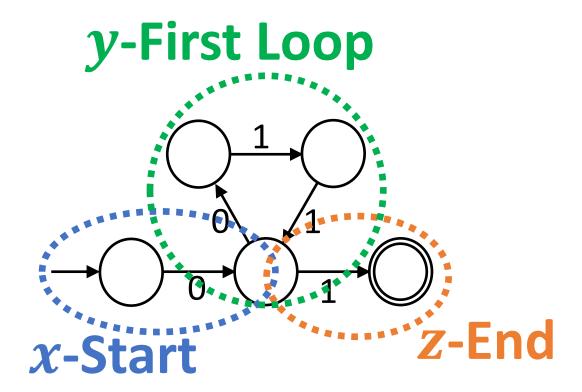
Pumping Lemma CSCI 338

Pumping Lemma

Pumping Lemma: Given a regular language L, \exists a number p such that any string $s \in L$, with $|s| \ge p$, can be divided into three pieces, s = xyz satisfying:

- 1. $xy^iz \in L, \forall i \geq 0$.
- 2. |y| > 0.
- 3. $|xy| \le p$.



Pumping Lemma Proof Blueprint

<u>Claim</u>: Some language L is not regular.

<u>Proof</u>: Suppose L is regular. Let p be the number from the pumping lemma.

Consider s = ?. 1 – Select s that will work with $s \in L$ and $|s| \ge p$

Since $s \in L$ and $|s| \ge p$, the conditions of the pumping lemma must hold for s = xyz.

 $\mathbf{?}$ 2 – Find some conditions that y must meet

3 -Select an i (number of times to repeat y)

Consider the string $s' = xy^{?}z = ?$ 4 – Show what s' equals

 $|\mathbf{r}|$ 5 – Show s' is not in L

 \Rightarrow $s' \notin L$, which is a contradiction of the pumping lemma.

Claim: The language $L = \{0^m 1^n : m \neq n\}$ is not regular.

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Claim: The language $L = \{0^m 1^n : m \neq n\}$ is not regular.

<u>Proof</u>: Suppose L is regular. Let p be the number from the pumping lemma.

Consider $s = 0^p 1^{p+1}$.

Since $s \in L$ and $|s| \ge p$, the conditions of the pumping lemma must hold for s = xyz.

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Since $s \in L$ and $|s| \ge p$, the conditions of the pumping lemma must hold for s = xyz. Clearly, y is all 0's.

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Clearly, y is all 0's.

For us to violate the pumping lemma, we must violate a condition for *every* xyz partition.

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Consider $s = 0^p 1^{p+1}$.

Since $s \in L$ and $|s| \ge p$, the conditions of the pumping lemma must hold for s = xyz.

Clearly, y is all 0's.

Let y = 00

For us to violate the pumping lemma, we must violate a condition for *every* xyz partition.

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$$y = 00$$

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Goal: Pick an s such that repeating y (no matter what y is) is guaranteed (at some point) to make #0's equal #1's

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<u>Proof</u>: Suppose L is regular. Let p be the number from the pumping lemma.

Consider $s = 0^p 1^{p+\alpha}$. $\alpha = ?$

Since $s \in L$ and $|s| \ge p$, the conditions of the pumping lemma must hold for s = xyz.

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Consider $s = 0^p 1^{p+\alpha}$. $\alpha = ?$

Since $s \in L$ and $|s| \ge p$, the conditions of the pumping lemma must hold for s = xyz. $y = 0^k$ for some k > 0

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Since $s \in L$ and $|s| \ge p$, the conditions of the pumping lemma must hold for s = xyz. $y = 0^k$ for some $k > 0 \Longrightarrow s = 0^{p-k}0^k1^{p+\alpha}$

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Consider the string $s' = xy^iz$

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Consider the string $s' = xy^iz = 0^{p-k}0^{ik}1^{p+\alpha}$ i = ?

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Consider the string $s'=xy^iz=0^{p-k}0^{ik}1^{p+\alpha}$ i=? If #0's = #1's, then...

If we can find an *i* such that #0's = #1's, we have contradicted the pumping lemma.

