

## » panos\_\_dhcp\_\_interface\_\_info

Use this data source to retrieve DHCP client information about the given firewall interface.

### » Example Usage

```
data "panos_dhcp_interface_info" "example" {
  interface = "ethernet1/1"
}

output "eth1_ip" {
  value = "${data.panos_dhcp_interface_info.example.ip}"
}
```

### » Attribute Reference

The following attributes are present:

- **interface** - (Required) The data interface to get DHCP information for.

These attributes are exported once the data source refreshes:

- **state** - The interface's state.
- **ip** - DHCP IP address.
- **gateway** - The default gateway assigned.
- **server** - The DHCP server IP
- **server\_id** - DHCP server ID
- **primary\_dns** - Primary DNS server
- **secondary\_dns** - Secondary DNS server
- **primary\_wins** - Primary WINS server
- **secondary\_wins** - Secondary WINS
- **primary\_nis** - Primary NIS
- **secondary\_nis** - Secondary NIS
- **primary\_ntp** - Primary NTP
- **secondary\_ntp** - Secondary NTP
- **pop3\_server** - POP3 Server
- **smtp\_server** - SMTP Server
- **dns\_suffix** - DNS Suffix

## » panos\_\_system\_\_info

Use this data source to retrieve "show system info" from the NGFW or Panorama.

All contents of "show system info" are saved to the `info` variable. In addition, the version number of PAN-OS encountered is saved to multiple fields for ease of access.

## » Example Usage

```
data "panos_system_info" "example" {}
```

## » Attribute Reference

The following attributes are present:

- `info` - a map containing the contents of `show system info`.
- `version_major` - Major version number.
- `version_minor` - Minor version number.
- `version_patch` - Patch version number.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_address\_\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama address groups.

Address groups are either statically defined or dynamically defined, so only `static_addresses` or `dynamic_match` should be defined within a given address group.

## » Import Name

```
<device_group>:<name>
```

## » Example Usage

```
# Static group
resource "panos_panorama_address_group" "example1" {
  name = "static ntp grp"
  description = "My NTP servers"
  static_addresses = ["ntp1", "ntp2", "ntp3"]
}
```

```
# Dynamic group
resource "panos_panorama_address_group" "example2" {
  name = "dynamic grp"
  description = "My internal NTP servers"
```

```

    dynamic_match = "'internal' and 'ntp'"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The address group's name.
- **device\_group** - (Optional) The device group to put the address group into (default: `shared`).
- **static\_addresses** - (Optional) The address objects to include in this statically defined address group.
- **dynamic\_match** - (Optional) The IP tags to include in this DAG.
- **description** - (Optional) The address group's description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_address\_\_object

This resource allows you to add/update/delete address objects on Panorama.

### » Import Name

```
<device_group>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```

resource "panos_panorama_address_object" "example" {
    name = "localnet"
    value = "192.168.80.0/24"
    description = "The 192.168.80 network"
    tags = ["internal", "dmz"]
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The address object's name.
- **device\_group** - (Optional) The device group to put the address object into (default: `shared`).
- **type** - (Optional) The type of address object. This can be `ip-netmask` (default), `ip-range`, or `fqdn`.

- **value** - (Required) The address object's value. This can take various forms depending on what type of address object this is, but can be something like 192.168.80.150 or 192.168.80.0/24.
- **description** - (Optional) The address object's description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_administrative\_\_tag

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama administrative tags.

### » Import Name

<device\_group>:<name>

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panos_administrative_tag" "example" {
  name = "tag1"
  color = "color5"
  comment = "Internal resources"
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The administrative tag's name.
- **device\_group** - (Optional) The device group to put the administrative tag into (default: **shared**).
- **color** - (Optional) The tag's color. This should be either an empty string (no color) or a string such as **color1** or **color15**. Note that for maximum portability, you should limit color usage to **color16**, which was available in PAN-OS 6.1. PAN-OS 8.1's colors go up to **color42**. The value **color18** is reserved internally by PAN-OS and thus not available for use.
- **comment** - (Optional) The administrative tag's description.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_bfd\_\_profile.

This resource allows you to add/update/delete BFD profiles on Panorama.

**Note:** This resource is only applicable for PAN-OS 7.1+.

## » Import Name

`<template>:<template_stack>:<name>`

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_bfd_profile" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  name = "myBfdProfile"
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
  name = "myTemplate"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The BFD profile's name.
- `mode` - (Optional) BFD operation mode. Valid values are `active` (default) or `passive`.
- `minimum_tx_interval` - (Optional, int) Desired minimum TX interval in ms. Default is 1000.
- `minimum_rx_interval` - (Optional, int) Required minimum RX interval in ms. Default is 1000.
- `detection_multiplier` - (Optional, int) Multiplier sent to remote system. Default is 3.
- `hold_time` - (Optional, int) Delay transmission and reception of control packets in ms.
- `minimum_rx_ttl` - (Optional, int) Minimum accepted ttl on received BFD packet.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_bgp

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a Panorama virtual router BGP configuration.

**Important Note:** When it comes to BGP configuration, PAN-OS requires that BGP itself first be configured before you can add other BGP sub-config, such as dampening profiles or peer groups. Since every BGP resource must reference a virtual router, the key to accomplishing this is by pointing the `virtual_router` param for each BGP sub-config to `panos_panorama_bgp.foo.virtual_router` instead of `panos_panorama_virtual_router.bar.name`.

## » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>
```

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "example" {
    template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
    virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
    router_id = "5.5.5.5"
    as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
    name = "myTemplate"
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "rtr" {
    template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
    name = "my virtual router"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP configuration to.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable BGP or not (default: `true`).
- `router_id` - (Optional) Router ID of this BGP instance.
- `as_number` - (Optional) Local AS number.
- `bfd_profile` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.1+) BFD configuration.

- `reject_default_route` - (Optional, bool) Do not learn default route from BGP (default: `true`).
- `install_route` - (Optional, bool) Populate BGP learned route to global route table.
- `aggregate_med` - (Optional, bool) Aggregate route only if they have same MED attributes (default: `true`).
- `default_local_preference` - (Optional) Default local preference (default: "100").
- `as_format` - (Optional) AS format. Valid values are "2-byte" (default) or "4-byte".
- `always_compare_med` - (Optional, bool) Always compare MEDs.
- `deterministic_med_comparison` - (Optional, bool) Deterministic MED comparison (default: `true`).
- `ecmp_multi_as` - (Optional, bool) Support multiple AS in ECMP.
- `enforce_first_as` - (Optional, bool) Enforce First AS for EBGp (default: `true`).
- `enable_graceful_restart` - (Optional, bool) Enable graceful restart (default: `true`).
- `stale_route_time` - (Optional, int) Time to remove stale routes after peer restart, in seconds (default: 120).
- `local_restart_time` - (Optional, int) Local restart time to advertise to peer, in seconds (default: 120).
- `max_peer_restart_time` - (Optional, int) Maximum of peer restart time accepted, in seconds (default: 120).
- `reflector_cluster_id` - (Optional) Route reflector cluster ID.
- `confederation_member_as` - (Optional) Confederation requires member-AS number.
- `allow_redistribute_default_route` - (Optional, bool) Allow redistribute default route to BGP.

## » `panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama BGP address aggregation rules.

### » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate" "example" {
```

```

        template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
        virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
        name = "myAggRule"
        prefix = "192.168.1.0/24"
        weight = 17
    }

    resource "panos_panorama_templat" "t" {
        name = "myTemplate"
    }

    resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
        template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
        virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.vr.name}"
        router_id = "1.2.3.4"
        as_number = 443
    }

    resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "vr" {
        template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
        name = "my vr"
    }

```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to put the rule into.
- `name` - (Required) The rule name.
- `prefix` - (Required) Aggregating address prefix.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable this rule (default: `true`)
- `as_set` - (Optional, bool) Generate AS-set attribute.
- `summary` - (Optional, bool) Summarize route.
- `local_preference` - (Optional) New local preference value.
- `med` - (Optional) New MED value.
- `weight` - (Optional, int) New weight value.
- `next_hop` - (Optional) Next hop address.
- `origin` - (Optional) New route origin. Valid values are `incomplete` (default), `igp`, or `egp`.
- `as_path_limit` - (Optional, int) Add AS path limit attribute if it does not exist.



- `as_path_type` - (Optional) AS path update options. Valid values are `none` (default) or `prepend`.
- `as_path_value` - (Optional) For `as_path_type` of `prepend`, the value to prepend.
- `community_type` - (Optional) Community update options. Valid values are `none` (default), `remove-all`, `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`.
- `community_value` - (Optional) If `community_type` is `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`, the value associated with that setting. For the `append` and `overwrite` types specifically, valid values are `no-export`, `no-advertise`, `local-as`, or `nopeer`.
- `extended_community_type` - (Optional) Extended community update options. Valid values are `none` (default), `remove-all`, `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`.
- `extended_community_value` - (Optional) If `extended_community_type` is `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`, the value associated with that setting.

## » `panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate_advertise_filter`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a Panorama route advertise filter for a BGP address aggregation rule.

### » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<bgp_aggregate>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate_advertise_filter" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate.ag.virtual_router}"
  bgp_aggregate = "${panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate.ag.name}"
  name = "my advertise filter"
  as_path_regex = "*42*"
  med = "443"
  address_prefix {
    prefix = "10.1.1.0/24"
    exact = true
  }
  address_prefix {
    prefix = "10.1.2.0/24"
  }
}
```

```

}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
  name = "my template"
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate" "ag" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "addyAgg1"
  prefix = "192.168.1.0/24"
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  name = "my virtual router"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add this filter to.
- `bgp_aggregate` - (Required) The BGP address aggregation rule.
- `name` - (Required) The name.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: `true`).
- `as_path_regex` - (Optional) AS path to match.
- `community_regex` - (Optional) Community to match.
- `extended_community_regex` - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- `med` - (Optional) Match MED.
- `route_table` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are `unicast`, `multicast`, or `both`.
- `address_prefix` - (Optional, repeatable) Matching address prefix definition (see below).

- `next_hops` - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- `from_peers` - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.

Each `address_prefix` section offers the following params:

- `prefix` - (Required) Address prefix.
- `exact` - (Optional, bool) Match exact prefix length.

## » `panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate_suppress_filter`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a Panorama route suppression filter for a BGP address aggregation rule.

### » Import Name

`<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<bgp_aggregate>:<name>`

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate_suppress_filter" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate.ag.virtual_router}"
  bgp_aggregate = "${panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate.ag.name}"
  name = "my suppression filter"
  as_path_regex = "*42*"
  med = "443"
  address_prefix {
    prefix = "10.1.1.0/24"
    exact = true
  }
  address_prefix {
    prefix = "10.1.2.0/24"
  }
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
  name = "my template"
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp_aggregate" "ag" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "addyAgg1"
```

```

    prefix = "192.168.1.0/24"
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
    template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
    virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
    router_id = "5.5.5.5"
    as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "rtr" {
    template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
    name = "my virtual router"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add this filter to.
- `bgp_aggregate` - (Required) The BGP address aggregation rule.
- `name` - (Required) The name.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: `true`).
- `as_path_regex` - (Optional) AS path to match.
- `community_regex` - (Optional) Community to match.
- `extended_community_regex` - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- `med` - (Optional) Match MED.
- `route_table` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are `unicast`, `multicast`, or `both`.
- `address_prefix` - (Optional, repeatable) Matching address prefix definition (see below).
- `next_hops` - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- `from_peers` - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.

Each `address_prefix` section offers the following params:

- `prefix` - (Required) Address prefix.
- `exact` - (Optional, bool) Match exact prefix length.

## » panos\_panorama\_bgp\_auth\_profile

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a Panorama BGP auth profile.

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_bgp_auth_profile" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "prof1"
  secret = "secret"
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  name = "my virtual router"
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
  name = "my template"
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP auth profile to.
- **name** - (Required) The name.
- **secret** - (Optional) Shared secret for the TCP MD5 authentication.

## » panos\_bgp\_conditional\_adv

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a Panorama BGP conditional advertisement.

**Note:** In the PAN-OS GUI, this resource cannot be created without also creating at least one non-exist filter and one advertise filter. The API behaves a little differently: you can create the conditional advertisement itself, but the API will start throwing errors if you try to update it and there is not at least one non-exist filter and one advertise filter. In order for a conditional advertisement to be valid, you must specify at least one non-exist and one advertise filter.

## » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<name>
```

## » Example Usage

```
data "panos_system_info" "x" {}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "example"
  enable = false
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
  name = "myTemplate"
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv_non_exist_filter" "nef" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv.example.name}"
  route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
  name = "nef"
  address_prefixes = ["192.168.1.0/24"]
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv_advertise_filter" "af" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv.example.name}"
  route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
  name = "af"
  address_prefixes = ["192.168.2.0/24"]
}
```

```

resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  name = "my virtual router"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP conditional advertisement to.
- `name` - (Required) The name.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: `true`).
- `used_by` - (Optional) List of BGP peer groups that use this rule.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_bgp\_\_conditional\_\_adv\_\_advertise\_\_filter

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a Panorama advertise filter for a BGP conditional advertisement.

**Note:** A BGP conditional advertisement is valid only if there is at least one non-exist filter and one advertise filter attached. This filter must be paired with the other in order for the configuration to be valid.

## » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<bgp_conditional_adv>:<name>
```

## » Example Usage

```
data "panos_system_info" "x" {}
```

```

resource "panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv_advertise_filter" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv.ca.name}"
  name = "af"
  route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
  address_prefixes = ["192.168.1.0/24"]
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
  name = "myTemplate"
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv" "ca" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "example"
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv_non_exist_filter" "af" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv.ca.name}"
  name = "nef"
  route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
  address_prefixes = ["192.168.2.0/24"]
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  name = "my virtual router"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:



- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add this filter to.
- `bgp_conditional_adv` - (Required) The BGP conditional advertisement to add this filter to.
- `name` - (Required) The name.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: `true`).
- `as_path_regex` - (Optional) AS path to match.
- `community_regex` - (Optional) Community to match.
- `extended_community_regex` - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- `med` - (Optional) Match MED.
- `route_table` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are `unicast`, `multicast`, or `both`. As of PAN-OS 8.1, there doesn't seem to be a way to configure this in the GUI, it is always set to `unicast`. Thus, if you're running this resource against PAN-OS 8.0+, the appropriate thing to do is set this value to `unicast` as well to match the GUI functionality.
- `address_prefixes` - (Optional) List of matching address prefixes.
- `next_hops` - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- `from_peers` - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.

## » `panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv_non_exist_filter`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a Panorama non-exist filter for a BGP conditional advertisement.

**Note:** A BGP conditional advertisement is valid only if there is at least one non-exist filter and one advertise filter attached. This filter must be paired with the other in order for the configuration to be valid.

### » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<bgp_conditional_adv>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```
data "panos_system_info" "x" {}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv_non_exist_filter" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
}
```

```

        bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv.ca.name}"
        name = "nef"
        route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
        address_prefixes = ["192.168.1.0/24"]
    }

    resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
        name = "myTemplate"
    }

    resource "panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv" "ca" {
        template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
        virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
        name = "example"
    }

    resource "panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv_advertise_filter" "af" {
        template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
        virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
        bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_panorama_bgp_conditional_adv.ca.name}"
        name = "af"
        route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
        address_prefixes = ["192.168.2.0/24"]
    }

    resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
        template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
        virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
        router_id = "5.5.5.5"
        as_number = "42"
    }

    resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "rtr" {
        template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
        name = "my virtual router"
    }

```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add this filter to.
- `bgp_conditional_adv` - (Required) The BGP conditional advertisement to add this filter to.
- `name` - (Required) The name.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: `true`).
- `as_path_regex` - (Optional) AS path to match.
- `community_regex` - (Optional) Community to match.
- `extended_community_regex` - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- `med` - (Optional) Match MED.
- `route_table` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are `unicast`, `multicast`, or `both`. As of PAN-OS 8.1, there doesn't seem to be a way to configure this in the GUI, it is always set to `unicast`. Thus, if you're running this resource against PAN-OS 8.0+, the appropriate thing to do is set this value to `unicast` as well to match the GUI functionality.
- `address_prefixes` - (Optional) List of matching address prefixes.
- `next_hops` - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- `from_peers` - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.

## » `panos_panorama_bgp_dampening_profile`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a Panorama BGP dampening profile.

### » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_bgp_dampening_profile" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "myDampeningProfile"
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}
```

```

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "rtr" {
    template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
    name = "my virtual router"
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
    name = "myTemplate"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP dampening profile to.
- `name` - (Required) The name.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: `true`).
- `cutoff` - (Optional, float) Cutoff threshold value (default: `1.25`).
- `reuse` - (Optional, float) Reuse threshold value (default: `0.5`).
- `max_hold_time` - (Optional, int) Maximum hold-down time, in seconds (default: `900`).
- `decay_half_life_reachable` - (Optional, int) Decay half-life while reachable, in seconds (default: `300`).
- `decay_half_life_unreachable` - (Optional, int) Decay half-life while unreachable, in seconds (default: `900`).

## » `panos__panorama__bgp__export__rule__group`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama BGP export rule groups.

This resource manages clusters of export rules in a virtual router, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a `rule` config block.

Although you cannot modify non-group export rules with this resource, the `position_keyword` and `position_reference` parameters allow you to reference some other export rule that already exists, using it as a means to ensure some rough placement within the ruleset as a whole.

## » Best Practices

As is to be expected, if you are separating your deployment across multiple plan files, make sure that at most only one plan specifies any given absolute positioning keyword such as "top" or "directly below", otherwise they'll keep shoving each other out of the way indefinitely.

Best practices are to specify one group as **top** (if you need it), one group as **bottom**, then all other groups should be **above** the first rule of the bottom group. You do it this way because rules will naturally be added at the tail end of the ruleset, so they will always be **after** the first group, but what you want is for them to be **before** the last group's rules.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_bgp_export_rule_group" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  rule {
    name = "first"
    match_as_path_regex = "*foo*"
    match_address_prefix {
      prefix = "192.168.1.0/24"
    }
    match_address_prefix {
      prefix = "192.168.2.0/24"
      exact = true
    }
    match_route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
    local_preference = "42"
    med = "43"
    weight = 44
    origin = "incomplete"
  }
  rule {
    name = "second"
    match_as_path_regex = "*bar*"
    action = "deny"
    match_route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
  }
}

data "panos_system_info" "x" {}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
```

```

        template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
        virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.vr.name}"
        router_id = "1.2.3.4"
        as_number = 443
    }

    resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "vr" {
        template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
        name = "my vr"
    }

    resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
        name = "myTemplate"
    }

```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- **template** - The template name.
- **template\_stack** - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to put the rule into.
- **position\_keyword** - (Optional) A positioning keyword for this group. This can be **before**, **directly before**, **after**, **directly after**, **top**, **bottom**, or **left empty** (the default) to have no particular placement. This param works in combination with the **position\_reference** param.
- **position\_reference** - (Optional) Required if **position\_keyword** is one of the "above" or "below" variants, this is the name of a non-group rule to use as a reference to place this group.
- **rule** - The export rule definition (see below). The export rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each **rule** section:

- **name** - (Required) The security rule name.
- **enable** - (Optional, bool) Enable this export rule (default: **true**)
- **used\_by** - (Optional) List of auth profiles.
- **match\_as\_path\_regex** - (Optional) AS path to match.
- **match\_community\_regex** - (Optional) Community to match.
- **match\_extended\_community\_regex** - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- **match\_med** - (Optional) Match MED.
- **match\_route\_table** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are **unicast**, **multicast**, or **both**. As of PAN-OS 8.1,

there doesn't seem to be a way to configure this in the GUI, it is always set to **unicast**. Thus, if you're running this resource against PAN-OS 8.0+, the appropriate thing to do is set this value to **unicast** as well to match the GUI functionality.

- **match\_address\_prefix** - (Optional, repeatable) Matching address prefix definition (see below). below for the params for this section.
- **match\_next\_hops** - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- **match\_from\_peers** - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.
- **action** - (Optional) Rule action. Valid values are **allow** (default) or **deny**.
- **dampening** - (Optional) Route flap dampening profile.
- **local\_preference** - (Optional) New local preference value.
- **med** - (Optional) New MED value.
- **weight** - (Optional, int) New weight value.
- **next\_hop** - (Optional) Next hop address.
- **origin** - (Optional) New route origin. Valid values are **igp**, **egp**, or **incomplete**.
- **as\_path\_limit** - (Optional, int) Add AS path limit attribute if it does not exist.
- **as\_path\_type** - (Optional) AS path update options. Valid values are **none**, **remove**, **prepend** or **remove-and-prepend**.
- **as\_path\_value** - (Optional) If **as\_path\_type** is **prepend** or **remove-and-prepend**, the value to prepend.
- **community\_type** - (Optional) Community update options. Valid values are **none**, **remove-all**, **remove-regex**, **append**, or **overwrite**.
- **community\_value** - (Optional) If **community\_type** is **remove-regex**, **append**, or **overwrite**, the value associated with that setting. For the **append** and **overwrite** types specifically, valid values for **community\_value** are **no-export**, **no-advertise**, **local-as**, or **nopeer**.
- **extended\_community\_type** - (Optional) Extended community update options. Valid values are **none**, **remove-all**, **remove-regex**, **append**, or **overwrite**.
- **extended\_community\_value** - (Optional) If **extended\_community\_type** is **remove-regex**, **append**, or **overwrite**, the value associated with that setting.

Each **match\_address\_prefix** section offers the following params:

- **prefix** - (Required) Address prefix.
- **exact** - (Optional, bool) Match exact prefix length.

## » panos\_panorama\_bgp\_import\_rule\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama BGP import rule groups.

This resource manages clusters of import rules in a virtual router, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a `rule` config block.

Although you cannot modify non-group import rules with this resource, the `position_keyword` and `position_reference` parameters allow you to reference some other import rule that already exists, using it as a means to ensure some rough placement within the ruleset as a whole.

## » Best Practices

As is to be expected, if you are separating your deployment across multiple plan files, make sure that at most only one plan specifies any given absolute positioning keyword such as "top" or "directly below", otherwise they'll keep shoving each other out of the way indefinitely.

Best practices are to specify one group as `top` (if you need it), one group as `bottom`, then all other groups should be `above` the first rule of the bottom group. You do it this way because rules will naturally be added at the tail end of the ruleset, so they will always be `after` the first group, but what you want is for them to be `before` the last group's rules.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_bgp_import_rule_group" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  rule {
    name = "first"
    match_as_path_regex = "*foo*"
    match_address_prefix {
      prefix = "192.168.1.0/24"
    }
    match_address_prefix {
      prefix = "192.168.2.0/24"
      exact = true
    }
    match_route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}
    local_preference = "42"
    med = "43"
    weight = 44
    origin = "incomplete"
  }
  rule {
    name = "second"
```



```

        match_as_path_regex = "*bar*"
        action = "deny"
        match_route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}
    }
}

data "panos_system_info" "x" {}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
    template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
    virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.vr.name}"
    router_id = "1.2.3.4"
    as_number = 443
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "vr" {
    template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
    name = "my vr"
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
    name = "myTemplate"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- **template** - The template name.
- **template\_stack** - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to put the rule into.
- **position\_keyword** - (Optional) A positioning keyword for this group. This can be **before**, **directly before**, **after**, **directly after**, **top**, **bottom**, or **left empty** (the default) to have no particular placement. This param works in combination with the **position\_reference** param.
- **position\_reference** - (Optional) Required if **position\_keyword** is one of the "above" or "below" variants, this is the name of a non-group rule to use as a reference to place this group.
- **rule** - The import rule definition (see below). The import rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each **rule** section:

- **name** - (Required) The security rule name.

- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable this import rule (default: `true`)
- `used_by` - (Optional) List of auth profiles.
- `match_as_path_regex` - (Optional) AS path to match.
- `match_community_regex` - (Optional) Community to match.
- `match_extended_community_regex` - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- `match_med` - (Optional) Match MED.
- `match_route_table` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are `unicast`, `multicast`, or `both`. As of PAN-OS 8.1, there doesn't seem to be a way to configure this in the GUI, it is always set to `unicast`. Thus, if you're running this resource against PAN-OS 8.0+, the appropriate thing to do is set this value to `unicast` as well to match the GUI functionality.
- `match_address_prefix` - (Optional, repeatable) Matching address prefix definition (see below). below for the params for this section.
- `match_next_hops` - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- `match_from_peers` - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.
- `action` - (Optional) Rule action. Valid values are `allow` (default) or `deny`.
- `dampening` - (Optional) Route flap dampening profile.
- `local_preference` - (Optional) New local preference value.
- `med` - (Optional) New MED value.
- `weight` - (Optional, int) New weight value.
- `next_hop` - (Optional) Next hop address.
- `origin` - (Optional) New route origin. Valid values are `igp`, `egp`, or `incomplete`.
- `as_path_limit` - (Optional, int) Add AS path limit attribute if it does not exist.
- `as_path_type` - (Optional) AS path update options. Valid values are `none` or `remove`.
- `community_type` - (Optional) Community update options. Valid values are `none`, `remove-all`, `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`.
- `community_value` - (Optional) If `community_type` is `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`, the value associated with that setting. For the `append` and `overwrite` types specifically, valid values for `community_value` are `no-export`, `no-advertise`, `local-as`, or `nopeer`.
- `extended_community_type` - (Optional) Extended community update options. Valid values are `none`, `remove-all`, `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`.
- `extended_community_value` - (Optional) If `extended_community_type` is `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`, the value associated with that setting.

Each `match_address_prefix` section offers the following params:

- `prefix` - (Required) Address prefix.
- `exact` - (Optional, bool) Match exact prefix length.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_bgp\_\_peer

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a Panorama BGP peer.

### » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<bgp_peer_group>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```
data "panos_system_info" "x" {}

// Peer definition that will work starting from PAN-OS 6.1.
resource "panos_panorama_bgp_peer" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  bgp_peer_group = "${panos_panorama_bgp_peer_group.pg.name}"
  name = "peer1"
  peer_as = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.as_number}"
  local_address_interface = "${panos_panorama_ethernet_interface.e.name}"
  local_address_ip = "${panos_panorama_ethernet_interface.e.static_ips.0}"
  peer_address_ip = "5.6.7.8"
  max_prefixes = "unlimited"
  bfd_profile = "${
    data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 7 ?
    data.panos_system_info.x.version_minor >= 1 ? "None" : ""
    : ""
  }"
  address_family_type = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "ipv4" : ""}"
  reflector_client = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "non-client" : ""}"
  min_route_advertisement_interval = "${
    data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ?
    data.panos_system_info.x.version_minor >= 1 ? 30 : 0
    : 0
  }"
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp_peer_group" "pg" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "myName"
  type = "ibgp"
}
```

```

resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  name = "my virtual router"
  interfaces = ["${panos_panorama_ethernet_interface.e.name}"]
}

resource "panos_panorama_ethernet_interface" "e" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  name = "ethernet1/5"
  mode = "layer3"
  static_ips = ["192.168.1.1/24"]
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
  name = "myTemplate"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP peer to.
- `bgp_peer_group` - (Required) The BGP peer group to put this peer into.
- `name` - (Required) The name.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: `true`).
- `peer_as` - (Optional) Peer AS number.
- `local_address_interface` - (Required) Interface to accept BGP session.
- `local_address_ip` - (Optional) Specify exact IP address if interface has multiple addresses.
- `peer_address_ip` - (Required) Peer IP address configuration.
- `reflector_client` - (Optional) This peer is reflector client. Valid values are `non-client`, `client`, or `meshed-client`.

- **peering\_type** - (Optional) Peering type that affects NOPEER community value handling. Valid values are **unspecified** (default) or **bilateral**.
- **max\_prefixes** - (Optional) Maximum of prefixes to receive from the peer. This can be a number such as "5000" (default) or **unlimited**.
- **auth\_profile** - (Optional) Auth profile.
- **keep\_alive\_interval** - (Optional, int) Keep alive interval, in seconds (default: 30).
- **multi\_hop** - (Optional, int) IP TTL value used for sending BGP packet.
- **open\_delay\_time** - (Optional, int) Open delay time, in seconds.
- **hold\_time** - (Optional, int) Hold time, in seconds.
- **idle\_hold\_time** - (Optional, int) Idle hold time, in seconds.
- **allow\_incoming\_connections** - (Optional, bool) Allow incoming connections (default: true).
- **incoming\_connections\_remote\_port** - (Optional, int) Restrict remote port for incoming BGP connections.
- **allow\_outgoing\_connections** - (Optional, bool) Allow outgoing connections (default: true).
- **outgoing\_connections\_local\_port** - (Optional, int) Use specific local port for outgoing BGP connections.
- **bfd\_profile** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.1+) BFD profile. This can be a specific BFD profile name, **None** (disables BFD), or **Inherit-vr-global-setting**.
- **enable\_mp\_bgp** - (Optional, bool, PAN-OS 8.0+) Enable MP BGP.
- **address\_family\_type** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Set the AFI for this peer. Valid values are **ipv4** or **ipv6**.
- **subsequent\_address\_family\_unicast** - (Optional, bool, PAN-OS 8.0+) Enable unicast subsequent address family for this peer.
- **subsequent\_address\_family\_multicast** - (Optional, bool, PAN-OS 8.0+) Enable multicast subsequent address family for this peer.
- **enable\_sender\_side\_loop\_detection** - (Optional, bool, PAN-OS 8.0+) Enable sender side loop detection.
- **min\_route\_advertisement\_interval** - (Optional, int, PAN-OS 8.1+) Minimum route advertisement interval, in seconds.

## » panos\_panorama\_bgp\_peer\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a Panorama BGP peer group.

### » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<name>
```

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_bgp_peer_group" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "myName"
}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  name = "my virtual router"
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
  name = "myTemplate"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- **template** - The template name.
- **template\_stack** - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP peer group to.
- **name** - (Required) The name.
- **enable** - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: **true**).
- **aggregated\_confed\_as\_path** - (Optional, bool) The peers understand aggregated confederation AS path (default: **true**).
- **soft\_reset\_with\_stored\_info** - (Optional, bool) Soft reset with stored info.
- **type** - (Optional) Peer group type. Valid options are **ebgp** (default), **ebgp-confed**, **ibgp**, or **ibgp-confed**.
- **export\_next\_hop** - (Optional) Export next hop. Valid values are **original**, **use-self**, or **resolve**.

- `import_next_hop` - (Optional) Import next hop. Valid values are `original`, `use-peer`, or the empty string.
- `remove_private_as` - (Optional, bool) Remove private AS when exporting route. Only available for `type=ebgp`.

## » `panos_panorama_bgp_redist_rule`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a Panorama BGP redistribution rule.

### » Import Name

`<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<name>`

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_bgp_redist_rule" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
  name = "192.168.1.0/24"
  set_med = "42"
}

data "panos_system_info" "x" {}

resource "panos_panorama_bgp" "conf" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  name = "my virtual router"
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
  name = "myTemplate"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- **template** - The template name.
- **template\_stack** - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP redistrib rule to.
- **name** - (Required) A subnet or a redistribution profile.
- **enable** - (Optional, bool) Enable this rule or not (default: **true**).
- **address\_family** - (Optional) The address family. Valid values are **ipv4** (default) or **ipv6**.
- **route\_table** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are **unicast**, **multicast**, or **both**. As of PAN-OS 8.1, there doesn't seem to be a way to configure this in the GUI, it is always set to **unicast**. Thus, if you're running this resource against PAN-OS 8.0+, the appropriate thing to do is set this value to **unicast** as well to match the GUI functionality.
- **metric** - (Optional, int) Metric value.
- **set\_origin** - (Optional) Add the origin path attribute. Valid values are **incomplete** (default), **igp**, or **egp**.
- **set\_med** - (Optional) Add the MULTI\_EXIT\_DISC path attribute.
- **set\_local\_preference** - (Optional) Add the LOCAL\_PREF path attribute.
- **set\_as\_path\_limit** - (Optional, int) Add the AS\_PATHLIMIT path attribute.
- **set\_communities** - (Optional) List of COMMUNITY path attributes to add.
- **set\_extended\_communities** - (Optional) List of EXTENDED COMMUNITY path attributes to add.

## » panos\_panorama\_device\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama device groups.

This resource has some overlap with the **panos\_panorama\_device\_group\_entry** resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your **panos\_panorama\_device\_group** spec does not define any **device** blocks, and just stays as "computed".

This is the appropriate resource to use if **terraform destroy** should delete the device group.



## » Import Name

<name>

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_device_group" "example" {
  name = "my device group"
  description = "description here"
  device {
    serial = "00112233"
  }
  device {
    serial = "44556677"
    vsys_list = ["vsys1", "vsys2"]
  }
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The device group's name.
- **description** - (Optional) The device group's description.
- **device** - The device definition (see below).

The following arguments are valid for each **device** section:

- **serial** - (Required) The serial number of the firewall.
- **vsys\_list** - (Optional) A subset of all available vsys on the firewall that should be in this device group. If the firewall is a virtual firewall, then this parameter should just be omitted.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_device\_\_group\_\_entry

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a specific device in a Panorama device group.

This resource has some overlap with the `panos_panorama_device_group` resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your `panos_panorama_device_group` spec does not define any `device` blocks, and just stays as "computed".

This is the appropriate resource to use if you have a pre-existing device group in Panorama and don't want Terraform to delete it on `terraform destroy`.

An interesting side effect of the underlying XML API - if the device group does not already exist, then this resource can actually create it. However, since only the single entry for the specific serial number is deleted, then a **terraform destroy** would not remove the device group itself in this situation.

## » Import Name

```
<device_group>:<serial>
```

## » Example Usage

```
# Example for a virtual firewall.
resource "panos_panorama_device_group_entry" "example1" {
    device_group = "my device group"
    serial = "00112233"
}

# Example for a physical firewall with multi-vsyst enabled.
resource "panos_panorama_device_group_entry" "example2" {
    device_group = "my device group"
    serial = "44556677"
    vsys_list = ["vsys1", "vsys2"]
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **device\_group** - (Required) The device group's name.
- **serial** - (Required) The serial number of the firewall.
- **vsys\_list** - (Optional) A subset of all available vsys on the firewall that should be in this device group. If the firewall is a virtual firewall, then this parameter should just be omitted.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_edl

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama external dynamic lists (EDL).

## » Setting repeat\_at

The acceptable PAN-OS values for the **repeat\_at** field is a combination of the version of PAN-OS that you're running against and the setting of the **repeat** parameter.

The following shorthand is used:

- N/A - **repeat\_at** should not be set
- **minute** - A two character minute string (e.g. - 07 or 59)
- **24hr hour** - A two character hour string in 24hr notation (e.g. - 09 or 15)
- **24hr time** - A five character hour/minute string in 24hr notation (e.g. - 09:00 or 23:59)

Here are the valid settings for **repeat\_at** given your desired **repeat** value and the version of PAN-OS you're running against:

- PAN-OS 6.1 - 7.0
  - **hourly** - minute
  - **daily**, **weekly**, **monthly** - 24hr time
- PAN-OS 7.1+
  - **every five minutes**, **hourly** - N/A
  - **daily**, **weekly**, **monthly** - 24hr hour

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_edl" "example" {  
  name = "example"  
  type = "ip"  
  description = "my edl"  
  source = "https://example.com"  
  repeat = "every five minutes"  
  exceptions = ["10.1.1.1", "10.1.1.2"]  
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The object's name
- **device\_group** - (Optional) The device group (default: **shared**)
- **type** - (Optional) The type of EDL. This can be **ip** (the default; and the only valid value for PAN-OS 6.1 - 7.0), **domain**, **url**, or **predefined** (PAN-OS 8.0+)
- **description** - (Optional) The object's description.

- **source** - (Optional) The EDL source URL
- **certificate\_profile** - (Optional) Profile for authenticating client certificates
- **username** - (Optional) EDL username
- **password** - (Optional) EDL password
- **repeat** - (Optional) How often to retrieve the EDL. This can be **hourly** (the default), **daily**, **weekly**, **monthly**, or **every five minutes** (valid for PAN-OS 7.1+)
- **repeat\_at** - (Optional) The time at which to retrieve the EDL. Please refer to the section above for how to set this value properly.
- **repeat\_day\_of\_week** - (Optional) If **repeat** is **weekly**, then this should be set to the desired day of the week. Valid values are **sunday**, **monday**, **tuesday**, **wednesday**, **thursday**, **friday**, **saturday**, and **sunday**
- **repeat\_day\_of\_month** - (Optional, int) If **repeat** is **monthly**, then this should be set to the desired day of the month.
- **exceptions** - (Optional, list) Provide a list of exception entries.

## » panos\_panorama\_ethernet\_interface

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama ethernet interfaces for templates.

### » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<vsys>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```
# Configure a bare-bones ethernet interface.
resource "panos_panorama_ethernet_interface" "example1" {
  name = "ethernet1/3"
  template = "foo"
  vsys = "vsys1"
  mode = "layer3"
  static_ips = ["10.1.1.1/24"]
  comment = "Configured for internal traffic"
}

# Configure a DHCP ethernet interface for vsys1 to use.
resource "panos_panorama_ethernet_interface" "example2" {
  name = "ethernet1/4"
  template = "bar"
```

```

mode = "layer3"
enable_dhcp = true
create_dhcp_default_route = true
dhcp_default_route_metric = 10
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The ethernet interface's name. This should be something like `ethernet1/X`.
- **template** - (Required) The template name.
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys that will use this interface (default: `vsys1`). This should be something like `vsys1` or `vsys3`.
- **mode** - (Required) The interface mode. This can be any of the following values: `layer3`, `layer2`, `virtual-wire`, `tap`, `ha`, `decrypt-mirror`, or `aggregate-group`.
- **static\_ips** - (Optional) List of static IPv4 addresses to set for this data interface.
- **enable\_dhcp** - (Optional) Set to `true` to enable DHCP on this interface.
- **create\_dhcp\_default\_route** - (Optional) Set to `true` to create a DHCP default route.
- **dhcp\_default\_route\_metric** - (Optional) The metric for the DHCP default route.
- **ipv6\_enabled** - (Optional) Set to `true` to enable IPv6.
- **management\_profile** - (Optional) The management profile.
- **mtu** - (Optional) The MTU.
- **adjust\_tcp\_mss** - (Optional) Adjust TCP MSS (default: `false`).
- **netflow\_profile** - (Optional) The netflow profile.
- **lldp\_enabled** - (Optional) Enable LLDP (default: `false`).
- **lldp\_profile** - (Optional) LLDP profile.
- **link\_speed** - (Optional) Link speed. This can be any of the following: `10`, `100`, `1000`, or `auto`.
- **link\_duplex** - (Optional) Link duplex setting. This can be `full`, `half`, or `auto`.
- **link\_state** - (Optional) The link state. This can be `up`, `down`, or `auto`.
- **aggregate\_group** - (Optional) The aggregate group (applicable for physical firewalls only).
- **comment** - (Optional) The interface comment.
- **ipv4\_mss\_adjust** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv4 MSS adjust value.
- **ipv6\_mss\_adjust** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv6 MSS adjust value.

## » panos\_panorama\_ike\_crypto\_profile

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama IKE crypto profiles to a template or template stack.

### » Import Name

<template>:<template\_stack>:<name>

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_ike_crypto_profile" "example" {
  name = "example"
  template = "my template"
  dh_groups = ["group1", "group2"]
  authentications = ["md5", "sha1"]
  encryptions = ["des"]
  lifetime_value = 8
  authentication_multiple = 3
}
```

### » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The object's name
- `dh_groups` - (Required, list) List of DH Group entries. Values should have a prefix if `group`.
- `authentications` - (Required, list) List of authentication types. This c
- `encryptions` - (Required, list) List of encryption types. Valid values are `des`, `3des`, `aes-128-cbc`, `aes-192-cbc`, and `aes-256-cbc`.
- `lifetime_type` - (Optional) The lifetime type. Valid values are `seconds`, `minutes`, `hours` (the default), and `days`.
- `lifetime_value` - (Optional, int) The lifetime value.
- `authentication_multiple` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, int) IKEv2 SA reauthentication interval equals authentication-multiple \* rekey-lifetime; 0 means reauthentication is disabled.

## » panos\_panorama\_ike\_gateway

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama IKE gateways for both templates and template stacks.

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_ike_gateway" "example" {
  name = "example"
  template = "my template"
  peer_ip_type = "dynamic"
  interface = "loopback.42"
  pre_shared_key = "secret"
  local_id_type = "ipaddr"
  local_id_value = "10.1.1.1"
  peer_id_type = "ipaddr"
  peer_id_value = "10.5.1.1"
  ikev1_crypto_profile = "myIkeProfile"
}
```

### » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- **template** - The template name.
- **template\_stack** - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The object's name
- **version** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+) The IKE gateway version. Valid values are **ikev1**, (the default), **ikev2**, or **ikev2-preferred**. For PAN-OS 6.1, only **ikev1** is acceptable.
- **enable\_ipv6** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Enable IPv6 or not.
- **disabled** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to **true** to disable.
- **peer\_ip\_type** - (Optional) The peer IP type. Valid values are **ip**, **dynamic**, and **fqdn** (PANOS 8.1+).
- **peer\_ip\_value** - (Optional) The peer IP value.
- **interface** - (Required) The interface.
- **local\_ip\_address\_type** - (Optional) The local IP address type. Valid values for this are **ip**, or an empty string (the default) which is **None**.
- **local\_ip\_address\_value** - (Optional) The IP address if **local\_ip\_address\_type** is set to **ip**.
- **auth\_type** - (Optional) The auth type. Valid values are **pre-shared-key** (the default), or **certificate**.

- `pre_shared_key` - (Optional) The pre-shared key value.
- `local_id_type` - (Optional) The local ID type. Valid values are `ipaddr`, `fqdn`, `ufqdn`, `keyid`, or `dn`.
- `local_id_value` - (Optional) The local ID value.
- `peer_id_type` - (Optional) The peer ID type. Valid values are `ipaddr`, `fqdn`, `ufqdn`, `keyid`, or `dn`.
- `peer_id_value` - (Optional) The peer ID value.
- `peer_id_check` - (Optional) Enable peer ID wildcard match for certificate authentication. Valid values are `exact` or `wildcard`.
- `local_cert` - (Optional) The local certificate name.
- `cert_enable_hash_and_url` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to `true` to use hash-and-url for local certificate.
- `cert_base_url` - (Optional) The host and directory part of URL for local certificates.
- `cert_use_management_as_source` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to `true` to use management interface IP as source to retrieve http certificates
- `cert_permit_payload_mismatch` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to permit peer identification and certificate payload identification mismatch.
- `cert_profile` - (Optional) Profile for certificate validation during IKE negotiation.
- `cert_enable_strict_validation` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable strict validation of peer's extended key use.
- `enable_passive_mode` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable passive mode (responder only).
- `enable_nat_traversal` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable NAT traversal.
- `nat_traversal_keep_alive` - (Optional, int) Sending interval for NAT keep-alive packets (in seconds)
- `nat_traversal_enable_udp_checksum` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable NAT traversal UDP checksum.
- `enable_fragmentation` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable fragmentation.
- `ikev1_exchange_mode` - (Optional) The IKEv1 exchange mode.
- `ikev1_crypto_profile` - (Optional) IKEv1 crypto profile.
- `enable_dead_peer_detection` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable dead peer detection.
- `dead_peer_detection_interval` - (Optional, int) The dead peer detection interval.
- `dead_peer_detection_retry` - (Optional, int) Number of retries before disconnection.
- `ikev2_crypto_profile` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+) IKEv2 crypto profile.
- `ikev2_cookie_validation` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+) Set to `true` to require cookie.
- `enable_liveness_check` - (Optional, , PAN-OS 7.0+bool) Set to `true` to enable sending empty information liveness check message.



- `liveness_check_interval` - (Optional, , PAN-OS 7.0+int) Delay interval before sending probing packets (in seconds).

## » `panos_panorama_ipsec_crypto_profile`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama IPSec crypto profiles for both templates and template stacks.

### » Import Name

`<template>:<template_stack>:<name>`

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_ipsec_crypto_profile" "example" {
  name = "example"
  template = "my template"
  authentications = ["md5", "sha384"]
  encryptions = ["des", "aes-128-cbc"]
  dh_group = "group14"
  lifetime_type = "hours"
  lifetime_value = 4
  lifesize_type = "mb"
  lifesize_value = 1
}
```

### » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The object's name
- `protocol` - (Optional) The protocol. Valid values are `esp` (the default) or `ah`
- `authentications` - (Required, list) - List of authentication types.
- `encryptions` - (Required, list) - List of encryption types. Valid values are `des`, `3des`, `aes-128-cbc`, `aes-192-cbc`, `aes-256-cbc`, `aes-128-gcm`, `aes-256-gcm`, and `null`. Note that the "gcm" values are only available in PAN-OS 7.0+.

- **dh\_group** - (Optional) The DH group value. Valid values should start with the string **group**.
- **lifetime\_type** - (Optional) The lifetime type. Valid values are **seconds**, **minutes**, **hours** (the default), or **days**.
- **lifetime\_value** - (Optional, int) The lifetime value.
- **lifesize\_type** - (Optional) The lifesize type. Valid values are **kb**, **mb**, **gb**, or **tb**.
- **lifesize\_value** - (Optional, int) the lifesize value.

## » panos\_panorama\_ipsec\_tunnel

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama IPSec tunnels for templates.

A large number of params have prefixes:

- **ak** - Auto key
- **mk** - Manual key
- **gps** - GlobalProtect Satellite

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_ipsec_tunnel" "example" {
  name = "example"
  template = "my template"
  tunnel_interface = "tunnel.7"
  anti_replay = true
  ak_ike_gateway = "myIkeGateway"
  ak_ipsec_crypto_profile = "myIkeProfile"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The object's name
- **template** - (Required) The template name.
- **tunnel\_interface** - (Required) The tunnel interface.
- **anti\_replay** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to enable Anti-Replay check on this tunnel.
- **enable\_ipv6** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to **true** to enable IPv6.
- **copy\_tos** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to copy IP TOS bits from inner packet to IPSec packet (not recommended).

- `copy_flow_label` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to `true` to copy IPv6 flow label for 6in6 tunnel from inner packet to IPSec packet (not recommended).
- `disabled` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to `true` to disable this IPSec tunnel.
- `type` - (Optional) The type. Valid values are `auto-key` (the default), `manual-key`, or `global-protect-satellite`.
- `ak_ike_gateway` - (Optional) IKE gateway name.
- `ak_ipsec_crypto_profile` - (Optional) IPSec crypto profile name.
- `mk_local_spi` - (Optional) Outbound SPI, hex format.
- `mk_remote_spi` - (Optional) Inbound SPI, hex format.
- `mk_local_address_ip` - (Optional) Specify exact IP address if interface has multiple addresses.
- `mk_local_address_floating_ip` - (Optional) Floating IP address in HA Active-Active configuration.
- `mk_protocol` - (Optional) Manual key protocol. Valid values are `esp` or `ah`.
- `mk_auth_type` - (Optional) Authentication algorithm. Valid values are `md5`, `sha1`, `sha256`, `sha384`, `sha512`, or `none`.
- `mk_auth_key` - (Optional) The auth key for the given auth type.
- `mk_esp_encryption_type` - (Optional) The encryption algorithm. Valid values are `des`, `3des`, `aes-128-cbc`, `aes-192-cbc`, `aes-256-cbc`, or `null`.
- `mk_esp_encryption_key` - (Optional) The encryption key.
- `gps_interface` - (Optional) Interface to communicate with portal.
- `gps_portal_address` - (Optional) GlobalProtect portal address.
- `gps_prefer_ipv6` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+, bool) Prefer to register the portal in IPv6. Only applicable to FQDN portal-address.
- `gps_interface_ip_ipv4` - (Optional) specify exact IP address if interface has multiple addresses (IPv4).
- `gps_interface_ip_ipv6` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) specify exact IP address if interface has multiple addresses (IPv6).
- `gps_interface_floating_ip_ipv4` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+) Floating IPv4 address in HA Active-Active configuration.
- `gps_interface_floating_ip_ipv6` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Floating IPv6 address in HA Active-Active configuration.
- `gps_publish_connected_routes` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to publish connected and static routes.
- `gps_publish_routes` - (Optional, list) Specify list of routes to publish to Global Protect Gateway.
- `gps_local_certificate` - (Optional) GlobalProtect satellite certificate file name.
- `gps_certificate_profile` - (Optional) Profile for authenticating GlobalProtect gateway certificates.
- `enable_tunnel_monitor` - (Optional, bool) Enable tunnel monitoring on this tunnel.
- `tunnel_monitor_destination_ip` - (Optional) Destination IP to send

ICMP probe.

- `tunnel_monitor_source_ip` - (Optional) Source IP to send ICMP probe
- `tunnel_monitor_profile` - (Optional) Tunnel monitor profile.
- `tunnel_monitor_proxy_id` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+) Which proxy-id (or proxy-id-v6) the monitoring traffic will use.

## » `panos_panorama_ipsec_tunnel_proxy_id_ipv4`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama IPSec tunnel proxy IDs to a parent auto key IPSec tunnel for templates.

### » Import Name

`<template>:<template_stack>:<ipsec_tunnel>:<name>`

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_ipsec_tunnel_proxy_id_ipv4" "example" {
  template = "my template"
  ipsec_tunnel = "myIpsecTunnel"
  name = "example"
  local = "10.1.1.1"
  remote = "10.2.1.1"
  protocol_any = true
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `template` - (Required) The template name.
- `name` - (Required) The object's name
- `ipsec_tunnel` - (Required) The auto key IPSec tunnel to attach this proxy ID to.
- `local` - (Optional) IP subnet or IP address represents local network.
- `remote` - (Optional) IP subnet or IP address represents remote network.
- `protocol_any` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` for any IP protocol.
- `protocol_number` - (Optional, int) IP protocol number.
- `protocol_tcp_local` - (Optional, int) Local TCP port number.
- `protocol_tcp_remote` - (Optional, int) Remote TCP port number.
- `protocol_udp_local` - (Optional, int) Local UDP port number.
- `protocol_udp_remote` - (Optional, int) Remote UDP port number.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_loopback\_\_interface

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama loopback interfaces for templates.

### » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<vsys>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panos_panos_loopback_interface" "example1" {  
    name = "loopback.2"  
    template = "myStack"  
    comment = "my loopback interface"  
    static_ips = ["10.1.1.1"]  
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The interface's name. This must start with `loopback..`
- **template** - (Required) The template name.
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys that will use this interface (default: `vsys1`).
- **comment** - (Optional) The interface comment.
- **netflow\_profile** - (Optional) The netflow profile.
- **static\_ips** - (Optional) List of static IPv4 addresses to set for this data interface.
- **management\_profile** - (Optional) The management profile.
- **mtu** - (Optional) The MTU.
- **adjust\_tcp\_mss** - (Optional, bool) Adjust TCP MSS (default: `false`).
- **ipv4\_mss\_adjust** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv4 MSS adjust value.
- **ipv6\_mss\_adjust** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv6 MSS adjust value.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_management\_\_profile

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama interface management profiles for both templates and template stacks.

## » Import Name

`<template>:<template_stack>:<name>`

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_management_profile" "example" {
  name = "allow ping"
  template = "foo"
  ping = true
  permitted_ips = ["10.1.1.0/24", "192.168.80.0/24"]
}
```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The management profile's name.
- `ping` - (Optional) Allow ping.
- `telnet` - (Optional) Allow telnet.
- `ssh` - (Optional) Allow SSH.
- `http` - (Optional) Allow HTTP.
- `http_ocsp` - (Optional) Allow HTTP OCSP.
- `https` - (Optional) Allow HTTPS.
- `snmp` - (Optional) Allow SNMP.
- `response_pages` - (Optional) Allow response pages.
- `userid_service` - (Optional) Allow User ID service.
- `userid_syslog_listener_ssl` - (Optional) Allow User ID syslog listener for SSL.
- `userid_syslog_listener_udp` - (Optional) Allow User ID syslog listener for UDP.
- `permitted_ips` - (Optional) The list of permitted IP addresses or address ranges for this management profile.

