NINE

THE ULTIMATE JUDGE

Read James 5:1-11; other references as given.

In the previous lesson James warned his readers about foolishly assuming that God endorsed their presumptuous plans. He reminded them that their lives were only a vapor that vanishes away and they should seek God's will in all their decisions.

In James 5:1–11 the writer addresses two groups of people—wealthy landowners who were taking advantage of their workers, and their workers. James warned the landowners, who were cheating their workers out of their wages so they could live more luxuriously, that God was the workers' advocate. James' direct warning to the rich oppressors (James 5:1–6) provides an indirect encouragement to believers who often find themselves the victims of social domination. James also reminds the workers that God sees the injustice and will make things right.

Before you begin, please ask God to reveal Himself through His Word and to transform you into the image of His Son. May God bless your diligent study of His Word.

- 1. In the last chapter James had some strong words of rebuke for those who had allowed the pursuit of riches to detour them from a spiritual priority (James 4:13–17).
 - a. Give three characteristics of the group James addresses (James 5:1–6).



Many groups study
the Final Exam
the week after
the final lesson
for three reasons:
(1) someone might
come to Christ,
(2) believers
gain assurance
of salvation,
(3) group members
learn how to share
the gospel.

ADD GROUP INSIGHTS BELOW

Manuel				(V,)
NSIGHES		•	2,	(v)
			3.	
	t		Look carefully at the preceding passage 17) and James 5:1–6. Do you think Ja to address the same group (the wealthy James 4:13–17) or an entirely different gr	mes continues of merchants of
		wea wea neg	Scriptures do not condemn the possessalth. Several great men of faith possessed alth, but they did not allow their physical patively influence their relationship with eeph, Job).	d great material possessions to
		a.	If God does not condemn material weathis passage and other portions of God's (James 5:1–6; 1 Timothy 6:10)?	
		b.	What do you think are some indications doesn't have a biblical attitude toward n	
	3.	pro	ese wealthy landowners had gained offit from their business dealings. In	doing so, they

(James 5:2-6)?

The Ultimate Judge

1.		(V,)
2.		(V)
3.		(V)
4.		(V)
co ric the	biblical times wealth consisted of more mmodities as grain, corn, oil, and gar h landowners had accumulated an a ese material possessions. In the proce e landowners had failed to realize th cumulating some negative things as well	ments. Thesabundance coess, however
a.	If individuals gain financial wealth by unwhat are they accumulating or storing up their material possessions (James 5:1-4)	in addition to
b.	Perhaps these Jews believed God was endoubecause they were experiencing financial Although the Old Covenant had been replace Covenant (Luke 22:19–20), it would be nationally believe their financial increase was an evidendorsement (Deuteronomy 28:1–14). Has time in your life (past or present) when you violating God's Word in a particular area seemed to be receiving God's blessing?	advancement ced by the New ural for them to dence of God? s there been a knew you were
	what way(s) do you think their rust (corros	

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ADDITIONAL.

	and either to place too much etter!
6.	Christians are tempted either to place too much attention on the financial affairs of life or ignore the responsibilities of biblical financial stewardship. If we place too much attention on financial affairs, we waste precious time that could be used for God's work. If we ignore our financial stewardship responsibilities, we waste the resources God could use for His work. From the following verses, list several important financial principles every Christian should incorporate in order to honor God in this area (Psalm 24:1; Proverbs14:23; 21:20; 27:23; Malachi 3:10–12).
7.	The phrase Lord of Sabaoth (James 5:4) is an important Hebrew expression which means "Lord of Hosts" or "Lord of Armies." Originally it meant the Lord God would lead His people in victory against their foes. Later in the Old Testament it meant that God was the leader of the angelic host or armies. With this in mind, what does this particular use of this phrase teach (James 5:4)?

The Ultimate Judge

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ADDITIONAL INSIGHTS