Assignment 8

Cs432 Web Science Spring 2017

Breon Day

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Question 1:

Part 1:

Create a blog-term matrix. Start by grabbing 100 blogs; include: http://f-measure.blogspot.com/, http://ws-dl.blogspot.com/ and grab 98 more as per the method shown in class.

Part 2:

Use the blog title as the identifier for each blog (and row of the matrix). Use the terms from every item/title (RSS) or entry/title (Atom) for the columns of the matrix. The values are the frequency of occurrence.

Part 3:

Limit the number of terms to the most "popular" (i.e., frequent) 1000 terms, this is *after* the criteria on p. 32 (slide 7) has been satisfied.

Answer 1:

Part1

I expanded upon the command line method show in class, curl-I-L'http://www.blogger.com/next-blog?navBar=true\&blogID=347163309141 1211117, wrapping it in a for loop and sending the output to the file blogs.txt.

```
bday@sirius:~/cs432$ for((i=1;i<198;i++));do curl -I -L 'http://www.blogger.com/next-blog?navBar=true\
&blogID=3471633091411211117'; done> blogs.txt
```

To account for bad links i increased the initial 98 planned to 198.

The file blogs.py processes the data into uris and rss links through the use of regular expressions and removes duplicates by converting the original list of links into a set of unique links then back into a list creating two files the final product will be the two files uris.txt and rssuris.txt containing the processed links

```
import re
searchfile = open("blogs.txt", "r")
outFile=open('uris.txt','wb')
outFile2=open('rssuris.txt','wb')
locations=[]
for line in searchfile:
    if "expref=" in line: locations.append(line)
searchfile.close()
uniqueblogs=set (locations)
blogs=list (uniqueblogs)
for blog in blogs:
    link=re.sub('Location: ', '', blog)
    link2=re.sub('\?expref=next-blog', '',link)
    link3 =re.sub('\^M','',link2)
    uri=link3.replace("\r", "").replace("\n", "")
    outFile.write(uri)
    outFile.write('\n')
outFile.write('http://f-measure.blogspot.com/')
outFile.write('\n')
outFile.write('http://ws-dl.blogspot.com/')
for blog in blogs:
    link=re.sub('Location: ','',blog)
    link2 =re.sub('\?expref=next-blog', 'feeds/posts/default?alt=rss',link)
    link3=re.sub('\^M','',link2)
    rss=link3.replace("\r", "").replace("\n", "")
    outFile2.write(rss)
    outFile2.write('\n')
outFile2.write('http://f-measure.blogspot.com/feeds/posts/default?alt=rss')
outFile2.write('\n')
outFile2.write('http://ws-dl.blogspot.com/feeds/posts/default?alt=rss')
```

Part 2 and 3:

The creation of the blog matrix was handled by the class generatefeedvector.py from the PCI book chapter3 github, originally i had errors until another student pointed out the default encoding was the culprit, importing and reloading sys then changing default encoding to utf-8 was all that was required.

```
#!/usr/bin/python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
import feedparser
import re
import sys
reload(sys)
sys.setdefaultencoding('utf-8')
```

Substituting the original file with my own rssuris.txt allowed me to generate the blog matrixes based on the rss uris i had acquired.

```
feedlist = [line for line in file('rssuris.txt')]
```

Execution of the line python generatefeedvectors.py>blogtitles.txt produced a portion of the following blog matrix as well as stored their titles full matrix: https://github.com/BreonDay/cs532-s17/blob/master/Submissions/A8/Src/Question1/blogdata1.txt