## » `panos__panorama__nat__rule`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama NAT rules.

**Note:** This resource has been deprecated. Please use `panos_panorama_nat_rule_group` instead.

**Note:** `panos_panorama_nat_policy` is known as `panos_panorama_nat_rule`.

The prefix `sat` stands for "Source Address Translation" while the prefix `dat` stands for "Destination Address Translation". The order of the params in this resource and their naming matches how the params are presented in the GUI. Thus, having a GUI window open while creating your resource definition will simplify the process.

Note that while many of the params for this resource are optional in an absolute sense, depending on what type of NAT you wish to configure, certain params may become necessary to correctly configure the NAT rule.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_nat_rule" "example" {
  name = "my nat rule"
  source_zones = ["zone1"]
  destination_zone = "zone2"
  to_interface = "ethernet1/3"
  source_addresses = ["any"]
  destination_addresses = ["any"]
  sat_type = "none"
  dat_type = "static"
  dat_address = "my dat address object"
  target {
    serial = "123456"
    vsys_list = ["vsys1", "vsys2"]
  }
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The NAT rule's name.
- `device_group` - (Optional) The device group to put the NAT rule into (default: `shared`).
- `rulebase` - (Optional) The rulebase. This can be `pre-rulebase` (default), `post-rulebase`, or `rulebase`.
- `description` - (Optional) The description.
- `type` - (Optional). NAT type. This can be `ipv4` (default), `nat64`, or `nptv6`.
- `source_zones` - (Required) The list of source zone(s).

- **destination\_zone** - (Required) The destination zone.
- **to\_interface** - (Optional) Egress interface from route lookup (default: **any**).
- **service** - (Optional) Service (default: **any**).
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source address(es).
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination address(es).
- **sat\_type** - (Optional) Type of source address translation. This can be **none** (default), **dynamic-ip-and-port**, **dynamic-ip**, or **static-ip**.
- **sat\_address\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation address type. This can be **interface-address** or **translated-address**.
- **sat\_translated\_addresses** - (Optional) Source address translation list of translated addresses.
- **sat\_interface** - (Optional) Source address translation interface.
- **sat\_ip\_address** - (Optional) Source address translation IP address.
- **sat\_fallback\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback type. This can be **none**, **interface-address**, or **translated-address**.
- **sat\_fallback\_translated\_addresses** - (Optional) Source address translation list of fallback translated addresses.
- **sat\_fallback\_interface** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback interface.
- **sat\_fallback\_ip\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback IP type. This can be **ip** or **floating**.
- **sat\_fallback\_ip\_address** - (Optional) The source address translation fallback IP address.
- **sat\_static\_translated\_address** - (Optional) The statically translated source address.
- **sat\_static\_bi\_directional** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable bi-directional source address translation.
- **dat\_type** - (Optional) Destination address translation type. This should be either **static** or **dynamic**. The **dynamic** option is only available on PAN-OS 8.1+.
- **dat\_address** - (Optional) Destination address translation's address. Requires **dat\_type** be set to "static" or "dynamic".
- **dat\_port** - (Optional) Destination address translation's port number. Requires **dat\_type** be set to "static" or "dynamic".
- **dat\_dynamic\_distribution** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.1+) Distribution algorithm for destination address pool. The PAN-OS 8.1 GUI doesn't seem to set this anywhere, but this is added here for completeness' sake. Requires **dat\_type** of "dynamic".
- **disabled** - (Optional) Set to **true** to disable this rule.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.
- **target** - (Optional) A target definition (see below). If there are no target sections, then the rule will apply to every vsys of every device in the device group.
- **negate\_target** - (Optional, bool) Instead of applying the rule for the given serial numbers, apply it to everything except them.



The following arguments are valid for each **target** section:

- **serial** - (Required) The serial number of the firewall.
- **vsys\_list** - (Optional) A subset of all available vsys on the firewall that should be in this device group. If the firewall is a virtual firewall, then this parameter should just be omitted.

## » panos\_panorama\_nat\_rule

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama NAT rules.

**Note:** This resource has been deprecated. Please use **panos\_panorama\_nat\_rule\_group** instead.

**Note:** **panos\_panorama\_nat\_policy** is known as **panos\_panorama\_nat\_rule**.

The prefix **sat** stands for "Source Address Translation" while the prefix **dat** stands for "Destination Address Translation". The order of the params in this resource and their naming matches how the params are presented in the GUI. Thus, having a GUI window open while creating your resource definition will simplify the process.

Note that while many of the params for this resource are optional in an absolute sense, depending on what type of NAT you wish to configure, certain params may become necessary to correctly configure the NAT rule.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_nat_rule" "example" {
  name = "my nat rule"
  source_zones = ["zone1"]
  destination_zone = "zone2"
  to_interface = "ethernet1/3"
  source_addresses = ["any"]
  destination_addresses = ["any"]
  sat_type = "none"
  dat_type = "static"
  dat_address = "my dat address object"
  target {
    serial = "123456"
    vsys_list = ["vsys1", "vsys2"]
  }
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The NAT rule's name.
- **device\_group** - (Optional) The device group to put the NAT rule into (default: **shared**).
- **rulebase** - (Optional) The rulebase. This can be **pre-rulebase** (default), **post-rulebase**, or **rulebase**.
- **description** - (Optional) The description.
- **type** - (Optional). NAT type. This can be **ipv4** (default), **nat64**, or **nptv6**.
- **source\_zones** - (Required) The list of source zone(s).
- **destination\_zone** - (Required) The destination zone.
- **to\_interface** - (Optional) Egress interface from route lookup (default: **any**).
- **service** - (Optional) Service (default: **any**).
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source address(es).
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination address(es).
- **sat\_type** - (Optional) Type of source address translation. This can be **none** (default), **dynamic-ip-and-port**, **dynamic-ip**, or **static-ip**.
- **sat\_address\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation address type. This can be **interface-address** or **translated-address**.
- **sat\_translated\_addresses** - (Optional) Source address translation list of translated addresses.
- **sat\_interface** - (Optional) Source address translation interface.
- **sat\_ip\_address** - (Optional) Source address translation IP address.
- **sat\_fallback\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback type. This can be **none**, **interface-address**, or **translated-address**.
- **sat\_fallback\_translated\_addresses** - (Optional) Source address translation list of fallback translated addresses.
- **sat\_fallback\_interface** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback interface.
- **sat\_fallback\_ip\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback IP type. This can be **ip** or **floating**.
- **sat\_fallback\_ip\_address** - (Optional) The source address translation fallback IP address.
- **sat\_static\_translated\_address** - (Optional) The statically translated source address.
- **sat\_static\_bi\_directional** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable bi-directional source address translation.
- **dat\_type** - (Optional) Destination address translation type. This should be either **static** or **dynamic**. The **dynamic** option is only available on PAN-OS 8.1+.
- **dat\_address** - (Optional) Destination address translation's address. Requires **dat\_type** be set to "static" or "dynamic".

- **dat\_port** - (Optional) Destination address translation's port number. Requires **dat\_type** be set to "static" or "dynamic".
- **dat\_dynamic\_distribution** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.1+) Distribution algorithm for destination address pool. The PAN-OS 8.1 GUI doesn't seem to set this anywhere, but this is added here for completeness' sake. Requires **dat\_type** of "dynamic".
- **disabled** - (Optional) Set to **true** to disable this rule.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.
- **target** - (Optional) A target definition (see below). If there are no target sections, then the rule will apply to every vsys of every device in the device group.
- **negate\_target** - (Optional, bool) Instead of applying the rule for the given serial numbers, apply it to everything except them.

The following arguments are valid for each **target** section:

- **serial** - (Required) The serial number of the firewall.
- **vsys\_list** - (Optional) A subset of all available vsys on the firewall that should be in this device group. If the firewall is a virtual firewall, then this parameter should just be omitted.

## » panos\_panorama\_nat\_rule\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a group of Panorama NAT rules.

This resource manages clusters of NAT rules in a single device group, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a **rule** config block.

Although you cannot modify non-group NAT rules with this resource, the **position\_keyword** and **position\_reference** parameters allow you to reference some other NAT rule that already exists, using it as a means to ensure some rough placement within the ruleset as a whole.

## » Best Practices

As is to be expected, if you are separating your deployment across multiple plan files, make sure that at most only one plan specifies any given absolute positioning keyword such as "top" or "directly below", otherwise they'll keep shoving each other out of the way indefinitely.

Best practices are to specify one group as **top** (if you need it), one group as **bottom** (if needed), then all other groups should be **above** the first rule of the bottom group. You do it this way because rules will naturally be added at the tail end of the rulebase, so they will always be **after** the first group, but what you want is for them to be **before** the last group's rules.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_nat_rule_group" "bot" {
  device_group = "${panos_panorama_device_group.dg.name}"
  rule {
    name = "second"
    original_packet {
      source_zones = ["z2"]
      destination_zone = "z3"
      destination_interface = "any"
      source_addresses = ["any"]
      destination_addresses = ["any"]
    }
    translated_packet {
      source {}
      destination {
        static {
          address = "10.2.3.1"
          port = 5678
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

rule {
  name = "third"
  original_packet {
    source_zones = ["z3"]
    destination_zone = "z2"
    destination_interface = "any"
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
  }
  translated_packet {
    source {
      static_ip {
        translated_address = "192.168.1.5"
        bi_directional = true
      }
    }
    destination {}
  }
}

resource "panos_panorama_nat_rule_group" "top" {
```

```

device_group = "${panos_panorama_device_group.dg.name}"
position_keyword = "directly before"
position_reference = "${panos_panorama_nat_rule_group.bot.rule.0.name}"
rule {
    name = "first"
    target {
        serial = "123456"
        vsys_list = ["vsys1", "vsys2"]
    }
    original_packet {
        source_zones = ["z1"]
        destination_zone = "z1"
        destination_interface = "any"
        source_addresses = ["any"]
        destination_addresses = ["any"]
    }
    translated_packet {
        source {
            dynamic_ip_and_port {
                interface_address {
                    interface = "ethernet1/6"
                }
            }
        }
        destination {
            static {
                address = "10.1.1.1"
                port = 1234
            }
        }
    }
}

resource "panos_panorama_device_group" "dg" {
    name = "myDeviceGroup"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `vsys` - (Optional) The vsys to put the NAT rule group into (default: `vsys1`).
- `device_group` - (Optional) Device group the NAT rules should be put

into (default: `shared`).

- **rulebase** - (Optional) The rulebase the NAT rules should be put into. Valid values are `pre-rulebase` (default), `rulebase`, or `post-rulebase`.
- **position\_keyword** - (Optional) A positioning keyword for this group. This can be `before`, `directly before`, `after`, `directly after`, `top`, `bottom`, or left empty (the default) to have no particular placement. This param works in combination with the **position\_reference** param.
- **position\_reference** - (Optional) Required if **position\_keyword** is one of the "above" or "below" variants, this is the name of a non-group rule to use as a reference to place this group.
- **rule** - (Repeatable) The rule definition (see below). The rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

Each rule defined supports the following arguments:

- **name** - (Required) The NAT rule's name.
- **description** - (Optional) The description.
- **type** - (Optional). NAT type. This can be `ipv4` (default), `nat64`, or `nptv6`.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.
- **disabled** - (Optional) Set to `true` to disable this rule.
- **target** - (Optional, repeatable) A target definition (see below). If there are no target sections, then the rule will apply to every vsys of every device in the device group.
- **negate\_target** - (Optional, bool) Instead of applying the rule for the given serial numbers, apply it to everything except them.
- **original\_packet** - (Required) The original packet specification (see below).
- **translated\_packet** - (Required) The translated packet spec (see below).

**target** supports the following arguments:

- **serial** - (Required) The serial number of the firewall.
- **vsys\_list** - (Optional) A subset of all available vsys on the firewall that should be in this device group. If the firewall is a virtual firewall, then this parameter should just be omitted.

**original\_packet** supports the following arguments:

- **source\_zones** - (Required) The list of source zone(s).
- **destination\_zone** - (Required) The destination zone.
- **destination\_interface** - (Optional) Egress interface from route lookup (default: `any`).
- **service** - (Optional) Service (default: `any`).
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source address(es).
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination address(es).

**translated\_packet** supports the following arguments:

- **source** - (Required) The source spec (see below). Leave this empty for a destination NAT of "none".
- **destination** - (Required) The destination spec (see below). Leave this empty for a destination NAT of "none".

`translated_packet.source` supports the following arguments:

- **dynamic\_ip\_and\_port** - (Optional) Dynamic IP and port source translation spec (see below).
- **dynamic\_ip** - (Optional) Dynamic IP source translation spec (see below).
- **static\_ip** - (Optional) Static IP source translation spec (see below).

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip_and_port` supports the following arguments:

- **translated\_address** - (Optional) Translated address source translation type spec (see below).
- **interface\_address** - (Optional) Interface address source translation type spec (see below).

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip_and_port.translated_address` supports the following arguments:

- **translated\_addresses** - (Required) List of translated addresses.

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip_and_port.interface_address` supports the following arguments:

- **interface** - (Required) The interface.
- **ip\_address** - (Optional) The IP address.

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip` supports the following arguments:

- **translated\_addresses** - (Optional) The list of translated addresses.
- **fallback** - (Optional) The fallback spec (see below). Leaving this empty or omitting it means a fallback of "None".

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip.fallback` supports the following arguments:

- **translated\_address** - (Optional) The translated address fallback spec (see below).
- **interface\_address** - (Optional) The interface address fallback spec (see below).

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip.fallback.translated_address` supports the following arguments:

- **translated\_addresses** - (Optional) List of source address translation fallback translated addresses.

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip.fallback.interface_address` supports the following arguments:

- **interface** - (Required) Source address translation fallback interface.
- **type** - (Optional) Type of interface fallback. Valid values are **ip** (default) or **floating**.
- **ip\_address** - (Optional) IP address of the fallback interface.

`translated_packet.source.static_ip` supports the following arguments:

- **translated\_address** - (Required) The statically translated source address.
- **bi\_directional** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to enable bi-directional source address translation.

`translated_packet.destination` supports the following arguments:

- **static** - (Optional) Specifies a static destination NAT (see below).
- **dynamic** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.1+) Specify a dynamic destination NAT (see below).

`translated_packet.destination.static` supports the following arguments:

- **address** - (Required) Destination address translation address.
- **port** - (Optional, int) Destination address translation port number.

`translated_packet.destination.dynamic` supports the following arguments:

- **address** - (Required) Destination address translation address.
- **port** - (Optional, int) Destination address translation port number.
- **distribution** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.1+) Distribution algorithm for destination address pool. The PAN-OS 8.1 GUI doesn't seem to set this anywhere, but this is added here for completeness' sake. The GUI sets this to **round-robin** currently.

## » **panos\_panorama\_redistribution\_profile\_ipv4**

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama IPv4 redistribution profiles on a virtual router.

### » **Import Name**

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<name>
```

### » **Example Usage**

```
resource "panos_panorama_redistribution_profile_ipv4" "example" {
  name = "example"
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
}
```



```

    virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.vr.name}"
    priority = 1
    action = "redist"
    types = ["static"]
    interfaces = ["${panos_panorama_virtual_router.vr.interfaces}"]
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "vr" {
    name = "my virtual router"
    template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
    interfaces = ["ethernet1/2"]
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
    name = "myTemplate"
    description = "my template"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The redistribution profile's name.
- **template** - (Required) The template name.
- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add the redistribution profile to.
- **priority** - (Required, int) The priority, integer from 1 to 255.
- **action** - (Optional) The action. Valid values are **redist** (default) or **no-redist**.
- **types** - (Optional) The source types. Valid values are **bgp**, **connect**, **ospf**, **rip**, and **static**.
- **interfaces** - (Optional) Specify candidate routes.
- **destinations** - (Optional) Specify candidate routes' next-hop addresses (subnet match).
- **next\_hops** - (Optional) Specify candidate routes' next-hop addresses (subnet match).
- **ospf\_path\_types** - (Optional) OSPF path types. Valid values are **intra-area**, **inter-area**, **ext-1**, and **ext-2**.
- **ospf\_areas** - (Optional) OSPF areas.
- **ospf\_tags** - (Optional) OSPF tags.
- **bgp\_communities** - (Optional) BGP communities.
- **bgp\_extended\_communities** - (Optional) BGP extended communities.

## » panos\_panorama\_security\_policy

This resource allows you to manage the full security posture.

**Note:** `panos_panorama_security_policies` is known as `panos_panorama_security_policy`.

This resource manages the full set of security rules, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a `rule` config block. As this manages the full set of security rules for a given rulebase, any extraneous rules are removed on `terraform apply`.

For each security rule, there are three styles of profile settings:

- **None** (the default)
- **Group**
- **Profiles**

The Profile Setting is implicitly chosen based on what params are configured for the security rule. If you want a Profile Setting of **Group**, then the `group` param should be set to the desired Group Profile. If you want a Profile Setting of **Profiles**, then you will need to specify one or more of the following params:

- `virus`
- `spyware`
- `vulnerability`
- `url_filtering`
- `file_blocking`
- `wildfire_analysis`
- `data_filtering`

If the `group` param and none of the **Profiles** params are specified, then the Profile Setting is set to **None**.

## » Import Name

`<device_group>:<rulebase>`

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_security_policy" "example" {
  rule {
    name = "allow bizdev to dmz"
    source_zones = ["bizdev"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["dmz"]
  }
}
```

```

        destination_addresses = ["any"]
        applications = ["any"]
        services = ["application-default"]
        categories = ["any"]
        action = "allow"
    }
    rule {
        name = "deny sales to eng"
        source_zones = ["sales"]
        source_addresses = ["any"]
        source_users = ["any"]
        hip_profiles = ["any"]
        destination_zones = ["eng"]
        destination_addresses = ["any"]
        applications = ["any"]
        services = ["application-default"]
        categories = ["any"]
        action = "deny"
        target {
            serial = "01234"
        }
        target {
            serial = "56789"
            vsys_list = ["vsys1", "vsys3"]
        }
    }
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **device\_group** - (Optional) The device group to put the security policy into (default: **shared**).
- **rulebase** - (Optional) The rulebase. This can be **pre-rulebase** (default), **post-rulebase**, or **rulebase**.
- **rule** - The security rule definition (see below). The security rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each **rule** section:

- **name** - (Required) The security rule name.
- **type** - (Optional) Rule type. This can be **universal** (default), **interzone**, or **intrazone**.
- **description** - (Optional) The description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of tags for this security rule.

- **source\_zones** - (Required) List of source zones.
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source addresses.
- **negate\_source** - (Optional, bool) If the source should be negated.
- **source\_users** - (Required) List of source users.
- **hip\_profiles** - (Required) List of HIP profiles.
- **destination\_zones** - (Required) List of destination zones.
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination addresses.
- **negate\_destination** - (Optional, bool) If the destination should be negated.
- **applications** - (Required) List of applications.
- **services** - (Required) List of services.
- **categories** - (Required) List of categories.
- **action** - (Optional) Action for the matched traffic. This can be **allow** (default), **deny**, **drop**, **reset-client**, **reset-server**, or **reset-both**.
- **log\_setting** - (Optional) Log forwarding profile.
- **log\_start** - (Optional, bool) Log the start of the traffic flow.
- **log\_end** - (Optional, bool) Log the end of the traffic flow (default: **true**).
- **disabled** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to disable this rule.
- **schedule** - (Optional) The security rule schedule.
- **icmp\_unreachable** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable ICMP unreachable.
- **disable\_server\_response\_inspection** - (Optional) Set to **true** to disable server response inspection.
- **group** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Group** - The group profile name.
- **virus** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The antivirus setting.
- **spyware** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The anti-spyware setting.
- **vulnerability** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Vulnerability Protection setting.
- **url\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The URL filtering setting.
- **file\_blocking** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The file blocking setting.
- **wildfire\_analysis** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Wild-Fire Analysis setting.
- **data\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Data Filtering setting.
- **target** - (Optional) A target definition (see below). If there are no target sections, then the rule will apply to every vsys of every device in the device group.
- **negate\_target** - (Optional, bool) Instead of applying the rule for the given serial numbers, apply it to everything except them.

The following arguments are valid for each **target** section:

- **serial** - (Required) The serial number of the firewall.
- **vsys\_list** - (Optional) A subset of all available vsys on the firewall that should be in this device group. If the firewall is a virtual firewall, then

this parameter should just be omitted.

## » panos\_panorama\_security\_policy

This resource allows you to manage the full security posture.

**Note:** `panos_panorama_security_policies` is known as `panos_panorama_security_policy`.

This resource manages the full set of security rules, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a `rule` config block. As this manages the full set of security rules for a given rulebase, any extraneous rules are removed on `terraform apply`.

For each security rule, there are three styles of profile settings:

- `None` (the default)
- `Group`
- `Profiles`

The Profile Setting is implicitly chosen based on what params are configured for the security rule. If you want a Profile Setting of `Group`, then the `group` param should be set to the desired Group Profile. If you want a Profile Setting of `Profiles`, then you will need to specify one or more of the following params:

- `virus`
- `spyware`
- `vulnerability`
- `url_filtering`
- `file_blocking`
- `wildfire_analysis`
- `data_filtering`

If the `group` param and none of the `Profiles` params are specified, then the Profile Setting is set to `None`.

