» ovh_cloud_region

Use this data source to retrieve information about a region associated with a public cloud project. The region must be associated with the project.

» Example Usage

```
data "ovh_cloud_region" "GRA1" {
   project_id = "XXXXXX"
   region = "GRA1"
}
```

» Argument Reference

- project_id (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used.
- region (Required) The name of the region associated with the public cloud project.

» Attributes Reference

id is set to the ID of the project concatenated with the name of the region. In addition, the following attributes are exported:

- continent_code the code of the geographic continent the region is running. E.g.: EU for Europe, US for America...
- datacenter_location The location code of the datacenter. E.g.: "GRA", meaning Gravelines, for region "GRA1"
- continentCode (Deprecated) Use continent code instead.
- datacenterLocation (Deprecated) Use datacenter_location instead.
- services The list of public cloud services running within the region
 - name the name of the public cloud service
 - status the status of the service

» ovh_cloud_regions

Use this data source to get the regions of a public cloud project.

```
data "ovh_cloud_regions" "regions" {
  project_id = "XXXXXX"
}
```

» Argument Reference

• project_id - (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used.

» Attributes Reference

id is set to the ID of the project. In addition, the following attributes are exported:

• names - The list of regions associated with the project

» ovh domain zone

Use this data source to retrieve information about a domain zone.

» Example Usage

```
data "ovh_domain_zone" "rootzone" {
    name = "mysite.ovh"
}
```

» Argument Reference

• name - (Required) The name of the domain zone.

» Attributes Reference

id is set to the domain zone name. In addition, the following attributes are exported:

- last_update Last update date of the DNS zone
- has_dns_anycast hasDnsAnycast flag of the DNS zone
- name_servers Name servers that host the DNS zone
- dnssec_supported Is DNSSEC supported by this zone

» ovh_iploadbalancing

Use this data source to retrieve information about an IP Load Balancing product

» Example Usage

```
data "ovh_iploadbalancing" "lb" {
   service_name = "xxx"
   state = "ok"
}
```

» Argument Reference

- ipv6 The IPV6 associated to your IP load balancing
- ipv4 The IPV4 associated to your IP load balancing
- zone Location where your service is. This takes an array of values.
- offer The offer of your IP load balancing
- service_name The internal name of your IP load balancing
- ip_loadbalancing Your IP load balancing
- state Current state of your IP. Can take any of the following value: "blacklisted", "deleted", "free", "ok", "quarantined", "suspended"
- vrack_eligibility Vrack eligibility. Takes a boolean value.
- vrack_name Name of the vRack on which the current Load Balancer is attached to, as it is named on vRack product
- ssl_configuration Modern oldest compatible clients: Firefox 27, Chrome 30, IE 11 on Windows 7, Edge, Opera 17, Safari 9, Android 5.0, and Java 8. Intermediate oldest compatible clients: Firefox 1, Chrome 1, IE 7, Opera 5, Safari 1, Windows XP IE8, Android 2.3, Java 7. Can take any of the following value: "intermediate", "modern"
- display_name the name displayed in ManagerV6 for your iplb (max 50 chars)

» Attributes Reference

id is set to the service_name of your IP load balancing In addition, the following attributes are exported:

- metrics_token The metrics token associated with your IP load balancing This attribute is sensitive.
- orderable_zone Available additional zone for your Load Balancer
 - name The zone three letter code
 - plan_code The billing planCode for this zone

» ovh_me_paymentmean_bankaccount

Use this data source to retrieve information about a bank account payment mean associated with an OVH account.

» Example Usage

```
data "ovh_me_paymentmean_bankaccount" "ba" {
   use_default = true
}
```

» Argument Reference

- description_regexp (Optional) a regexp used to filter bank accounts on their description attributes.
- use_default (Optional) Retrieve bank account marked as default payment mean.
- use_oldest (Optional) Retrieve oldest bank account. project.
- state (Optional) Filter bank accounts on their state attribute. Can be "blockedForIncidents", "valid", "pendingValidation"

» Attributes Reference

id is set to the ID of the bank account payment mean

- description the description attribute of the bank account
- default a boolean which tells if the retrieved bank account is marked as the default payment mean

» ovh_me_paymentmean_creditcard

Use this data source to retrieve information about a credit card payment mean associated with an OVH account.