Partial matrix below

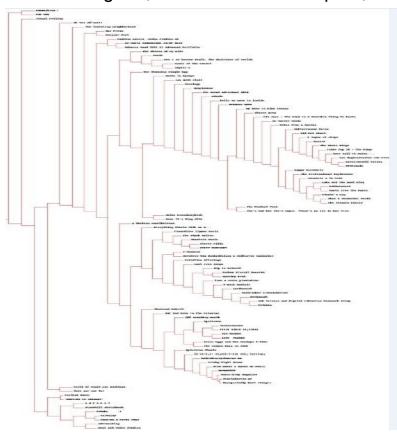
Blog scream	ing	kids	golden	catchy	absolu	ite	travel	wrong	fit	songi	vriter	effects	service	needed
Spotirama	0	2	9	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	8	3	2	0
U-Rock Radio™	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	1	3
SEM REGRAS	0	0	4	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Friday Night D	ream	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
On Warmer Musi	c 6	7	6	8	1	4	3	2	3	1	2	4	15	1
SEVEN1878	2	2	1	0	2	1	7	7	1	8	0	7	5	7
Spinitron Char	ts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
My Name Is Blu	e Canary	5	10	0	3	4	1	3	3	1	0	0	5	4
Primitive Offe	rings	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Web Science an	d Digital	l Librar	ries Resea	rch Grou	р	0	2	0	0	1	3	5	2	0
Words 0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
Stereo Pills	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
The Stark Onli	ne	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Green Eggs and	Ham Mond	days 8-1	L0am	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oh Yes Jónsi!!	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GLI Press	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
aubade 0	2	0	1	0	2	3	3	0	1	2	1	2	4	1
from a voice p	lantation	1 0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Chemical Rober	t!	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
AHTAPOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
holaOLA 0	0	5	2	0	0	0	1	6	2	2	0	0	1	7
World Of Pearl	Jam Boot	tlegs	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yestermorrow	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Did Not Chart	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	2	0
The Great Adve	nture 201	16	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	0	0	0	5	2

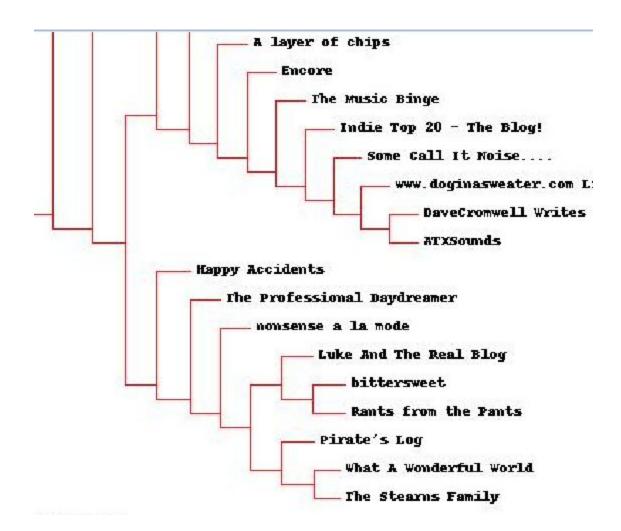
Question 2:

Create an ASCII and JPEG dendrogram that clusters (i.e., HAC) the most similar blogs (see slides 12 & 13).

Answer 2:

First i obtained the prerequisite cluster file from the github repository of the programming collective intelligence chapter 3. Next using the code provided in slides 12 and 13 as well as the previous blog matrix i was able to generate the ascii dendrogram, excluded from this report, and jpeg dendrogram shown below





Question 3:

Cluster the blogs using K-Means, using k=5,10,20. (see slide 18). Print the values in each centroid, for each value of k. How many interations were required for each value of k?

Answer 3:

By simply modifying the given code on slide 18 and putting it into a while loop

```
import clusters
centroids=[]
blognames, words, data = clusters.readfile('blogdata1.txt')
kclust=clusters.kcluster(data, k=5)

print ('k=5')
n=0
while (n<5):
    print('[blognames[r] for r in kclust['+str(n)+ ']]')
    s=[blognames[r] for r in kclust[n]]
    n=n+1
    print str(s) + '\n'</pre>
```

I was able to achieve the desired output

Full view:

```
Terration 0
Terration 1
Terration 2
Terration 2
Terration 2
Terration 3
Terration 5
Terration 6
Terration 5
Terration 6
Terration 6
Terration 7
Terration 7
Terration 7
Terration 7
Terration 7
Terration 7
Terration 8
Terration 8
Terration 8
Terration 8
Terration 9
Terrat
```

