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function optimization output(x,num styles,operative values, include monostatic, \boldsymbol{\varkappa}
loop gain desired, min t styles, min r styles, min quantity, max quantity, min diameter, 🗸
max diameter, min power, max power, year built, k, nu, max antennas)
    function disp table = create table (x, num styles, operative values, ¥
include monostatic)
         % Number of Parameters (type, quantity, diameter, power)
         num parameters = 4;
         % Create the Column Names
         col names = [];
         for i = 1:num styles
             col_names = [col_names, "Type "+i, "Quantity "+i, "Diameter "+i+ " (m)", "\( \n' \)
Power "+i + " (W) "];
         end
         col names = [col names, "Cost ($M)", "Gain (dB, dBW)"];
         % Add the cost and gain objective values to the x matrix
         x(:,(num parameters*num styles+1):(num parameters*num styles+2)) = <math>\checkmark
operative values;
         x(:,(num parameters*num styles+2)) = -x(:,(num parameters*num styles+2));
         % create a table using the x matrix and column names
         table = array2table(x, 'VariableNames', col names);
         % sort the table based on the gain column
         table = sortrows(table, 'Gain (dB, dBW)');
         % change cost column to be in millions
         table.("Cost (\$M)") = round(table.("Cost (\$M)")/ 1e6, 3);
         \ensuremath{\,\%\,} dynamically adjust values in the table
         for i = 1:(num styles)
              % change type columns to have have 0, 1 or 2 values (instead of float)
              if strcmp(include monostatic, "T")
                  % Transmitters - 0
                  % Monostatic - 1
                  % Receivers - 2
                  table.(num parameters*i-3) = floor(table.(num parameters*i-3)); % ✓
Type
              else
                  % Transmitter < 1.5
                  % Reciever >= 1.5
                  %Logical indexing to change values
                  table.(num parameters*i-3)(table.(num parameters*i-3) >= 1.5) = 2; \mathbf{r}
% if greater than or equal to 1.5 it is a reciever
                  table.(num parameters*i-3)(table.(num parameters*i-3) < 1.5) = 0; % \mathbf{L}
if less than 1.5 it is considered a transmitter
             end % end if/else strcmp
              % change quantity columns to integer (instead of float)
```