

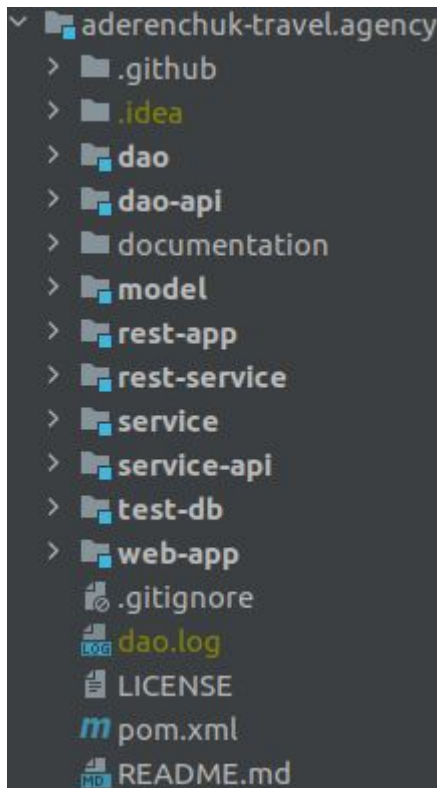


Web-application “Tour Agency” using Microservice Architecture

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Project structure



Data access object (DAO) part. A pattern that provides an abstract interface dao-api to some type of **database** or other persistence mechanism.

Database part. Includes SQL scripts for initialization a configuration class that connect DB with Spring Boot

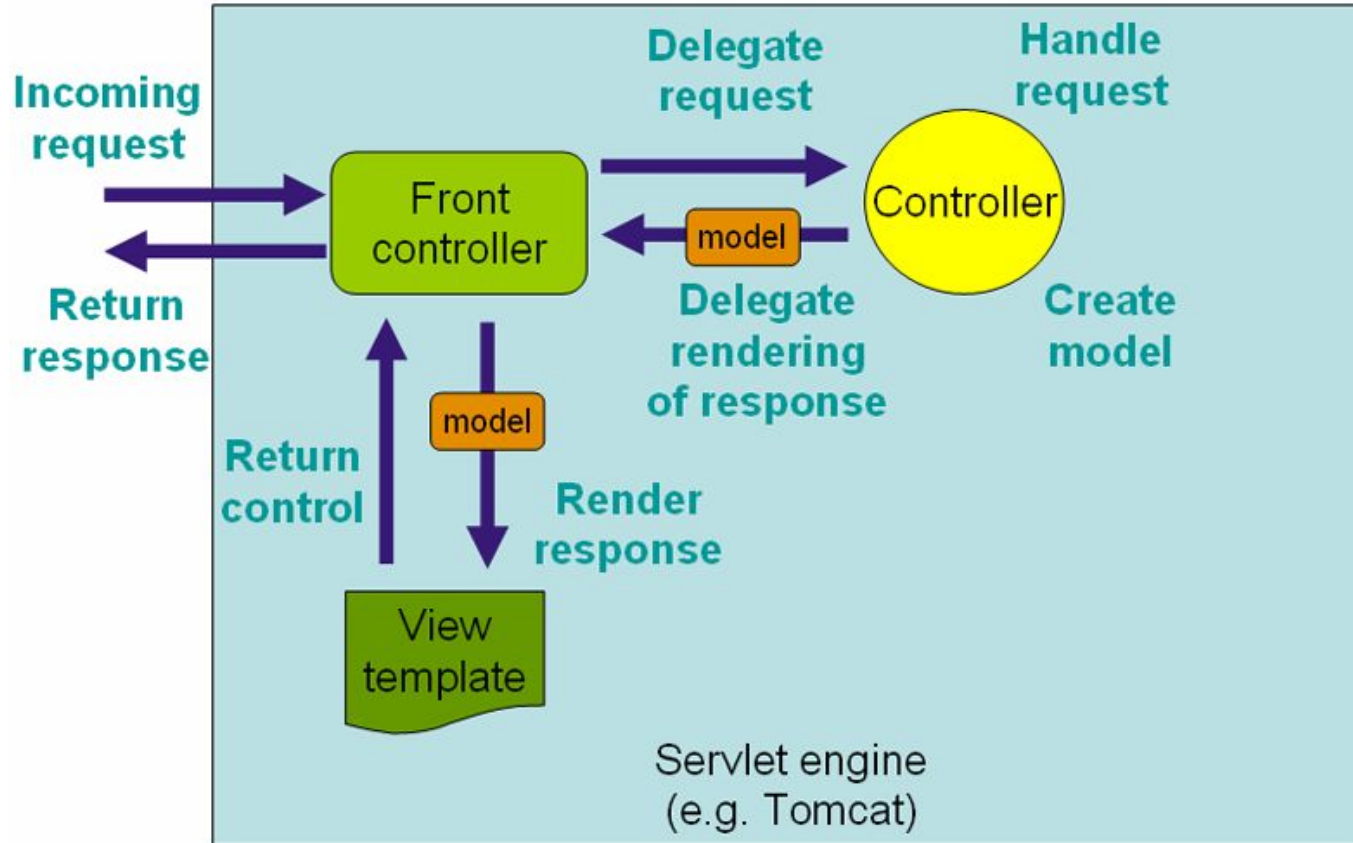
Model part. Contains a description of the main entities of the application.

