» aviatrix_account

The aviatrix_account resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix cloud accounts.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix AWS Account with IAM roles
resource "aviatrix_account" "tempacc" {
  account_name       = "username"
  cloud_type         = 1
  aws_account_number = "123456789012"
  aws_iam            = "true"
  aws_role_app       = "arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/aviatrix-role-app"
  aws_role_ec2       = "arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/aviatrix-role-ec2"
}

# Or you can create an Aviatrix AWS Account with access_key/secret key
resource "aviatrix_account" "tempacc" {
  account_name       = "username"
  cloud_type         = 1
  aws_iam            = "false"
  aws_account_number = "123456789012"
  aws_access_key     = "ABCDEFGHIJKL"
  aws_secret_key     = "ABCDEFGHIJKLabcdefghijkl"
}

# Create an Aviatrix GCP Account
resource "aviatrix_account" "tempacc_gcp" {
  account_name                       = "username"
  cloud_type                         = 4
  gcloud_project_id                  = "aviatrix-123456"
  gcloud_project_credentials_filepath = "/home/ubuntu/test_gcp/aviatrix-abc123.json"
}

# Create an Aviatrix Azure ARM Account
resource "aviatrix_account" "tempacc_arm" {
  account_name        = "username"
  cloud_type          = 8
  arm_subscription_id =  "12345678-abcd-efgh-ijkl-123456789abc"
  arm_directory_id    =  "abcdefgh-1234-5678-9100-abc123456789"
  arm_application_id  =  "1234abcd-12ab-34cd-56ef-abcdef123456"
  arm_application_key =  "213df1SDF1231Gsaf/fa23-4A/324j12390801+FSwe="
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `account_name` - (Required) Account name. This can be used for logging in to CloudN console or UserConnect controller.
- `cloud_type` - (Required) Type of cloud service provider. Only AWS, GCP, and ARM are supported currently. Enter 1 for AWS, 4 for GCP, 8 for ARM.
- `aws_account_number` - (Optional) AWS Account number to associate with Aviatrix account. Required when creating an account for AWS.
- `aws_iam` - (Optional) AWS IAM-role based flag, this option is for UserConnect.
- `aws_access_key` - (Optional) AWS Access Key. Required when aws_iam is "false" and when creating an account for AWS.
- `aws_secret_key` - (Optional) AWS Secret Key. Required when aws_iam is "false" and when creating an account for AWS.
- `aws_role_app` - (Optional) AWS App role ARN, this option is for UserConnect. Required when aws_iam is "true" and when creating an account for AWS.
- `aws_role_ec2` - (Optional) AWS EC2 role ARN, this option is for UserConnect. Required when aws_iam is "true" and when creating an account for AWS.
- `gcloud_project_id` - (Optional) GCloud Project ID.
- `gcloud_project_credentials_filepath` - (Optional) GCloud Project Credentials [local filepath].json. Required when creating an account for GCP.
- `arm_subscription_id` - (Optional) Azure ARM Subscription ID. Required when creating an account for ARM.
- `arm_directory_id` - (Optional) Azure ARM Directory ID. Required when creating an account for ARM.
- `arm_application_id` - (Optional) Azure ARM Application ID. Required when creating an account for ARM.
- `arm_application_key` - (Optional) Azure ARM Application key. Required when creating an account for ARM.

NOTE:

Please make sure that the IAM roles/profiles have already been created before running this, if aws_iam="true". More information on the IAM roles is at https://docs.aviatrix.com/HowTos/iam_policies.html and https://docs.aviatrix.com/HowTos/HowTo_IAM_role.html

» Import

Instance account can be imported using the account_name (when doing import, needs to leave aws_secret_key blank), e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_account.test account_name
```

» aviatrix_account_user

The aviatrix_account_user resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix User Accounts.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix User Account
resource "aviatrix_account_user" "test_accountuser" {
  username     = "username1"
  account_name = "test-accountname"
  email        = "username1@testdomain.com"
  password     = "passwordforuser1-1234"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported for creating user account:

- `username` - (Required) Name of account user to be created.
- `account_name` - (Required) Cloud account name of user to be created.
- `email` - (Required) Email of address of account user to be created.
- `password` - (Required) Login password for the account user to be created. If password is changed, current account will be destroyed and a new account will be created.

» Import

Instance account_user can be imported using the username (when doing import, needs to leave password argument blank), e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_account_user.test username
```

» aviatrix_arm_peer

The aviatrix_arm_peer resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix ARM Peerings.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix ARM Peering
resource "aviatrix_arm_peer" "test_armpeer" {
  account_name1             = "test1-account"
  account_name2             = "test2-account"
  vnet_name_resource_group1 = "vpc-abcd1234"
  vnet_name_resource_group2 = "vpc-rdef3333"
  vnet_reg1                 = "us-east-1"
  vnet_reg2                 = "us-west-1"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `account_name1` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of an Azure Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
- `account_name2` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of an Azure Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
- `vnet_name_resource_group1` - (Required) VNet-Name of Azure cloud. Example: "VNet_Name:Resource_Group_Name".
- `vnet_name_resource_group2` - (Required) VNet-Name of Azure cloud. Example: "VNet_Name:Resource_Group_Name".
- `vnet_reg1` - (Required) Region of Azure cloud. Example: "East US 2".
- `vnet_reg2` - (Required) Region of Azure cloud. Example: "East US 2".

The following arguments are computed - please do not edit in the resource file:

- `vnet_cidr1` - List of VNet CIDR of vnet_name_resource_group1.
- `vnet_cidr2` - List of VNet CIDR of vnet_name_resource_group2.

» Import

Instance arm_peer can be imported using the vnet_name_resource_group1 and vnet_name_resource_group2, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_aws_peer.test vnet_name_resource_group1~vnet_name_resource_group
```

» aviatrix_aws_peer

The aviatrix_aws_peer resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix AWS Peerings.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix AWS Peering
resource "aviatrix_aws_peer" "test_awspeer" {
  account_name1 = "test1-account"
  account_name2 = "test2-account"
  vpc_id1       = "vpc-abcd1234"
  vpc_id2       = "vpc-rdef3333"
  vpc_reg1      = "us-east-1"
  vpc_reg2      = "us-west-1"
  rtb_list1     = [
    "rtb-abcd1234",
  ]
  rtb_list2     = [
    "rtb-wxyz5678",
  ]
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `account_name1` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of an AWS Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
- `account_name2` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of an AWS Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
- `vpc_id1` - (Required) VPC-ID of AWS cloud. Example: AWS: "vpc-abcd1234".
- `vpc_id2` - (Required) VPC-ID of AWS cloud. Example: AWS: "vpc-abcd1234".
- `vpc_reg1` - (Required) Region of AWS cloud. Example: AWS: "us-east-1".
- `vpc_reg2` - (Required) Region of AWS cloud. Example: AWS: "us-east-1".
- `rtb_list1` - (Optional) List of Route table ID. Valid Values: ["all"], ["rtb-abcd1234"] OR ["rtb-abcd1234,rtb-wxyz5678"].
- `rtb_list2` - (Optional) List of Route table ID. Valid Values: ["all"], ["rtb-abcd1234"] OR ["rtb-abcd1234,rtb-wxyz5678"].

The following arguments are computed - please do not edit in the resource file:

- `rtb_list1_output` - List of route table ID of vpc_id1.

- `rtb_list2_output` - List of route table ID of vpc_id2.

» Import

Instance aws_peer can be imported using the vpc_id1 and vpc_id2, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_aws_peer.test vpc_id1~vpc_id2
```

» aviatrix_aws_tgw

The aviatrix_aws_tgw resource allows the creation and management of AWS TGWs.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix AWS TGW
resource "aviatrix_aws_tgw" "test_aws_tgw" {
  account_name                = "devops"
  attached_aviatrix_transit_gateway = [
     "avxtransitgw",
     "avxtransitgw2"
  ]
  aws_side_as_number          = "64512"
  manage_vpc_attachment       = true
  region                      = "us-east-1"
  tgw_name                    = "testAWSTgw"

  security_domains {
    connected_domains    = [
      "Default_Domain",
      "Shared_Service_Domain",
      "mysdn1"
    ]
    security_domain_name = "Aviatrix_Edge_Domain"
  }

  security_domains {
    connected_domains    = [
      "Aviatrix_Edge_Domain",
      "Shared_Service_Domain"
    ]
    security_domain_name = "Default_Domain"
  }
```