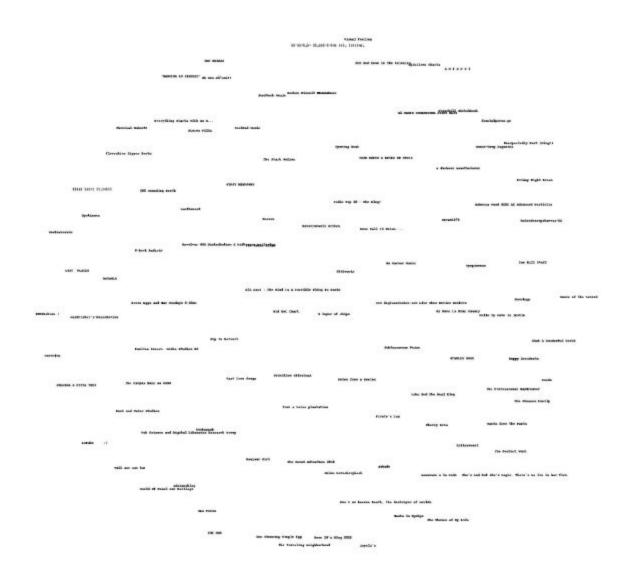
Total iterations were 6,6 and 4 respectively

Question 4:

Use MDS to create a JPEG of the blogs similar to slide 29 of the week 12 lecture. How many iterations were required?

Answer 4:

Modified slide 28 code to produce the jpeg and fed the data into a file mds.py>mds.txt that had the iteration count jpeg:



Cast Iron Songs

Frimitive Offerings

Rotes from a Genius

from a voice plantation

Pirate's Log

Bonjour Girl

The Great Adventure 2016

aubade

Helen McCookerybook

Lul

Iteration count:328*

```
3296.87425788
3296.79679479
3296.71229026
3296.61608664
3296.51658271
3296.42910813
3296.35614522
3296.31740466
3296.28545572
3296.26787845
3296.2540291
3296.24256404
3296.23140505
3296.21817242
3296.20749176
3296.21535098
total iterations are:328
```

* note this count will not represent the one in the github repo as the screen capture from the file was not coming out the way i wanted

Uris

```
http://bartkings.blogspot.com/
http://paradoxical-era.blogspot.com/
http://mondaywakeup.blogspot.com/
http://johnandmaureensanto.blogspot.com/
http://kaleidoscopekanvas-kk.blogspot.com/
http://primitiveofferings.blogspot.com/
http://ngaio1619.blogspot.com/
http://ianthill.blogspot.com/
http://thehubkxci.blogspot.com/
http://globalgoon.blogspot.com/
http://urockradio.blogspot.com/
http://stanleysaystanley.blogspot.com/
http://wyomusic.blogspot.com/
http://mobbie2.blogspot.com/
http://ahtapotunbahcesi.blogspot.com/
http://momentarilymusical.blogspot.com/
http://norecordshopsleft.blogspot.com/
http://glipress.blogspot.com/
http://spotirama.blogspot.com/
http://mts-dailythemes.blogspot.com/
http://outanddowninthecolonies.blogspot.com/
http://somecallitnoise.blogspot.com/
http://lost-places-hamburg.blogspot.com/
http://londynsky.blogspot.com/
http://mccookerybook.blogspot.com/
4 4 4 4 4 4
```

Full links:

https://github.com/BreonDay/cs532-s17/blob/master/Submissions/A8/rssuris.txt

Question 5:

Re-run question 2, but this time with proper TFIDF calculations instead of the hack discussed on slide 7 (p. 32). Use the same 1000 words, but this time replace their frequency count with TFIDF scores as computed in assignment #3. Document the code, techniques, methods, etc. used to generate these TFIDF values. Upload the new data file to github. Compare and contrast the resulting dendrogram with the dendrogram from question #2.

