Lecture 2

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2024-01-11

In this course we will work on:

- Diffusion-type problems (parabolic equations)
- Wave-like problems (hyperbolic equations)
- Boundary value problems (elliptic equations)

What software do you need?

- Matlab
- Python
- Wolfram Mathematica
- etc.

Assessments

• Homework: roughly every two weeks, 40%

• Two midterm exams: 40%

• Final exam: 20%

Last time:

1. Wave equation: $u_{tt} = C^2 u_{xx}$. $u_{tt} = C^2 \nabla^2 u$

2. Heat equation: $u_t = k^2 u_{xx}$. $u_t = k^2 \nabla^2 u$

3. Laplace's equation: $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$. $\nabla^2 u = 0$

Consider the following function: u(x,y) (Assume Linear 2nd order eq.) We can write the following:

$$a_{11}u_{xx} + a_{12}u_{xy} + a_{22}u_{yy} + a_{21}u_{yx}b_1u_x + b_2u_y + cu + d = 0$$

Lets organize this in matrix form:

$$\underbrace{\left[rac{\partial}{\partial x} \quad rac{\partial}{\partial y}
ight]}_{
abla^T} \underbrace{\left[egin{matrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \ a_{21} & a_{22} \ \end{matrix}
ight]}_{A} \left[egin{matrix} u_x \ u_y \ \end{matrix}
ight] + \left[b_1 \quad b_2
ight] \left[egin{matrix} u_x \ u_y \ \end{matrix}
ight] + cu + d = 0.$$

To classify a second order linear PDE, we look at *eigenvalues*, λ of A. We find them by solving the following equation:

$$(A - \lambda I)\vec{v} = 0$$

such that

$$\det(A-\lambda I)=0$$

The PDE is:

- 1. *elliptic* if all λ are non-zero and are of the same sign.
- 2. hyperbolic if all λ are non-zero and have the same sign, except one.
- 3. *parabolic* if any $\lambda = 0$.

Example 1

Laplace's equation: $u_{xx}+u_{yy}=0.$ We can re-write this as: $1u_{xx}+0u_{xy}+1u_{yy}+0u_{yx}=0$