

Recipies

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Note that this is a draft version and not the final version for publication.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

This is a collection of recipes that I've made and liked. I'm not a particularly skilled baker or cook, so these should be usable by most people. I'm also a bit lazy, so these are mostly fairly easy recipes that will provide good results with minimal effort.

All of these recipes are vegetarian, but may not be vegan. Feel free to adjust them to your needs.

1.1 Hints

Here are a few things that I've learned that may be helpful to others.

- All recipes are works in progress. They can always be tweaked a bit. What tastes good to me may not taste good to you (and vice versa). Feel free to adjust things to your taste.
- A set of small (about 1/4 cup size) glass bowls are useful to measure out ingredients before mixing them together.
- A kitchen scale is handy for weighing ingredients.
- In most cases, measurements don't have to be scientifically precise.
- Make sure that you have all the ingredients before starting a recipe.
- If practical, measure out all the ingredients before mixing.

Chapter 2

Breads

2.1 Sun-dried Tomato Basil Braided Bread

I got inspired to make this after watching too many episodes of the Great British Baking Show (aka Great British Bake-off). After finding a suitable bread recipe (yeasted, kneaded), I modified it a bit for my use. Interestingly, on the show, the mix the dry ingredients first before adding liquid while the recipes I found start with the liquid and then add flour. It should work either way, but if you do the dry ingredients first, Paul Hollywood says to make sure to put the yeast on the opposite side of the bowl from the salt.

The quantities of the basil, Parmesan cheese, sun dried tomatoes, and garlic are not critical. Feel free to adjust them to taste.

If you are in a hurry, using warm water will make the first rising of the dough faster. Otherwise, using cool water will slow the process, but may improve the flavor.

This recipe makes one loaf of bread.

2.1.1 Ingredients

- 1 package (1/4 ounce) (8g) active dry yeast
- 3/4 cup water (Paul Hollywood says to use cool water)
- 1/4 cup (3-4g) minced fresh basil
- 1/4 cup (25g) grated Parmesan cheese
- 1/4 cup (56g) chopped sun dried tomatoes packed in olive oil (if not in oil, add a little bit of oil to the recipe).
- 1 tablespoon (8g) sugar
- 2 crushed cloves of garlic (5g)
- 1 teaspoon (4g) salt
- 2 cups (350g) bread flour

2.1.2 Procedure

- In a large bowl, dissolve yeast in water.
- Stir in sugar, basil, Parmesan cheese, sun dried tomatoes, garlic, and salt. Be sure to add the sugar first and the salt last. Once this is fairly well mixed, move on to the next step.
- Add the flour and mix it in. While adding the flour, you'll probably want to shift from mixing with a spoon to using your hands. The dough doesn't need to be a single lump before moving on. The kneading process will help to merge everything together.
- Turn onto a floured surface; knead until smooth and elastic, about 3-5 minutes.
- Place in a greased bowl, turning once to grease top.
- Cover and let rise in a warm place until doubled, about 1 hour (more if the water was not warm).
- Divide dough into 3 equal pieces and roll each piece into a strand about 18 inches long. Note that the dough was greased while rising, so it doesn't need a floured surface to be worked.
- Cover a baking pan with parchment paper, a silicon baking mat, or grease.
- Braid the strands together on the baking pan.
- Cover and let rise until doubled, about 1 hour.
- Bake at 375°F for 35-40 minutes or until golden brown.
- Remove from pan to a wire rack too cool.

Chapter 3

Pies

3.1 Easy Shepherd's Pie/Pot Pie

This is a real easy way to make some comfort food. To make a pot pie, top with a pastry crust instead of mashed potatoes. The measurements are not critical. Feel free to experiment and find something that you like.

3.1.1 Ingredients

- 1 can vegetable soup
- 1 can cream of celery soup
- 1 can cream of potato soup
- 1 can cream of broccoli soup
- 1 can sweet corn
- 1 can green beans
- hot sauce to taste
- 1 packet of instant mashed potatoes

3.1.2 Procedure

- In a large bowl, mix the soups.
- Drain the corn and beans and add them to the mix.
- Add hot sauce to taste.
- Pour the mix into a casserole pan about an inch deep or so.
- In a separate bowl, prepare the instant mashed potatoes per the directions on the packet.

- Spread the mashed potatoes on top of the mixed soups and make a few holes to release steam.
- Bake at 375°F for about an hour, or until the mashed potatoes start browning and the soup mix is bubbling a little.

Chapter 4

Pastries

4.1 Choux Pastry

This is the recipe for Choux pastry that can then be used for a number of things. As such, this will end once you have the dough made. Other recipes will tell you what to do with the dough and how to bake it. If you are making a sweet pastry and have a bit of a sweet tooth, you can add some sugar along with the salt.

This pastry has a bit of a reputation for being fiddly, but as I was looking online I found a bit of variation. So it's probably more robust that it's given credit for. On the other hand, there is some disagreement about why after mixing the flour with the water and fat it's heated again. Some say that's to try the dough out, others say that there's a reaction that binds the fat and water around each individual particle of flour and water. My suspicion is more towards the later.

4.1.1 Ingredients

- 1 cup (228g) water
- 6 tablespoons (81g) butter or margarine
- 1/4 teaspoon (2g) salt
- 1 cup (175g) flour
- 4 large eggs

4.1.2 Procedure

- Cut the butter or margarine into small chunks and add to the water.
- Add the salt.
- Bring the water to a boil.
- Once the water is boiling and all the butter or margarine is melted, remove from heat.