Answer 5:

The mention of the hack gave me a clue where to begin, starting in generate feed vector i made a copy of the code and renamed it tfidf.py

I then defined the 3 functions below to handle the tfidf calculations

```
def tf(wordcount,totalwords):
    return (float((wordcount))/(totalwords))

def idf(totalDocuments,numDocsWithWord):
    return(math.log(float((totalDocuments))/float(1+numDocsWithWord),2))

def tfidf(wordcount,totalwords,totalDocuments,numDocsWithWord):
    return (float(tf(wordcount,totalwords)*idf(totalDocuments,numDocsWithWord)))
```

Then in the blog matrix generation section i applied the defined functions

```
tf2=tf(wc[word],totalwords[blog])
idf2=idf(totaldocs,apcount[word])
print(str(blog)+" has "+ str(totalwords[blog])+"checking word"+str(word)+"which has a word count of"+str(wc[word]))
print("tf ="+str(tf2))
print("idf2="+str(idf2))
tfidf2=float(tf2*idf2)
print(tfidf2)
out.write('\t%f' %tfidf( wc[word],totalwords[blog],totaldocs ,apcount[word]))
```

Due to the number of terms, there appearances in the documents ,and number of documents the values were incredibly small i had an issue with getting outwrite to express the fractions

Values increased by 300 below* the normal was just showing up as zeros

Blog screami	ng	kids	golden	catchy	absolut	e	travel	wrong	fit	5
Spotirama	0	0.00025	60	0.00195	9	0	0	0	0.0002	263
U-Rock Radio™	0	0.00019	93	0	0	0.00036	1	0	0	(
SEM REGRAS	0	0	0.00567	6	0	0.00303	7	0.00146	57	6
Friday Night Dr	'eam	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00266	53	6
On Warmer Music	0.00064	7	0.00039	10	0.00058	34	0.00070	8	0.000	104
SEVEN1878	0.00014	-8	0.00007	7	0.00006	57	0	0.00014	43	6
Spinitron Chart	S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
My Name Is Blue	Canary	0.00095	51	0.00098	3	0	0.00046	8	0.0007	734
Primitive Offer	ings	0.00155	52	0.00080	12	0	0	0	0	•
Web Science and	Digital	Librari	es Resea	rch Grou	р	0	0.00008	39	0	6
Words 0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00144	5	0	0	6
Stereo Pills	0	0	0	0.01130	15	0	0	0	0	6
The Stark Onlin	ie	0	0	0.00216	7	0	0	0	0	•
Green Eggs and	Ham Mond	ays 8-10	am	0	0.00053	32	0.00278	36	0	6
Oh Yes Jónsi!!	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GLI Press	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
aubade 0	0.00027	4	0	0.00021	.7	0	0.00049	94	0.0004	432
from a voice pl	antation	0	0	0	0.00038	35	0	0.00043	38	6

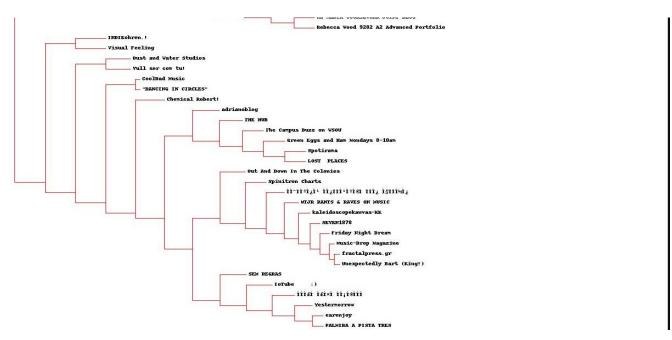
However the normal still produced a dendrogram so i classified simply as a bug and carried on