## » Import Name

`<device_group>:<rulebase>`

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_security_policy" "example" {
  rule {
    name = "allow bizdev to dmz"
    source_zones = ["bizdev"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
  }
}
```

```

        source_users = ["any"]
        hip_profiles = ["any"]
        destination_zones = ["dmz"]
        destination_addresses = ["any"]
        applications = ["any"]
        services = ["application-default"]
        categories = ["any"]
        action = "allow"
    }
    rule {
        name = "deny sales to eng"
        source_zones = ["sales"]
        source_addresses = ["any"]
        source_users = ["any"]
        hip_profiles = ["any"]
        destination_zones = ["eng"]
        destination_addresses = ["any"]
        applications = ["any"]
        services = ["application-default"]
        categories = ["any"]
        action = "deny"
        target {
            serial = "01234"
        }
        target {
            serial = "56789"
            vsys_list = ["vsys1", "vsys3"]
        }
    }
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **device\_group** - (Optional) The device group to put the security policy into (default: **shared**).
- **rulebase** - (Optional) The rulebase. This can be **pre-rulebase** (default), **post-rulebase**, or **rulebase**.
- **rule** - The security rule definition (see below). The security rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each **rule** section:

- **name** - (Required) The security rule name.

- **type** - (Optional) Rule type. This can be **universal** (default), **interzone**, or **intrazone**.
- **description** - (Optional) The description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of tags for this security rule.
- **source\_zones** - (Required) List of source zones.
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source addresses.
- **negate\_source** - (Optional, bool) If the source should be negated.
- **source\_users** - (Required) List of source users.
- **hip\_profiles** - (Required) List of HIP profiles.
- **destination\_zones** - (Required) List of destination zones.
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination addresses.
- **negate\_destination** - (Optional, bool) If the destination should be negated.
- **applications** - (Required) List of applications.
- **services** - (Required) List of services.
- **categories** - (Required) List of categories.
- **action** - (Optional) Action for the matched traffic. This can be **allow** (default), **deny**, **drop**, **reset-client**, **reset-server**, or **reset-both**.
- **log\_setting** - (Optional) Log forwarding profile.
- **log\_start** - (Optional, bool) Log the start of the traffic flow.
- **log\_end** - (Optional, bool) Log the end of the traffic flow (default: **true**).
- **disabled** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to disable this rule.
- **schedule** - (Optional) The security rule schedule.
- **icmp\_unreachable** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable ICMP unreachable.
- **disable\_server\_response\_inspection** - (Optional) Set to **true** to disable server response inspection.
- **group** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Group** - The group profile name.
- **virus** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The antivirus setting.
- **spyware** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The anti-spyware setting.
- **vulnerability** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Vulnerability Protection setting.
- **url\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The URL filtering setting.
- **file\_blocking** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The file blocking setting.
- **wildfire\_analysis** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Wild-Fire Analysis setting.
- **data\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Data Filtering setting.
- **target** - (Optional) A target definition (see below). If there are no target sections, then the rule will apply to every vsys of every device in the device group.
- **negate\_target** - (Optional, bool) Instead of applying the rule for the given serial numbers, apply it to everything except them.

The following arguments are valid for each **target** section:

- **serial** - (Required) The serial number of the firewall.
- **vsys\_list** - (Optional) A subset of all available vsys on the firewall that should be in this device group. If the firewall is a virtual firewall, then this parameter should just be omitted.

## » **panos\_\_panorama\_\_security\_\_rule\_\_group**

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama security rule groups.

**Note:** **panos\_\_panorama\_\_security\_\_policy\_\_group** is known as **panos\_\_panorama\_\_security\_\_rule\_\_group**.

This resource manages clusters of security rules in a single device group, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a **rule** config block.

Because this resource only manages what it's told to, it will not manage any rules that may already exist on Panorama. This has implications on the effective security posture of Panorama, but it will allow you to spread your security rules across multiple Terraform state files. If you want to verify that the security rules are only what appears in the plan file, then you should probably be using the **panos\_\_panorama\_\_security\_\_policy** resource.

Although you cannot modify non-group security rules with this resource, the **position\_keyword** and **position\_reference** parameters allow you to reference some other security rule that already exists, using it as a means to ensure some rough placement within the ruleset as a whole.

For each security rule, there are three styles of profile settings:

- **None** (the default)
- **Group**
- **Profiles**

The Profile Setting is implicitly chosen based on what params are configured for the security rule. If you want a Profile Setting of **Group**, then the **group** param should be set to the desired Group Profile. If you want a Profile Setting of **Profiles**, then you will need to specify one or more of the following params:

- **virus**
- **spyware**
- **vulnerability**
- **url\_filtering**
- **file\_blocking**
- **wildfire\_analysis**
- **data\_filtering**



If the `group` param and none of the `Profiles` params are specified, then the Profile Setting is set to `None`.

## » Best Practices

As is to be expected, if you are separating your deployment across multiple plan files, make sure that at most only one plan specifies any given absolute positioning keyword such as `"top"` or `"directly below"`, otherwise they'll keep shoving each other out of the way indefinitely.

Best practices are to specify one group as `top` (if you need it), one group as `bottom` (this is where you have your logging deny rule), then all other groups should be `above` the first rule of the bottom group. You do it this way because rules will naturally be added at the tail end of the rulebase, so they will always be `after` the first group, but what you want is for them to be `before` the last group's rules.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_security_rule_group" "example" {
  position_keyword = "above"
  position_reference = "deny everything else"
  rule {
    name = "allow bizdev to dmz"
    source_zones = ["bizdev"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["dmz"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
    applications = ["any"]
    services = ["application-default"]
    categories = ["any"]
    action = "allow"
  }
  rule {
    name = "deny sales to eng"
    source_zones = ["sales"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["eng"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
    applications = ["any"]
  }
}
```

```

        services = ["application-default"]
        categories = ["any"]
        action = "deny"
        target {
            serial = "01234"
        }
        target {
            serial = "56789"
            vsys_list = ["vsys1", "vsys3"]
        }
    }
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **device\_group** - (Optional) The device group to put the security rules into (default: `shared`).
- **rulebase** - (Optional) The rulebase. This can be `pre-rulebase` (default), `post-rulebase`, or `rulebase`.
- **position\_keyword** - (Optional) A positioning keyword for this group. This can be `before`, `directly before`, `after`, `directly after`, `top`, `bottom`, or `left empty` (the default) to have no particular placement. This param works in combination with the **position\_reference** param.
- **position\_reference** - (Optional) Required if **position\_keyword** is one of the "above" or "below" variants, this is the name of a non-group rule to use as a reference to place this group.
- **rule** - The security rule definition (see below). The security rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each **rule** section:

- **name** - (Required) The security rule name.
- **type** - (Optional) Rule type. This can be `universal` (default), `interzone`, or `intrazone`.
- **description** - (Optional) The description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of tags for this security rule.
- **source\_zones** - (Required) List of source zones.
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source addresses.
- **negate\_source** - (Optional, bool) If the source should be negated.
- **source\_users** - (Required) List of source users.
- **hip\_profiles** - (Required) List of HIP profiles.
- **destination\_zones** - (Required) List of destination zones.
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination addresses.

- **negate\_destination** - (Optional, bool) If the destination should be negated.
- **applications** - (Required) List of applications.
- **services** - (Required) List of services.
- **categories** - (Required) List of categories.
- **action** - (Optional) Action for the matched traffic. This can be **allow** (default), **deny**, **drop**, **reset-client**, **reset-server**, or **reset-both**.
- **log\_setting** - (Optional) Log forwarding profile.
- **log\_start** - (Optional, bool) Log the start of the traffic flow.
- **log\_end** - (Optional, bool) Log the end of the traffic flow (default: **true**).
- **disabled** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to disable this rule.
- **schedule** - (Optional) The security rule schedule.
- **icmp\_unreachable** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable ICMP unreachable.
- **disable\_server\_response\_inspection** - (Optional) Set to **true** to disable server response inspection.
- **group** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Group** - The group profile name.
- **virus** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The antivirus setting.
- **spyware** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The anti-spyware setting.
- **vulnerability** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Vulnerability Protection setting.
- **url\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The URL filtering setting.
- **file\_blocking** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The file blocking setting.
- **wildfire\_analysis** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Wild-Fire Analysis setting.
- **data\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Data Filtering setting.
- **target** - (Optional) A target definition (see below). If there are no target sections, then the rule will apply to every vsys of every device in the device group.
- **negate\_target** - (Optional, bool) Instead of applying the rule for the given serial numbers, apply it to everything except them.

The following arguments are valid for each **target** section:

- **serial** - (Required) The serial number of the firewall.
- **vsys\_list** - (Optional) A subset of all available vsys on the firewall that should be in this device group. If the firewall is a virtual firewall, then this parameter should just be omitted.

## » panos\_panorama\_security\_rule\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama security rule groups.

**Note:** `panos_panorama_security_policy_group` is known as `panos_panorama_security_rule_group`.

This resource manages clusters of security rules in a single device group, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a `rule` config block.

Because this resource only manages what it's told to, it will not manage any rules that may already exist on Panorama. This has implications on the effective security posture of Panorama, but it will allow you to spread your security rules across multiple Terraform state files. If you want to verify that the security rules are only what appears in the plan file, then you should probably be using the `panos_panorama_security_policy` resource.

Although you cannot modify non-group security rules with this resource, the `position_keyword` and `position_reference` parameters allow you to reference some other security rule that already exists, using it as a means to ensure some rough placement within the ruleset as a whole.

For each security rule, there are three styles of profile settings:

- **None** (the default)
- **Group**
- **Profiles**

The Profile Setting is implicitly chosen based on what params are configured for the security rule. If you want a Profile Setting of **Group**, then the `group` param should be set to the desired Group Profile. If you want a Profile Setting of **Profiles**, then you will need to specify one or more of the following params:

- `virus`
- `spyware`
- `vulnerability`
- `url_filtering`
- `file_blocking`
- `wildfire_analysis`
- `data_filtering`

If the `group` param and none of the **Profiles** params are specified, then the Profile Setting is set to **None**.

## » Best Practices

As is to be expected, if you are separating your deployment across multiple plan files, make sure that at most only one plan specifies any given absolute positioning keyword such as `"top"` or `"directly below"`, otherwise they'll keep shoving each other out of the way indefinitely.

Best practices are to specify one group as `top` (if you need it), one group as `bottom` (this is where you have your logging deny rule), then all other groups

should be **above** the first rule of the bottom group. You do it this way because rules will naturally be added at the tail end of the rulebase, so they will always be **after** the first group, but what you want is for them to be **before** the last group's rules.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_security_rule_group" "example" {
  position_keyword = "above"
  position_reference = "deny everything else"
  rule {
    name = "allow bizdev to dmz"
    source_zones = ["bizdev"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["dmz"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
    applications = ["any"]
    services = ["application-default"]
    categories = ["any"]
    action = "allow"
  }
  rule {
    name = "deny sales to eng"
    source_zones = ["sales"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["eng"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
    applications = ["any"]
    services = ["application-default"]
    categories = ["any"]
    action = "deny"
    target {
      serial = "01234"
    }
    target {
      serial = "56789"
      vsys_list = ["vsys1", "vsys3"]
    }
  }
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **device\_group** - (Optional) The device group to put the security rules into (default: **shared**).
- **rulebase** - (Optional) The rulebase. This can be **pre-rulebase** (default), **post-rulebase**, or **rulebase**.
- **position\_keyword** - (Optional) A positioning keyword for this group. This can be **before**, **directly before**, **after**, **directly after**, **top**, **bottom**, or **left empty** (the default) to have no particular placement. This param works in combination with the **position\_reference** param.
- **position\_reference** - (Optional) Required if **position\_keyword** is one of the "above" or "below" variants, this is the name of a non-group rule to use as a reference to place this group.
- **rule** - The security rule definition (see below). The security rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each **rule** section:

- **name** - (Required) The security rule name.
- **type** - (Optional) Rule type. This can be **universal** (default), **interzone**, or **intrazone**.
- **description** - (Optional) The description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of tags for this security rule.
- **source\_zones** - (Required) List of source zones.
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source addresses.
- **negate\_source** - (Optional, bool) If the source should be negated.
- **source\_users** - (Required) List of source users.
- **hip\_profiles** - (Required) List of HIP profiles.
- **destination\_zones** - (Required) List of destination zones.
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination addresses.
- **negate\_destination** - (Optional, bool) If the destination should be negated.
- **applications** - (Required) List of applications.
- **services** - (Required) List of services.
- **categories** - (Required) List of categories.
- **action** - (Optional) Action for the matched traffic. This can be **allow** (default), **deny**, **drop**, **reset-client**, **reset-server**, or **reset-both**.
- **log\_setting** - (Optional) Log forwarding profile.
- **log\_start** - (Optional, bool) Log the start of the traffic flow.
- **log\_end** - (Optional, bool) Log the end of the traffic flow (default: **true**).
- **disabled** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to disable this rule.
- **schedule** - (Optional) The security rule schedule.
- **icmp\_unreachable** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable ICMP unreachable.
- **disable\_server\_response\_inspection** - (Optional) Set to **true** to disable server response inspection.

- **group** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Group** - The group profile name.
- **virus** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The antivirus setting.
- **spyware** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The anti-spyware setting.
- **vulnerability** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Vulnerability Protection setting.
- **url\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The URL filtering setting.
- **file\_blocking** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The file blocking setting.
- **wildfire\_analysis** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Wild-Fire Analysis setting.
- **data\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Data Filtering setting.
- **target** - (Optional) A target definition (see below). If there are no target sections, then the rule will apply to every vsys of every device in the device group.
- **negate\_target** - (Optional, bool) Instead of applying the rule for the given serial numbers, apply it to everything except them.

The following arguments are valid for each **target** section:

- **serial** - (Required) The serial number of the firewall.
- **vsys\_list** - (Optional) A subset of all available vsys on the firewall that should be in this device group. If the firewall is a virtual firewall, then this parameter should just be omitted.

## » panos\_panorama\_service\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama service groups.

### » Import Name

<device\_group>:<name>

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_service_group" "example" {
  name = "static ntp grp"
  services = ["svc1", "svc2"]
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The service group's name.
- **device\_group** - (Optional) The device group to put the service group into (default: `shared`).
- **services** - (Required) List of services to put in this service group.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_service\_\_object

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama service objects.

## » Import Name

`<device_group>:<name>`

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_service_object" "example" {
  name = "my_service"
  protocol = "tcp"
  description = "My service object"
  source_port = "2000-2049,2051-2099"
  destination_port = "32123"
  tags = ["internal", "dmz"]
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The service object's name.
- **device\_group** - (Optional) The device group to put the service object into (default: `shared`).
- **description** - (Optional) The service object's description.
- **protocol** - (Required) The service's protocol. This should be `tcp` or `udp`.
- **source\_port** - (Optional) The source port. This can be a single port number, range (1-65535), or comma separated (80,8080,443).
- **destination\_port** - (Required) The destination port. This can be a single port number, range (1-65535), or comma separated (80,8080,443).



- `tags` - (Optional) List of administrative tags.

## » `panos_panorama_static_route_ipv4`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama IPv4 static routes on a virtual router for either a template or a template stack.

### » Import Name

`<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<name>`

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_static_route_ipv4" "example" {
  name = "localnet"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.vr1.name}"
  template = "template1"
  destination = "10.1.7.0/32"
  next_hop = "10.1.7.4"
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "vr1" {
  name = "my virtual router"
  template = "template1"
}
```

### » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The static route's name.
- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add the static route to.
- `destination` - (Required) Destination IP address / prefix.
- `interface` - (Optional) Interface to use.
- `type` - (Optional) The next hop type. Valid values are `ip-address` (the default), `discard`, `next-vr`, or an empty string for `None`.
- `next_hop` - (Optional) The value for the `type` setting.

- `admin_distance` - (Optional) The admin distance.
- `metric` - (Optional, int) Metric value / path cost (default: 10).
- `route_table` - (Optional) Target routing table to install the route. Valid values are `unicast` (the default), `no install`, `multicast`, or `both`.
- `bfd_profile` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.1+) BFD configuration.

## » `panos_panorama_template`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama templates.

This resource has some overlap with the `panos_panorama_template_entry` resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your `panos_panorama_template` spec does not define any `device` blocks, and just stays as "computed".

This is the appropriate resource to use if `terraform destroy` should delete the template.

**Note** - In PAN-OS 8.1, it looks like the `devices` field has been removed. Creating a template stack and specifying devices in the template stack is still present in PAN-OS 8.1.

### » Import Name

<name>

### » Example Usage

```
# This specifies one or more device blocks, so this is applicable only for
# PAN-OS 8.0 and lower.
resource "panos_panorama_template" "example" {
  name = "template1"
  description = "description here"
  device {
    serial = "00112233"
  }
  device {
    serial = "44556677"
    vsys_list = ["vsys1", "vsys2"]
  }
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The template's name.
- **description** - (Optional) The template's description.
- **device** - The device definition (see below).

The following arguments are valid for each **device** section:

- **serial** - (Required) The serial number of the firewall.
- **vsys\_list** - (Optional) A subset of all available vsys on the firewall that should be in this template. If the firewall is a virtual firewall, then this parameter should just be omitted.

## » panos\_panorama\_template\_entry

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a specific device in a Panorama template.

This resource has some overlap with the **panos\_panorama\_template** resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your **panos\_panorama\_template** spec does not define any **device** blocks, and just stays as "computed".

This is the appropriate resource to use if you have a pre-existing template in Panorama and don't want Terraform to delete it on **terraform destroy**.

An interesting side effect of the underlying XML API - if the template does not already exist, then this resource can actually create it. However, since only the single entry for the specific serial number is deleted, then a **terraform destroy** would not remove the template itself in this situation.

## » Import Name

`<template>:<serial>`

## » Example Usage

```
# Example for a virtual firewall.
resource "panos_panorama_template_entry" "example1" {
  template = "my template"
  serial = "00112233"
}
```

```
# Example for a physical firewall with multi-vsys enabled.
resource "panos_panorama_template_entry" "example2" {
  template = "my template"
  serial = "44556677"
  vsys_list = ["vsys1", "vsys2"]
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **template** - (Required) The template name.
- **serial** - (Required) The serial number of the firewall.
- **vsys\_list** - (Optional) A subset of all available vsys on the firewall that should be in this template. If the firewall is a virtual firewall, then this parameter should just be omitted.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_template\_\_stack

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama template stacks.

This resource has some overlap with the `panos_panorama_template_stack_entry` resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your `panos_panorama_template_stack` spec does not define any `device` blocks, and just stays as "computed".

This is the appropriate resource to use if `terraform destroy` should delete the template stack.

## » Import Name

<name>

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_template_stack" "example" {
  name = "myStack"
  description = "description here"
  templates = ["t1", "t2"]
  devices = ["00112233", "44556677"]
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The stack's name.
- **description** - (Optional) The stack's description.
- **default\_vsys** - (Optional) The default virtual system template configuration pushed to firewalls with a single virtual system. **Note** - you can only set this if there is at least one template in this stack.
- **templates** - (Optional) List of templates in this stack.
- **devices** - (Optional) List of serial numbers to include in this stack.

## » panos\_panorama\_template\_stack\_entry

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a specific device in a Panorama template stack.

This resource has some overlap with the `panos_panorama_template_stack` resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your `panos_panorama_template_stack` spec does not define the `devices` field.

This is the appropriate resource to use if you have a pre-existing template stack in Panorama and don't want Terraform to delete it on `terraform destroy`.

## » Import Name

`<template_stack>:<device>`

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_template_stack_entry" "example1" {
  template_stack = "my template stack"
  device = "00112233"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **template\_stack** - (Required) The template name.
- **device** - (Required) The serial number of the device to add.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_template\_\_variable

This resource allows you to add/update/delete variables for both Panorama templates and template stacks.

Template variables are available in PAN-OS 8.1+.

### » Import Name

<template>:<template\_stack>:<name>

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_template_variable" "example" {
    template = "${panos_panorama_template.tmpl1.name}"
    name = "$example"
    type = "ip-address"
    value = "10.1.1.1/24"
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "tmpl1" {
    name = "MyTemplate"
}
```

### » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- **template** - The template name.
- **template\_stack** - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The template's name. This must start with a dollar sign (\$).
- **type** - (Optional) The variable type. Valid values are **ip-netmask** (default), **ip-range**, **fqdn**, **group-id**, or **interface**.
- **value** - (Required) The variable value.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_tunnel\_\_interface

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama tunnel interfaces for templates.

## » Import Name

`<template>:<template_stack>:<vsys>:<name>`

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_tunnel_interface" "example1" {
  name = "tunnel.5"
  template = "foo"
  static_ips = ["10.1.1.1/24"]
  comment = "Configured for internal traffic"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The interface's name. This must start with `tunnel..`
- **template** - (Required) The template name.
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys that will use this interface (default: `vsys1`).
- **comment** - (Optional) The interface comment.
- **netflow\_profile** - (Optional) The netflow profile.
- **static\_ips** - (Optional) List of static IPv4 addresses to set for this data interface.
- **management\_profile** - (Optional) The management profile.
- **mtu** - (Optional) The MTU.

## » `panos__panorama__virtual__router`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama virtual routers for templates.

**Note** - The `default` virtual router may be configured with this resource, however it will not be deleted from Panorama. It will only be unexported from the vsys that it is currently imported in, and any interfaces imported into the virtual router will be removed.

This resource has some overlap with the `panos_panorama_virtual_router_entry` resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your `panos_panorama_virtual_router` spec does not define the `interfaces` field.

## » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<vsys>:<name>
```

## » Example Usage

```
# Configure a bare-bones ethernet interface.
resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "example" {
  name = "my virtual router"
  template = "foo"
  static_dist = 15
  interfaces = ["ethernet1/1", "ethernet1/2"]
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The virtual router's name.
- **template** - (Required) The template name.
- **vsys** - (Required) The vsys that will use this virtual router. This should be something like `vsys1` or `vsys3`.
- **interfaces** - (Optional) List of interfaces that should use this virtual router.
- **static\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - Static (default: 10).
- **static\_ipv6\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - Static IPv6 (default: 10).
- **ospf\_int\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - OSPF Int (default: 30).
- **ospf\_ext\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - OSPF Ext (default: 110).
- **ospfv3\_int\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - OSPFv3 Int (default: 30).
- **ospfv3\_ext\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - OSPFv3 Ext (default: 110).
- **ibgp\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - IBGP (default: 200).
- **ebgp\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - EBGp (default: 20).
- **rip\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - RIP (default: 120).

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_virtual\_\_router\_\_entry

This resource allows you to add/update/delete an interface in a Panorama virtual router template.



This resource has some overlap with the `panos_panorama_virtual_router` resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your `panos_panorama_virtual_router` spec does not define the `interfaces` field.

### » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<virtual_router>:<interface>
```

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router" "vr" {
  template = "my template"
  name     = "my vr"
}

resource "panos_panorama_virtual_router_entry" "example" {
  template = "my template"
  virtual_router = "${panos_panorama_virtual_router.vr.name}"
  interface = "ethernet1/5"
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `template` - (Required) The template name.
- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router's name.
- `interface` - (Required) The interface to import into the virtual router.

### » `panos__panorama__vlan__interface`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete Panorama VLAN interfaces for templates.

### » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<vsys>:<name>
```

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_vlan_interface" "example" {
  name = "vlan.17"
  template = "foo"
  mode = "layer3"
  static_ips = ["10.1.1.1/24"]
  comment = "Configured for internal traffic"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The interface's name. Must start with **vlan..**
- **template** - (Required) The template name.
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys that will use this interface (default: **vsys1**).
- **comment** - (Optional) The interface comment.
- **netflow\_profile** - (Optional) The netflow profile.
- **static\_ips** - (Optional) List of static IPv4 addresses to set for this data interface.
- **enable\_dhcp** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable DHCP on this interface.
- **create\_dhcp\_default\_route** - (Optional) Set to **true** to create a DHCP default route.
- **dhcp\_default\_route\_metric** - (Optional) The metric for the DHCP default route.
- **management\_profile** - (Optional) The management profile.
- **mtu** - (Optional) The MTU.
- **adjust\_tcp\_mss** - (Optional) Adjust TCP MSS (default: **false**).
- **ipv4\_mss\_adjust** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv4 MSS adjust value.
- **ipv6\_mss\_adjust** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv6 MSS adjust value.

## » panos\_\_panorama\_\_zone

This resource allows you to add/update/delete zones on Panorama for both templates and template stacks.

This resource has some overlap with the **panos\_panorama\_zone\_entry** resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your **panos\_panorama\_zone** spec does not define the **interfaces** field.