```
  security_domains {
    connected_domains    = [
      "Aviatrix_Edge_Domain",
      "Default_Domain"
    ]
    security_domain_name = "Shared_Service_Domain"
  }

  security_domains {
    connected_domains    = [
      "Aviatrix_Edge_Domain"
    ]
    security_domain_name = "SDN1"

    attached_vpc {
      vpc_account_name = "devops1"
      vpc_id           = "vpc-0e2fac2b91"
      vpc_region       = "us-east-1"
    }

    attached_vpc {
      vpc_account_name = "devops1"
      vpc_id           = "vpc-0c63660a16"
      vpc_region       = "us-east-1"
    }

    attached_vpc {
      vpc_account_name = "devops"
      vpc_id           = "vpc-032005cc371"
      vpc_region       = "us-east-1"
    }
  }

  security_domains {
    security_domain_name = "mysdn2"

    attached_vpc {
      vpc_region       = "us-east-1"
      vpc_account_name = "devops"
      vpc_id           = "vpc-032005cc371"
    }
  }
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `tgw_name` - (Required) Name of the AWS TGW which is going to be created.
- `account_name` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of a Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
- `region` - (Required) Region of cloud provider(AWS).
- `aws_side_as_number` - (Required) BGP Local ASN (Autonomous System Number). Integer between 1-65535. Example: "65001".
- `security_domains` - (Required) Security Domains to create together with AWS TGW's creation. Three default domains are created automatically together with the AWS TGW's creation, so are the connections between any two of them. These three domains can't be deleted, but the connection between any two of them can be deleted.
  - `security_domain_name` - (Required) Three default domains ("Aviatrix_Edge_Domain", "Default_Domain" and "Shared_Service_Domain") are required with AWS TGW's creation.
  - `connected_domains` - (Optional) A list of domains connected to the domain (name: `security_domain_name`) together with its creation.
  - `attached_vpc` - (Optional) A list of VPCs attached to the domain (name: `security_domain_name`) together with its creation. This list needs to be null for "Aviatrix_Edge_Domain".
  - `vpc_region` - (Required) Region of the vpc, needs to be consistent with AWS TGW's region.
  - `vpc_account_name` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of a Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
  - `vpc_id` - (Required) This parameter represents the ID of the VPC which is going to be attached to the security domain (name: `security_domain_name`) which is going to be created.
- `attached_aviatrix_transit_gateway` - (Optional) A list of Names of Aviatrix Transit Gateway to attach to one of the three default domains: Aviatrix_Edge_Domain.
- `manage_vpc_attachment` - (Optional) This parameter is a switch used to allow attaching VPCs to tgw using the aviatrix_aws_tgw resource. If it is set to false, attachment of vpc must be done using the aviatrix_aws_tgw_vpc_attachment resource. Valid values: true or false. Default value is true.

NOTE:

- `manage_vpc_attachment` - If you are using/upgraded to Aviatrix Terraform Provider v4.2+ , and an aws_tgw resource was originally created with a provider version <4.2, you must do 'terraform refresh' to update and apply the attribute's default value ("true") into the state file.

» Import

Instance aws_tgw can be imported using the tgw_name, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_aws_tgw.test tgw_name
```

If "manage_vpc_attachment" is set to "false", import action will also import the information of the VPCs attached to tgw into the state file. Will need to do "Terraform Apply" to sync "manage_vpc_attachment" to "false".

» aviatrix_aws_tgw

The aviatrix_aws_tgw resource manages attaching or detaching VPCs to/from an AWS TGW.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix AWS TGW VPC Attachment
resource "aviatrix_aws_tgw_vpc_attachment" "test" {
  tgw_name             = "tgwTest"
  region               = "us-east-1"
  security_domain_name = "mySdn"
  vpc_account_name     = "accountTest"
  vpc_id               = "vpc-0e2fac2b91c6697b3"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `tgw_name` - (Required) Name of the AWS TGW.
- `region` - (Required) Region of cloud provider(AWS).
- `security_domain_name` - (Required & ForceNew) The name of the security domain, to which the VPC will be attached. If changed, the VPC will be detached from the old domain, and attached to the new domain.
- `vpc_account_name` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of a Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller, which is associated with the VPC.
- `vpc_id` - (Required) This parameter represents the ID of the VPC which is going to be attached to the security domain (name: `security_domain_name`).

» Import

Instance aws_tgw_vpc_attachment can be imported using the tgw_name, security_domain_name and vpc_id, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_aws_tgw_vpc_attachment.test tgw_name~security_domain_name~vpc_ic
```

» aviatrix_aws_tgw_vpn_conn

The aviatrix_aws_tgw_vpn_conn resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix AWS TGW VPN Connections.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix AWS TGW VPN Connection (dynamic)
resource "aviatrix_aws_tgw_vpn_conn" "test_aws_tgw_vpn_conn" {
  tgw_name          = "myawstgw1"
  route_domain_name = "Default_Domain"
  connection_name   = "myConn1"
  public_ip         = "40.0.0.0"
  remote_as_number  = "12"
}

# Create an Aviatrix AWS TGW VPN Connection (static)
resource "aviatrix_aws_tgw_vpn_conn" "test_aws_tgw_vpn_conn" {
  tgw_name          = "myawstgw1"
  route_domain_name = "Default_Domain"
  connection_name   = "myConn1"
  public_ip         = "40.0.0.0"
  remote_cidr       = "16.0.0.0/16,16.1.0.0/16"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `tgw_name` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of an AWS TGW.
- `route_domain_name` - (Required) The name of a route domain, to which the vpn will be attached. Only "Default_Domain" is supported now.
- `connection_name` - (Required) Unique name of the connection.
- `public_ip` - (Required) Public IP address. Example: "40.0.0.0".

- `remote_as_number` - (Optional) AWS side as a number. Integer between 1-65535. Example: "12".
- `remote_cidr` - (Optional) Remote CIDRs separated by ",". Example: AWS: "16.0.0.0/16,16.1.0.0/16".
- `inside_ip_cidr_tun_1` - (Optional) Inside IP CIDR for Tunnel 1. A /30 CIDR in 169.254.0.0/16.
- `pre_shared_key_tun_1` - (Optional) Pre-Shared Key for Tunnel 1. A 8-64 character string with alphanumeric underscore(_) and dot(.). It cannot start with 0.
- `inside_ip_cidr_tun_2` - (Optional) Inside IP CIDR for Tunnel 2. A /30 CIDR in 169.254.0.0/16.
- `pre_shared_key_tun_2` - (Optional) Pre-Shared Key for Tunnel 2. A 8-64 character string with alphanumeric underscore(_) and dot(.). It cannot start with 0.

The following arguments are computed - please do not edit in the resource file:

- `vpn_id` - ID of the vpn generated by creation of the connection.

» Import

Instance aws_tgw_vpn_conn can be imported using the tgw_name and vpn_id, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_aws_tgw_vpn_conn.test tgw_name~vpn_id
```

» aviatrix_controller_config

The aviatrix_controller_config resource allows the creation and management of an Aviatrix controller config.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix Controller Config
resource "aviatrix_controller_config" "test_controller_config" {
  sg_management_account_name = "username"
  http_access                = true
  fqdn_exception_rule        = false
  security_group_management  = true
}

# Create an Aviatrix Controller Config with Controller Upgrade
resource "aviatrix_controller_config" "test_controller_config" {
  sg_management_account_name = "username"
```

```
  http_access                = true
  fqdn_exception_rule        = false
  security_group_management  = true
  target_version             = "latest"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `sg_management_account_name` - (Optional) Cloud account name of user.
- `http_access` - (Optional) Switch for http access. Default: false.
- `fqdn_exception_rule` - (Optional) A system-wide mode. Default: true.
- `security_group_management` - (Optional) Used to manage the Controller instance's inbound rules from gateways. Default: false.
- `target_version` - (Optional) The release version number to which the controller will be upgraded to. If not specified, controller will not be upgraded. If set to "latest", controller will be upgraded to the latest release. Please look at https://docs.aviatrix.com/HowTos/inline_upgrade.html for more information.

The following arguments are computed - please do not edit in the resource file:

- `version` - Current version of the controller.

» Import

Instance controller_config can be imported using controller IP, e.g. controller IP is : 10.11.12.13

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_controller_config.test 10-11-12-13
```