» Example Usage

```
data "ovh_me_paymentmean_creditcard" "cc" {
   use_default = true
}
```

» Argument Reference

- description_regexp (Optional) a regexp used to filter credit cards on their description attributes.
- use_default (Optional) Retrieve credit card marked as default payment mean.
- use_last_to_expire (Optional) Retrieve the credit card that will be the last to expire according to its expiration date.
- states (Optional) Filter credit cards on their state attribute. Can be "expired", "valid", "tooManyFailures"

» Attributes Reference

id is set to the ID of the credit card payment mean

- description the description attribute of the credit card
- state the state attribute of the credit card
- default a boolean which tells if the retrieved credit card is marked as the default payment mean

» ovh_publiccloud_region

DEPRECATED use ovh_cloud_region instead.

Use this data source to retrieve information about a region associated with a public cloud project. The region must be associated with the project.

```
data "ovh_publiccloud_region" "GRA1" {
   project_id = "XXXXXX"
   region = "GRA1"
}
```

» Argument Reference

- project_id (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used.
- region (Required) The name of the region associated with the public cloud project.

» Attributes Reference

id is set to the ID of the project concatenated with the name of the region. In addition, the following attributes are exported:

- continent_code the code of the geographic continent the region is running. E.g.: EU for Europe, US for America...
- datacenter_location The location code of the datacenter. E.g.: "GRA", meaning Gravelines, for region "GRA1"
- continentCode (Deprecated) Use continent_code instead.
- datacenterLocation (Deprecated) Use datacenter_location instead.
- services The list of public cloud services running within the region
 - name the name of the public cloud service
 - status the status of the service

» ovh_publiccloud_regions

DEPRECATED use ovh_cloud_regions instead.

Use this data source to get the regions of a public cloud project.

```
data "ovh_publiccloud_regions" "regions" {
  project_id = "XXXXXX"
}
```

• project_id - (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used.

» Attributes Reference

id is set to the ID of the project. In addition, the following attributes are exported:

• names - The list of regions associated with the project

» ovh_cloud_network_private

Creates a private network in a public cloud project.

» Example Usage

```
resource "ovh_cloud_network_private" "net" {
  project_id = "67890"
  name = "admin_network"
  regions = ["GRA1", "BHS1"]
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- project_id (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used.
- name (Required) The name of the network.
- vlan_id a vlan id to associate with the network. Changing this value recreates the resource. Defaults to 0.
- regions an array of valid OVH public cloud region ID in which the network will be available. Ex.: "GRA1". Defaults to all public cloud regions.

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- project_id See Argument Reference above.
- name See Argument Reference above.
- vlan_id See Argument Reference above.
- regions See Argument Reference above.
- regions_status A map representing the status of the network per region.
- regions_status/region The id of the region.
- regions_status/status The status of the network in the region.
- status the status of the network. should be normally set to 'ACTIVE'.
- type the type of the network. Either 'private' or 'public'.

» ovh_cloud_network_private_subnet

Creates a subnet in a private network of a public cloud project.

» Example Usage

```
resource "ovh_cloud_network_private_subnet" "subnet" {
   project_id = "67890"
   network_id = "0234543"
   region = "GRA1"
   start = "192.168.168.100"
   end = "192.168.168.200"
   network = "192.168.168.0/24"
   dhcp = true
   no_gateway = false
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- project_id (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used. Changing this forces a new resource to be created.
- network_id (Required) The id of the network. Changing this forces a new resource to be created.

