```
% Parameters
   % x: population matrix
   % year: year array will be built
   % styles: % A style is a group of congruent radar arrays.
              \mbox{\%} They share the same diameter, power, and type (see type on line 18).
   % lambda: Wavelength (meters)
   % C: matrix of values of cost objective functions
   % G: matrix of values of gain objective functions
   function [C, G] = get objectives function(x, year built, num styles, k, lambda)
       % Create matrices of parameters initialized to 0
       diameters = zeros(1, num styles); % diameters
       powers = zeros(1, num styles); % powers
       quantity = zeros(1, num styles); % quantities
       receivers = zeros(1, num styles); % recievers
       transmitters = zeros(1, num styles); % transmitters
       % For loop to populate the parameter matrices from the x matrix
       for i = 1:num styles
           diameters(i) = x(num parameters*i-1); % diameters of each style of \mathbf{r}
antenna
           powers(i) = x(num parameters*i-0); % transmitter power of each stle of \checkmark
antenna
           quantity(i) = floor(x(num parameters*i-2)); % quantity of each style \checkmark
of antenna
           % if/else statement depending on include monostatic is 'T' or 'F'
           if strcmp(include monostatic, "T")
               % if/else statement to populate R and T matrices
               % if floor of type does not equal 0 it is considered a receiver
               % if floor of type does not equal 2 it is a transmitter
               % recievers: a boolean vector (1 = reciever, 0 = transmitter)
               % transmitters: a boolean vector (1 = transmitter, 0 = receiver)
               if floor(x(num parameters*i-3)) ~= 0
                  receivers(i) = 1;
               end
               if floor(x(num parameters*i-3)) ~= 2
                  transmitters(i) = 1;
               end
           else
               % if/else statement to populate R and T matrices
               % if floor of type is less than 1.5 it is considered a receiver
               % if floor of type is greater or equal to 1.5 it is a transmitter
               % recievers: a boolean vector (1 = reciever, 0 = transmitter)
               % transmitters: a boolean vector (1 = transmitter, 0 = receiver)
               if x(num parameters*i-3) >= 1.5
```

% Prepares the elements of the population for the cost and gain function.