» aviatrix_firewall

The aviatrix_firewall resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix Firewall Policies.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix Firewall
resource "aviatrix_firewall" "test_firewall" {
  gw_name          = "gateway-1"
  base_policy      = "allow-all"
```

```
  base_log_enabled = true

  policy {
    protocol    = "tcp"
    src_ip      = "10.15.0.224/32"
    log_enabled = false
    dst_ip      = "10.12.0.172/32"
    action      = "deny"
    port        = "0:65535"
  }

  policy {
    protocol    = "tcp"
    src_ip      = "test_tag" # Tag name of a pre created aviatrix_firewall_tag resource
    log_enabled = false
    dst_ip      = "10.12.1.172/32"
    action      = "deny"
    port        = "0:65535"
  }
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `gw_name` - (Required) The name of gateway.
- `base_policy` - (Optional) New base policy. Valid Values: "allow-all", "deny-all".
- `base_log_enabled` - (Optional) Indicates whether enable logging or not. Valid Values: true, false.
- `policy` - (Optional) New access policy for the gateway. Type: String (valid JSON). 6 fields are required for each policy item: src_ip, dst_ip, protocol, port, allow_deny, log_enabled.
  - `src_ip` - (Required) CIDRs separated by comma or tag names such "HR" or "marketing" etc. Example: "10.30.0.0/16,10.45.0.0/20". The aviatrix_firewall_tag resource should be created prior to using the tag name.
  - `dst_ip` - (Required) CIDRs separated by comma or tag names such "HR" or "marketing" etc. Example: "10.30.0.0/16,10.45.0.0/20". The aviatrix_firewall_tag resource should be created prior to using the tag name.
  - `protocol`- (Optional): "all", "tcp", "udp", "icmp", "sctp", "rdp", "dccp".
  - `port` - (Required) a single port or a range of port numbers. e.g.: "25", "25:1024".

  - `action`- (Required) Valid values: "allow", "deny".
  - `log_enabled`- (Optional) Valid values: true, false. Default value: false.

» Import

Instance firewall can be imported using the gw_name, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_firewall.test gw_name
```

» aviatrix_firewall_tag

The aviatrix_firewall_tag resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix Firewall Tags.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix Firewall Tag
resource "aviatrix_firewall_tag" "test_firewall_tag" {
  firewall_tag = "test-firewall-tag"

  cidr_list {
    cidr_tag_name = "a1"
    cidr          = "10.1.0.0/24"
  }

  cidr_list {
    cidr_tag_name = "b1"
    cidr          = "10.2.0.0/24"
  }
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `firewall_tag` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of a Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
- `cidr_list` - (Optional) A JSON file with the following:
  - `cidr_tag_name` - (Required) The name attribute of a policy. Example: "policy1".

– `cidr` - (Required) The CIDR attribute of a policy. Example: ”10.88.88.88/32”.

» Import

Instance firewall_tag can be imported using the firewall_tag, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_firewall_tag.test firewall_tag
```

» aviatrix_fqdn

The aviatrix_fqdn resource manages FQDN filtering for Aviatrix Gateway.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix Gateway FQDN filter
resource "aviatrix_fqdn" "test_fqdn" {
  fqdn_tag     = "my_tag"
  fqdn_enabled = true
  fqdn_mode    = "white"

  gw_filter_tag_list {
    gw_name        = "gwTest1"
    source_ip_list = [
      "172.31.0.0/16",
      "172.31.0.0/20"
    ]
  }

  gw_filter_tag_list {
    gw_name        = "gwTest2"
    source_ip_list = [
      "30.0.0.0/16"
    ]
  }

  domain_names {
    fqdn  = "facebook.com"
    proto = "tcp"
    port  = "443"
  }

  domain_names {
```

```
    fqdn  = "reddit.com"
    proto = "tcp"
    port  = "443"
  }
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `fqdn_tag` - (Required) FQDN Filter Tag Name.
- `fqdn_enabled` - (Optional) FQDN Filter Tag Status. Valid values: true, false.
- `fqdn_mode` - (Optional) Specify the tag color to be a white-list tag or black-list tag. Valid values: "white", "black".
- `gw_filter_tag_list` - (Optional) A list of gateways to attach to the specific tag.
  - `gw_name` - (Required) Name of the gateway to attach to the specific tag.
  - `source_ip_list` - (Optional) List of source IPs in the VPC qualified for a specific tag.
- `domain_names` - (Optional) One or more domain names in a list with details as listed below:
  - `fqdn` - (Required) FQDN. Example: "facebook.com".
  - `proto` - (Required) Protocol. Valid values: "all", "tcp", "udp", "icmp".
  - `port` - (Required) Port. Example "25".
  - For protocol "all", port must be set to "all".
  - For protocol "icmp", port must be set to "ping".

NOTE:

- If you are using/upgraded to Aviatrix Terraform Provider v4.2+ , and an fqdn resource was originally created with a provider version <4.2, you must modify your configuration file to match current format, and do 'terraform refresh' to update the state file to current format.
- In order for the FQDN feature to be enabled, "enable_nat" must be set to "yes" in the specified gateway. If it is not set at gateway creation, creation of FQDN resource will automatically enable SNAT and users must rectify the diff in the Terraform state by setting "enable_nat = 'yes'"in their gateway resource.

