# CS2040C Semester 1 2021/2022 Data Structures and Algorithms

# Tutorial+Lab 09 Graph Traversal

For Week 11

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## 1 Introduction and Objective

Now that we have stored our graphs in one (or more – by now you should realize that you can do this) graph data structure(s), we want to run various (graph) algorithms on it.

In this tutorial, we will focus on two graph traversal algorithms: Depth-First Search (DFS) and Breadth-First Search (BFS) and concentrate on what they can do on top of just traversing the underlying graph.

We will heavily use https://visualgo.net/en/dfsbfs in this tutorial.

The tutorial part will be slightly shorter to give more time for last round of PE preparation.

## 2 Tutorial 09 Questions

#### Review the Harder Topics

- Q1. Tutor will spend some time (depending on the requests) to review any remaining harder topics about graph traversal that may not be clear even after the flipped classroom on Week 09+10. In recent years, these are the usually harder topics for students, in decreasing order of difficulty:
  - 1. https://visualgo.net/en/dfsbfs?slide=7-1 to 7-3 (about back edge/detecting cycle in the graph; we will review this if majority still have difficulty)
  - 2. https://visualgo.net/en/dfsbfs?slide=7-10 to 7-11 (toposort, revisited below)
  - 3. https://visualgo.net/en/dfsbfs?slide=7-6 to 7-9 (check your understanding about the  $O(V \times (V + E))$  versus just O(V + E) analysis again)

4. https://visualgo.net/en/dfsbfs?slide=8 (all other more advanced graph traversal topics that are not the main focus of CS2040/C are optional and such questions will be answered offline, after/outside class and will not be part of CS2040/C final assessment)

### Deeper Stuffs about Topological Sort

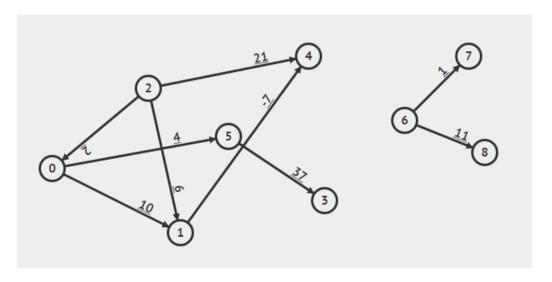


Figure 1: A Sample DAG (ignore edge weights for this question)

- Q2. The modified DFS or modified BFS (Kahn's) topological sort algorithm given in class (please review https://visualgo.net/en/dfsbfs, 'topological sort', either the DFS or BFS version) only gives one valid topological ordering. How can we find all possible valid topological orderings for a given DAG? For example, there are 1008 possible valid topological orderings of the DAG in Figure 1. Starting point: What kind of DAG has the smallest/largest number of possible valid topological ordering, respectively?
- Q3. The modified BFS (Kahn's) topological sort algorithm is actually quite interesting (read the details at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Topological\_sorting#Kahn's\_algorithm). Can we change the underlying data structure (from a queue that is used in the modified BFS @ VisuAlgo) into another data structure? What if we replace the queue with a stack (std::stack)? What if we replace the queue with a priority queue (std::priority\_queue or std::set hopefully you now remember that this is also a valid ADT Priority Queue implementation)? What if we replace the queue with a hash table (std::unordered\_set)?

### Graph Modeling Exercise Part 2

Q4). If time permitting (if the clock is still around 30m into the tutorial because there is not much issues with in Q1), then the tutor will open Q4). and do 'live algorithm-level solve' for that (CS2040/C/S-level) problem.

#### Hands-on 9

TA will run the second half of this session with a few to do list:

- PS4 Debrief (A Quick One)
- Last Round of PE Preparation

## Problem Set 5

The focus this week is not PS5, but PE, so this component is omitted.