## » Import Name

`<template>:<template_stack>:<vsys>:<name>`

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_zone" "example" {
  name = "myZone"
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.tmpl1.name}"
  mode = "layer3"
  interfaces = ["${panos_panorama_ethernet_interface.e2.name}", "${panos_panorama_ethernet_interface.e3.name}"]
  enable_user_id = true
  exclude_acls = ["192.168.0.0/16"]
}

resource "panos_panorama_template" "tmpl1" {
  name = "MyTemplate"
}

resource "panos_panorama_ethernet_interface" "e2" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.tmpl1.name}"
  name = "ethernet1/2"
  mode = "layer3"
}

resource "panos_panorama_ethernet_interface" "e3" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.tmpl1.name}"
  name = "ethernet1/3"
  mode = "layer3"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

One and only one of the following must be specified:

- `template` - The template name.
- `template_stack` - The template stack name.

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The zone's name.
- `vsys` - (Optional) The vsys to put the zone into (default: `vsys1`).
- `mode` - (Required) The zone's mode. This can be `layer3`, `layer2`, `virtual-wire`, `tap`, or `tunnel`.
- `zone_profile` - (Optional) The zone protection profile.

- `log_setting` - (Optional) Log setting.
- `enable_user_id` - (Optional) Boolean to enable user identification.
- `interfaces` - (Optional) List of interfaces to associated with this zone.
- `include_acls` - (Optional) Users from these addresses/subnets will be identified. This can be an address object, an address group, a single IP address, or an IP address subnet.
- `exclude_acls` - (Optional) Users from these addresses/subnets will not be identified. This can be an address object, an address group, a single IP address, or an IP address subnet.

## » `panos_panorama_zone_entry`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a specific interface in a Panorama zone.

This resource has some overlap with the `panos_panorama_zone` resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your `panos_panorama_zone` spec does not define the `interfaces` field.

This is the appropriate resource to use if you have a pre-existing zone in Panorama and don't want Terraform to delete it on `terraform destroy`.

## » Import Name

```
<template>:<template_stack>:<vsys>:<zone>:<mode>:<interface>
```

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_panorama_template" "t" {
  name = "myTemplate"
}

resource "panos_panorama_ethernet_interface" "e5" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  name     = "ethernet1/5"
  mode     = "layer3"
}

resource "panos_panorama_zone" "z" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  name     = "exZone"
  mode     = "layer3"
}
```

```
resource "panos_panorama_zone_entry" "example" {
  template = "${panos_panorama_template.t.name}"
  zone = "${panos_panorama_zone.z.name}"
  mode = "${panos_panorama_zone.z.mode}"
  interface = "${panos_panorama_ethernet_interface.e5.name}"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **template** - (Required) The template name.
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys (default: **vsys1**).
- **zone** - (Required) The zone's name.
- **mode** - (Optional) The mode. Can be **layer3** (default), **layer2**, **virtual-wire**, **tap**, or **external**.
- **interface** - (Required) The interface's name.

## » panos\_\_address\_\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete address groups.

Address groups are either statically defined or dynamically defined, so only **static\_addresses** or **dynamic\_match** should be defined within a given address group.

## » Import Name

<vsys>:<name>

## » Example Usage

```
# Static group
resource "panos_address_group" "example1" {
  name = "static ntp grp"
  description = "My NTP servers"
  static_addresses = ["ntp1", "ntp2", "ntp3"]
}

# Dynamic group
resource "panos_address_group" "example2" {
```

```

    name = "dynamic grp"
    description = "My internal NTP servers"
    dynamic_match = "'internal' and 'ntp'"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The address group's name.
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys to put the address group into (default: **vsys1**).
- **static\_addresses** - (Optional) The address objects to include in this statically defined address group.
- **dynamic\_match** - (Optional) The IP tags to include in this DAG.
- **description** - (Optional) The address group's description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.

## » panos\_\_address\_\_object

This resource allows you to add/update/delete address objects.

### » Import Name

```
<vsys>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```

resource "panos_address_object" "example" {
    name = "localnet"
    value = "192.168.80.0/24"
    description = "The 192.168.80 network"
    tags = ["internal", "dmz"]
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The address object's name.
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys to put the address object into (default: **vsys1**).
- **type** - (Optional) The type of address object. This can be **ip-netmask** (default), **ip-range**, or **fqdn**.

- **value** - (Required) The address object's value. This can take various forms depending on what type of address object this is, but can be something like 192.168.80.150 or 192.168.80.0/24.
- **description** - (Optional) The address object's description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.

## » panos\_\_administrative\_\_tag

This resource allows you to add/update/delete administrative tags.

### » Import Name

<vsys>:<name>

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_administrative_tag" "example" {
  name = "tag1"
  vsys = "vsys2"
  color = "color5"
  comment = "Internal resources"
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The administrative tag's name.
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys to put the administrative tag into (default: vsys1).
- **color** - (Optional) The tag's color. This should be either an empty string (no color) or a string such as `color1` or `color15`. Note that for maximum portability, you should limit color usage to `color16`, which was available in PAN-OS 6.1. PAN-OS 8.1's colors go up to `color42`. The value `color18` is reserved internally by PAN-OS and thus not available for use.
- **comment** - (Optional) The administrative tag's description.

## » panos\_\_bfd\_\_profile.

This resource allows you to add/update/delete BFD profiles.

**Note:** This resource is only applicable for PAN-OS 7.1+.

## » Import Name

<name>

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_bfd_profile" "example" {  
    name = "myBfdProfile"  
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The BFD profile's name.
- **mode** - (Optional) BFD operation mode. Valid values are **active** (default) or **passive**.
- **minimum\_tx\_interval** - (Optional, int) Desired minimum TX interval in ms. Default is 1000.
- **minimum\_rx\_interval** - (Optional, int) Required minimum RX interval in ms. Default is 1000.
- **detection\_multiplier** - (Optional, int) Multiplier sent to remote system. Default is 3.
- **hold\_time** - (Optional, int) Delay transmission and reception of control packets in ms.
- **minimum\_rx\_ttl** - (Optional, int) Minimum accepted ttl on received BFD packet.

## » panos\_\_bgp

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a virtual router's BGP configuration.

**Important Note:** When it comes to BGP configuration, PAN-OS requires that BGP itself first be configured before you can add other BGP sub-config, such as dampening profiles or peer groups. Since every BGP resource must reference a virtual router, the key to accomplishing this is by pointing the **virtual\_router** param for each BGP sub-config to **panos\_bgp.foo.virtual\_router** instead of **panos\_virtual\_router.bar.name**.



## » Import Name

<virtual\_router>

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_bgp" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id     = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number     = "42"
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  name = "my virtual router"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP configuration to.
- **enable** - (Optional, bool) Enable BGP or not (default: `true`).
- **router\_id** - (Optional) Router ID of this BGP instance.
- **as\_number** - (Optional) Local AS number.
- **bfd\_profile** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.1+) BFD configuration.
- **reject\_default\_route** - (Optional, bool) Do not learn default route from BGP (default: `true`).
- **install\_route** - (Optional, bool) Populate BGP learned route to global route table.
- **aggregate\_med** - (Optional, bool) Aggregate route only if they have same MED attributes (default: `true`).
- **default\_local\_preference** - (Optional) Default local preference (default: `"100"`).
- **as\_format** - (Optional) AS format. Valid values are `"2-byte"` (default) or `"4-byte"`.
- **always\_compare\_med** - (Optional, bool) Always compare MEDs.
- **deterministic\_med\_comparison** - (Optional, bool) Deterministic MED comparison (default: `true`).
- **ecmp\_multi\_as** - (Optional, bool) Support multiple AS in ECMP.
- **enforce\_first\_as** - (Optional, bool) Enforce First AS for EBGp (default: `true`).
- **enable\_graceful\_restart** - (Optional, bool) Enable graceful restart (default: `true`).

- `stale_route_time` - (Optional, int) Time to remove stale routes after peer restart, in seconds (default: 120).
- `local_restart_time` - (Optional, int) Local restart time to advertise to peer, in seconds (default: 120).
- `max_peer_restart_time` - (Optional, int) Maximum of peer restart time accepted, in seconds (default: 120).
- `reflector_cluster_id` - (Optional) Route reflector cluster ID.
- `confederation_member_as` - (Optional) Confederation requires member-AS number.
- `allow_redistribute_default_route` - (Optional, bool) Allow redistribute default route to BGP.

## » `panos_bgp_aggregate`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete BGP address aggregation rules.

### » Import Name

```
<virtual_router>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_bgp_aggregate" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "myAggRule"
  prefix = "192.168.1.0/24"
  weight = 17
}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.vr.name}"
  router_id = "1.2.3.4"
  as_number = 443
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "vr" {
  name = "my vr"
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to put the rule into.
- `name` - (Required) The rule name.
- `prefix` - (Required) Aggregating address prefix.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable this rule (default: `true`)
- `as_set` - (Optional, bool) Generate AS-set attribute.
- `summary` - (Optional, bool) Summarize route.
- `local_preference` - (Optional) New local preference value.
- `med` - (Optional) New MED value.
- `weight` - (Optional, int) New weight value.
- `next_hop` - (Optional) Next hop address.
- `origin` - (Optional) New route origin. Valid values are `incomplete` (default), `igp`, or `egp`.
- `as_path_limit` - (Optional, int) Add AS path limit attribute if it does not exist.
- `as_path_type` - (Optional) AS path update options. Valid values are `none` (default) or `prepend`.
- `as_path_value` - (Optional) For `as_path_type` of `prepend`, the value to prepend.
- `community_type` - (Optional) Community update options. Valid values are `none` (default), `remove-all`, `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`.
- `community_value` - (Optional) If `community_type` is `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`, the value associated with that setting. For the `append` and `overwrite` types specifically, valid values are `no-export`, `no-advertise`, `local-as`, or `nopeer`.
- `extended_community_type` - (Optional) Extended community update options. Valid values are `none` (default), `remove-all`, `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`.
- `extended_community_value` - (Optional) If `extended_community_type` is `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`, the value associated with that setting.

## » `panos_bgp_aggregate_advertise_filter`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a route advertise filter for a BGP address aggregation rule.

### » Import Name

```
<virtual_router>:<bgp_aggregate>:<name>
```

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_bgp_aggregate_advertise_filter" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp_aggregate.ag.virtual_router}"
  bgp_aggregate = "${panos_bgp_aggregate.ag.name}"
  name = "my advertise filter"
  as_path_regex = "*42*"
  med = "443"
  address_prefix {
    prefix = "10.1.1.0/24"
    exact = true
  }
  address_prefix {
    prefix = "10.1.2.0/24"
  }
}

resource "panos_bgp_aggregate" "ag" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "addyAgg1"
  prefix = "192.168.1.0/24"
}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  name = "my virtual router"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add this filter to.
- `bgp_aggregate` - (Required) The BGP address aggregation rule.
- `name` - (Required) The name.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: `true`).
- `as_path_regex` - (Optional) AS path to match.
- `community_regex` - (Optional) Community to match.
- `extended_community_regex` - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- `med` - (Optional) Match MED.

- **route\_table** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are **unicast**, **multicast**, or **both**.
- **address\_prefix** - (Optional, repeatable) Matching address prefix definition (see below).
- **next\_hops** - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- **from\_peers** - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.

Each **address\_prefix** section offers the following params:

- **prefix** - (Required) Address prefix.
- **exact** - (Optional, bool) Match exact prefix length.

## » panos\_bgp\_aggregate\_suppress\_filter

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a route suppression filter for a BGP address aggregation rule.

### » Import Name

<virtual\_router>:<bgp\_aggregate>:<name>

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_bgp_aggregate_suppress_filter" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp_aggregate.ag.virtual_router}"
  bgp_aggregate = "${panos_bgp_aggregate.ag.name}"
  name = "my suppression filter"
  as_path_regex = "*42*"
  med = "443"
  address_prefix {
    prefix = "10.1.1.0/24"
    exact = true
  }
  address_prefix {
    prefix = "10.1.2.0/24"
  }
}

resource "panos_bgp_aggregate" "ag" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "addyAgg1"
  prefix = "192.168.1.0/24"
}
```

```

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
    router_id = "5.5.5.5"
    as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "rtr" {
    name = "my virtual router"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add this filter to.
- **bgp\_aggregate** - (Required) The BGP address aggregation rule.
- **name** - (Required) The name.
- **enable** - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: **true**).
- **as\_path\_regex** - (Optional) AS path to match.
- **community\_regex** - (Optional) Community to match.
- **extended\_community\_regex** - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- **med** - (Optional) Match MED.
- **route\_table** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are **unicast**, **multicast**, or **both**.
- **address\_prefix** - (Optional, repeatable) Matching address prefix definition (see below).
- **next\_hops** - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- **from\_peers** - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.

Each **address\_prefix** section offers the following params:

- **prefix** - (Required) Address prefix.
- **exact** - (Optional, bool) Match exact prefix length.

## » panos\_\_bgp\_\_auth\_\_profile

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a BGP auth profile.

## » Example Usage

```

resource "panos_bgp_auth_profile" "example" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
    name = "prof1"
}

```

```

    secret = "secret"
}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
    router_id = "5.5.5.5"
    as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "rtr" {
    name = "my virtual router"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP auth profile to.
- **name** - (Required) The name.
- **secret** - (Optional) Shared secret for the TCP MD5 authentication.

## » panos\_\_bgp\_\_conditional\_\_adv

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a BGP conditional advertisement.

**Note:** In the PAN-OS GUI, this resource cannot be created without also creating at least one non-exist filter and one advertise filter. The API behaves a little differently: you can create the conditional advertisement itself, but the API will start throwing errors if you try to update it and there is not at least one non-exist filter and one advertise filter. In order for a conditional advertisement to be valid, you must specify at least one non-exist and one advertise filter.

## » Import Name

```
<virtual_router>:<name>
```

## » Example Usage

```
data "panos_system_info" "x" {}
```

```

resource "panos_bgp_conditional_adv" "example" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
    name = "example"
    enable = false
}

resource "panos_bgp_conditional_adv_non_exist_filter" "nef" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
    bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_bgp_conditional_adv.example.name}"
    route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
    name = "nef"
    address_prefixes = ["192.168.1.0/24"]
}

resource "panos_bgp_conditional_adv_advertise_filter" "af" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
    bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_bgp_conditional_adv.example.name}"
    route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
    name = "af"
    address_prefixes = ["192.168.2.0/24"]
}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
    router_id = "5.5.5.5"
    as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "rtr" {
    name = "my virtual router"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP conditional advertisement to.
- **name** - (Required) The name.
- **enable** - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: `true`).
- **used\_by** - (Optional) List of BGP peer groups that use this rule.



## » panos\_bgp\_conditional\_adv\_advertise\_filter

This resource allows you to add/update/delete an advertise filter for a BGP conditional advertisement.

**Note:** A BGP conditional advertisement is valid only if there is at least one non-exist filter and one advertise filter attached. This filter must be paired with the other in order for the configuration to be valid.

### » Import Name

<virtual\_router>:<bgp\_conditional\_adv>:<name>

### » Example Usage

```
data "panos_system_info" "x" {}

resource "panos_bgp_conditional_adv_advertise_filter" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_bgp_conditional_adv.ca.name}"
  name = "af"
  route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
  address_prefixes = ["192.168.1.0/24"]
}

resource "panos_bgp_conditional_adv" "ca" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "example"
}

resource "panos_bgp_conditional_adv_non_exist_filter" "af" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_bgp_conditional_adv.ca.name}"
  name = "nef"
  route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
  address_prefixes = ["192.168.2.0/24"]
}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}
```

```
resource "panos_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  name = "my virtual router"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add this filter to.
- `bgp_conditional_adv` - (Required) The BGP conditional advertisement to add this filter to.
- `name` - (Required) The name.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: `true`).
- `as_path_regex` - (Optional) AS path to match.
- `community_regex` - (Optional) Community to match.
- `extended_community_regex` - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- `med` - (Optional) Match MED.
- `route_table` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are `unicast`, `multicast`, or `both`. As of PAN-OS 8.1, there doesn't seem to be a way to configure this in the GUI, it is always set to `unicast`. Thus, if you're running this resource against PAN-OS 8.0+, the appropriate thing to do is set this value to `unicast` as well to match the GUI functionality.
- `address_prefixes` - (Optional) List of matching address prefixes.
- `next_hops` - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- `from_peers` - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.

## » `panos__bgp__conditional__adv__non__exist__filter`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a non-exist filter for a BGP conditional advertisement.

**Note:** A BGP conditional advertisement is valid only if there is at least one non-exist filter and one advertise filter attached. This filter must be paired with the other in order for the configuration to be valid.

## » Import Name

```
<virtual_router>:<bgp_conditional_adv>:<name>
```

## » Example Usage

```
data "panos_system_info" "x" {}
```

```

resource "panos_bgp_conditional_adv_non_exist_filter" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_bgp_conditional_adv.ca.name}"
  name = "nef"
  route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
  address_prefixes = ["192.168.1.0/24"]
}

resource "panos_bgp_conditional_adv" "ca" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "example"
}

resource "panos_bgp_conditional_adv_advertise_filter" "af" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  bgp_conditional_adv = "${panos_bgp_conditional_adv.ca.name}"
  name = "af"
  route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
  address_prefixes = ["192.168.2.0/24"]
}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  name = "my virtual router"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `virtual_router` - (Required) The virtual router to add this filter to.
- `bgp_conditional_adv` - (Required) The BGP conditional advertisement to add this filter to.
- `name` - (Required) The name.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: `true`).
- `as_path_regex` - (Optional) AS path to match.
- `community_regex` - (Optional) Community to match.
- `extended_community_regex` - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- `med` - (Optional) Match MED.

- **route\_table** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are **unicast**, **multicast**, or **both**. As of PAN-OS 8.1, there doesn't seem to be a way to configure this in the GUI, it is always set to **unicast**. Thus, if you're running this resource against PAN-OS 8.0+, the appropriate thing to do is set this value to **unicast** as well to match the GUI functionality.
- **address\_prefixes** - (Optional) List of matching address prefixes.
- **next\_hops** - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- **from\_peers** - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.

## » panos\_bgp\_dampening\_profile

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a BGP dampening profile.

### » Import Name

`<virtual_router>:<name>`

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_bgp_dampening_profile" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "myDampeningProfile"
}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
  router_id = "5.5.5.5"
  as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "rtr" {
  name = "my virtual router"
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP dampening profile to.
- **name** - (Required) The name.

- **enable** - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: **true**).
- **cutoff** - (Optional, float) Cutoff threshold value (default: 1.25).
- **reuse** - (Optional, float) Reuse threshold value (default: 0.5).
- **max\_hold\_time** - (Optional, int) Maximum hold-down time, in seconds (default: 900).
- **decay\_half\_life\_reachable** - (Optional, int) Decay half-life while reachable, in seconds (default: 300).
- **decay\_half\_life\_unreachable** - (Optional, int) Decay half-life while unreachable, in seconds (default: 900).

## » panos\_bgp\_export\_rule\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete BGP export rule groups.

This resource manages clusters of export rules in a virtual router, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a **rule** config block.

Although you cannot modify non-group export rules with this resource, the **position\_keyword** and **position\_reference** parameters allow you to reference some other export rule that already exists, using it as a means to ensure some rough placement within the ruleset as a whole.

## » Best Practices

As is to be expected, if you are separating your deployment across multiple plan files, make sure that at most only one plan specifies any given absolute positioning keyword such as "top" or "directly below", otherwise they'll keep shoving each other out of the way indefinitely.

Best practices are to specify one group as **top** (if you need it), one group as **bottom**, then all other groups should be **above** the first rule of the bottom group. You do it this way because rules will naturally be added at the tail end of the ruleset, so they will always be **after** the first group, but what you want is for them to be **before** the last group's rules.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_bgp_export_rule_group" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  rule {
    name = "first"
    match_as_path_regex = "*foo*"
    match_address_prefix {
```

```

        prefix = "192.168.1.0/24"
    }
    match_address_prefix {
        prefix = "192.168.2.0/24"
        exact = true
    }
    match_route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
    local_preference = "42"
    med = "43"
    weight = 44
    origin = "incomplete"
}
rule {
    name = "second"
    match_as_path_regex = "*bar*"
    action = "deny"
    match_route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
}
}

data "panos_system_info" "x" {}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.vr.name}"
    router_id = "1.2.3.4"
    as_number = 443
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "vr" {
    name = "my vr"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to put the rule into.
- **position\_keyword** - (Optional) A positioning keyword for this group. This can be `before`, `directly before`, `after`, `directly after`, `top`, `bottom`, or `left empty` (the default) to have no particular placement. This param works in combination with the **position\_reference** param.
- **position\_reference** - (Optional) Required if **position\_keyword** is one of the "above" or "below" variants, this is the name of a non-group rule to use as a reference to place this group.
- **rule** - The export rule definition (see below). The export rule ordering

will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each `rule` section:

- `name` - (Required) The security rule name.
- `enable` - (Optional, bool) Enable this export rule (default: `true`)
- `used_by` - (Optional) List of auth profiles.
- `match_as_path_regex` - (Optional) AS path to match.
- `match_community_regex` - (Optional) Community to match.
- `match_extended_community_regex` - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- `match_med` - (Optional) Match MED.
- `match_route_table` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are `unicast`, `multicast`, or `both`. As of PAN-OS 8.1, there doesn't seem to be a way to configure this in the GUI, it is always set to `unicast`. Thus, if you're running this resource against PAN-OS 8.0+, the appropriate thing to do is set this value to `unicast` as well to match the GUI functionality.
- `match_address_prefix` - (Optional, repeatable) Matching address prefix definition (see below). below for the params for this section.
- `match_next_hops` - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- `match_from_peers` - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.
- `action` - (Optional) Rule action. Valid values are `allow` (default) or `deny`.
- `dampening` - (Optional) Route flap dampening profile.
- `local_preference` - (Optional) New local preference value.
- `med` - (Optional) New MED value.
- `weight` - (Optional, int) New weight value.
- `next_hop` - (Optional) Next hop address.
- `origin` - (Optional) New route origin. Valid values are `igp`, `egp`, or `incomplete`.
- `as_path_limit` - (Optional, int) Add AS path limit attribute if it does not exist.
- `as_path_type` - (Optional) AS path update options. Valid values are `none`, `remove`, `prepend`, or `remove-and-prepend`.
- `as_path_value` - (Optional) If `as_path_type` is `prepend` or `remove-and-prepend`, the value to prepend.
- `community_type` - (Optional) Community update options. Valid values are `none`, `remove-all`, `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`.
- `community_value` - (Optional) If `community_type` is `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`, the value associated with that setting. For the `append` and `overwrite` types specifically, valid values for `community_value` are `no-export`, `no-advertise`, `local-as`, or `nopeer`.
- `extended_community_type` - (Optional) Extended community update options. Valid values are `none`, `remove-all`, `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`.
- `extended_community_value` - (Optional) If `extended_community_type`

is `remove-regex`, `append`, or `overwrite`, the value associated with that setting.

Each `match_address_prefix` section offers the following params:

- `prefix` - (Required) Address prefix.
- `exact` - (Optional, bool) Match exact prefix length.

## » `panos_bgp_import_rule_group`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete BGP import rule groups.

This resource manages clusters of import rules in a virtual router, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a `rule` config block.

Although you cannot modify non-group import rules with this resource, the `position_keyword` and `position_reference` parameters allow you to reference some other import rule that already exists, using it as a means to ensure some rough placement within the ruleset as a whole.

## » Best Practices

As is to be expected, if you are separating your deployment across multiple plan files, make sure that at most only one plan specifies any given absolute positioning keyword such as `"top"` or `"directly below"`, otherwise they'll keep shoving each other out of the way indefinitely.

Best practices are to specify one group as `top` (if you need it), one group as `bottom`, then all other groups should be `above` the first rule of the bottom group. You do it this way because rules will naturally be added at the tail end of the ruleset, so they will always be `after` the first group, but what you want is for them to be `before` the last group's rules.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_bgp_import_rule_group" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  rule {
    name = "first"
    match_as_path_regex = "*foo*"
    match_address_prefix {
      prefix = "192.168.1.0/24"
    }
    match_address_prefix {
```



```

        prefix = "192.168.2.0/24"
        exact = true
    }
    match_route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
    local_preference = "42"
    med = "43"
    weight = 44
    origin = "incomplete"
}
rule {
    name = "second"
    match_as_path_regex = "*bar*"
    action = "deny"
    match_route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
}
}

data "panos_system_info" "x" {}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.vr.name}"
    router_id = "1.2.3.4"
    as_number = 443
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "vr" {
    name = "my vr"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to put the rule into.
- **position\_keyword** - (Optional) A positioning keyword for this group. This can be `before`, `directly before`, `after`, `directly after`, `top`, `bottom`, or `left empty` (the default) to have no particular placement. This param works in combination with the **position\_reference** param.
- **position\_reference** - (Optional) Required if **position\_keyword** is one of the "above" or "below" variants, this is the name of a non-group rule to use as a reference to place this group.
- **rule** - The import rule definition (see below). The import rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each **rule** section:

- **name** - (Required) The security rule name.
- **enable** - (Optional, bool) Enable this import rule (default: **true**)
- **used\_by** - (Optional) List of auth profiles.
- **match\_as\_path\_regex** - (Optional) AS path to match.
- **match\_community\_regex** - (Optional) Community to match.
- **match\_extended\_community\_regex** - (Optional) Extended community to match.
- **match\_med** - (Optional) Match MED.
- **match\_route\_table** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are **unicast**, **multicast**, or **both**. As of PAN-OS 8.1, there doesn't seem to be a way to configure this in the GUI, it is always set to **unicast**. Thus, if you're running this resource against PAN-OS 8.0+, the appropriate thing to do is set this value to **unicast** as well to match the GUI functionality.
- **match\_address\_prefix** - (Optional, repeatable) Matching address prefix definition (see below). below for the params for this section.
- **match\_next\_hops** - (Optional) List of next hop attributes.
- **match\_from\_peers** - (Optional) List of peers that advertised the route entry.
- **action** - (Optional) Rule action. Valid values are **allow** (default) or **deny**.
- **dampening** - (Optional) Route flap dampening profile.
- **local\_preference** - (Optional) New local preference value.
- **med** - (Optional) New MED value.
- **weight** - (Optional, int) New weight value.
- **next\_hop** - (Optional) Next hop address.
- **origin** - (Optional) New route origin. Valid values are **igp**, **egp**, or **incomplete**.
- **as\_path\_limit** - (Optional, int) Add AS path limit attribute if it does not exist.
- **as\_path\_type** - (Optional) AS path update options. Valid values are **none** or **remove**.
- **community\_type** - (Optional) Community update options. Valid values are **none**, **remove-all**, **remove-regex**, **append**, or **overwrite**.
- **community\_value** - (Optional) If **community\_type** is **remove-regex**, **append**, or **overwrite**, the value associated with that setting. For the **append** and **overwrite** types specifically, valid values for **community\_value** are **no-export**, **no-advertise**, **local-as**, or **nopeer**.
- **extended\_community\_type** - (Optional) Extended community update options. Valid values are **none**, **remove-all**, **remove-regex**, **append**, or **overwrite**.
- **extended\_community\_value** - (Optional) If **extended\_community\_type** is **remove-regex**, **append**, or **overwrite**, the value associated with that setting.

Each **match\_address\_prefix** section offers the following params:

- **prefix** - (Required) Address prefix.

- exact - (Optional, bool) Match exact prefix length.

## » panos\_\_bgp\_\_peer

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a BGP peer.

### » Import Name

<virtual\_router>:<bgp\_peer\_group>:<name>

### » Example Usage