» Import

Instance fqdn can be imported using the fqdn_tag, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_fqdn.test fqdn_tag
```

» aviatrix_gateway

The aviatrix_gateway resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix gateways.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix AWS Gateway
resource "aviatrix_gateway" "test_gateway_aws" {
  cloud_type   = 1
  account_name = "devops"
  gw_name      = "avtxgw1"
  vpc_id       = "vpc-abcdef"
  vpc_reg      = "us-west-1"
  gw_size      = "t2.micro"
  subnet       = "10.0.0.0/24"
  tag_list     = [
    "k1:v1",
    "k2:v2",
  ]
}

# Create an Aviatrix AWS Gateway with VPN enabled
resource "aviatrix_gateway" "test_gateway_aws" {
  cloud_type   = 1
  account_name = "devops"
  gw_name      = "avtxgw1"
  vpc_id       = "vpc-abcdef"
  vpc_reg      = "us-west-1"
  gw_size      = "t2.micro"
  subnet       = "10.0.0.0/24"
  vpn_access    = "yes"
  vpn_cidr     = "192.168.43.0/24"
  max_vpn_conn = "100"
}

# Create an Aviatrix GCP Gateway
resource "aviatrix_gateway" "test_gateway_gcp" {
  cloud_type   = 4
  account_name = "devops-gcp"
  gw_name      = "avtxgw-gcp"
```

```
  vpc_id       = "gcp-gw-vpc"
  vpc_reg      = "us-west1-b"
  gw_size      = "f1-micro"
  subnet       = "10.12.0.0/24"
}

# Create an Aviatrix ARM Gateway
resource "aviatrix_gateway" "test_gateway_arm" {
  cloud_type   = 8
  account_name = "devops-arm"
  gw_name      = "avtxgw-arm"
  vpc_id       = "gateway:test-gw-123"
  vpc_reg      = "West US"
  gw_size      = "Standard_D2"
  subnet       = "10.13.0.0/24"
}

# Create an Aviatrix AWS Gateway with Peering HA enabled
resource "aviatrix_gateway" "test_gateway_aws" {
  cloud_type        = 1
  account_name      = "devops"
  gw_name           = "avtxgw1"
  vpc_id            = "vpc-abcdef"
  vpc_reg           = "us-west-1"
  gw_size           = "t2.micro"
  subnet            = "10.0.0.0/24"
  peering_ha_subnet = "10.0.0.0/24"
}
# Create an Aviatrix GCP Gateway with Peering HA enabled
resource "aviatrix_gateway" "test_gateway_gcp" {
  cloud_type      = 4
  account_name    = "devops-gcp"
  gw_name         = "avtxgw-gcp"
  vpc_id          = "gcp-gw-vpc"
  vpc_reg         = "us-west1-b"
  gw_size         = "f1-micro"
  subnet          = "10.12.0.0/24"
  peering_ha_zone = "us-west1-c"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `cloud_type` - (Required) Type of cloud service provider. Only AWS is

supported currently. Enter 1 for AWS.

- `account_name` - (Required) Account name. This account will be used to launch Aviatrix gateway.
- `gw_name` - (Required) Aviatrix gateway unique name.
- `vpc_id` - (Required) ID of legacy VPC/Vnet to be connected. A string that is consisted of VPC/Vnet name and cloud provider's resource name. Please check the "Gateway" page on Aviatrix controller GUI for the precise value if needed. Example: "vpc-abcd1234".
- `vpc_reg` - (Required) Region where this gateway will be launched. Example: "us-east-1". If creating GCP gateway, enter a valid zone for vpc_reg. Example: "us-west1-c".
- `gw_size` - (Required) Size of Gateway Instance. Please note that updating the gateway size will cause a restart; gateway will be down temporarily until re-size is complete. Example: "t2.micro".
- `subnet` - (Required) A VPC Network address range selected from one of the available network ranges. Example: "172.31.0.0/20".
- `enable_snat` - (Optional) Enable Source NAT for this container. Supported values: true, false.
- `vpn_access` - (Optional) Enable user access through VPN to this container. Supported values: true, false.
- `vpn_cidr` - (Optional) VPN CIDR block for the container. Required if vpn_access is true. Example: "192.168.43.0/24".
- `max_vpn_conn` - (Optional) Maximum number of active VPN users allowed to be connected to this gateway. Required if vpn_access is true. Make sure the number is smaller than the VPN CIDR block. Example: 100.
- `enable_elb` - (Optional) Specify whether to enable ELB or not. Supported values: true, false.
- `elb_name` - (Optional) A name for the ELB that is created. If it is not specified, a name is generated automatically.
- `split_tunnel` - (Optional) Specify split tunnel mode. Supported values: true, false.
- `name_servers` - (Optional) A list of DNS servers used to resolve domain names by a connected VPN user when Split Tunnel Mode is enabled.
- `search_domains` - (Optional) A list of domain names that will use the NameServer when a specific name is not in the destination when Split Tunnel Mode is enabled.
- `additional_cidrs` - (Optional) A list of destination CIDR ranges that will also go through the VPN tunnel when Split Tunnel Mode is enabled.
- `otp_mode` - (Optional) Two step authentication mode. "2": DUO, "3": Okta.
- `saml_enabled` - (Optional) This field indicates whether enabling SAML or not. This field is available in version 3.3 or later release. Supported values: true, false.
- `okta_token` - (Optional) Token for Okta auth mode. Required if otp_mode is "3".
- `okta_url` - (Optional) URL for Okta auth mode. Required if otp_mode

is "3".

- `okta_username_suffix` - (Optional) Username suffix for Okta auth mode. Example: "aviatrix.com".
- `duo_integration_key` - (Optional) Integration key for DUO auth mode. Required if otp_mode is "2".
- `duo_secret_key` - (Optional) Secret key for DUO auth mode. Required if otp_mode is "2".
- `duo_api_hostname` - (Optional) API hostname for DUO auth mode. Required: Yes if otp_mode is "2".
- `duo_push_mode` - (Optional) Push mode for DUO auth. Required if otp_mode is "2". Valid values: "auto", "selective" and "token".
- `enable_ldap` - (Optional) Specify whether to enable LDAP or not. Supported values: true, false.
- `ldap_server` - (Optional) LDAP server address. Required if enable_ldap is true.
- `ldap_bind_dn` - (Optional) LDAP bind DN. Required if enable_ldap is true.
- `ldap_password` - (Optional) LDAP password. Required if enable_ldap is true.
- `ldap_base_dn` - (Optional) LDAP base DN. Required if enable_ldap is true.
- `ldap_username_attribute` - (Optional) LDAP user attribute. Required if enable_ldap is true.
- `peering_ha_subnet` - (Optional) Public Subnet Information while creating Peering HA Gateway, only subnet is accepted. Required for AWS/ARM if enabling Peering HA. Example: AWS: "10.0.0.0/16".
- `peering_ha_zone` - (Optional) Zone information for creating Peering HA Gateway, only zone is accepted. Required for GCP if enabling Peering HA. Example: GCP: "us-west1-c".
- `peering_ha_eip` - (Optional) Public IP address that you want assigned to the HA peering instance. Only available for AWS.
- `peering_ha_gw_size` - (Optional) Size of the Peering HA Gateway.
- `single_az_ha` (Optional) Set to true if this feature is desired. Supported values: true, false.
- `allocate_new_eip` - (Optional) When value is false, reuse an idle address in Elastic IP pool for this gateway. Otherwise, allocate a new Elastic IP and use it for this gateway. Available in 2.7 or later release. Supported values: true, false. Default: true. Option not available for GCP and ARM gateways, they will automatically allocate new eip's.
- `eip` - (Optional) Required when allocate_new_eip is false. It uses specified EIP for this gateway. Available in 3.5 or later release eip. Only available for AWS.
- `tag_list` - (Optional) Instance tag of cloud provider. Only available for AWS. Example: ["key1:value1", "key2:value2"].

The following arguments are computed - please do not edit in the resource file:

- `public_ip` - Public IP address of the Gateway created.
- `backup_public_ip` - Private IP address of the Gateway created.
- `public_dns_server` - DNS server used by the gateway. Default is "8.8.8.8", can be overridden with the VPC's setting.
- `security_group_id` - Security group used for the gateway.
- `cloud_instance_id` - Instance ID of the gateway.
- `cloudn_bkup_gateway_inst_id` - Instance ID of the backup gateway.

The following arguments are deprecated:

- `dns_server` - Specify the DNS IP, only required while using a custom private DNS for the VPC.

NOTE:

- `peering_ha_gw_size` - If you are using/upgraded to Aviatrix Terraform Provider v4.3+, and a peering-HA gateway was originally created with a provider version <4.3, you must do a 'terraform refresh' to update and apply the attribute's value into the state. In addition, you must also input this attribute and its value to its corresponding gateway resource in your `.tf` file.
- `enable_snat` - In order for the FQDN feature to be enabled for the specified gateway, "enable_snat" must be set to "yes". If it is not set at gateway creation, creation of FQDN resource will automatically enable SNAT and users must rectify the diff in the Terraform state by setting "enable_snat = true" in their config file.
- `max_vpn_conn` - If you are using/upgraded to Aviatrix Terraform Provider v4.7+, and a gateway with VPN enabled was originally created with a provider version <4.7, you must do a 'terraform refresh' to update and apply the attribute's value into the state. In addition, you must also input this attribute and its value to "100" in your `.tf` file.

» Import

Instance gateway can be imported using the gw_name, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_gateway.test gw_name
```

» aviatrix_saml_endpoint

The Account resource allows the creation and management of an Aviatrix SAML Endpoint.

» Example Usage

```
# Create Aviatrix AWS SAML Endpoint
resource "aviatrix_saml_endpoint" "saml_endpoint" {
  endpoint_name     = "saml-test"
  idp_metadata_type = "Text"
  idp_metadata      = "${var.idp_metadata}"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `endpoint_name` - (Required) The SAML Endpoint name.
- `idp_metadata_type` - (Required) The IDP Metadata type. At the moment only "Text" is supported.
- `idp_metadata` - (Required) The IDP Metadata from SAML provider. Normally the metadata is in XML format which may contain special characters. Best practice is encode metadata in base64 and set here `${base64decode(var.idp_metadata)}`.
- `custom_entity_id` - (Required) Custom Entity ID. Required to be non-empty for 'Custom' Entity ID type, empty for 'Hostname' Entity ID type.

» Import

Instance saml_endpoint can be imported using the SAML Endpoint name, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_saml_endpoint.test saml-test
```

» aviatrix_site2cloud

The aviatrix_site2cloud resource Creates and Manages Aviatrix Site2Cloud connections.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix Site2cloud
resource "aviatrix_site2cloud" "test_s2c" {
  vpc_id                    = "vpc-abcd1234"
  connection_name           = "my_conn"
  connection_type           = "unmapped"
  remote_gateway_type       = "generic"
```