“Server” module handle part. Consists of configuration class that is used to start REST-application (this is where “void main” is placed) and REST-controllers.

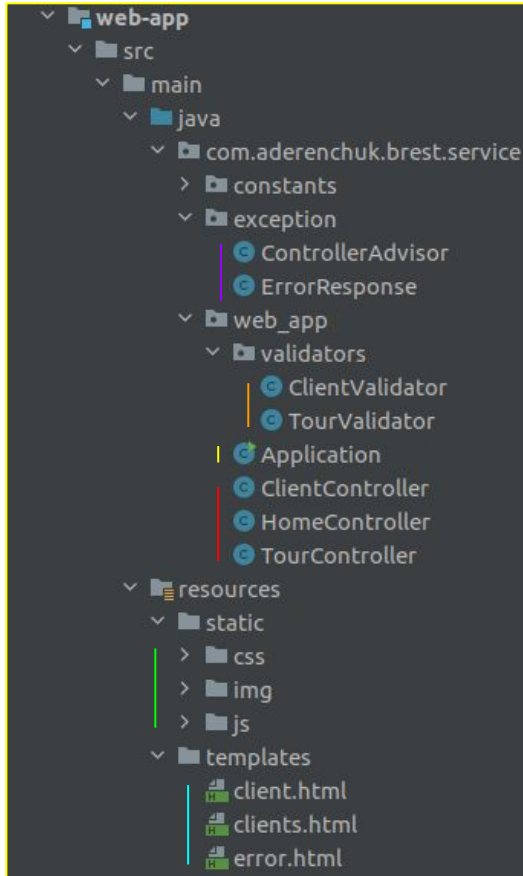
Service part. This module is made for feng shui application. Those modules are capable of coordinating web-app/rest-service modules and rest-app controllers/DAO modules interaction.

“Client” - web part. This module is responsible for deploying operations results through user-friendly UI. It refers directly to rest-service module to perform any kind of transactions, as it lacks business logics itself. This module contains configuration class.

Project architecture



WEB-APP



- Classes with errors. Generate error throws for incorrect actions.
- Validation classes. Check the correctness of the entered data.
- Web-app entry point.

```
@SpringBootApplication
public class Application extends SpringBootServletInitializer {

    public static void main(String[] args) { SpringApplication.run(Application.class, args); }
```


Application class with its main method.

- Front-end controllers. Those are intercepts incoming requests, converts the payload of the request to the internal structure of the data and sends the data to Model for further processing.

```
@GetMapping(value = "/clients")
public final String clients(Model model) {
    LOGGER.debug("clients()");
    model.addAttribute(S, "clients", clientService.findAll());
    return "clients";
}
```

- Front-end resources. Images, css and js files.
- HTML templates, used to visualize received info. Data is taken from models and inserted directly into HTML components by Thymeleaf.

WEB-APP

 Tours Clients

TOURS

FROM: TO:

№ Tour	Direction	Date tour	Number of clients	
101	Brest-Madrid	11.04.2021	4	<input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
102	Minsk-Ankara	30.06.2021	2	<input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
103	Brest-Egypt	15.05.2021	5	<input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>
104	Minsk-Rome	20.06.2021	3	<input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>