- dhcp (Optional) Enable DHCP. Changing this forces a new resource to be created. Defaults to false. _
- start (Required) First ip for this region. Changing this value recreates the subnet.
- end (Required) Last ip for this region. Changing this value recreates the subnet.
- network (Required) Global network in CIDR format. Changing this
 value recreates the subnet
- region The region in which the network subnet will be created. Ex.: "GRA1". Changing this value recreates the resource.
- no_gateway Set to true if you don't want to set a default gateway IP. Changing this value recreates the resource. Defaults to false.

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- project_id See Argument Reference above.
- network_id See Argument Reference above.
- dhcp_id See Argument Reference above.
- start See Argument Reference above.
- end See Argument Reference above.
- network See Argument Reference above.
- region See Argument Reference above.
- gateway_ip The IP of the gateway
- no_gateway See Argument Reference above.
- cidr Ip Block representing the subnet cidr.
- ip_pools List of ip pools allocated in the subnet.
- ip_pools/network Global network with cidr.
- ip_pools/region Region where this subnet is created.
- ip_pools/dhcp DHCP enabled.
- ip_pools/end Last ip for this region.
- ip_pools/start First ip for this region.

» ovh cloud user

Creates a user in a public cloud project.

```
resource "ovh_cloud_user" "user1" {
   project_id = "67890"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- project_id (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used.
- description A description associated with the user.

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- project_id See Argument Reference above.
- description See Argument Reference above.
- username the username generated for the user. This username can be used with the Openstack API.
- password (Sensitive) the password generated for the user. The password can be used with the Openstack API. This attribute is sensitive and will only be retrieve once during creation.
- status the status of the user. should be normally set to 'ok'.
- creation_date the date the user was created.
- openstack_rc a convenient map representing an openstack_rc file. Note: no password nor sensitive token is set in this map.

» ovh_publiccloud_private_network

DEPRECATED use ovh_cloud_network_private instead. Creates a private network in a public cloud project.

```
resource "ovh_publiccloud_private_network" "net" {
  project_id = "67890"
  name = "admin_network"
  regions = ["GRA1", "BHS1"]
}
```

The following arguments are supported:

- project_id (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used.
- name (Required) The name of the network.
- vlan_id a vlan id to associate with the network. Changing this value recreates the resource. Defaults to 0.
- regions an array of valid OVH public cloud region ID in which the network will be available. Ex.: "GRA1". Defaults to all public cloud regions.

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- project_id See Argument Reference above.
- name See Argument Reference above.
- vlan_id See Argument Reference above.
- regions See Argument Reference above.
- regions_status A map representing the status of the network per region.
- regions_status/region The id of the region.
- regions_status/status The status of the network in the region.
- status the status of the network. should be normally set to 'ACTIVE'.
- type the type of the network. Either 'private' or 'public'.

» ovh_publiccloud_private_network_subnet

DEPRECATED use ovh_cloud_network_private_subnet instead. Creates a subnet in a private network of a public cloud project.

```
resource "ovh_publiccloud_private_network_subnet" "subnet" {
   project_id = "67890"
   network_id = "0234543"
   region = "GRA1"
   start = "192.168.168.100"
   end = "192.168.168.200"
   network = "192.168.168.0/24"
```

```
dhcp = true
no_gateway = false
}
```

The following arguments are supported:

- project_id (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used. Changing this forces a new resource to be created.
- network_id (Required) The id of the network. Changing this forces a new resource to be created.
- dhcp (Optional) Enable DHCP. Changing this forces a new resource to be created. Defaults to false.
- start (Required) First ip for this region. Changing this value recreates the subnet.
- end (Required) Last ip for this region. Changing this value recreates the subnet.
- network (Required) Global network in CIDR format. Changing this
 value recreates the subnet
- region The region in which the network subnet will be created. Ex.: "GRA1". Changing this value recreates the resource.
- no_gateway Set to true if you don't want to set a default gateway IP. Changing this value recreates the resource. Defaults to false.

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- project_id See Argument Reference above.
- network_id See Argument Reference above.
- dhcp_id See Argument Reference above.
- start See Argument Reference above.
- end See Argument Reference above.
- network See Argument Reference above.
- region See Argument Reference above.
- gateway_ip The IP of the gateway
- no_gateway See Argument Reference above.
- cidr Ip Block representing the subnet cidr.
- ip_pools List of ip pools allocated in the subnet.

- ip_pools/network Global network with cidr.
- ip_pools/region Region where this subnet is created.
- ip_pools/dhcp DHCP enabled.
- ip_pools/end Last ip for this region.
- ip_pools/start First ip for this region.

» ovh_publiccloud_user

DEPRECATED use ovh_cloud_user instead. Creates a user in a public cloud project.

» Example Usage