```
  tunnel_type                 = "udp"
  primary_cloud_gateway_name = "gw1"
  remote_gateway_ip           = "5.5.5.5"
  remote_subnet_cidr          = "10.23.0.0/24"
  local_subnet_cidr           = "10.20.1.0/24"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `primary_cloud_gateway_name` - (Required) Primary Cloud Gateway Name.
- `backup_gateway_name` - (Optional) Backup gateway name.
- `vpc_id` - (Required) VPC Id of the cloud gateway.
- `connection_name` - (Required) Site2Cloud Connection Name.
- `connection_type` - (Required) Connection Type. Valid Values: ”mapped”, ”unmapped”.
- `tunnel_type` - (Required) Site2Cloud Tunnel Type. Valid Values: ”udp”, ”tcp”.
- `remote_gateway_type` - (Required) Remote Gateway Type. Valid Values: ”generic”, ”avx”, ”aws”, ”azure”, ”sonicwall”, ”oracle”.
- `remote_gateway_ip` - (Required) Remote Gateway IP.
- `backup_remote_gateway_ip` - (Optional) Backup Remote Gateway IP.
- `pre_shared_key` - (Optional) Pre-Shared Key.
- `backup_pre_shared_key` - (Optional) Backup Pre-Shared Key.
- `remote_subnet_cidr` - (Required) Remote Subnet CIDR.
- `local_subnet_cidr` - (Optional) Local Subnet CIDR. Required for connection type ”mapped”.
- `remote_subnet_virtual` - Remote Subnet CIDR (Virtual). Required for connection type ”mapped” only.
- `local_subnet_virtual` - Local Subnet CIDR (Virtual). Required for connection type ”mapped” only.
- `ha_enabled` - (Optional) Specify whether enabling HA or not. Valid Values: true, false.
- `custom_algorithms` - (Optional) Switch to enable custom/non-default algorithms for IPSec Authentication/Encryption. Valid values: true, false.
- `phase_1_authentication` - (Optional) Phase one Authentication. Valid values: ’SHA-1’, ’SHA-256’, ’SHA-384’ and ’SHA-512’. Default value: ’SHA-1’.
- `phase_2_authentication` - (Optional) Phase two Authentication. Valid values: ’NO-AUTH’, ’HMAC-SHA-1’, ’HMAC-SHA-256’, ’HMAC-SHA-384’ and ’HMAC-SHA-512’. Default value: ’HMAC-SHA-1’.
- `phase_1_dh_groups` - (Optional) Phase one DH Groups. Valid values: ’1’, ’2’, ’5’, ’14’, ’15’, ’16’, ’17’ and ’18’. Default value: ’2’.

- `phase_2_dh_groups` - (Optional) Phase two DH Groups. Valid values: '1', '2', '5', '14', '15', '16', '17' and '18'. Default value: '2'.
- `phase_1_encryption` - (Optional) Phase one Encryption. Valid values: '3DES', 'AES-128-CBC', 'AES-192-CBC' and 'AES-256-CBC'. Default value: 'AES-256-CBC'.
- `phase_2_encryption` - (Optional) Phase two Encryption. Valid values: '3DES', 'AES-128-CBC', 'AES-192-CBC', 'AES-256-CBC', 'AES-128-GCM-64', 'AES-128-GCM-96' and 'AES-128-GCM-128'. Default value: 'AES-256-CBC'.
- `private_route_encryption` - (Optional) Private route encryption switch. Valid values: true, false.
- `route_table_list` - (Optional) Route tables to modify.
- `remote_gateway_latitude` - (Optional) Latitude of remote gateway. Does not support refresh.
- `remote_gateway_longitude` - (Optional) Longitude of remote gateway. Does not support refresh.
- `backup_remote_gateway_latitude` - (Optional) Latitude of backup remote gateway. Does not support refresh.
- `backup_remote_gateway_longitude` - (Optional) Longitude of backup remote gateway. Does not support refresh.

- `ssl_server_pool` - (Optional) Specify ssl_server_pool for tunnel_type "tcp". Default value: "192.168.44.0/24".
- `enable_dead_peer_detection` - (Optional) Switch to Enable/Disable Deed Peer Detection for an existing site2cloud connection. Default value: true.

NOTE:

- `custom_algorithms` - Only supported for 'udp' tunnel type. If set to true, the six algorithm arguments cannot all be default value. If set to false, default values will be used for all six algorithm arguments.
- `ssl_server_pool` - Only supported for 'tcp' tunnel type. If not set, default value will be used. If set, needs to be set to a different value than default value.
- `enable_dead_peer_detection` - If you are using/upgraded to Aviatrix Terraform Provider v4.6+ , and an site2cloud resource was originally created with a provider version <4.6, you must do 'terraform refresh' to update and apply the attribute's default value ("true") into the state file.

» Import

Instance site2cloud can be imported using the connection_name and vpc_id, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_site2cloud.test connection_name~vpc_id
```

» aviatrix_spoke_vpc

The aviatrix_spoke_vpc resource allows to create and manage Aviatrix Spoke Gateways.

NOTE: The spoke_Vpc resource is deprecated. It is kept for backward compatibility and will be removed in the future. Please use spoke_gateway instead. Need to remove it from state file and import as aviatrix_spoke_gateway if it is already in state.

» Example Usage

```
# Set Aviatrix aws spoke_vpc
resource "aviatrix_spoke_vpc" "test_spoke_vpc_aws" {
  cloud_type   = 1
  account_name = "my-aws"
  gw_name      = "spoke-gw-aws"
  vpc_id       = "vpc-abcd123~~spoke-vpc-01"
  vpc_reg      = "us-west-1"
  vpc_size     = "t2.micro"
  subnet       = "10.11.0.0/24~~us-west-1b~~spoke-vpc-01-pubsub"
  enable_nat   = "no"
  dns_server   = "8.8.8.8"
  tag_list     = [
    "k1:v1",
    "k2:v2",
  ]
}

# Set Aviatrix gcp spoke_vpc
resource "aviatrix_spoke_vpc" "test_spoke_vpc_gcp" {
  cloud_type   = 4
  account_name = "my-gcp"
  gw_name      = "spoke-gw-gcp"
  vpc_id       = "gcp-spoke-vpc"
  vpc_reg      = "us-west1-b"
  vpc_size     = "t2.micro"
  subnet       = "10.12.0.0/24"
  enable_nat   = "no"
}

# Set Aviatrix arm spoke_vpc
resource "aviatrix_spoke_vpc" "test_spoke_vpc_arm" {
  cloud_type   = 8
  account_name = "my-arm"
```

```
  gw_name      = "spoke-gw-01"
  vpc_id       = "spoke:test-spoke-gw-123"
  vpc_reg      = "West US"
  vpc_size     = "t2.micro"
  subnet       = "10.13.0.0/24"
  enable_nat   = "no"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `cloud_type` - (Required) Type of cloud service provider. AWS=1, GCP=4, ARM=8.
- `account_name` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of a Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
- `gw_name` - (Required) Name of the gateway which is going to be created.
- `vpc_id` - (Required) VPC-ID/VNet-Name of cloud provider. Required if cloud_type is "1" or "4". Example: AWS: "vpc-abcd1234", etc...
- `vpc_reg` - (Required) Region of cloud provider. Example: AWS: "us-east-1", GCP: "us-west1-b", ARM: "East US 2", etc...
- `vpc_size` - (Required) Size of the gateway instance. Example: AWS: "t2.large", GCP: "f1.micro", ARM: "StandardD2", etc...
- `subnet` - (Required) Public Subnet Info. Example: AWS: "CIDRZONE-SubnetName", etc...
- `ha_subnet` - (Optional) HA Subnet. Required for enabling HA for AWS/ARM gateways. Setting to empty/unset will disable HA. Setting to a valid subnet (Example: 10.12.0.0/24) will create an HA gateway on the subnet.
- `ha_zone` - (Optional) HA Zone. Required for enabling HA for GCP gateway. Setting to empty/unset will disable HA. Setting to a valid zone will create an HA gateway in the zone. Example: "us-west1-c".
- `ha_gw_size` - (Optional) HA Gateway Size. Mandatory if HA is enabled (ha_subnet is set). Example: "t2.micro".
- `enable_nat` - (Optional) Specify whether enabling NAT feature on the gateway or not. Please disable AWS NAT instance before enabling this feature. Example: true, false.
- `single_az_ha` - (Optional) Set to "enabled" if this feature is desired.
- `transit_gw` - (Optional) Specify the transit Gateway.
- `tag_list` - (Optional) Instance tag of cloud provider. Example: key1:value1,key002:value002, etc... Only AWS (cloud_type is "1") is supported

The following arguments are deprecated:

- `dns_server` - Specify the DNS IP, only required while using a custom

private DNS for the VPC.