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So, α needs to be evenly divisible by k for all possible $0 < k \le p$. Let $\alpha = ?$

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Consider the string $s'=xy^iz=0^{p-k}0^{ik}1^{p+\alpha}$ i=? If #0's = #1's, then $p+(i-1)k=p+\alpha \Rightarrow i=\frac{\alpha}{k}+1$, for $0< k \leq p$. So, α needs to be evenly divisible by k for all possible $0< k \leq p$. Let $\alpha=p!$

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Consider the string $s' = xy^iz = 0^{p-k}0^{ik}1^{p+\alpha}$ $i = {p!}/{k} + 1$ If #0's = #1's, then $p + (i-1)k = p + \alpha \Rightarrow i = {\alpha \over k} + 1$, for $0 < k \le p$. So, α needs to be evenly divisible by k for all possible $0 < k \le p$. Let $\alpha = p!$ $\Rightarrow s' \notin L$, which is a contradiction of the pumping lemma.

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Consider the string $s' = xy^{p!}/_{k+1}z$

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Consider the string $s' = xy^{p!/k+1}z = 0^{p-k}0^{\binom{p!/k+1}{k}}1^{p+p!}$

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Consider the string
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Consider the string
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#0's = $p - k + p! + k = ?$

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Therefore, the language is not regular.

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Consider the string
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$$0^*1^* = ?$$

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(De Morgan's Laws)

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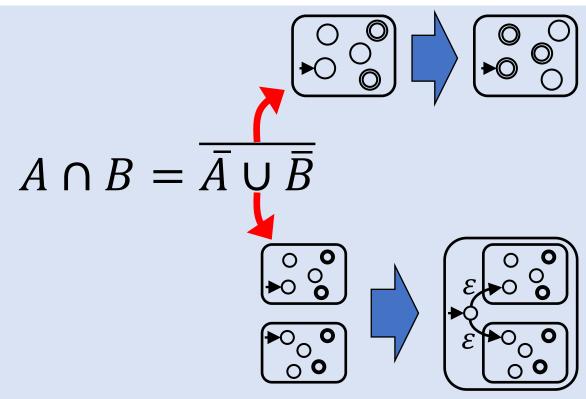
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⇒ Intersection of regular languages is regular.

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If \overline{L} was regular, so would $0^n 1^n$ (regular \cap regular = regular)

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<u>Claim:</u> L satisfies the pumping lemma.

Claim: L is not regular.

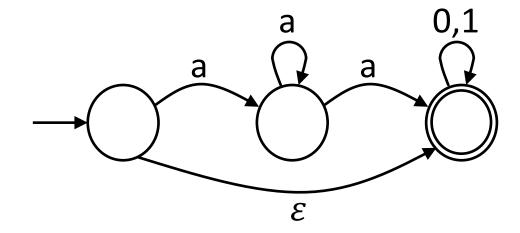
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Let p > 0 be any number and let s be any string from $\{a0^n1^n : n \ge 1\}$ where $|s| \ge p$. Let s = xyz where $x = \varepsilon$, y = a, and z is everything else.

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Let p>0 be any number and let s be any string from $\{a0^n1^n: n\geq 1\}$ where $|s|\geq p$. Let s=xyz where $x=\varepsilon, y=a$, and z is everything else. If y is pumped up or down, $s'\in\{a^k\omega: k\neq 1, \omega\in(0\cup1)^*\}$ (0 or >1 a).

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Thus, every string \underline{can} be split into xyz that satisfy the pumping lemma conditions.

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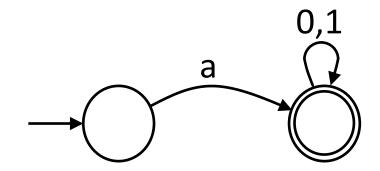
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Suppose $L \cap M$ is regular and let p be the number from the pumping lemma.

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This contradicts the pumping lemma, so $L \cap M$ is not regular.

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So, M is regular and $L \cap M$ is not regular. What about L?

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Thus, L cannot be regular.

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