```
resource "ovh_publiccloud_user" "user1" {
   project_id = "67890"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- project_id (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used.
- description A description associated with the user.

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- project_id See Argument Reference above.
- description See Argument Reference above.
- username the username generated for the user. This username can be used with the Openstack API.
- password (Sensitive) the password generated for the user. The password
 can be used with the Openstack API. This attribute is sensitive and will
 only be retrieve once during creation.
- status the status of the user. should be normally set to 'ok'.
- creation_date the date the user was created.
- openstack_rc a convenient map representing an openstack_rc file. Note: no password nor sensitive token is set in this map.

» ovh_domain_zone_record

Provides a OVH domain zone record.

» Example Usage

```
# Add a record to a sub-domain
resource "ovh_domain_zone_record" "test" {
    zone = "testdemo.ovh"
    subdomain = "test"
    fieldtype = "A"
    ttl = "3600"
    target = "0.0.0.0"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- zone (Required) The domain to add the record to
- subdomain (Required) The name of the record
- target (Required) The value of the record
- fieldtype (Required) The type of the record
- ttl (Optional) The TTL of the record

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- id The record ID
- zone The domain to add the record to
- subDomain The name of the record
- target The value of the record
- $\bullet\,$ fieldType The type of the record
- ttl The TTL of the record

» ovh_domain_zone_redirection

Provides a OVH domain zone redirection.

```
# Add a redirection to a sub-domain
resource "ovh_domain_zone_redirection" "test" {
    zone = "testdemo.ovh"
    subdomain = "test"
    type = "visiblePermanent"
    target = "http://www.ovh"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- zone (Required) The domain to add the redirection to
- subdomain (Optional) The name of the redirection
- target (Required) The value of the redirection
- type (Required) The type of the redirection, with values:
 - visible -> Redirection by http code 302
 - visiblePermanent -> Redirection by http code 301
 - invisible -> Redirection by html frame
- description (Optional) A description of this redirection
- keywords (Optional) Keywords to describe this redirection
- title (Optional) Title of this redirection

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- id The redirection ID
- zone The domain to add the redirection to
- subDomain The name of the redirection
- target The value of the redirection
- type The type of the redirection
- description The description of the redirection
- keywords Keywords of the redirection
- title The title of the redirection

Creates a backend server group (farm) to be used by loadbalancing frontend(s)

```
data "ovh_iploadbalancing" "lb" {
  service_name = "ip-1.2.3.4"
    state = "ok"
}

resource "ovh_iploadbalancing_tcp_farm" "farmname" {
  service_name = "${data.ovh_iploadbalancing.lb.id}"
  display_name = "ingress-8080-gra"
  zone = "GRA"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- service_name (Required) The internal name of your IP load balancing
- balance Load balancing algorithm. roundrobin if null (first, leastconn, roundrobin, source)
- display_name Readable label for loadbalancer farm
- port Port attached to your farm ([1..49151]). Inherited from frontend if null
- stickiness Stickiness type. No stickiness if null (sourceIp)
- vrack_network_id Internal Load Balancer identifier of the vRack private network to attach to your farm, mandatory when your Load Balancer is attached to a vRack
- zone (Required) Zone where the farm will be defined (ie. GRA, BHS also supports ALL)
- probe define a backend healthcheck probe
 - type (Required) Valid values: http, internal, mysql, oko, pgsql, smtp, tcp
 - interval probe interval, Value between 30 and 3600 seconds, default 30
 - match What to mach pattern against (contains, default, internal, matches, status)
 - port Port for backends to recieve traffic on.
 - negate Negate probe result
 - pattern Pattern to match against match
 - force_ssl Force use of SSL (TLS)
 - url URL for HTTP probe type.
 - method HTTP probe method (GET, HEAD, OPTIONS, internal)

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- service name See Argument Reference above.
- balance See Argument Reference above.
- display_name See Argument Reference above.
- port See Argument Reference above.
- stickiness See Argument Reference above.
- vrack_network_id See Argument Reference above.
- zone See Argument Reference above.
- probe See Argument Reference above.
 - type See Argument Reference above.
 - interval See Argument Reference above.
 - match See Argument Reference above.
 - port See Argument Reference above.
 - negate See Argument Reference above.
 - pattern See Argument Reference above.
 - force_ssl See Argument Reference above.
 - url See Argument Reference above.
 - method See Argument Reference above.

» ovh iploadbalancing tcp farm server

Creates a backend server entry linked to loadbalancing group (farm)