```
data "panos_system_info" "x" {}

// Peer definition that will work starting from PAN-OS 6.1.
resource "panos_bgp_peer" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  bgp_peer_group = "${panos_bgp_peer_group.pg.name}"
  name = "peer1"
  peer_as = "${panos_bgp.conf.as_number}"
  local_address_interface = "${panos_ethernet_interface.e.name}"
  local_address_ip = "${panos_ethernet_interface.e.static_ips.0}"
  peer_address_ip = "5.6.7.8"
  max_prefixes = "unlimited"
  bfd_profile = "${
    data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 7 ?
    data.panos_system_info.x.version_minor >= 1 ? "None" : ""
  }"
  address_family_type = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "ipv4" : ""}"
  reflector_client = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "non-client" : ""}"
  min_route_advertisement_interval = "${
    data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ?
    data.panos_system_info.x.version_minor >= 1 ? 30 : 0
  }"
}

resource "panos_bgp_peer_group" "pg" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "myName"
  type = "ibgp"
```

```

}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
    router_id = "5.5.5.5"
    as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "rtr" {
    name = "my virtual router"
    interfaces = ["${panos_ethernet_interface.e.name}"]
}

resource "panos_ethernet_interface" "e" {
    name = "ethernet1/5"
    mode = "layer3"
    vsys = "vsys1"
    static_ips = ["192.168.1.1/24"]
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP peer to.
- **bgp\_peer\_group** - (Required) The BGP peer group to put this peer into.
- **name** - (Required) The name.
- **enable** - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: **true**).
- **peer\_as** - (Optional) Peer AS number.
- **local\_address\_interface** - (Required) Interface to accept BGP session.
- **local\_address\_ip** - (Optional) Specify exact IP address if interface has multiple addresses.
- **peer\_address\_ip** - (Required) Peer IP address configuration.
- **reflector\_client** - (Optional) This peer is reflector client. Valid values are **non-client**, **client**, or **meshed-client**.
- **peering\_type** - (Optional) Peering type that affects NOPEER community value handling. Valid values are **unspecified** (default) or **bilateral**.
- **max\_prefixes** - (Optional) Maximum of prefixes to receive from the peer. This can be a number such as "5000" (default) or **unlimited**.
- **auth\_profile** - (Optional) Auth profile.
- **keep\_alive\_interval** - (Optional, int) Keep alive interval, in seconds (default: 30).
- **multi\_hop** - (Optional, int) IP TTL value used for sending BGP packet.
- **open\_delay\_time** - (Optional, int) Open delay time, in seconds.

- `hold_time` - (Optional, int) Hold time, in seconds.
- `idle_hold_time` - (Optional, int) Idle hold time, in seconds.
- `allow_incoming_connections` - (Optional, bool) Allow incoming connections (default: `true`).
- `incoming_connections_remote_port` - (Optional, int) Restrict remote port for incoming BGP connections.
- `allow_outgoing_connections` - (Optional, bool) Allow outgoing connections (default: `true`).
- `outgoing_connections_local_port` - (Optional, int) Use specific local port for outgoing BGP connections.
- `bfd_profile` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.1+) BFD profile. This can be a specific BFD profile name, `None` (disables BFD), or `Inherit-vr-global-setting`.
- `enable_mp_bgp` - (Optional, bool, PAN-OS 8.0+) Enable MP BGP.
- `address_family_type` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Set the AFI for this peer. Valid values are `ipv4` or `ipv6`.
- `subsequent_address_family_unicast` - (Optional, bool, PAN-OS 8.0+) Enable unicast subsequent address family for this peer.
- `subsequent_address_family_multicast` - (Optional, bool, PAN-OS 8.0+) Enable multicast subsequent address family for this peer.
- `enable_sender_side_loop_detection` - (Optional, bool, PAN-OS 8.0+) Enable sender side loop detection.
- `min_route_advertisement_interval` - (Optional, int, PAN-OS 8.1+) Minimum route advertisement interval, in seconds.

## » panos\_bgp\_peer\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a BGP peer group.

### » Import Name

```
<virtual_router>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_bgp_peer_group" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
  name = "myName"
}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
}
```

```

        router_id = "5.5.5.5"
        as_number = "42"
    }

    resource "panos_virtual_router" "rtr" {
        name = "my virtual router"
    }

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP peer group to.
- **name** - (Required) The name.
- **enable** - (Optional, bool) Enable or not (default: **true**).
- **aggregated\_confed\_as\_path** - (Optional, bool) The peers understand aggregated confederation AS path (default: **true**).
- **soft\_reset\_with\_stored\_info** - (Optional, bool) Soft reset with stored info.
- **type** - (Optional) Peer group type. Valid options are **ebgp** (default), **ebgp-confed**, **ibgp**, or **ibgp-confed**.
- **export\_next\_hop** - (Optional) Export next hop. Valid values are **original**, **use-self**, or **resolve**.
- **import\_next\_hop** - (Optional) Import next hop. Valid values are **original**, **use-peer**, or the empty string.
- **remove\_private\_as** - (Optional, bool) Remove private AS when exporting route. Only available for **type=ebgp**.

## » panos\_\_bgp\_\_redist\_\_rule

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a BGP redistribution rule.

### » Import Name

```
<virtual_router>:<name>
```

### » Example Usage

```

resource "panos_bgp_redist_rule" "example" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_bgp.conf.virtual_router}"
    route_table = "${data.panos_system_info.x.version_major >= 8 ? "unicast" : ""}"
}

```

```

        name = "192.168.1.0/24"
        set_med = "42"
    }

data "panos_system_info" "x" {}

resource "panos_bgp" "conf" {
    virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.rtr.name}"
    router_id = "5.5.5.5"
    as_number = "42"
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "rtr" {
    name = "my virtual router"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add this BGP redistribution rule to.
- **name** - (Required) A subnet or a redistribution profile.
- **enable** - (Optional, bool) Enable this rule or not (default: **true**).
- **address\_family** - (Optional) The address family. Valid values are **ipv4** (default) or **ipv6**.
- **route\_table** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Route table to match rule. Valid values are **unicast**, **multicast**, or **both**. As of PAN-OS 8.1, there doesn't seem to be a way to configure this in the GUI, it is always set to **unicast**. Thus, if you're running this resource against PAN-OS 8.0+, the appropriate thing to do is set this value to **unicast** as well to match the GUI functionality.
- **metric** - (Optional, int) Metric value.
- **set\_origin** - (Optional) Add the origin path attribute. Valid values are **incomplete** (default), **igp**, or **egp**.
- **set\_med** - (Optional) Add the MULTI\_EXIT\_DISC path attribute.
- **set\_local\_preference** - (Optional) Add the LOCAL\_PREF path attribute.
- **set\_as\_path\_limit** - (Optional, int) Add the AS\_PATHLIMIT path attribute.
- **set\_communities** - (Optional) List of COMMUNITY path attributes to add.
- **set\_extended\_communities** - (Optional) List of EXTENDED COMMUNITY path attributes to add.

## » panos\_\_dag\_\_tags

This resource allows you to add and remove dynamic address group tags.

The `ip` field should be unique in the `panos_dag_tags` block, and there should only be one `panos_dag_tags` block defined in a given plan.

**Note** - Tags are only removed during `terraform destroy`. Updating an applied terraform plan to have alternative tags will leave behind the old tags from the previously published plan(s).

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_dag_tags" "example" {
  vsys = "vsys1"
  register {
    ip = "10.1.1.1"
    tags = ["tag1", "tag2"]
  }
  register {
    ip = "10.1.1.2"
    tags = ["tag3"]
  }
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `vsys` - (Optional) The vsys to put the DAG tags in (default: `vsys1`).
- `register` - (Required) A set that includes `ip`, the IP address to be tagged and `tags`, a list of tags to associate with the given IP.

## » panos\_\_edl

This resource allows you to add/update/delete external dynamic lists (EDL).

## » Setting repeat\_at

The acceptable PAN-OS values for the `repeat_at` field is a combination of the version of PAN-OS that you're running against and the setting of the `repeat` parameter.



The following shorthand is used:

- N/A - **repeat\_at** should not be set
- **minute** - A two character minute string (e.g. - 07 or 59)
- **24hr hour** - A two character hour string in 24hr notation (e.g. - 09 or 15)
- **24hr time** - A five character hour/minute string in 24hr notation (e.g. - 09:00 or 23:59)

Here are the valid settings for **repeat\_at** given your desired **repeat** value and the version of PAN-OS you're running against:

- PAN-OS 6.1 - 7.0
  - **hourly** - minute
  - **daily, weekly, monthly** - 24hr time
- PAN-OS 7.1+
  - **every five minutes, hourly** - N/A
  - **daily, weekly, monthly** - 24hr hour

## » Import Name

<vsys>:<name>

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_edl" "example" {
  name = "example"
  type = "ip"
  description = "my edl"
  source = "https://example.com"
  repeat = "every five minutes"
  exceptions = ["10.1.1.1", "10.1.1.2"]
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The object's name
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys to put the object into (default: **vsys1**)
- **type** - (Optional) The type of EDL. This can be **ip** (the default; and the only valid value for PAN-OS 6.1 - 7.0), **domain**, **url**, or **predefined** (PAN-OS 8.0+)
- **description** - (Optional) The object's description.
- **source** - (Optional) The EDL source URL

- `certificate_profile` - (Optional) Profile for authenticating client certificates
- `username` - (Optional) EDL username
- `password` - (Optional) EDL password
- `repeat` - (Optional) How often to retrieve the EDL. This can be `hourly` (the default), `daily`, `weekly`, `monthly`, or `every five minutes` (valid for PAN-OS 7.1+)
- `repeat_at` - (Optional) The time at which to retrieve the EDL. Please refer to the section above for how to set this value properly.
- `repeat_day_of_week` - (Optional) If `repeat` is `weekly`, then this should be set to the desired day of the week. Valid values are `sunday`, `monday`, `tuesday`, `wednesday`, `thursday`, `friday`, `saturday`, and `sunday`
- `repeat_day_of_month` - (Optional, int) If `repeat` is `monthly`, then this should be set to the desired day of the month.
- `exceptions` - (Optional, list) Provide a list of exception entries.