Full view: tfidf

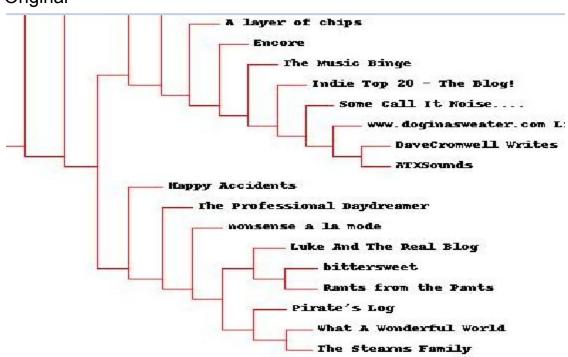
https://github.com/BreonDay/cs532-s17/blob/master/Submissions/A8/Src/Quest ion5/tfidfblogclust.jpg

Full view:original

https://github.com/BreonDay/cs532-s17/blob/master/Submissions/A8/Src/Quest ion2/blogclust.jpg



Original



Comparison notes:

The tfidf being a more accurate means of grouping in comparison to the hack produced much more defined subgroups in being in stark contrast to the originals general over arching staircase of semi-similar blogs

Question 6:

Re-run questions 1-4, but this time instead of using the 98 "random" blogs, use 98 blogs that should be "similar" to:

http://f-measure.blogspot.com/ http://ws-dl.blogspot.com/

Answer 6:

Believing you would want this done programmatically i started by the creation of the similarblogs.py program

Using requests i grabbed the blogs and made a soup variable with BeautifulSoup so that i could grab the necessary sections of the html

r= requests.get('http://www.blogger.com/next-blog?navBar=true&blogID=3471633091411211117')
soup=BeautifulSoup(r.text)

Using the soup variable i grabbed the blogs titles.

print soup.title.string
title2=soup.title.string
title=str(title2)

I limited my search to the title, subtitles, and if the blog had one the description If the document contained keywords i would increase a counter for the type of blog depending on the keyword.

```
for csKeyword in csKeywords:
   if csKeyword in str.lower(title):
      csCounter=+1
for musicKeyword in musicKeywords:
   if musicKeyword in str.lower(title):
      musicCounter+=1
for subTitle in soup(parseOnlyThese=SoupStrainer('title')):
   for csKeyword in csKeywords:
      if csKeyWord in str.lower(subTitle):
         csCounter=+1
   for musicKeyword in musicKeywords:
      if musicKeyword in str.lower(subTitle):
         musicCounter+=1
try:
   metadescription=soup.find('meta', property="og:description")
  desc=metadescription['content']
  description=str (desc)
  print (description)
   for csKeyword in csKeywords:
      if csKeyword in str.lower(description):
         csCounter+=1
   for musicKeyword in musicKeywords:
      if musicKeyword in str.lower(description):
         musicCounter+=1
except:
   continue
```

Then depending on the number of keywords it would listed and written to file as either a music or computer science blog, skipping if tied.

```
if ((musicCounter or csCounter)>0):
   global computerscienceurls, musicblogrssurls
   if ((csCounter>musicCounter) and (len(computerscienceurls)<39)):
      global rss
     print ("added csblog")
      musicCounter=0
      csCounter=0
      computerscienceurls.append(rss)
      outFile2.write(rss)
   elif (musicCounter == csCounter):
      print ("tied so skipping")
      musicCounter=0
      csCounter=0
   elif ((musicCounter>csCounter) and (len(musicblogrssurls)<59)):
     global rss
      print ("added musicblog")
      musicCounter=0
      csCounter=0
      musicblogrssurls.append(rss)
      outFile2.write(rss)
   elif():
      print ("doing nothing")
```

Keywords and variables below

```
outFile2=open('similiaruris.txt','wb')

rss=""

musicblogrssurls= []

computerscienceurls= []

musicKeywords=["music","techno","rock","rap","dj","song","radio","dancing","dance","pop"]

csKeywords= ["data","science","research","python","java","tech","technology","web","tech","code","coding","c++","program","programming","university","teach"\
,"teaching"]

musicCounter=0

csCounter=0
```