NOTE:

- `vnet_and_resource_group_names` - If you are using/upgraded to Aviatrix Terraform Provider R1.10+/UserConnect-4.6 , and an ARM spoke_vpc resource was originally created with a provider version < R1.10/UserConnect-4.6, you must replace "vnet_and_resource_group_names" with "vpc_id" in your configuration file, and do 'terraform refresh' to set its value to "vpc_id" and apply it into the state file.

» Import

Instance spoke_vpc can be imported using the gw_name, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_spoke_vpc.test gw_name
```

» aviatrix_spoke_gateway

The aviatrix_spoke_gateway resource allows to create and manage Aviatrix Spoke Gateways.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix AWS Spoke Gateway
resource "aviatrix_spoke_gateway" "test_spoke_gateway_aws" {
  cloud_type   = 1
  account_name = "my-aws"
  gw_name      = "spoke-gw-aws"
  vpc_id       = "vpc-abcd123~~spoke-vpc-01"
  vpc_reg      = "us-west-1"
  gw_size      = "t2.micro"
  subnet       = "10.11.0.0/24~~us-west-1b~~spoke-vpc-01-pubsub"
  enable_snat  = false
  dns_server   = "8.8.8.8"
  tag_list     = ["k1:v1","k2:v2"]
}

# Create an Aviatrix GCP Spoke Gateway
resource "aviatrix_spoke_gateway" "test_spoke_gateway_gcp" {
  cloud_type   = 4
  account_name = "my-gcp"
  gw_name      = "spoke-gw-gcp"
  vpc_id       = "gcp-spoke-vpc"
```

```
  vpc_reg      = "us-west1-b"
  gw_size      = "t2.micro"
  subnet       = "10.12.0.0/24"
  enable_snat  = false
}

# Create an Aviatrix ARM Spoke Gateway
resource "aviatrix_spoke_gateway" "test_spoke_gateway_arm" {
  cloud_type   = 8
  account_name = "my-arm"
  gw_name      = "spoke-gw-01"
  vpc_id       = "spoke:test-spoke-gw-123"
  vpc_reg      = "West US"
  gw_size      = "t2.micro"
  subnet       = "10.13.0.0/24"
  enable_snat  = false
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `cloud_type` - (Required) Type of cloud service provider. AWS=1, GCP=4, ARM=8.
- `account_name` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of a Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
- `gw_name` - (Required) Name of the gateway which is going to be created.
- `vpc_id` - (Required) VPC-ID/VNet-Name of cloud provider. Required if cloud_type is "1" or "4". Example: AWS: "vpc-abcd1234".
- `vpc_reg` - (Required) Region of cloud provider. Example: AWS: "us-east-1", GCP: "us-west1-b", ARM: "East US 2".
- `gw_size` - (Required) Size of the gateway instance. Example: AWS: "t2.large", GCP: "f1.micro", ARM: "StandardD2".
- `subnet` - (Required) Public Subnet Info. Example: AWS: "172.31.0.0/20".
- `allocate_new_eip` - (Optional) When value is false, reuse an idle address in Elastic IP pool for this gateway. Otherwise, allocate a new Elastic IP and use it for this gateway. Available in 4.7 or later release. Supported values: true, false. Default: true. Option not available for GCP and ARM gateways, they will automatically allocate new eip's.
- `eip` - (Optional) Required when allocate_new_eip is false. It uses specified EIP for this gateway. Available in 4.7 or later release.
- `ha_zone` - (Optional) HA Zone. Required for enabling HA for GCP gateway. Setting to empty/unset will disable HA. Setting to a valid zone will create an HA gateway in the zone. Example: "us-west1-c".
- `ha_gw_size` - (Optional) HA Gateway Size. Mandatory if HA is enabled

(ha_subnet is set). Example: "t2.micro".

- `ha_eip` - (Optional) Public IP address that you want to assign to the HA peering instance. If no value is given, a new eip will automatically allocated. Only available for AWS.
- `enable_snat` - (Optional) Specify whether enabling Source NAT feature on the gateway or not. Please disable AWS NAT instance before enabling this feature. Supported values: true, false.
- `single_az_ha` (Optional) Set to true if this feature is desired. Supported values: true, false.
- `transit_gw` - (Optional) Specify the transit Gateway.
- `tag_list` - (Optional) Instance tag of cloud provider. Only AWS, cloud_type is "1", is supported. Example: ["key1:value1", "key2:value2"].

» Import

Instance spoke_gateway can be imported using the gw_name, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_spoke_gateway.test gw_name
```

» aviatrix_transit_gateway

The aviatrix_transit_gateway resource creates and manages the Aviatrix Transit Network Gateways.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix AWS Transit Network Gateway
resource "aviatrix_transit_gateway" "test_transit_gateway_aws" {
  cloud_type               = 1
  account_name             = "devops_aws"
  gw_name                  = "transit"
  vpc_id                   = "vpc-abcd1234"
  vpc_reg                  = "us-east-1"
  gw_size                  = "t2.micro"
  subnet                   = "10.1.0.0/24"
  ha_subnet                = "10.1.0.0/24"
  ha_gw_size               = "t2.micro"
  tag_list                 = [
    "name:value",
    "name1:value1",
    "name2:value2",
  ]
  enable_hybrid_connection = true
```

```
  connected_transit        = true
}

# Create an Aviatrix ARM Transit Network Gateway
resource "aviatrix_transit_gateway" "test_transit_gateway_azure" {
  cloud_type        = 8
  account_name      = "devops_azure"
  gw_name           = "transit"
  vpc_id            = "vnet1:hello"
  vpc_reg           = "West US"
  gw_size           = "Standard_B1s"
  subnet            = "10.30.0.0/24"
  ha_subnet         = "10.30.0.0/24"
  ha_gw_size        = "Standard_B1s"
  connected_transit = true
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `cloud_type` - (Required) Type of cloud service provider, requires an integer value. Use 1 for AWS.
- `account_name` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of a Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
- `gw_name` - (Required) Name of the gateway which is going to be created.
- `vpc_id` - (Required) VPC-ID/VNet-Name of cloud provider. Required if for aws. Example: AWS: "vpc-abcd1234", GCP: "mygooglecloudvpc-name".
- `vpc_reg` - (Required) Region of cloud provider. Example: AWS: "us-east-1", ARM: "East US 2".
- `gw_size` - (Required) Size of the gateway instance. Example: AWS: "t2.large".
- `subnet` - (Required) Public Subnet CIDR. Copy/paste from AWS Console to get the right subnet CIDR. Example: AWS: "10.0.0.0/24".
- `allocate_new_eip` - (Optional) When value is false, reuse an idle address in Elastic IP pool for this gateway. Otherwise, allocate a new Elastic IP and use it for this gateway. Available in 4.7 or later release. Supported values: true, false. Default: true. Option not available for GCP and ARM gateways, they will automatically allocate new eip's.
- `eip` - (Optional) Required when allocate_new_eip is false. It uses specified EIP for this gateway. Available in 4.7 or later release.
- `ha_subnet` - (Optional) HA Subnet CIDR. Setting to empty/unset will disable HA. Setting to a valid subnet CIDR will create an HA gateway on the subnet. Example: "10.12.0.0/24".