## » `panos_ethernet_interface`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete ethernet interfaces.

### » Import Name

`<vsys>:<name>`

### » Example Usage

```
# Configure a bare-bones ethernet interface.
resource "panos_ethernet_interface" "example1" {
  name = "ethernet1/3"
  vsys = "vsys1"
  mode = "layer3"
  static_ips = ["10.1.1.1/24"]
  comment = "Configured for internal traffic"
}

# Configure a DHCP ethernet interface for vsys1 to use.
resource "panos_ethernet_interface" "example2" {
  name = "ethernet1/4"
  vsys = "vsys1"
  mode = "layer3"
  enable_dhcp = true
  create_dhcp_default_route = true
}
```

```

    dhcp_default_route_metric = 10
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The ethernet interface's name. This should be something like **ethernet1/X**.
- **vsys** - (Required) The vsys that will use this interface. This should be something like **vsys1** or **vsys3**.
- **mode** - (Required) The interface mode. This can be any of the following values: **layer3**, **layer2**, **virtual-wire**, **tap**, **ha**, **decrypt-mirror**, or **aggregate-group**.
- **static\_ips** - (Optional) List of static IPv4 addresses to set for this data interface.
- **enable\_dhcp** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable DHCP on this interface.
- **create\_dhcp\_default\_route** - (Optional) Set to **true** to create a DHCP default route.
- **dhcp\_default\_route\_metric** - (Optional) The metric for the DHCP default route.
- **ipv6\_enabled** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable IPv6.
- **management\_profile** - (Optional) The management profile.
- **mtu** - (Optional) The MTU.
- **adjust\_tcp\_mss** - (Optional) Adjust TCP MSS (default: false).
- **netflow\_profile** - (Optional) The netflow profile.
- **lldp\_enabled** - (Optional) Enable LLDP (default: false).
- **lldp\_profile** - (Optional) LLDP profile.
- **link\_speed** - (Optional) Link speed. This can be any of the following: 10, 100, 1000, or **auto**.
- **link\_duplex** - (Optional) Link duplex setting. This can be **full**, **half**, or **auto**.
- **link\_state** - (Optional) The link state. This can be **up**, **down**, or **auto**.
- **aggregate\_group** - (Optional) The aggregate group (applicable for physical firewalls only).
- **comment** - (Optional) The interface comment.
- **ipv4\_mss\_adjust** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv4 MSS adjust value.
- **ipv6\_mss\_adjust** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv6 MSS adjust value.

## » panos\_\_general\_\_settings

This resource allows you to update the general device settings, such as DNS or the hostname.

All params are optional for this resource. If any options are not specified, then whatever is already configured on the firewall is left as-is. The general device settings will always exist on the firewall, so **terraform destroy** does not remove config from the firewall.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_general_settings" "example" {
  hostname = "ngfw220"
  dns_primary = "10.5.1.10"
  ntp_primary = "10.5.1.10"
  ntp_primary_auth_type = "none"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **hostname** - Firewall hostname.
- **timezone** - The timezone (e.g. - US/Pacific).
- **domain** - The domain.
- **update\_server** - The update server (Default: `updates.paloaltonetworks.com`).
- **verify\_update\_server** - Verify update server identity (Default: `true`).
- **proxy\_server** - (1.5+) Specify a proxy server.
- **proxy\_port** - (int, 1.5+) Proxy's port number.
- **proxy\_username** - (1.5+) Proxy's username.
- **proxy\_password** - (1.5+) Proxy's password.
- **dns\_primary** - Primary DNS server.
- **dns\_secondary** - Secondary DNS server.
- **ntp\_primary\_address** - Primary NTP server.
- **ntp\_primary\_auth\_type** - Primary NTP auth type. This can be `none`, `autokey`, or `symmetric-key`.
- **ntp\_primary\_key\_id** - Primary NTP `symmetric-key` key ID.
- **ntp\_primary\_algorithm** - Primary NTP `symmetric-key` algorithm. This can be `sha1` or `md5`.
- **ntp\_primary\_auth\_key** - Primary NTP `symmetric-key` auth key. This is the SHA1 hash if the algorithm is `sha1`, or the md5sum if the algorithm is `md5`.
- **ntp\_secondary\_address** - Secondary NTP server.
- **ntp\_secondary\_auth\_type** - Secondary NTP auth type. This can be `none`, `autokey`, or `symmetric-key`.
- **ntp\_secondary\_key\_id** - Secondary NTP `symmetric-key` key ID.
- **ntp\_secondary\_algorithm** - Secondary NTP `symmetric-key` algorithm. This can be `sha1` or `md5`.

- `ntp_secondary_auth_key` - Secondary NTP `symmetric-key` auth key. This is the SHA1 hash if the algorithm is `sha1`, or the md5sum if the algorithm is `md5`.

## » `panos_ike_crypto_profile`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete IKE crypto profiles.

### » Import Name

`<name>`

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_ike_crypto_profile" "example" {
  name = "example"
  dh_groups = ["group1", "group2"]
  authentications = ["md5", "sha1"]
  encryptions = ["des"]
  lifetime_value = 8
  authentication_multiple = 3
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The object's name
- `dh_groups` - (Required, list) List of DH Group entries. Values should have a prefix if `group`.
- `authentications` - (Required, list) List of authentication types. This c
- `encryptions` - (Required, list) List of encryption types. Valid values are `des`, `3des`, `aes-128-cbc`, `aes-192-cbc`, and `aes-256-cbc`.
- `lifetime_type` - (Optional) The lifetime type. Valid values are `seconds`, `minutes`, `hours` (the default), and `days`.
- `lifetime_value` - (Optional, int) The lifetime value.
- `authentication_multiple` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, int) IKEv2 SA reauthentication interval equals `authentication-multiple * rekey-lifetime`; 0 means reauthentication is disabled.

## » panos\_ike\_gateway

This resource allows you to add/update/delete IKE gateways.

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_ike_gateway" "example" {
  name = "example"
  peer_ip_type = "dynamic"
  interface = "loopback.42"
  pre_shared_key = "secret"
  local_id_type = "ipaddr"
  local_id_value = "10.1.1.1"
  peer_id_type = "ipaddr"
  peer_id_value = "10.5.1.1"
  ikev1_crypto_profile = "myIkeProfile"
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The object's name
- **version** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+) The IKE gateway version. Valid values are `ikev1`, (the default), `ikev2`, or `ikev2-preferred`. For PAN-OS 6.1, only `ikev1` is acceptable.
- **enable\_ipv6** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Enable IPv6 or not.
- **disabled** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to `true` to disable.
- **peer\_ip\_type** - (Optional) The peer IP type. Valid values are `ip`, `dynamic`, and `fqdn` (PANOS 8.1+).
- **peer\_ip\_value** - (Optional) The peer IP value.
- **interface** - (Required) The interface.
- **local\_ip\_address\_type** - (Optional) The local IP address type. Valid values for this are `ip`, or an empty string (the default) which is `None`.
- **local\_ip\_address\_value** - (Optional) The IP address if `local_ip_address_type` is set to `ip`.
- **auth\_type** - (Optional) The auth type. Valid values are `pre-shared-key` (the default), or `certificate`.
- **pre\_shared\_key** - (Optional) The pre-shared key value.
- **local\_id\_type** - (Optional) The local ID type. Valid values are `ipaddr`, `fqdn`, `ufqdn`, `keyid`, or `dn`.
- **local\_id\_value** - (Optional) The local ID value.
- **peer\_id\_type** - (Optional) The peer ID type. Valid values are `ipaddr`, `fqdn`, `ufqdn`, `keyid`, or `dn`.

- `peer_id_value` - (Optional) The peer ID value.
- `peer_id_check` - (Optional) Enable peer ID wildcard match for certificate authentication. Valid values are `exact` or `wildcard`.
- `local_cert` - (Optional) The local certificate name.
- `cert_enable_hash_and_url` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to `true` to use hash-and-url for local certificate.
- `cert_base_url` - (Optional) The host and directory part of URL for local certificates.
- `cert_use_management_as_source` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to `true` to use management interface IP as source to retrieve http certificates
- `cert_permit_payload_mismatch` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to permit peer identification and certificate payload identification mismatch.
- `cert_profile` - (Optional) Profile for certificate validation during IKE negotiation.
- `cert_enable_strict_validation` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable strict validation of peer's extended key use.
- `enable_passive_mode` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable passive mode (responder only).
- `enable_nat_traversal` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable NAT traversal.
- `nat_traversal_keep_alive` - (Optional, int) Sending interval for NAT keep-alive packets (in seconds)
- `nat_traversal_enable_udp_checksum` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable NAT traversal UDP checksum.
- `enable_fragmentation` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable fragmentation.
- `ikev1_exchange_mode` - (Optional) The IKEv1 exchange mode.
- `ikev1_crypto_profile` - (Optional) IKEv1 crypto profile.
- `enable_dead_peer_detection` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable dead peer detection.
- `dead_peer_detection_interval` - (Optional, int) The dead peer detection interval.
- `dead_peer_detection_retry` - (Optional, int) Number of retries before disconnection.
- `ikev2_crypto_profile` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+) IKEv2 crypto profile.
- `ikev2_cookie_validation` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+) Set to `true` to require cookie.
- `enable_liveness_check` - (Optional, , PAN-OS 7.0+bool) Set to `true` to enable sending empty information liveness check message.
- `liveness_check_interval` - (Optional, , PAN-OS 7.0+int) Delay interval before sending probing packets (in seconds).

## » panos\_ipsec\_crypto\_profile

This resource allows you to add/update/delete IPSec crypto profiles.

### » Import Name

<name>

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_ipsec_crypto_profile" "example" {
  name = "example"
  authentications = ["md5", "sha384"]
  encryptions = ["des", "aes-128-cbc"]
  dh_group = "group14"
  lifetime_type = "hours"
  lifetime_value = 4
  lifesize_type = "mb"
  lifesize_value = 1
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The object's name
- **protocol** - (Optional) The protocol. Valid values are **esp** (the default) or **ah**
- **authentications** - (Required, list) - List of authentication types.
- **encryptions** - (Required, list) - List of encryption types. Valid values are **des**, **3des**, **aes-128-cbc**, **aes-192-cbc**, **aes-256-cbc**, **aes-128-gcm**, **aes-256-gcm**, and **null**. Note that the "gcm" values are only available in PAN-OS 7.0+.
- **dh\_group** - (Optional) The DH group value. Valid values should start with the string **group**.
- **lifetime\_type** - (Optional) The lifetime type. Valid values are **seconds**, **minutes**, **hours** (the default), or **days**.
- **lifetime\_value** - (Optional, int) The lifetime value.
- **lifesize\_type** - (Optional) The lifesize type. Valid values are **kb**, **mb**, **gb**, or **tb**.
- **lifesize\_value** - (Optional, int) the lifesize value.



## » panos\_ipsec\_tunnel

This resource allows you to add/update/delete IPSec tunnels.

A large number of params have prefixes:

- **ak** - Auto key
- **mk** - Manual key
- **gps** - GlobalProtect Satellite

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_ipsec_tunnel" "example" {
  name = "example"
  tunnel_interface = "tunnel.7"
  anti_replay = true
  ak_ike_gateway = "myIkeGateway"
  ak_ipsec_crypto_profile = "myIkeProfile"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The object's name
- **tunnel\_interface** - (Required) The tunnel interface.
- **anti\_replay** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to enable Anti-Replay check on this tunnel.
- **enable\_ipv6** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to **true** to enable IPv6.
- **copy\_tos** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to copy IP TOS bits from inner packet to IPSec packet (not recommended).
- **copy\_flow\_label** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to **true** to copy IPv6 flow label for 6in6 tunnel from inner packet to IPSec packet (not recommended).
- **disabled** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+, bool) Set to **true** to disable this IPSec tunnel.
- **type** - (Optional) The type. Valid values are **auto-key** (the default), **manual-key**, or **global-protect-satellite**.
- **ak\_ike\_gateway** - (Optional) IKE gateway name.
- **ak\_ipsec\_crypto\_profile** - (Optional) IPSec crypto profile name.
- **mk\_local\_spi** - (Optional) Outbound SPI, hex format.
- **mk\_remote\_spi** - (Optional) Inbound SPI, hex format.
- **mk\_local\_address\_ip** - (Optional) Specify exact IP address if interface has multiple addresses.

- `mk_local_address_floating_ip` - (Optional) Floating IP address in HA Active-Active configuration.
- `mk_protocol` - (Optional) Manual key protocol. Valid values are `esp` or `ah`.
- `mk_auth_type` - (Optional) Authentication algorithm. Valid values are `md5`, `sha1`, `sha256`, `sha384`, `sha512`, or `none`.
- `mk_auth_key` - (Optional) The auth key for the given auth type.
- `mk_esp_encryption_type` - (Optional) The encryption algorithm. Valid values are `des`, `3des`, `aes-128-cbc`, `aes-192-cbc`, `aes-256-cbc`, or `null`.
- `mk_esp_encryption_key` - (Optional) The encryption key.
- `gps_interface` - (Optional) Interface to communicate with portal.
- `gps_portal_address` - (Optional) GlobalProtect portal address.
- `gps_prefer_ipv6` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+, bool) Prefer to register the portal in IPv6. Only applicable to FQDN portal-address.
- `gps_interface_ip_ipv4` - (Optional) specify exact IP address if interface has multiple addresses (IPv4).
- `gps_interface_ip_ipv6` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) specify exact IP address if interface has multiple addresses (IPv6).
- `gps_interface_floating_ip_ipv4` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+) Floating IPv4 address in HA Active-Active configuration.
- `gps_interface_floating_ip_ipv6` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) Floating IPv6 address in HA Active-Active configuration.
- `gps_publish_connected_routes` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to to publish connected and static routes.
- `gps_publish_routes` - (Optional, list) Specify list of routes to publish to Global Protect Gateway.
- `gps_local_certificate` - (Optional) GlobalProtect satellite certificate file name.
- `gps_certificate_profile` - (Optional) Profile for authenticating GlobalProtect gateway certificates.
- `enable_tunnel_monitor` - (Optional, bool) Enable tunnel monitoring on this tunnel.
- `tunnel_monitor_destination_ip` - (Optional) Destination IP to send ICMP probe.
- `tunnel_monitor_source_ip` - (Optional) Source IP to send ICMP probe.
- `tunnel_monitor_profile` - (Optional) Tunnel monitor profile.
- `tunnel_monitor_proxy_id` - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.0+) Which proxy-id (or proxy-id-v6) the monitoring traffic will use.

## » `panos_ipsec_tunnel_proxy_id_ipv4`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete IPSec tunnel proxy IDs to a parent auto key IPSec tunnel.

## » Import Name

`<ipsec_tunnel>:<name>`

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_ipsec_tunnel_proxy_id_ipv4" "example" {
  ipsec_tunnel = "myIpsecTunnel"
  name = "example"
  local = "10.1.1.1"
  remote = "10.2.1.1"
  protocol_any = true
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The object's name
- `ipsec_tunnel` - (Required) The auto key IPsec tunnel to attach this proxy ID to.
- `local` - (Optional) IP subnet or IP address represents local network.
- `remote` - (Optional) IP subnet or IP address represents remote network.
- `protocol_any` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` for any IP protocol.
- `protocol_number` - (Optional, int) IP protocol number.
- `protocol_tcp_local` - (Optional, int) Local TCP port number.
- `protocol_tcp_remote` - (Optional, int) Remote TCP port number.
- `protocol_udp_local` - (Optional, int) Local UDP port number.
- `protocol_udp_remote` - (Optional, int) Remote UDP port number.

## » `panos__license__api__key`

This resource manages the licensing API key, which is necessary to delicense the PAN-OS firewall.

This resource's `retain_key` param is a Terraform side configuration only. In order for the firewall to delicense itself, the licensing API key must be present. This means that either the `panos_licensing` resource must use `depends_on` and depend on this resource, or you must set the `retain_key` param to `true`. As there is no harm in leaving the licensing API key on the PAN-OS firewall, it is recommended that `retain_key` be set to `true`.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_license_api_key" "example" {  
    key = "secret"  
    retain_key = true  
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **key** - (Required) The licensing API key.
- **retain\_key** - (Optional) Set to **true** to retain the licensing API key even after the deletion of this resource (recommended).

## » panos\_\_licensing

This resource manages the licenses installed on the PAN-OS firewall.

Installing the standard auth code for the standard PAN-OS license key for the firewall causes the firewall to reboot. Thus it is recommended that you use this resource in a separate step of your overall firewall provisioning, as using this resource will cause the firewall to be temporarily inaccessible.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_licensing" "example" {  
    auth_codes = ["code1", "code2"]  
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **auth\_codes** - (Required) The list of auth codes to install.
- **delicense** - (Optional, bool) Leave as **true** if you want to delicense the firewall when this resource is removed, otherwise set to **false** to prevent firewall delicensing. Delicensing requires that the licensing API key has been installed.
- **mode** - (Optional) For **delicense** of **true**, the type of delicensing to perform. Right now, only **auto** is supported (no manual delicensing).

## » Attribute Reference

The following attributes are available after read operations:

- **licenses** - List of licenses.

Licenses have the following attributes:

- **feature** - The feature name.
- **description** - License description.
- **serial** - The serial number.
- **issued** - When the license was issued.
- **expires** - When the license expires.
- **expired** - If the license has expired or not.
- **auth\_code** - Associated auth code (if applicable).

## » panos\_\_loopback\_\_interface

This resource allows you to add/update/delete loopback interfaces.

## » Import Name

<vsys>:<name>

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_loopback_interface" "example1" {  
    name = "loopback.2"  
    comment = "my loopback interface"  
    static_ips = ["10.1.1.1"]  
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The interface's name. This must start with `loopback..`
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys that will use this interface (default: `vsys1`).
- **comment** - (Optional) The interface comment.
- **netflow\_profile** - (Optional) The netflow profile.
- **static\_ips** - (Optional) List of static IPv4 addresses to set for this data interface.
- **management\_profile** - (Optional) The management profile.

- `mtu` - (Optional) The MTU.
- `adjust_tcp_mss` - (Optional, bool) Adjust TCP MSS (default: false).
- `ipv4_mss_adjust` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv4 MSS adjust value.
- `ipv6_mss_adjust` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv6 MSS adjust value.

## » `panos__management__profile`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete interface management profiles.

### » Import Name

`<name>`

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_management_profile" "example" {
  name = "allow ping"
  ping = true
  permitted_ips = ["10.1.1.0/24", "192.168.80.0/24"]
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The management profile's name.
- `ping` - (Optional) Allow ping.
- `telnet` - (Optional) Allow telnet.
- `ssh` - (Optional) Allow SSH.
- `http` - (Optional) Allow HTTP.
- `http_ocsp` - (Optional) Allow HTTP OCSP.
- `https` - (Optional) Allow HTTPS.
- `snmp` - (Optional) Allow SNMP.
- `response_pages` - (Optional) Allow response pages.
- `userid_service` - (Optional) Allow User ID service.
- `userid_syslog_listener_ssl` - (Optional) Allow User ID syslog listener for SSL.
- `userid_syslog_listener_udp` - (Optional) Allow User ID syslog listener for UDP.
- `permitted_ips` - (Optional) The list of permitted IP addresses or address ranges for this management profile.

## » panos\_nat\_rule

This resource allows you to add/update/delete NAT rules.

**Note:** This resource has been deprecated. Please use `panos_nat_rule_group` instead.

**Note:** `panos_nat_policy` is known as `panos_nat_rule`.

The prefix `sat` stands for "Source Address Translation" while the prefix `dat` stands for "Destination Address Translation". The order of the params in this resource and their naming matches how the params are presented in the GUI. Thus, having a GUI window open while creating your resource definition will simplify the process.

Note that while many of the params for this resource are optional in an absolute sense, depending on what type of NAT you wish to configure, certain params may become necessary to correctly configure the NAT rule.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_nat_rule" "example" {
  name = "my nat rule"
  source_zones = ["zone1"]
  destination_zone = "zone2"
  to_interface = "ethernet1/3"
  source_addresses = ["any"]
  destination_addresses = ["any"]
  sat_type = "none"
  dat_type = "static"
  dat_address = "my dat address object"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The NAT rule's name.
- `vsys` - (Optional) The vsys to put the NAT rule into (default: `vsys1`).
- `rulebase` - (Optional, Deprecated) The rulebase. For firewalls, there is only the `rulebase` value (default), but on Panorama, there is also `pre-rulebase` and `post-rulebase`.
- `description` - (Optional) The description.
- `type` - (Optional). NAT type. This can be `ipv4` (default), `nat64`, or `nptv6`.
- `source_zones` - (Required) The list of source zone(s).

- **destination\_zone** - (Required) The destination zone.
- **to\_interface** - (Optional) Egress interface from route lookup (default: **any**).
- **service** - (Optional) Service (default: **any**).
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source address(es).
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination address(es).
- **sat\_type** - (Optional) Type of source address translation. This can be **none** (default), **dynamic-ip-and-port**, **dynamic-ip**, or **static-ip**.
- **sat\_address\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation address type. This can be **interface-address** or **translated-address**.
- **sat\_translated\_addresses** - (Optional) Source address translation list of translated addresses.
- **sat\_interface** - (Optional) Source address translation interface.
- **sat\_ip\_address** - (Optional) Source address translation IP address.
- **sat\_fallback\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback type. This can be **none**, **interface-address**, or **translated-address**.
- **sat\_fallback\_translated\_addresses** - (Optional) Source address translation list of fallback translated addresses.
- **sat\_fallback\_interface** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback interface.
- **sat\_fallback\_ip\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback IP type. This can be **ip** or **floating**.
- **sat\_fallback\_ip\_address** - (Optional) The source address translation fallback IP address.
- **sat\_static\_translated\_address** - (Optional) The statically translated source address.
- **sat\_static\_bi\_directional** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable bi-directional source address translation.
- **dat\_type** - (Optional) Destination address translation type. This should be either **static** or **dynamic**. The **dynamic** option is only available on PAN-OS 8.1+.
- **dat\_address** - (Optional) Destination address translation's address. Requires **dat\_type** be set to "static" or "dynamic".
- **dat\_port** - (Optional) Destination address translation's port number. Requires **dat\_type** be set to "static" or "dynamic".
- **dat\_dynamic\_distribution** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.1+) Distribution algorithm for destination address pool. The PAN-OS 8.1 GUI doesn't seem to set this anywhere, but this is added here for completeness' sake. Requires **dat\_type** of "dynamic".
- **disabled** - (Optional) Set to **true** to disable this rule.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.



## » panos\_nat\_rule

This resource allows you to add/update/delete NAT rules.

**Note:** This resource has been deprecated. Please use `panos_nat_rule_group` instead.

**Note:** `panos_nat_policy` is known as `panos_nat_rule`.

The prefix `sat` stands for "Source Address Translation" while the prefix `dat` stands for "Destination Address Translation". The order of the params in this resource and their naming matches how the params are presented in the GUI. Thus, having a GUI window open while creating your resource definition will simplify the process.

Note that while many of the params for this resource are optional in an absolute sense, depending on what type of NAT you wish to configure, certain params may become necessary to correctly configure the NAT rule.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_nat_rule" "example" {
  name = "my nat rule"
  source_zones = ["zone1"]
  destination_zone = "zone2"
  to_interface = "ethernet1/3"
  source_addresses = ["any"]
  destination_addresses = ["any"]
  sat_type = "none"
  dat_type = "static"
  dat_address = "my dat address object"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The NAT rule's name.
- `vsys` - (Optional) The vsys to put the NAT rule into (default: `vsys1`).
- `rulebase` - (Optional, Deprecated) The rulebase. For firewalls, there is only the `rulebase` value (default), but on Panorama, there is also `pre-rulebase` and `post-rulebase`.
- `description` - (Optional) The description.
- `type` - (Optional). NAT type. This can be `ipv4` (default), `nat64`, or `nptv6`.
- `source_zones` - (Required) The list of source zone(s).

- **destination\_zone** - (Required) The destination zone.
- **to\_interface** - (Optional) Egress interface from route lookup (default: **any**).
- **service** - (Optional) Service (default: **any**).
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source address(es).
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination address(es).
- **sat\_type** - (Optional) Type of source address translation. This can be **none** (default), **dynamic-ip-and-port**, **dynamic-ip**, or **static-ip**.
- **sat\_address\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation address type. This can be **interface-address** or **translated-address**.
- **sat\_translated\_addresses** - (Optional) Source address translation list of translated addresses.
- **sat\_interface** - (Optional) Source address translation interface.
- **sat\_ip\_address** - (Optional) Source address translation IP address.
- **sat\_fallback\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback type. This can be **none**, **interface-address**, or **translated-address**.
- **sat\_fallback\_translated\_addresses** - (Optional) Source address translation list of fallback translated addresses.
- **sat\_fallback\_interface** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback interface.
- **sat\_fallback\_ip\_type** - (Optional) Source address translation fallback IP type. This can be **ip** or **floating**.
- **sat\_fallback\_ip\_address** - (Optional) The source address translation fallback IP address.
- **sat\_static\_translated\_address** - (Optional) The statically translated source address.
- **sat\_static\_bi\_directional** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable bi-directional source address translation.
- **dat\_type** - (Optional) Destination address translation type. This should be either **static** or **dynamic**. The **dynamic** option is only available on PAN-OS 8.1+.
- **dat\_address** - (Optional) Destination address translation's address. Requires **dat\_type** be set to "static" or "dynamic".
- **dat\_port** - (Optional) Destination address translation's port number. Requires **dat\_type** be set to "static" or "dynamic".
- **dat\_dynamic\_distribution** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.1+) Distribution algorithm for destination address pool. The PAN-OS 8.1 GUI doesn't seem to set this anywhere, but this is added here for completeness' sake. Requires **dat\_type** of "dynamic".
- **disabled** - (Optional) Set to **true** to disable this rule.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.

## » panos\_nat\_rule\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a group of NAT rules.

This resource manages clusters of NAT rules in a single vsys, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a `rule` config block.

Although you cannot modify non-group NAT rules with this resource, the `position_keyword` and `position_reference` parameters allow you to reference some other NAT rule that already exists, using it as a means to ensure some rough placement within the ruleset as a whole.

## » Best Practices

As is to be expected, if you are separating your deployment across multiple plan files, make sure that at most only one plan specifies any given absolute positioning keyword such as "top" or "directly below", otherwise they'll keep shoving each other out of the way indefinitely.

Best practices are to specify one group as `top` (if you need it), one group as `bottom` (if needed), then all other groups should be `above` the first rule of the bottom group. You do it this way because rules will naturally be added at the tail end of the rulebase, so they will always be `after` the first group, but what you want is for them to be `before` the last group's rules.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_nat_rule_group" "bot" {
  rule {
    name = "second"
    original_packet {
      source_zones = ["${panos_zone.z2.name}"]
      destination_zone = "${panos_zone.z3.name}"
      destination_interface = "${panos_ethernet_interface.x.name}"
      source_addresses = ["any"]
      destination_addresses = ["any"]
    }
  }
  translated_packet {
    source {}
    destination {
      static {
        address = "10.2.3.1"
        port = 5678
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```

    }
  }
}
rule {
  name = "third"
  original_packet {
    source_zones = ["${panos_zone.z3.name}"]
    destination_zone = "${panos_zone.z2.name}"
    destination_interface = "${panos_ethernet_interface.x.name}"
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
  }
  translated_packet {
    source {
      static_ip {
        translated_address = "192.168.1.5"
        bi_directional = true
      }
    }
    destination {}
  }
}
}

resource "panos_nat_rule_group" "top" {
  position_keyword = "directly before"
  position_reference = "${panos_nat_rule_group.bot.rule.0.name}"
  rule {
    name = "first"
    original_packet {
      source_zones = ["${panos_zone.z1.name}"]
      destination_zone = "${panos_zone.z1.name}"
      destination_interface = "${panos_ethernet_interface.x.name}"
      source_addresses = ["any"]
      destination_addresses = ["any"]
    }
    translated_packet {
      source {
        dynamic_ip_and_port {
          interface_address {
            interface = "${panos_ethernet_interface.x.name}"
            ip_address = "${panos_ethernet_interface.x.static_ips.0}"
          }
        }
      }
      destination {

```

```

        static {
            address = "10.1.1.1"
            port = 1234
        }
    }
}

resource "panos_ethernet_interface" "x" {
    name = "ethernet1/6"
    mode = "layer3"
    vsys = "vsys1"
    static_ips = ["10.5.5.1/24"]
}

resource "panos_zone" "z1" {
    name = "z1"
    mode = "layer3"
}

resource "panos_zone" "z2" {
    name = "z2"
    mode = "layer3"
}

resource "panos_zone" "z3" {
    name = "z3"
    mode = "layer3"
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys to put the NAT rule group into (default: vsys1).
- **position\_keyword** - (Optional) A positioning keyword for this group. This can be `before`, `directly before`, `after`, `directly after`, `top`, `bottom`, or `left empty` (the default) to have no particular placement. This param works in combination with the **position\_reference** param.
- **position\_reference** - (Optional) Required if **position\_keyword** is one of the "above" or "below" variants, this is the name of a non-group rule to use as a reference to place this group.
- **rule** - (Repeatable) The rule definition (see below). The rule ordering

will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

Each `rule` defined supports the following arguments:

- `name` - (Required) The NAT rule's name.
- `description` - (Optional) The description.
- `type` - (Optional). NAT type. This can be `ipv4` (default), `nat64`, or `nptv6`.
- `tags` - (Optional) List of administrative tags.
- `disabled` - (Optional) Set to `true` to disable this rule.
- `original_packet` - (Required) The original packet specification (see below).
- `translated_packet` - (Required) The translated packet spec (see below).

`original_packet` supports the following arguments:

- `source_zones` - (Required) The list of source zone(s).
- `destination_zone` - (Required) The destination zone.
- `destination_interface` - (Optional) Egress interface from route lookup (default: `any`).
- `service` - (Optional) Service (default: `any`).
- `source_addresses` - (Required) List of source address(es).
- `destination_addresses` - (Required) List of destination address(es).

`translated_packet` supports the following arguments:

- `source` - (Required) The source spec (see below). Leave this empty for a destination NAT of "none".
- `destination` - (Required) The destination spec (see below). Leave this empty for a destination NAT of "none".

`translated_packet.source` supports the following arguments:

- `dynamic_ip_and_port` - (Optional) Dynamic IP and port source translation spec (see below).
- `dynamic_ip` - (Optional) Dynamic IP source translation spec (see below).
- `static_ip` - (Optional) Static IP source translation spec (see below).

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip_and_port` supports the following arguments:

- `translated_address` - (Optional) Translated address source translation type spec (see below).
- `interface_address` - (Optional) Interface address source translation type spec (see below).

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip_and_port.translated_address` supports the following arguments:

- `translated_addresses` - (Required) List of translated addresses.

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip_and_port.interface_address` supports the following arguments:

- `interface` - (Required) The interface.
- `ip_address` - (Optional) The IP address.

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip` supports the following arguments:

- `translated_addresses` - (Optional) The list of translated addresses.
- `fallback` - (Optional) The fallback spec (see below). Leaving this empty or omitting it means a fallback of "None".

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip.fallback` supports the following arguments:

- `translated_address` - (Optional) The translated address fallback spec (see below).
- `interface_address` - (Optional) The interface address fallback spec (see below).

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip.fallback.translated_address` supports the following arguments:

- `translated_addresses` - (Optional) List of source address translation fallback translated addresses.

`translated_packet.source.dynamic_ip.fallback.interface_address` supports the following arguments:

- `interface` - (Required) Source address translation fallback interface.
- `type` - (Optional) Type of interface fallback. Valid values are `ip` (default) or `floating`.
- `ip_address` - (Optional) IP address of the fallback interface.

`translated_packet.source.static_ip` supports the following arguments:

- `translated_address` - (Required) The statically translated source address.
- `bi_directional` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to enable bi-directional source address translation.

`translated_packet.destination` supports the following arguments:

- `static` - (Optional) Specifies a static destination NAT (see below).
- `dynamic` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.1+) Specify a dynamic destination NAT (see below).

`translated_packet.destination.static` supports the following arguments:

- `address` - (Required) Destination address translation address.
- `port` - (Optional, int) Destination address translation port number.

`translated_packet.destination.dynamic` supports the following arguments:

- **address** - (Required) Destination address translation address.
- **port** - (Optional, int) Destination address translation port number.
- **distribution** - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.1+) Distribution algorithm for destination address pool. The PAN-OS 8.1 GUI doesn't seem to set this anywhere, but this is added here for completeness' sake. The GUI sets this to **round-robin** currently.

## » panos\_redistribution\_profile\_ipv4

This resource allows you to add/update/delete IPv4 redistribution profiles on a virtual router.

### » Import Name

<virtual\_router>:<name>

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_redistribution_profile_ipv4" "example" {
  name = "example"
  virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.vr.name}"
  priority = 1
  action = "redist"
  types = ["static"]
  interfaces = ["${panos_virtual_router.vr.interfaces}"]
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "vr" {
  name = "my virtual router"
  interfaces = ["ethernet1/2"]
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The redistribution profile's name.
- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add the redistribution profile to.
- **priority** - (Required, int) The priority, integer from 1 to 255.
- **action** - (Optional) The action. Valid values are **redist** (default) or **no-redist**.



- **types** - (Optional) The source types. Valid values are **bgp**, **connect**, **ospf**, **rip**, and **static**.
- **interfaces** - (Optional) Specify candidate routes.
- **destinations** - (Optional) Specify candidate routes' next-hop addresses (subnet match).
- **next\_hops** - (Optional) Specify candidate routes' next-hop addresses (subnet match).
- **ospf\_path\_types** - (Optional) OSPF path types. Valid values are **intra-area**, **inter-area**, **ext-1**, and **ext-2**.
- **ospf\_areas** - (Optional) OSPF areas.
- **ospf\_tags** - (Optional) OSPF tags.
- **bgp\_communities** - (Optional) BGP communities.
- **bgp\_extended\_communities** - (Optional) BGP extended communities.

## » panos\_\_security\_\_policy

This resource allows you to manage the full security posture.

**Note:** **panos\_security\_policies** is known as **panos\_security\_policy**.

This resource manages the full set of security rules in a vsys, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a **rule** config block.

For each security rule, there are three styles of profile settings:

- **None** (the default)
- **Group**
- **Profiles**

The Profile Setting is implicitly chosen based on what params are configured for the security rule. If you want a Profile Setting of **Group**, then the **group** param should be set to the desired Group Profile. If you want a Profile Setting of **Profiles**, then you will need to specify one or more of the following params:

- **virus**
- **spyware**
- **vulnerability**
- **url\_filtering**
- **file\_blocking**
- **wildfire\_analysis**
- **data\_filtering**

If the **group** param and none of the **Profiles** params are specified, then the Profile Setting is set to **None**.

## » Import Name

<vsys>

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_security_policy" "example" {
  rule {
    name = "allow bizdev to dmz"
    source_zones = ["bizdev"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["dmz"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
    applications = ["any"]
    services = ["application-default"]
    categories = ["any"]
    action = "allow"
  }
  rule {
    name = "deny sales to eng"
    source_zones = ["sales"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["eng"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
    applications = ["any"]
    services = ["application-default"]
    categories = ["any"]
    action = "deny"
  }
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys to put the security policy into (default: **vsys1**).
- **rulebase** - (Optional, Deprecated) The rulebase. For firewalls, there is only the **rulebase** value (default), but on Panorama, there is also **pre-rulebase** and **post-rulebase**.

- **rule** - A security rule definition (see below). The security rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each **rule** section:

- **name** - (Required) The security rule name.
- **type** - (Optional) Rule type. This can be **universal** (default), **interzone**, or **intrazone**.
- **description** - (Optional) The description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of tags for this security rule.
- **source\_zones** - (Required) List of source zones.
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source addresses.
- **negate\_source** - (Optional, bool) If the source should be negated.
- **source\_users** - (Required) List of source users.
- **hip\_profiles** - (Required) List of HIP profiles.
- **destination\_zones** - (Required) List of destination zones.
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination addresses.
- **negate\_destination** - (Optional, bool) If the destination should be negated.
- **applications** - (Required) List of applications.
- **services** - (Required) List of services.
- **categories** - (Required) List of categories.
- **action** - (Optional) Action for the matched traffic. This can be **allow** (default), **deny**, **drop**, **reset-client**, **reset-server**, or **reset-both**.
- **log\_setting** - (Optional) Log forwarding profile.
- **log\_start** - (Optional, bool) Log the start of the traffic flow.
- **log\_end** - (Optional, bool) Log the end of the traffic flow (default: **true**).
- **disabled** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to disable this rule.
- **schedule** - (Optional) The security policy schedule.
- **icmp\_unreachable** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable ICMP unreachable.
- **disable\_server\_response\_inspection** - (Optional) Set to **true** to disable server response inspection.
- **group** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Group** - The group profile name.
- **virus** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The antivirus setting.
- **spyware** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The anti-spyware setting.
- **vulnerability** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Vulnerability Protection setting.
- **url\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The URL filtering setting.
- **file\_blocking** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The file blocking setting.
- **wildfire\_analysis** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Wild-Fire Analysis setting.
- **data\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Data Filtering setting.

## » panos\_\_security\_\_policy

This resource allows you to manage the full security posture.

**Note:** `panos_security_policies` is known as `panos_security_policy`.

This resource manages the full set of security rules in a vsys, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a `rule` config block.

For each security rule, there are three styles of profile settings:

- **None** (the default)
- **Group**
- **Profiles**

The Profile Setting is implicitly chosen based on what params are configured for the security rule. If you want a Profile Setting of **Group**, then the `group` param should be set to the desired Group Profile. If you want a Profile Setting of **Profiles**, then you will need to specify one or more of the following params:

- `virus`
- `spyware`
- `vulnerability`
- `url_filtering`
- `file_blocking`
- `wildfire_analysis`
- `data_filtering`

If the `group` param and none of the **Profiles** params are specified, then the Profile Setting is set to **None**.

## » Import Name

<vsys>

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_security_policy" "example" {
  rule {
    name = "allow bizdev to dmz"
    source_zones = ["bizdev"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["dmz"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
  }
}
```

```

        applications = ["any"]
        services = ["application-default"]
        categories = ["any"]
        action = "allow"
    }
    rule {
        name = "deny sales to eng"
        source_zones = ["sales"]
        source_addresses = ["any"]
        source_users = ["any"]
        hip_profiles = ["any"]
        destination_zones = ["eng"]
        destination_addresses = ["any"]
        applications = ["any"]
        services = ["application-default"]
        categories = ["any"]
        action = "deny"
    }
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys to put the security policy into (default: **vsys1**).
- **rulebase** - (Optional, Deprecated) The rulebase. For firewalls, there is only the **rulebase** value (default), but on Panorama, there is also **pre-rulebase** and **post-rulebase**.
- **rule** - A security rule definition (see below). The security rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each **rule** section:

- **name** - (Required) The security rule name.
- **type** - (Optional) Rule type. This can be **universal** (default), **interzone**, or **intrazone**.
- **description** - (Optional) The description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of tags for this security rule.
- **source\_zones** - (Required) List of source zones.
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source addresses.
- **negate\_source** - (Optional, bool) If the source should be negated.
- **source\_users** - (Required) List of source users.
- **hip\_profiles** - (Required) List of HIP profiles.
- **destination\_zones** - (Required) List of destination zones.
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination addresses.

- `negate_destination` - (Optional, bool) If the destination should be negated.
- `applications` - (Required) List of applications.
- `services` - (Required) List of services.
- `categories` - (Required) List of categories.
- `action` - (Optional) Action for the matched traffic. This can be `allow` (default), `deny`, `drop`, `reset-client`, `reset-server`, or `reset-both`.
- `log_setting` - (Optional) Log forwarding profile.
- `log_start` - (Optional, bool) Log the start of the traffic flow.
- `log_end` - (Optional, bool) Log the end of the traffic flow (default: `true`).
- `disabled` - (Optional, bool) Set to `true` to disable this rule.
- `schedule` - (Optional) The security policy schedule.
- `icmp_unreachable` - (Optional) Set to `true` to enable ICMP unreachable.
- `disable_server_response_inspection` - (Optional) Set to `true` to disable server response inspection.
- `group` - (Optional) Profile Setting: `Group` - The group profile name.
- `virus` - (Optional) Profile Setting: `Profiles` - The antivirus setting.
- `spyware` - (Optional) Profile Setting: `Profiles` - The anti-spyware setting.
- `vulnerability` - (Optional) Profile Setting: `Profiles` - The Vulnerability Protection setting.
- `url_filtering` - (Optional) Profile Setting: `Profiles` - The URL filtering setting.
- `file_blocking` - (Optional) Profile Setting: `Profiles` - The file blocking setting.
- `wildfire_analysis` - (Optional) Profile Setting: `Profiles` - The Wild-Fire Analysis setting.
- `data_filtering` - (Optional) Profile Setting: `Profiles` - The Data Filtering setting.

## » `panos_security_rule_group`

This resource allows you to add/update/delete security rule groups.

**Note:** `panos_security_policy_group` is known as `panos_security_rule_group`.

This resource manages clusters of security rules in a single vsys, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a `rule` config block.

Because this resource only manages what it's told to, it will not manage any rules that may already exist on the firewall. This has implications on the effective security posture of your firewall, but it will allow you to spread your security rules across multiple Terraform state files. If you want to verify that the security rules are only what appears in the plan file, then you should probably be using

the `panos_security_policy` resource.

Although you cannot modify non-group security rules with this resource, the `position_keyword` and `position_reference` parameters allow you to reference some other security rule that already exists, using it as a means to ensure some rough placement within the ruleset as a whole.

For each security rule, there are three styles of profile settings:

- **None** (the default)
- **Group**
- **Profiles**

The Profile Setting is implicitly chosen based on what params are configured for the security rule. If you want a Profile Setting of **Group**, then the `group` param should be set to the desired Group Profile. If you want a Profile Setting of **Profiles**, then you will need to specify one or more of the following params:

- `virus`
- `spyware`
- `vulnerability`
- `url_filtering`
- `file_blocking`
- `wildfire_analysis`
- `data_filtering`

If the `group` param and none of the **Profiles** params are specified, then the Profile Setting is set to **None**.

## » Best Practices

As is to be expected, if you are separating your deployment across multiple plan files, make sure that at most only one plan specifies any given absolute positioning keyword such as "top" or "directly below", otherwise they'll keep shoving each other out of the way indefinitely.

Best practices are to specify one group as **top** (if you need it), one group as **bottom** (this is where you have your logging deny rule), then all other groups should be **above** the first rule of the bottom group. You do it this way because rules will naturally be added at the tail end of the rulebase, so they will always be **after** the first group, but what you want is for them to be **before** the last group's rules.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_security_rule_group" "example" {  
  position_keyword = "above"
```

```

position_reference = "deny everything else"
rule {
    name = "allow bizdev to dmz"
    source_zones = ["bizdev"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["dmz"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
    applications = ["any"]
    services = ["application-default"]
    categories = ["any"]
    action = "allow"
}
rule {
    name = "deny sales to eng"
    source_zones = ["sales"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["eng"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
    applications = ["any"]
    services = ["application-default"]
    categories = ["any"]
    action = "deny"
}
}

