAL CAFE', 'METAIRIE', 'LA');
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE (employee id, first name, last name, hire date, job title,
shop id) VALUES
(100, 'EDWARD', 'GORDON', '2023-01-12', 'waiter', 50),
(200, 'BRANDON', 'DAVIS', '2023-02-15', 'waiter', 100),
(300, 'CHRIS', 'HORTON', '2023-03-10','cook', 150);
INSERT INTO SUPPLIER (supplier id, company name, country,
sales_contact_name,email) VALUES
 (40, 'HALLOW BEAN', 'USA', 'TOMMY BROWN', 'tbrown@company.com'),
 (50, 'SPOOKY BUCKS', 'CANADA', 'JILL DAVIS', 'jdavis@company.com'),
 (60, 'COCO BEAN', 'PUERTO RICO', 'JOSE SAN', 'jsan@company.com');
INSERT INTO COFFEE (coffee id, shop_id, supplier_id, coffee_name, price_per_pound)
VALUES
(5,10, 60, 'HOT BEAN', 1.50),
(10, 30, 40, 'SPOOKE', 2.00),
(15, 20, 50, 'MIDNIGHT', 2.50);
```

nployee_id first_name		first_name	first_name			hire_date	job_title		shop_id
100 EDWARD		EDWARD	EDWARD		GORDON		waiter	waiter	
00		BRANDON		DAVIS		2023-02-16			100
300 CHRIS		CHRIS		HORTON		2023-03-10			150
✓ Record Count: 3; Execution T	me: 6ms + View Execution Plan + Inl								
shop_id shop_name					city				state
0		NOLA CAFE			NEW/	ORLEANS			LA
20 FRENCH CAFE					HARV	/EY		LA	
30 CANAL CAFE				METAIRIE		MRIE			LA
✓ Record Count: 3; Execution T	me: 23ms + View Execution Plan + Tr	nk .							
offee_id	shop	_id	supplier_id		coffee_name	e	price_pe	er_pound	
	10		80	но			1.5		
0	30	30		40 S		SPOOKE		2	
5	20		50	MIDNI		NIGHT 2.5			
✓ Record Count: 3; Execution T	me: 2ms + View Execution Plan + Ink								
upplier_id	company_name		cou	untry	sales_co	intact_name		email	
0	HALLOW BEAN	HALLOW BEAN		USA 1		TOMMY BROWN		tbrown@company.com	
	SPOOKY BUCK	SPOOKY BUCKS		CANADA		JILL DAVIS		jdavis@company.com	
0		COCO BEAN		JERTO RICO J			jsan@company.com		

3. Create a view:

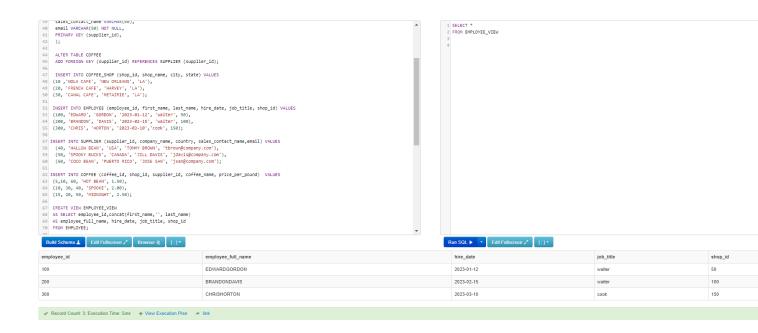
CREATE VIEW EMPLOYEE VIEW

AS SELECT employee_id,

CONCAT (first_name, ', last_name)

AS employee_full_name, hire_date, job_title, shop_id

FROM EMPLOYEE;



4. Create an index:

CREATE INDEX coffee name

ON COFFEE (coffee name);

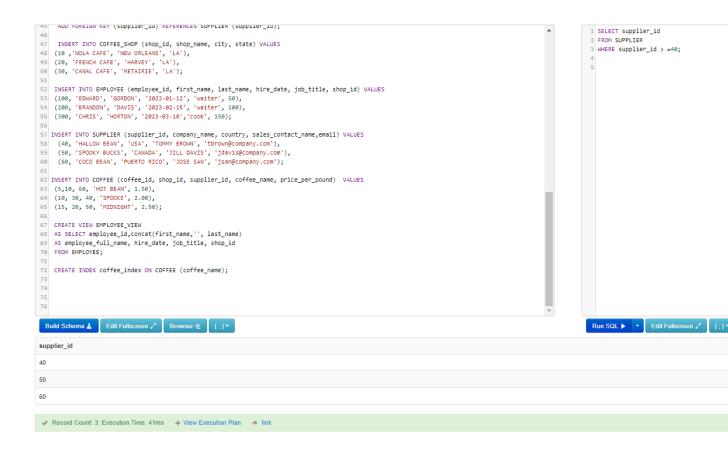


5. Create an SFW (SELECT-FROM-WHERE):

SELECT supplier_id

FROM SUPPLIER

WHERE suppier_id > = 40;



6. Create table joins query:

SELECT *

FROM EMPLOYEE M FULL JOIN COFFEE C

ON m.shop_id=c.shop_id

FULL JOIN COFFEE_SHOP CS

ON c.shop id=m.shop id;