```
data "ovh iploadbalancing" "lb" {
  service_name = "ip-1.2.3.4"
         = "ok"
   state
}
resource "ovh_iploadbalancing_tcp_farm" "farmname" {
  service_name = "${data.ovh_iploadbalancing.lb.id}"
 port = 8080
 zone = "all"
}
resource "ovh_iploadbalancing_tcp_farm_server" "backend" {
  service_name
                        = "${data.ovh iploadbalancing.lb.id}"
                        = "${ovh_iploadbalancing_tcp_farm.farmname.id}"
 farm id
 display name
                        = "mybackend"
  address
                         = "4.5.6.7"
```

The following arguments are supported:

- service_name (Required) The internal name of your IP load balancing
- farm id ID of the farm this server is attached to
- display_name Label for the server
- address Address of the backend server (IP from either internal or OVH network)
- status backend status active or inactive
- port Port that backend will respond on
- proxy_protocol_version version of the PROXY protocol used to pass origin connection information from loadbalancer to recieving service (v1, v2, v2-ss1, v2-ss1-cn)
- weight used in loadbalancing algorithm
- probe defines if backend will be probed to determine health and keep as active in farm if healthy
- ${\tt ssl}$ is the connection ciphered with SSL (TLS)
- backup is it a backup server used in case of failure of all the non-backup backends

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- service_name See Argument Reference above.
- farm_id See Argument Reference above.
- display_name See Argument Reference above.
- address See Argument Reference above.
- status See Argument Reference above.
- port See Argument Reference above.
- proxy_protocol_version See Argument Reference above.
- weight See Argument Reference above.
- probe See Argument Reference above.
- ssl See Argument Reference above.
- backup See Argument Reference above.

• cookie - Value of the stickiness cookie used for this backend.

» ovh_iploadbalancing_http_route

Manage http route for a loadbalancer service

» Example Usage

Route which redirect all url to https.

```
resource "ovh_iploadbalancing_http_route" "httpsredirect" {
  service_name = "loadbalancer-xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx"
  display_name = "Redirect to HTTPS"
  weight = 1

action {
    status = 302
    target = "https://${host}${path}${arguments}"
    type = "redirect"
  }
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- service_name (Required) The internal name of your IP load balancing
- display_name Human readable name for your route, this field is for you
- weight Route priority ([0..255]). 0 if null. Highest priority routes are evaluated first. Only the first matching route will trigger an action
- action.status HTTP status code for "redirect" and "reject" actions
- action.target Farm ID for "farm" action type or URL template for "redirect" action. You may use \${uri}, \${protocol}, \${host}, \${port} and \${path} variables in redirect target
- action.type (Required) Action to trigger if all the rules of this route matches
- frontend_id Route traffic for this frontend

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

• service_name - See Argument Reference above.

- display_name See Argument Reference above.
- weight See Argument Reference above.
- action.status See Argument Reference above.
- action.target See Argument Reference above.
- action.type See Argument Reference above.
- frontend_id See Argument Reference above.