- `ha_gw_size` - (Optional) HA Gateway Size. Mandatory if HA is enabled (ha_subnet is set). Example: "t2.micro".
- `ha_eip` - (Optional) Public IP address that you want to assign to the HA peering instance. If no value is given, a new eip will automatically allocated. Only available for AWS.
- `enable_snat` - (Optional) Enable Source NAT for this container. Supported values: true, false.
- `tag_list` - (Optional) Instance tag of cloud provider. Only supported for aws. Example: ["key1:value1","key2:value2"].
- `enable_hybrid_connection` - (Optional) Sign of readiness for TGW connection. Only supported for aws. Example: false.
- `enable_firenet_interfaces` - (Optional) Sign of readiness for FireNet connection. Valid values: true, false. Default: false.
- `connected_transit` - (Optional) Specify Connected Transit status. Supported values: true, false.
- `insane_mode` - (Optional) Specify Insane Mode high performance gateway. Insane Mode gateway size must be at least c5 size. If enabled, will look for spare /26 segment to create a new subnet. (Only available for AWS.) Supported values: true, false.
- `insane_mode_az` - (Optional) AZ of subnet being created for Insane Mode Transit Gateway. Required if insane_mode is enabled.
- `ha_insane_mode_az` - (Optional) AZ of subnet being created for Insane Mode Transit HA Gateway. Required if insane_mode is enabled and ha_subnet is set.

» Import

Instance transit_gateway can be imported using the gw_name, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_transit_gateway.test gw_name
```

» aviatrix_transit_gateway_peering

The aviatrix_transit_gateway_peering resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix Transit Gateway Peerings.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix Transit Gateway Peering
resource "aviatrix_transit_gateway_peering" "foo" {
  transit_gateway_name1 = "transitGw1"
  transit_gateway_name2 = "transitGw2"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `transit_gateway_name1` - (Required) The first transit gateway name to make a peer pair.
- `transit_gateway_name2` - (Required) The second transit gateway name to make a peer pair.

» Import

Instance transit_vpc can be imported using the transit_gateway_name1 and transit_gateway_name2, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_transit_gateway_peering.test transit_gateway_name1~transit_gatew
```

» aviatrix_transit_vpc

The aviatrix_transit_vpc resource creates and manages the Aviatrix Transit Network Gateways.

NOTE: The aviatrix_transit_vpc resource is deprecated. It is kept for backward compatibility and will be removed in the future. Please use transit_gateway instead. Need to remove it from state file and import as aviatrix_transit_gateway if it is already in state.

» Example Usage

```
# Manage Aviatrix Transit Network Gateways in aws
resource "aviatrix_transit_vpc" "test_transit_gw_aws" {
  cloud_type               = 1
  account_name             = "devops_aws"
  gw_name                  = "transit"
  vpc_id                   = "vpc-abcd1234"
  vpc_reg                  = "us-east-1"
  vpc_size                 = "t2.micro"
  subnet                   = "10.1.0.0/24"
  ha_subnet                = "10.1.0.0/24"
  ha_gw_size               = "t2.micro"
  tag_list                 = [
    "name:value",
    "name1:value1",
    "name2:value2"
  ]
```

```
  enable_hybrid_connection = true
  connected_transit        = "yes"
}

# Manage Aviatrix Transit Network Gateways in azure
resource "aviatrix_transit_vpc" "test_transit_gw_azure" {
  cloud_type        = 8
  account_name      = "devops_azure"
  gw_name           = "transit"
  vpc_id            = "vnet1:hello"
  vpc_reg           = "West US"
  vpc_size          = "Standard_B1s"
  subnet            = "10.30.0.0/24"
  ha_subnet         = "10.30.0.0/24"
  ha_gw_size        = "Standard_B1s"
  connected_transit = "yes"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `cloud_type` - (Required) Type of cloud service provider, requires an integer value. Use 1 for AWS.
- `account_name` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of a Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
- `gw_name` - (Required) Name of the gateway which is going to be created.
- `vpc_id` - (Required) VPC-ID/VNet-Name of cloud provider. Required if for aws. Example: AWS: ”vpc-abcd1234”, GCP: ”mygooglecloudvpc-name”, etc...
- `vpc_reg` - (Required) Region of cloud provider. Example: AWS: ”us-east-1”, ARM: ”East US 2”, etc...
- `vpc_size` - (Required) Size of the gateway instance. Example: AWS: ”t2.large”, etc...
- `subnet` - (Required) Public Subnet CIDR. Example: AWS: ”10.0.0.0/24”. Copy/paste from AWS Console to get the right subnet CIDR.
- `ha_subnet` - (Optional) HA Subnet CIDR. Example: ”10.12.0.0/24”.Setting to empty/unset will disable HA. Setting to a valid subnet CIDR will create an HA gateway on the subnet.
- `ha_gw_size` - (Optional) HA Gateway Size. Mandatory if HA is enabled (ha_subnet is set). Example: ”t2.micro”.
- `enable_nat` - (Optional) Enable NAT for this container. Supported values: true, false.
- `tag_list` - (Optional) Instance tag of cloud provider. Only supported for aws. Example: [”key1:value1”,”key002:value002”]

- `enable_hybrid_connection` - (Optional) Sign of readiness for TGW connection. Only supported for aws. Example: false.
- `enable_firenet_interfaces` - (Optional) Sign of readiness for FireNet connection. Valid values: true and false. Default: false.
- `connected_transit` - (Optional) Specify Connected Transit status. Supported values: true, false.
- `insane_mode` - (Optional) Specify Insane Mode high performance gateway. Insane Mode gateway size must be at least c5 size. If enabled, will look for spare /26 segment to create a new subnet. Only available for AWS. Supported values: true, false.
- `insane_mode_az` - (Optional) AZ of subnet being created for Insane Mode Transit Gateway. Required if insane_mode is enabled.
- `ha_insane_mode_az` - (Optional) AZ of subnet being created for Insane Mode Transit HA Gateway. Required if insane_mode is enabled and ha_subnet is set.

The following arguments are deprecated:

- `dns_server` - Specify the DNS IP, only required while using a custom private DNS for the VPC.
- `vnet_name_resource_group` - (Optional) VPC-ID/VNet-Name of cloud provider. Required if for azure. ARM: "VNet_Name:Resource_Group_Name". It is replaced by "vpc_id".

NOTE:

- `enable_firenet_interfaces` - If you are using/upgraded to Aviatrix Terraform Provider R1.8+/UserConnect-4.6 , and a transit_vpc resource was originally created with a provider version < R1.8/UserConnect-4.6, you must do 'terraform refresh' to update and apply the attribute's default value ("false") into the state file.
- `vnet_name_resource_group` - If you are using/upgraded to Aviatrix Terraform Provider R1.10+/UserConnect-4.6 , and an ARM transit_vpc resource was originally created with a provider version < R1.10/UserConnect-4.6, you must replace "vnet_name_resource_group" with "vpc_id" in your configuration file, and do 'terraform refresh' to set its value to "vpc_id" and apply it into the state file.

» Import

Instance transit_vpc can be imported using the gw_name, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_transit_vpc.test gw_name
```

» aviatrix_trans_peer

The aviatrix_trans_peer resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix Transitive Peerings.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix AWS Transitive Peering
resource "aviatrix_trans_peer" "test_trans_peer" {
  source         = "avtxuseastgw1"
  nexthop        = "avtxuseastgw2"
  reachable_cidr = "10.152.0.0/16"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `source` - (Required) Name of Source gateway.
- `nexthop` - (Required) Name of nexthop gateway.
- `reachable_cidr` - (Required) Destination CIDR.