- Add the flour while mixing and ensure that there are no lumps
- Return to heat and cook until the dough pulls away cleanly from the sides of the saucepan.
- Let the dough cool enough so that it won't cook the eggs when you add them (about 150°F or so).
- Break and whisk the eggs into a separate container.
- Add the egg a bit at a time while mixing the dough. After you add some egg, the dough becomes a lumpy, slimy mess, but it will eventually mix into a smooth dough again. If you are mixing by hand, don't get discouraged. Keep mixing and it will eventually be right.
- Stop when the dough is smooth and glossy.

The dough is now ready for other projects such as eclairs, profiteroles, cream puffs, and the like.

4.2 Eclairs

4.2.1 Ingredients

- Choux pastry dough (see section 4.1)
- Stuff for filling
- Stuff for topping

4.2.2 Procedure

- Place a sheet of parchment paper on a baking tray
- Pipe the Choux pastry dough into lines on the paper.
- Bake at about 375°F for 35-45 minutes.
- Don't open the oven to check for the first 30 minutes.
- After 30 minutes in the oven, prick a small hole in the shells to let the steam out.
- Remove from the oven when done and let cool.
- Using the hole pricked, you can pipe the filling (such as the Chocolate Mousse in section 5.1 into the eclair.
- Add whatever topping you wish.

Chapter 5

Extras

These are things that can be used as topping, fillings, or sauces with other recipes.

5.1 Coconut Cream Chocolate Mousse

I went looking for chocolate mousse recipes and they all had raw eggs in them. Personally, I don't like to use raw eggs, so I went looking for a vegan recipe. There is a slight hint of coconut flavor in the finished product. Depending on how you feel about this, it may be a good or a bad thing. You could add more cocoa powder or a drop of vanilla extract (or something else) to help hide the flavor. As an alternative, you can try the Tofu Chocolate Mousse (section 5.2).

5.1.1 Ingredients

- 1 can full fat coconut milk. Refrigerate over night so that you can separate the cream (I measured 239g). If you have a can of coconut cream, you can just use that directly.
- 3 tbsp (12g) cocoa powder
- 2 tbsp (18g) sugar

5.1.2 Procedure

- Transfer the coconut cream to a bowl and beat until smooth.
- Beat in the cocoa powder and sugar.
- Continue to beat until it forms a mousse like texture. You should probably pause occasionally to scrape down the sides of the bowl.

5.2 Tofu Chocolate Mousse

Here's an alternative to the Coconut Cream Chocolate Mousse (section 5.1) that uses tofu. If you don't like the faint taste of coconut, you can try this one.

5.2.1 Ingredients

- 1 block of silken tofu - drained (about 454g).
- 1/4 cup (20g) cocoa powder
- 3 tbsp (27g) sugar

5.2.2 Procedure

- Start beating the tofu so that the block is broken up.
- Beat in the sugar and cocoa powder.
- Continue to beat until it forms a smooth mousse like texture. You should probably pause occasionally to scrape down the sides of the bowl.

5.3 Tofu Raspberry Mousse

This is basically the same as the Tofu Chocolate Mousse (section 5.2) except that it replaces chocolate with raspberry powder. If you don't like the faint taste of coconut, you can try this one.

5.3.1 Ingredients

- 1 block of silken tofu - drained (about 454g).
- 4 tbsp (24g) raspberry powder
- 2 tbsp (21g) sugar

5.3.2 Procedure

- Start beating the tofu so that the block is broken up.
- Beat in the sugar and raspberry powder.
- Continue to beat until it forms a smooth mousse like texture. You should probably pause occasionally to scrape down the sides of the bowl.

Feel free to throw in some fresh raspberries or raspberry preserves. The color from just using the raspberry powder is rather pale. Perhaps some food coloring would help.

5.4 Carmel/Spun Sugar

This is a bit fiddly. The first time I tried it, it wound up crystalizing instead of caramelizing. Don't give up, try again. To clean up, fill the pan with water and heat while stirring. This will help dissolve the remaining sugar.

It might be a wise idea to have a large container, such as the kitchen sink, full of cool water just in case of burns from hot sugar.

5.4.1 Ingredients

- 1/2 cup granulated sugar
- 2 tablespoons water

Have another container of water handy and a pastry brush.

5.4.2 Procedure

If you want spun sugar, be sure to cover the working area with newspapers or something to catch errant globs of sugar.

- Combine the sugar and water in a clean saucepan (I've heard that non-stick ones don't work, but haven't tried myself).
- Gently heat while stirring until all the sugar is dissolved.
- Turn the heat up and let boil undisturbed until the caramel starts to brown. I was able to start smelling caramel at this point. While boiling, use the pastry brush to dab water on any sugar crystalizing on the edges of the pan.
- Remove from heat and let cool a bit.
- If all you want are caramel shards, you can pour out onto something flexible and non-stick to let cool.
- If you want spun sugar, wait until thin strands of sugar come off your fork or whisk when you dip it in the cooling mix.
- Dip your mixer in the sugar mix and whip it back and forth rapidly over the area you want the spun sugar.
- After you've accumulated enough, you can pick it up and gently shape it.