» ovh_iploadbalancing_http_route_rule

Manage rules for HTTP route.

```
Route which redirect all url to https for example.com (Vhost).
```

```
resource "ovh_iploadbalancing_http_route" "httpsredirect" {
 service_name = "loadbalancer-xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx"
 display_name = "Redirect to HTTPS"
 weight
            = 1
 frontend_id = 11111
 action {
   status = 302
   target = "https://$${host}$${path}$${arguments}"
   type = "redirect"
}
resource "ovh_iploadbalancing_http_route_rule" "examplerule" {
 service name = "loadbalancer-xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx"
 route id
           = "${ovh_iploadbalancing_http_route.httpsredirect.id}"
 display_name = "Match example.com host"
             = "host"
 field
             = "is"
 match
 negate
             = false
            = "example.com"
 pattern
Rule which match a specific header (same effect as the host match above).
resource "ovh_iploadbalancing_http_route_rule" "examplerule" {
 = "${ovh_iploadbalancing_http_route.httpsredirect.id}"
 display_name = "Match example.com Host header"
             = "headers"
 field
```

```
match = "is"
negate = false
pattern = "example.com"
sub_field = "Host"
}
```

The following arguments are supported:

- service_name (Required) The internal name of your IP load balancing
- route_id (Required) The route to apply this rule
- display_name Human readable name for your rule, this field is for you
- field (Required) Name of the field to match like "protocol" or "host". See "/ipLoadbalancing/{serviceName}/availableRouteRules" for a list of available rules
- match (Required) Matching operator. Not all operators are available for all fields. See "/ipLoadbalancing/{serviceName}/availableRouteRules"
- negate Invert the matching operator effect
- pattern Value to match against this match. Interpretation if this field depends on the match and field
- sub_field Name of sub-field, if applicable. This may be a Cookie or Header name for instance

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- service_name See Argument Reference above.
- route_id See Argument Reference above.
- display_name See Argument Reference above.
- field See Argument Reference above.
- match See Argument Reference above.
- negate See Argument Reference above.
- pattern See Argument Reference above.
- sub_field See Argument Reference above.

» ovh_vrack_cloudproject

Attach an existing public cloud project to an existing VRack.

```
resource "ovh_vrack_cloudproject" "attach" {
  vrack_id = "12345"
  project_id = "67890"
}
```

» Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- vrack_id (Required) The id of the vrack. If omitted, the OVH_VRACK_ID environment variable is used.
- project_id (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used.

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- vrack_id See Argument Reference above.
- project_id See Argument Reference above.

» Notes

The vrack attachment isn't a proper resource with an ID. As such, the resource id will be forged from the vrack and project ids and there's no correct way to import the resource in terraform. When the resource is created by terraform, it first checks if the attachment already exists within OVH infrastructure; if it exists it set the resource id without modifying anything. Otherwise, it will try to attach the vrack with the public cloud project.

» ovh_vrack_publiccloud_attachment

DEPRECATED use ovh_vrack_cloudproject instead. Attach an existing PublicCloud project to an existing VRack.

```
resource "ovh_vrack_publiccloud_attachment" "attach" {
  vrack_id = "12345"
```

```
project_id = "67890"
}
```

The following arguments are supported:

- vrack_id (Required) The id of the vrack. If omitted, the OVH_VRACK_ID environment variable is used.
- project_id (Required) The id of the public cloud project. If omitted, the OVH_PROJECT_ID environment variable is used.

» Attributes Reference

The following attributes are exported:

- vrack_id See Argument Reference above.
- project_id See Argument Reference above.

» Notes

The vrack attachment isn't a proper resource with an ID. As such, the resource id will be forged from the vrack and project ids and there's no correct way to import the resource in terraform. When the resource is created by terraform, it first checks if the attachment already exists within OVH infrastructure; if it exists it set the resource id without modifying anything. Otherwise, it will try to attach the vrack with the public cloud project.