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+ Add

Navigation bar

Current form unique name

edit form

delete form

 Tours Clients

EDIT TOURS

№ Tour

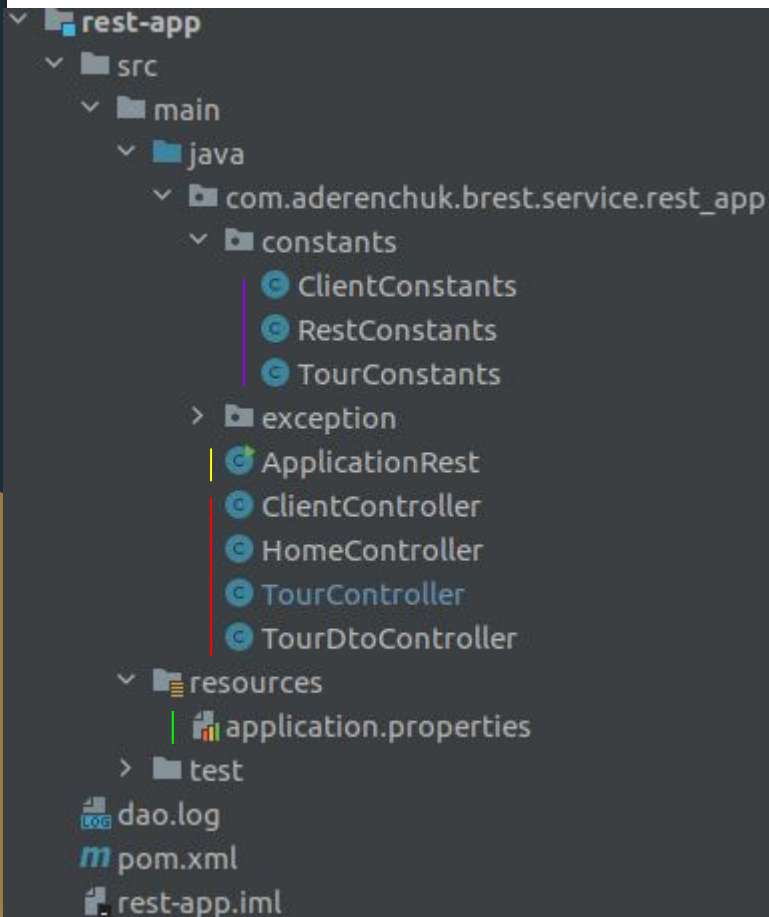
Direction

Date of tour

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Submit form and send new/updated data

REST-APP



- Constants. Some data is packed in line files for better code readability.

- Rest-app entry point.

```
@SpringBootApplication
@ComponentScan(basePackages = "com.epam.brest")
@PropertySource({"classpath:dao.properties"})
public class ApplicationRest extends SpringServletInitializer {
    public static void main(String[] args) { SpringApplication.run(ApplicationRest.class, args); }
```

ApplicationRest class with its main method.

- Back-end controllers. Just like web-app ones, those are used to define which services to trigger to get/send data. Response entities are deployed on defined mapping.

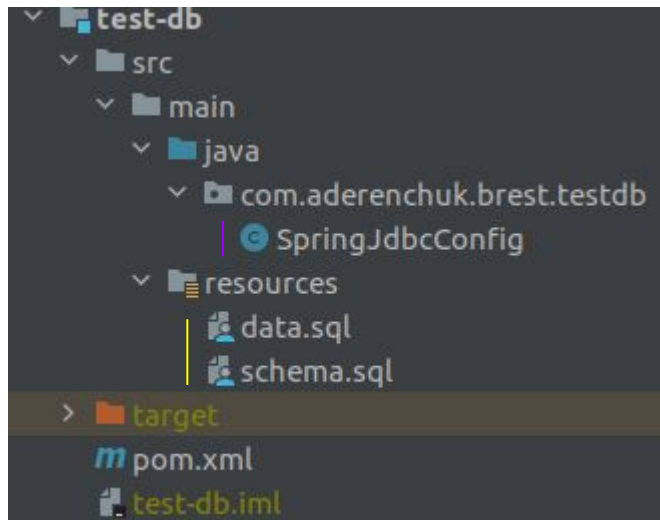
```
@PostMapping(path = "/tours", consumes = "application/json", produces = "application/json")
public ResponseEntity<Integer> createTour(@RequestBody Tour tour) {
    LOGGER.debug("createTour({})", tour);
    Integer id = tourService.create(tour);
    return new ResponseEntity<>(id, HttpStatus.OK);
}
```

- Property file with REST-server configuration (server port).

REST-APP

```
[
  {
    "tourId": 101,
    "direction": "BREST-MOSCOW",
    "dateTour": "2021-08-01"
  },
  {
    "tourId": 105,
    "direction": "MINSK-DUBAI",
    "dateTour": "2021-05-25"
  },
  {
    "tourId": 104,
    "direction": "MINSK-RIGA",
    "dateTour": "2021-07-02"
  },
  {
    "tourId": 102,
    "direction": "MINSK-ROME",
    "dateTour": "2021-08-01"
  },
  {
    "tourId": 103,
    "direction": "MOSCOW-BARCELONA",
    "dateTour": "2021-06-15"
  }
]
```

DATABASE



- Database configuration file. Sets up all needed dependencies, points scripts, creates beans.

```
@Configuration
@ComponentScan("com.aderenchuk")
public class SpringJdbcConfig {
}
```

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS CLIENT;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS TOUR;

CREATE TABLE TOUR
(
    TOUR_ID INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    DIRECTION VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    DATE_TOUR DATE NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (TOUR_ID)
);

CREATE TABLE CLIENT
(
    CLIENT_ID INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    FIRSTNAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    LASTNAME VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
    TOUR_ID INT NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (CLIENT_ID),
    FOREIGN KEY (TOUR_ID)
    REFERENCES TOUR (TOUR_ID) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

- SQL files.

```
INSERT INTO TOUR (TOUR_ID, DIRECTION, DATE_TOUR)
VALUES (101, 'BREST-MOSCOW', '2021-08-01'),
(102, 'MINSK-ROME', '2021-08-01'),
(103, 'MOSCOW-BARCELONA', '2021-06-15'),
(104, 'MINSK-RIGA', '2021-07-02'),
(105, 'MINSK-DUBAI', '2021-05-25');

INSERT INTO CLIENT (FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME, TOUR_ID)
VALUES ('Ihor', 'Dmitriev', 101),
('Alex', 'Volkanovski', 103),
('Irina', 'Sheyk', 103),
('LeoneL', 'Messi', 104),
('Polina', 'Chistyakova', 104),
('Anna', 'Sedakova', 102),
('Gareth', 'Bale', 102),
('Toni', 'Kross', 102);
```