```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys to put the security rule into (default: **vsys1**).
- **position\_keyword** - (Optional) A positioning keyword for this group. This can be **before**, **directly before**, **after**, **directly after**, **top**, **bottom**, or **left empty** (the default) to have no particular placement. This param works in combination with the **position\_reference** param.
- **position\_reference** - (Optional) Required if **position\_keyword** is one of the "above" or "below" variants, this is the name of a non-group rule to use as a reference to place this group.
- **rule** - The security rule definition (see below). The security rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each **rule** section:



- **name** - (Required) The security rule name.
- **type** - (Optional) Rule type. This can be **universal** (default), **interzone**, or **intrazone**.
- **description** - (Optional) The description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of tags for this security rule.
- **source\_zones** - (Required) List of source zones.
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source addresses.
- **negate\_source** - (Optional, bool) If the source should be negated.
- **source\_users** - (Required) List of source users.
- **hip\_profiles** - (Required) List of HIP profiles.
- **destination\_zones** - (Required) List of destination zones.
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination addresses.
- **negate\_destination** - (Optional, bool) If the destination should be negated.
- **applications** - (Required) List of applications.
- **services** - (Required) List of services.
- **categories** - (Required) List of categories.
- **action** - (Optional) Action for the matched traffic. This can be **allow** (default), **deny**, **drop**, **reset-client**, **reset-server**, or **reset-both**.
- **log\_setting** - (Optional) Log forwarding profile.
- **log\_start** - (Optional, bool) Log the start of the traffic flow.
- **log\_end** - (Optional, bool) Log the end of the traffic flow (default: **true**).
- **disabled** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to disable this rule.
- **schedule** - (Optional) The security rule schedule.
- **icmp\_unreachable** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable ICMP unreachable.
- **disable\_server\_response\_inspection** - (Optional) Set to **true** to disable server response inspection.
- **group** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Group** - The group profile name.
- **virus** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The antivirus setting.
- **spyware** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The anti-spyware setting.
- **vulnerability** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Vulnerability Protection setting.
- **url\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The URL filtering setting.
- **file\_blocking** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The file blocking setting.
- **wildfire\_analysis** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Wild-Fire Analysis setting.
- **data\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Data Filtering setting.

## » panos\_security\_rule\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete security rule groups.

**Note:** `panos_security_policy_group` is known as `panos_security_rule_group`.

This resource manages clusters of security rules in a single vsys, enforcing both the contents of individual rules as well as their ordering. Rules are defined in a `rule` config block.

Because this resource only manages what it's told to, it will not manage any rules that may already exist on the firewall. This has implications on the effective security posture of your firewall, but it will allow you to spread your security rules across multiple Terraform state files. If you want to verify that the security rules are only what appears in the plan file, then you should probably be using the `panos_security_policy` resource.

Although you cannot modify non-group security rules with this resource, the `position_keyword` and `position_reference` parameters allow you to reference some other security rule that already exists, using it as a means to ensure some rough placement within the ruleset as a whole.

For each security rule, there are three styles of profile settings:

- **None** (the default)
- **Group**
- **Profiles**

The Profile Setting is implicitly chosen based on what params are configured for the security rule. If you want a Profile Setting of **Group**, then the `group` param should be set to the desired Group Profile. If you want a Profile Setting of **Profiles**, then you will need to specify one or more of the following params:

- `virus`
- `spyware`
- `vulnerability`
- `url_filtering`
- `file_blocking`
- `wildfire_analysis`
- `data_filtering`

If the `group` param and none of the **Profiles** params are specified, then the Profile Setting is set to **None**.

## » Best Practices

As is to be expected, if you are separating your deployment across multiple plan files, make sure that at most only one plan specifies any given absolute

positioning keyword such as "top" or "directly below", otherwise they'll keep shoving each other out of the way indefinitely.

Best practices are to specify one group as **top** (if you need it), one group as **bottom** (this is where you have your logging deny rule), then all other groups should be **above** the first rule of the bottom group. You do it this way because rules will naturally be added at the tail end of the rulebase, so they will always be **after** the first group, but what you want is for them to be **before** the last group's rules.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_security_rule_group" "example" {
  position_keyword = "above"
  position_reference = "deny everything else"
  rule {
    name = "allow bizdev to dmz"
    source_zones = ["bizdev"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["dmz"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
    applications = ["any"]
    services = ["application-default"]
    categories = ["any"]
    action = "allow"
  }
  rule {
    name = "deny sales to eng"
    source_zones = ["sales"]
    source_addresses = ["any"]
    source_users = ["any"]
    hip_profiles = ["any"]
    destination_zones = ["eng"]
    destination_addresses = ["any"]
    applications = ["any"]
    services = ["application-default"]
    categories = ["any"]
    action = "deny"
  }
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys to put the security rule into (default: **vsys1**).
- **position\_keyword** - (Optional) A positioning keyword for this group. This can be **before**, **directly before**, **after**, **directly after**, **top**, **bottom**, or left empty (the default) to have no particular placement. This param works in combination with the **position\_reference** param.
- **position\_reference** - (Optional) Required if **position\_keyword** is one of the "above" or "below" variants, this is the name of a non-group rule to use as a reference to place this group.
- **rule** - The security rule definition (see below). The security rule ordering will match how they appear in the terraform plan file.

The following arguments are valid for each **rule** section:

- **name** - (Required) The security rule name.
- **type** - (Optional) Rule type. This can be **universal** (default), **interzone**, or **intrazone**.
- **description** - (Optional) The description.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of tags for this security rule.
- **source\_zones** - (Required) List of source zones.
- **source\_addresses** - (Required) List of source addresses.
- **negate\_source** - (Optional, bool) If the source should be negated.
- **source\_users** - (Required) List of source users.
- **hip\_profiles** - (Required) List of HIP profiles.
- **destination\_zones** - (Required) List of destination zones.
- **destination\_addresses** - (Required) List of destination addresses.
- **negate\_destination** - (Optional, bool) If the destination should be negated.
- **applications** - (Required) List of applications.
- **services** - (Required) List of services.
- **categories** - (Required) List of categories.
- **action** - (Optional) Action for the matched traffic. This can be **allow** (default), **deny**, **drop**, **reset-client**, **reset-server**, or **reset-both**.
- **log\_setting** - (Optional) Log forwarding profile.
- **log\_start** - (Optional, bool) Log the start of the traffic flow.
- **log\_end** - (Optional, bool) Log the end of the traffic flow (default: **true**).
- **disabled** - (Optional, bool) Set to **true** to disable this rule.
- **schedule** - (Optional) The security rule schedule.
- **icmp\_unreachable** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable ICMP unreachable.
- **disable\_server\_response\_inspection** - (Optional) Set to **true** to disable server response inspection.
- **group** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Group** - The group profile name.
- **virus** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The antivirus setting.
- **spyware** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The anti-spyware set-

ting.

- **vulnerability** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Vulnerability Protection setting.
- **url\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The URL filtering setting.
- **file\_blocking** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The file blocking setting.
- **wildfire\_analysis** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Wild-Fire Analysis setting.
- **data\_filtering** - (Optional) Profile Setting: **Profiles** - The Data Filtering setting.

## » panos\_\_service\_\_group

This resource allows you to add/update/delete service groups.

### » Import Name

<vsys>:<name>

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_service_group" "example" {
  name = "static ntp grp"
  services = ["svc1", "svc2"]
}
```

### » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The service group's name.
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys to put the service group into (default: **vsys1**).
- **services** - (Required) List of services to put in this service group.
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.

## » panos\_\_service\_\_object

This resource allows you to add/update/delete service objects.

## » Import Name

<vsys>:<name>

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_service_object" "example" {
  name = "my_service"
  vsys = "vsys1"
  protocol = "tcp"
  description = "My service object"
  source_port = "2000-2049,2051-2099"
  destination_port = "32123"
  tags = ["internal", "dmz"]
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The service object's name.
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys to put the service object into (default: `vsys1`).
- **description** - (Optional) The service object's description.
- **protocol** - (Required) The service's protocol. This should be `tcp` or `udp`.
- **source\_port** - (Optional) The source port. This can be a single port number, range (1-65535), or comma separated (80,8080,443).
- **destination\_port** - (Required) The destination port. This can be a single port number, range (1-65535), or comma separated (80,8080,443).
- **tags** - (Optional) List of administrative tags.

## » panos\_\_static\_\_route\_\_ipv4

This resource allows you to add/update/delete IPv4 static routes on a virtual router.

## » Import Name

<virtual\_router>:<name>

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_static_route_ipv4" "example" {
  name = "localnet"
  virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.vr1.name}"
  destination = "10.1.7.0/32"
  next_hop = "10.1.7.4"
}

resource "panos_virtual_router" "vr1" {
  name = "my virtual router"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The static route's name.
- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router to add the static route to.
- **destination** - (Required) Destination IP address / prefix.
- **interface** - (Optional) Interface to use.
- **type** - (Optional) The next hop type. Valid values are **ip-address** (the default), **discard**, **next-vr**, or an empty string for **None**.
- **next\_hop** - (Optional) The value for the **type** setting.
- **admin\_distance** - (Optional) The admin distance.
- **metric** - (Optional, int) Metric value / path cost (default: 10).
- **route\_table** - (Optional) Target routing table to install the route. Valid values are **unicast** (the default), **no install**, **multicast**, or **both**.
- **bfd\_profile** - (Optional, PAN-OS 7.1+) BFD configuration.

## » panos\_\_telemetry

This resource allows you to add/update/delete telemetry sharing.

Join other Palo Alto Networks customers in a global sharing community, helping to raise the bar against the latest attack techniques. Your participation allows us to deliver new threat prevention controls across the attack lifecycle. Choose the type of data you share across applications, threat intelligence, and device health information to improve the fidelity of the protections we deliver. This is an opt-in feature controlled with granular policy, and we encourage you to join the community.

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_telemetry" "example" {
  threat_prevention_reports = true
  threat_prevention_data = true
  threat_prevention_packet_captures = true
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- `application_reports` - (Bool, optional) Application reports.
- `threat_prevention_reports` - (Bool, optional) Threat reports.
- `url_reports` - (Bool, optional) URL reports.
- `file_type_identification_reports` - (Bool, optional) File type identification reports.
- `threat_prevention_data` - (Bool, optional) Threat prevention data.
- `threat_prevention_packet_captures` - (Bool, optional) Enable sending packet- captures with threat prevention information. This requires that `threat_prevention_data` also be enabled.
- `product_usage_stats` - (Bool, optional) Health and performance reports.
- `passive_dns_monitoring` - (Bool, optional) Passive DNS monitoring.

## » panos\_\_tunnel\_\_interface

This resource allows you to add/update/delete tunnel interfaces.

## » Import Name

`<vsys>:<name>`

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_tunnel_interface" "example1" {
  name = "tunnel.5"
  static_ips = ["10.1.1.1/24"]
  comment = "Configured for internal traffic"
}
```



## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The interface's name. This must start with **tunnel..**
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys that will use this interface (default: **vsys1**).
- **comment** - (Optional) The interface comment.
- **netflow\_profile** - (Optional) The netflow profile.
- **static\_ips** - (Optional) List of static IPv4 addresses to set for this data interface.
- **management\_profile** - (Optional) The management profile.
- **mtu** - (Optional) The MTU.

## » panos\_virtual\_router

This resource allows you to add/update/delete virtual routers.

**Note** - The **default** virtual router may be configured with this resource, however it will not be deleted from the firewall. It will only be unexported from the vsys that it is currently imported in, and any interfaces imported into the virtual router will be removed.

This resource has some overlap with the **panos\_virtual\_router\_entry** resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your **panos\_virtual\_router** spec does not define the **interfaces** field.

## » Import Name

<vsys>:<name>

## » Example Usage

```
# Configure a bare-bones ethernet interface.
resource "panos_virtual_router" "example" {
  name = "my virtual router"
  static_dist = 15
  interfaces = ["ethernet1/1", "ethernet1/2"]
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The virtual router's name.
- **vsys** - (Required) The vsys that will use this virtual router. This should be something like **vsys1** or **vsys3**.
- **interfaces** - (Optional) List of interfaces that should use this virtual router.
- **static\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - Static (default: 10).
- **static\_ipv6\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - Static IPv6 (default: 10).
- **ospf\_int\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - OSPF Int (default: 30).
- **ospf\_ext\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - OSPF Ext (default: 110).
- **ospfv3\_int\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - OSPFv3 Int (default: 30).
- **ospfv3\_ext\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - OSPFv3 Ext (default: 110).
- **ibgp\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - IBGP (default: 200).
- **ebgp\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - EBGP (default: 20).
- **rip\_dist** - (Optional) Admin distance - RIP (default: 120).

## » panos\_virtual\_router\_entry

This resource allows you to add/update/delete an interface in a virtual router.

This resource has some overlap with the **panos\_virtual\_router** resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your **panos\_virtual\_router** spec does not define the **interfaces** field.

### » Import Name

```
<virtual_router>:<interface>
```

### » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_virtual_router" "vr" {
  name = "my vr"
}

resource "panos_virtual_router_entry" "example" {
  virtual_router = "${panos_virtual_router.vr.name}"
  interface = "ethernet1/5"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **virtual\_router** - (Required) The virtual router's name.
- **interface** - (Required) The interface to import into the virtual router.

## » panos\_vlan\_interface

This resource allows you to add/update/delete vlan interfaces.

## » Import Name

<vsys>:<name>

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_vlan_interface" "example" {
  name = "vlan.17"
  vsys = "vsys1"
  mode = "layer3"
  static_ips = ["10.1.1.1/24"]
  comment = "Configured for internal traffic"
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **name** - (Required) The interface's name. Must start with **vlan..**
- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys that will use this interface (default: **vsys1**).
- **comment** - (Optional) The interface comment.
- **netflow\_profile** - (Optional) The netflow profile.
- **static\_ips** - (Optional) List of static IPv4 addresses to set for this data interface.
- **enable\_dhcp** - (Optional) Set to **true** to enable DHCP on this interface.
- **create\_dhcp\_default\_route** - (Optional) Set to **true** to create a DHCP default route.
- **dhcp\_default\_route\_metric** - (Optional) The metric for the DHCP default route.
- **management\_profile** - (Optional) The management profile.
- **mtu** - (Optional) The MTU.

- `adjust_tcp_mss` - (Optional) Adjust TCP MSS (default: false).
- `ipv4_mss_adjust` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv4 MSS adjust value.
- `ipv6_mss_adjust` - (Optional, PAN-OS 8.0+) The IPv6 MSS adjust value.

## » **panos\_\_zone**

This resource allows you to add/update/delete zones.

This resource has some overlap with the `panos_zone_entry` resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your `panos_zone` spec does not define the `interfaces` field.

## » **Import Name**

`<vsys>:<name>`

## » **Example Usage**

```
resource "panos_zone" "example" {
  name = "myZone"
  mode = "layer3"
  interfaces = ["${panos_ethernet_interface.e1.name}", "${panos_ethernet_interface.e5.name}"]
  enable_user_id = true
  exclude_acls = ["192.168.0.0/16"]
}

resource "panos_ethernet_interface" "e1" {
  name = "ethernet1/1"
  mode = "layer3"
}

resource "panos_ethernet_interface" "e5" {
  name = "ethernet1/5"
  mode = "layer3"
}
```

## » **Argument Reference**

The following arguments are supported:

- `name` - (Required) The zone's name.
- `vsys` - (Optional) The vsys to put the zone into (default: `vsys1`).

- **mode** - (Required) The zone's mode. This can be `layer3`, `layer2`, `virtual-wire`, `tap`, or `tunnel`.
- **zone\_profile** - (Optional) The zone protection profile.
- **log\_setting** - (Optional) Log setting.
- **enable\_user\_id** - (Optional) Boolean to enable user identification.
- **interfaces** - (Optional) List of interfaces to associated with this zone.
- **include\_acls** - (Optional) Users from these addresses/subnets will be identified. This can be an address object, an address group, a single IP address, or an IP address subnet.
- **exclude\_acls** - (Optional) Users from these addresses/subnets will not be identified. This can be an address object, an address group, a single IP address, or an IP address subnet.

## » panos\_\_zone\_\_entry

This resource allows you to add/update/delete a specific interface in a zone.

This resource has some overlap with the `panos_zone` resource. If you want to use this resource with the other one, then make sure that your `panos_zone` spec does not define the `interfaces` field.

This is the appropriate resource to use if you have a pre-existing zone and don't want Terraform to delete it on `terraform destroy`.

## » Import Name

`<vsys>:<zone>:<mode>:<interface>`

## » Example Usage

```
resource "panos_ethernet_interface" "e5" {
  name = "ethernet1/5"
  mode = "layer3"
}

resource "panos_zone" "z" {
  name = "exZone"
  mode = "layer3"
}

resource "panos_zone_entry" "example" {
  zone = "${panos_zone.z.name}"
  mode = "${panos_zone.z.mode}"
}
```

```
    interface = "${panos_ethernet_interface.e5.name}"  
}
```

## » Argument Reference

The following arguments are supported:

- **vsys** - (Optional) The vsys (default: **vsys1**).
- **zone** - (Required) The zone's name.
- **mode** - (Optional) The mode. Can be **layer3** (default), **layer2**, **virtual-wire**, **tap**, or **external**.
- **interface** - (Required) The interface's name.