» Import

Instance trans_peer can be imported using the source, nexthop and reachable_cidr, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_trans_peer.test source~nexthop~reachable_cidr
```

» aviatrix_tunnel

The aviatrix_tunnel resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix tunnels.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix AWS Tunnel
resource "aviatrix_tunnel" "test_tunnel1" {
  gw_name1 = "avtxgw1"
  gw_name2 = "avtxgw2"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `gw_name1` - (Required) The first VPC Container name to make a peer pair.
- `gw_name2` - (Required) The second VPC Container name to make a peer pair.
- `enable_ha` - (Optional) Whether Peering HA is enabled. Valid values: true, false.

The following arguments are computed - please do not edit in the resource file:

- `peering_state` - (Computed) Status of the tunnel.
- `peering_hastatus` - (Computed) Status of the HA tunnel.
- `peering_link` - (Computed) Name of the peering link.

» Import

Instance tunnel can be imported using the gw_name1 and gw_name2, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_tunnel.test gw_name1~gw_name2
```

» aviatrix_vgw_conn

The aviatrix_vgw_conn resource managers the Aviatrix Transit Gateway to VGW Connection.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix Vgw Connection
resource "aviatrix_vgw_conn" "test_vgw_conn" {
  conn_name        = "my-connection-vgw-to-tgw"
  gw_name          = "my-transit-gw"
  vpc_id           = "vpc-abcd1234"
  bgp_vgw_id       = "vgw-abcd1234"
  bgp_local_as_num = "65001"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `conn_name` - (Required) The name of for Transit GW to VGW connection connection which is going to be created. Example: "my-connection-vgw-to-tgw".
- `gw_name` - (Required) Name of the Transit Gateway. Example: "my-transit-gw".
- `vpc_id` - (Required) VPC-ID where the Transit Gateway is located. Example: AWS: "vpc-abcd1234".
- `bgp_vgw_id` - (Required) Id of AWS's VGW that is used for this connection. Example: "vgw-abcd1234".
- `bgp_local_as_num` - (Required) BGP Local ASN (Autonomous System Number). Integer between 1-65535. Example: "65001".
- `enable_advertise_transit_cidr` - (Optional) Switch to Enable/Disable advertise transit VPC network CIDR for a vgw connection.
- `bgp_manual_spoke_advertise_cidrs` - (Optional) Intended CIDR list to advertise to VGW. Example: "10.2.0.0/16,10.4.0.0/16".

NOTE:

- `enable_advertise_transit_cidr` - If you are using/upgraded to Aviatrix Terraform Provider v4.6+ , and a vgw_conn resource was originally created with a provider version <4.6, you must do 'terraform refresh' to update and apply the attribute's default value ("false") into the state file.

» Import

Instance vgw_conn can be imported using the conn_name and vpc_id, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_vgw_conn.test conn_name~vpc_id
```

» aviatrix_vpc

The aviatrix_vpc resource allows the creation and management of VPCs.

» Example Usage

```
# Create a VPC
resource "aviatrix_vpc" "test_vpc" {
  cloud_type           = 1
  account_name         = "devops"
  region               = "us-west-1"
  name                 = "vpcTest"
  cidr                 = "10.0.0.0/16"
  aviatrix_transit_vpc = false
  aviatrix_firenet_vpc = false
```

```
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `cloud_type` - (Required) Type of cloud service provider, requires an integer value. Use 1 for AWS.
- `account_name` - (Required) This parameter represents the name of a Cloud-Account in Aviatrix controller.
- `name` - (Required) Name of the vpc which is going to be created.
- `region` - (Required) Region of cloud provider. Example: AWS: "us-east-1", ARM: "East US 2".
- `cidr` - (Required) VPC cidr.
- `aviatrix_transit_vpc` - (Optional) Specify whether it is an aviatrix transit vpc. Supported values: true, false. Default: false.
- `aviatrix_firenet_vpc` - (Optional) Specify whether it is an aviatrix firenet vpc. Supported values: true, false. Default: false.

NOTE:

- `aviatrix_firenet_vpc` - If you are using/upgraded to Aviatrix Terraform Provider R1.8+/UserConnect-4.6 , and an vpc resource was originally created with a provider version < R1.8/UserConnect-4.6, you must do 'terraform refresh' to update and apply the attribute's default value ("false") into the state file.

» Import

Instance vpc can be imported using the name, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_vpc.test name
```

» aviatrix_vpn_profile

The aviatrix_vpn_profile resource allows the creation and management of Aviatrix VPN VPN User Profiles.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix AWS VPN User Profile
resource "aviatrix_vpn_profile" "test_profile1" {
  name      = "my_profile"
```

```
  base_rule = "allow_all"
  users     = [
    "user1",
    "user2"
  ]

  policy {
    action = "deny"
    proto  = "tcp"
    port   = "443"
    target = "10.0.0.0/32"
  }

  policy {
    action = "deny"
    proto  = "tcp"
    port   = "443"
    target = "10.0.0.1/32"
  }
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) Enter any name for the VPN profile.
- `base_rule` - (Optional) Base policy rule of the profile to be added. Enter "allow_all" or "deny_all", based on whether you want a white list or black list.
- `users` - (Optional) List of VPN users to attach to this profile.
- `policy` - (Optional) New security policy for the profile. Each policy has the following attributes:
  - `action` - (Required) Should be the opposite of the base rule for correct behaviour. Valid values for action: "allow", "deny".
  - `proto` - (Required) Protocol to allow or deny. Valid values for protocol: "all", "tcp", "udp", "icmp", "sctp", "rdp", "dccp".
  - `port` - (Required) Port to be allowed or denied. Valid values for port: a single port or a range of port numbers e.g.: "25", "25:1024". For "all" and "icmp", port should only be "0:65535".
  - `target` - (Required) CIDR to be allowed or denied. Valid values for target: IPv4 CIDRs. Example: "10.30.0.0/16".

» Import

Instance vpn_profile can be imported using the name, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_vpn_profile.test name
```

» aviatrix_vpn_user

The aviatrix_vpn_user resource creates and manages VPN Users.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix Vpn User
resource "aviatrix_vpn_user" "test_vpn_user" {
  vpc_id     = "vpc-abcd1234"
  gw_name    = "gw1"
  user_name  = "username1"
  user_email = "user@aviatrix.com"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `vpc_id` - (Required) VPC Id of Aviatrix VPN gateway. Example: "vpc-abcd1234".
- `gw_name` - (Required) If ELB is enabled, this will be the name of the ELB, else it will be the name of the Aviatrix VPN gateway. Example: "gw1".
- `user_name` - (Required) VPN user name. Example: "user".
- `user_email` - (Optional) VPN User's email. Example: "abc@xyz.com".
- `saml_endpoint` - (Optional) This is the name of the SAML endpoint to which the user is to be associated. This is required if adding user to a SAML gateway/LB.

» Import

Instance vpn_user can be imported using the user_name, e.g.

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_vpn_user.test user_name
```

» aviatrix_vpn_user_accelerator

The aviatrix_vpn_user_accelerator resource manages the Aviatrix VPN User Accelerators.

» Example Usage

```
# Create an Aviatrix Vpn User Accelerator
resource "aviatrix_vpn_user_accelerator" "test_xlr" {
  elb_name = "Aviatrix-vpc-abcd2134"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `elb_name` - (Required) Name of ELB to be added to VPN User Accelerator. Example: "Aviatrix-vpc-abcd2134".

» Import

```
$ terraform import aviatrix_vpn_user_acclerator.test Aviatrix-vpc-abcd1234
```

» aviatrix_account

Use this data source to get the Aviatrix cloud account for use in other resources.

» Example Usage

```
# Create Aviatrix account data source
data "aviatrix_account" "foo" {
  account_name = "username"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `account_name` - (Required) Account name. This can be used for logging in to CloudN console or UserConnect controller.

» Attribute Reference

- `cloud_type` - Type of cloud service provider. (Only AWS is supported currently. Value of 1 for AWS.)
- `aws_account_number` - AWS Account number to associate with Aviatrix account.
- `aws_access_key` - AWS Access Key.
- `aws_role_app` - AWS App role ARN.
- `aws_role_ec2` - AWS EC2 role ARN.

» aviatrix_caller_identity

Use this data source to get the Aviatrix caller identity for use in other resources.

» Example Usage

```
# Create Aviatrix caller identity data source
data "aviatrix_caller_identity" "foo" {

}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- None.

» Attribute Reference

- `cid` - (Computed) Aviatrix caller identity.

» aviatrix_gateway

Use this data source to get the Aviatrix gateway for use in other resources.

» Example Usage

```
# Create Aviatrix gateway data source
data "aviatrix_gateway" "foo" {
```

```
  account_name = "username"
  gw_name      = "gatewayname"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `gw_name` - (Required) Gateway name. This can be used for getting gateway.
- `account_name` - (Optional) Account name. This can be used for logging in to CloudN console or UserConnect controller.

» Attribute Reference

- `account_name` - Aviatrix account name.
- `gw_name` - Aviatrix gateway name.

» The following arguments are computed - please do not edit in the resource file:

- `cloud_type` - Type of cloud service provider. (Only AWS is supported currently. Value of 1 for AWS.)
- `vpc_id` - AWS VPC ID.
- `vpc_reg` - AWS VPC Region.
- `vpc_size` - Instance type.
- `public_ip` - Public IP address of the Gateway created