The entire code was bound in a while loop and would run until the number of blogs needed were acquired

```
while(( (len(musicblogrssurls)<59) or (len(computerscienceurls)<39) )):</pre>
```

When removing similiar blogs i noticed that there were a lot of repeats bringing my total down from 100 to roughly 60. Which is a enough to make a note of, I then ran the rss urls generated and compared them to the output of the original questions 1-4

Original matrix:

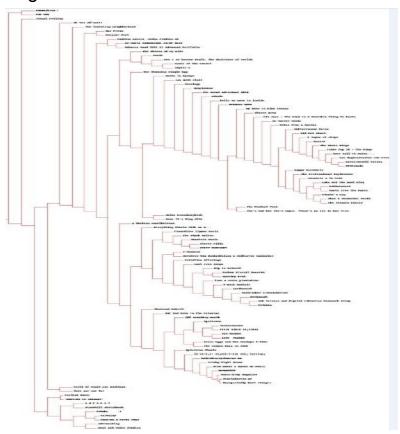
Blog scream:	ing	kids	golden	catchy	absolu	ite	travel	wrong	fit	songi	vriter	effects	service	needed
Spotirama	0	2	9	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	8	3	2	0
U-Rock Radio™	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	1	3
SEM REGRAS	0	0	4	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Friday Night D	ream	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
On Warmer Music	6	7	6	8	1	4	3	2	3	1	2	4	15	1
SEVEN1878	2	2	1	0	2	1	7	7	1	8	0	7	5	7
Spinitron Chart	s	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
My Name Is Blue	Canary	5	10	0	3	4	1	3	3	1	0	0	5	4
Primitive Offer	rings	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Web Science and	Digital	Librar	ries Resea	rch Grou	р	0	2	0	0	1	3	5	2	0
Words 0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
Stereo Pills	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
The Stark Onlin	ne	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Green Eggs and	Ham Mond	days 8-1	10am	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oh Yes Jónsi!!	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GLI Press	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
aubade 0	2	0	1	0	2	3	3	0	1	2	1	2	4	1
from a voice p	Lantation	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Chemical Robert	:1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
AHTAPOT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
holaOLA 0	0	5	2	0	0	0	1	6	2	2	0	0	1	7
World Of Pearl	Jam Boot	legs	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yestermorrow	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Did Not Chart	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	2	0
The Great Adver	nture 201	16	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	0	0	0	5	2

Similar matrix:

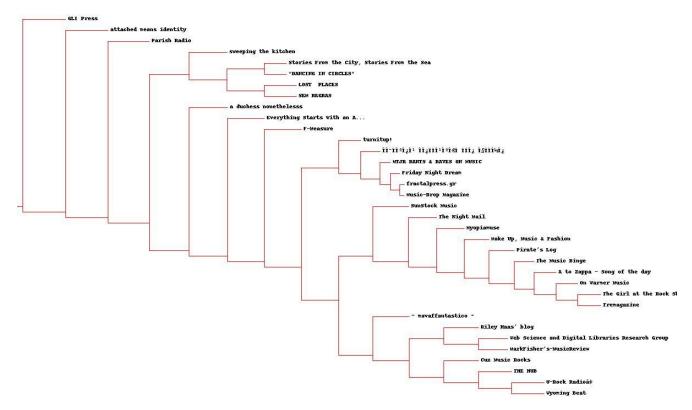
Blog woods	opener	kids	golden	catchy	absolu	ite	travel	wrong	fit	scre	aming	fix	songw	riter	effec	ts ser
LOST PLACES	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MTJR RANTS & RA	AVES ON M	NUSIC	3	9	5	10	7	1	3	5	2	5	0	22	3	1
sweeping the k	itchen	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cuz Music Rocks	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
U-Rock Radio™	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	0
SEM REGRAS	0	0	0	4	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Friday Night Dr	ream	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
On Warmer Music	2	0	7	6	8	1	4	3	2	6	1	3	1	2	4	0
attached means	identity	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
The Music Binge	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0
A to Zappa - So	ong of th	ne day	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	0
a duchess nonet	helesss	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
THE HUB 0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
The Girl at the	Rock Sh	NOW	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Web Science and	Digital	Librar	ries Resea	irch Grou	ap qu	0	0	2	0	0	1	3	6	1	0	1
SunStock Music	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0
Parish Radio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
The Night Mail	0	3	1	2	0	30	4	4	13	4	4	8	20	4	5	14

