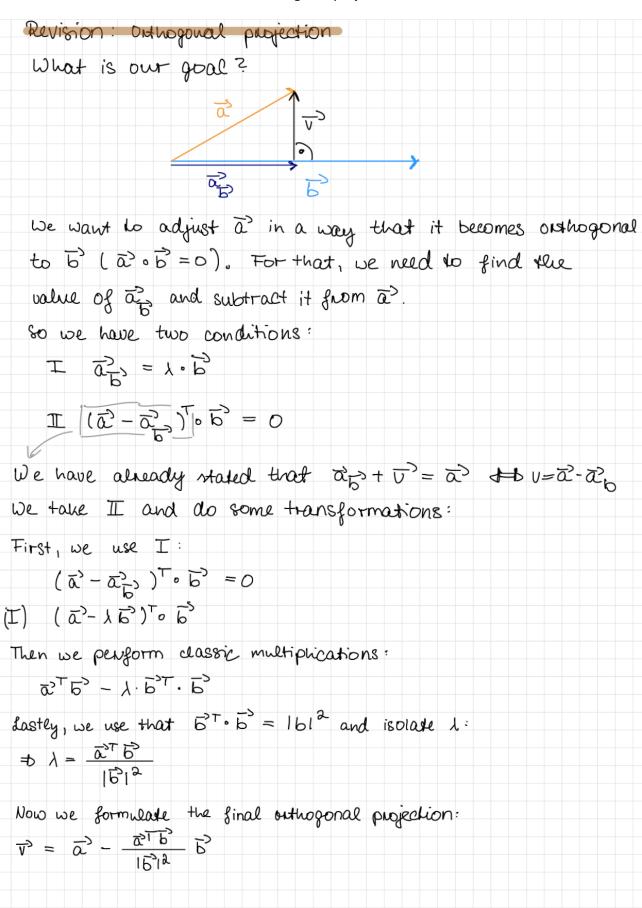
Project: Gram-Schmidt algorithm

In this project, we will go into the basics of the Gram-Schmidt algorithm and also give you a piece of code which computes an orthonormal basis for you, so you don't have to do it anymore (by hand at least).

First, we need to do a short revision on orthogonal projections:



Now we use that to proof the Gram-Schmidt-process:

	We will proof the Gram - Schmidt process:
	Let $\{b_1,,b_n\}$ be a basis, so $\{v_1,,v_n\}$ is an orthonormal
	basis with span $(b_1,, b_n)$
	(1) $v_{j} = b_{j} - \sum_{i=1}^{3+n} \langle b_{j}, v_{i} \rangle \cdot v_{i}$
	(2) $V_{j} = \frac{1}{ v_{j} } V_{j}$ $j = 1n$
Proof:	We only show that {vvn} is an orthogonal basis
	all vj j= 1n are normalized after construction (2).
	on start:
for	$n=1$, $b_1=v_1$ $v_2=\frac{v_1}{ v_1 }$ $\{v_1\}$ is an orthogonal basis
induct	ion assumption:
For a	ny but fixed n, the above expression applies
inductive	2 step (n => n+1)
Let k	
< V _K	$v_{n+1}^{1} > = \left(v_{k}, b_{n+1} - \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(b_{n+1}, v_{i} \right) \cdot v_{i} \right)$
	bilinear $= \langle v_{ke}, b_{n+1} \rangle - \langle \sum_{i=1}^{n} \langle b_{n+1}, v_i \rangle \rangle \langle v_{ke}, v_i \rangle$
	$= \langle v_{k_{k_1}}, b_{n+1} \rangle - \left(\sum_{i=1}^{N} \langle b_{n+1}, v_i \rangle \right) \cdot \int_{k_{i+1}} \ v_k\ $
	$= \langle V_{\nu}, b_{n+1} \rangle - \langle b_{n+1}, V_{\nu} \rangle = 0$
=>	[V1,, Vn+1] is an orthogonal basis
	because $V_i \perp v_k$ for i,k ≤ n, according to the induction assumption
Thus	, the formula holds for n=n+1 0

Now we translate all of this into code, we start with the orthogonal projection, so the code stays as simple as possible:

```
#
def projection(v,w):
    pV =(v.dot_product(w)/norm(w)^2)*w #Formula for the orthogonal projection
    return (pV)
#
```

Using our command called "projection", we can finally code the Gram-Schmidt-process into sage:

Applying our code onto the following matrix, gives us the orthonormal vectors which you can validate quickly by hand:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3} & \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} & \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{6} \\ \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3} & 0 & -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{6} \\ \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3} & -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} & \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{6} \end{pmatrix}$$