In certain blogs the similar words were much higher

Original dendro:



Similar dendro:



In comparison to basic structure i was not able to make any major notes on the difference though it could be a fault of the reduced sample size Original Ascii:

https://github.com/BreonDay/cs532-s17/blob/master/Submissions/A8/Src/Quest ion2/asciidendogram

Similar Ascii:

https://github.com/BreonDay/cs532-s17/blob/master/Submissions/A8/Src/Quest ion6/simasciidendogram

Original kmeans:

```
Terration 1
Terration 2
Terration 2
Terration 3
Terration 4
Terration 5
Terration 5
Terration 6
Terration 6
Terration 7
Terration 7
Terration 7
Terration 7
Terration 8
Terration 8
Terration 8
Terration 8
Terration 8
Terration 9
Terrat
```

Similiar kmeans:

```
Iteration 0
Iteration 1
Iteration 2
Iteration 3
k=5
[blognames[r] for r in kclust[0]]
[blognames[r] for r in kclust[1]]
['Cuz Music Rocks', 'U-Rock Radio\xe2\x84\xa2', 'On Warmer Music', 'The Music Bi
nge', 'A to Zappa - Song of the day', 'a duchess nonethelesss', 'THE HUB', 'The
Girl at the Rock Show', 'SunStock Music', 'F-Measure', "Riley Haas' blog",
Press', 'Wyoming Beat', 'Make Up, Music & Fashion', '~ mavaffantastico ~', 'Trem
agazine', 'Everything Starts With an A...', 'Myopiamuse', "Pirate's Log"]
[blognames[r] for r in kclust[2]]
['MTJR RANTS & RAVES ON MUSIC', 'Friday Night Dream', 'attached means identity',
'Web Science and Digital Libraries Research Group', '\xce\x94\xce\xaf\xcf\x83\x
ce\xba\xce\xbf\xce\xb9 \xce\x9c\xce\xbf\xcf\x85\xcf\x83\xce\xb9\xce\xba\xce\xae\
xcf\x82 \xcf\x83\xcf\x84\xce\xbf \xce\xa7\xcf\x81\xcf\x8c\xce\xbd\xce\xbf', 'tur
nitup!', 'fractalpress.gr', 'Music-Drop Magazine', "MarkFisher's-MusicReview"]
[blognames[r] for r in kclust[3]]
['The Night Mail']
[blognames[r] for r in kclust[4]]
['LOST PLACES', 'sweeping the kitchen', 'SEM REGRAS', 'Parish Radio', 'Stories
From the City, Stories From the Sea', '"DANCING IN CIRCLES"']
```

As would be expected the similiar blog had much tighter clusters all throughout

For mds section of the comparison i decided to focus on the total iterations instead of the jpgs

Original mds:

```
3296.87425788
3296.79679479
3296.71229026
3296.61608664
3296.51658271
3296.42910813
3296.35614522
3296.31740466
3296.28545572
3296.26787845
3296.2540291
3296.24256404
3296.23140505
3296.21817242
3296.20749176
3296.21535098
total iterations are:328
```

Similar mds:

```
354.311886109

354.304334987

354.298945746

354.292738418

354.28571636

354.278931464

354.272217703

354.266856261

354.262595655

354.257590518

354.251842312

354.247915681

354.243575444

354.239724881

354.239724881

354.240342558

total iterations are:208
```

Total iterations and all numbers in general were much smaller in the similar section with the iterations being exactly 120 less and the list of numbers being almost one tenth the size of the original.