



# SQL FOREIGN KEY Constraint

[< Previous](#)[Next >](#)

## SQL FOREIGN KEY Constraint

A FOREIGN KEY is a key used to link two tables together.

A FOREIGN KEY is a field (or collection of fields) in one table that refers to the PRIMARY KEY in another table.

The table containing the foreign key is called the child table, and the table containing the candidate key is called the referenced or parent table.

Look at the following two tables:

"Persons" table:

PersonID	LastName	FirstName	Age
1	Hansen	Ola	30
2	Svendson	Tove	23
3	Pettersen	Kari	20

"Orders" table:

1	77895	3
2	44678	3
3	22456	2
4	24562	1

Notice that the "PersonID" column in the "Orders" table points to the "PersonID" column in the "Persons" table.

The "PersonID" column in the "Persons" table is the PRIMARY KEY in the "Persons" table.

The "PersonID" column in the "Orders" table is a FOREIGN KEY in the "Orders" table.

The FOREIGN KEY constraint is used to prevent actions that would destroy links between tables.

The FOREIGN KEY constraint also prevents invalid data from being inserted into the foreign key column, because it has to be one of the values contained in the table it points to.

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## SQL FOREIGN KEY on CREATE TABLE

The following SQL creates a FOREIGN KEY on the "PersonID" column when the "Orders" table is created:

### MySQL:

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (  
    OrderID int NOT NULL,  
    OrderNumber int NOT NULL,
```

```
FOREIGN KEY (PersonID) REFERENCES Persons(PersonID)
);
```

### SQL Server / Oracle / MS Access:

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (
    OrderID int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
    OrderNumber int NOT NULL,
    PersonID int FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Persons(PersonID)
);
```

To allow naming of a FOREIGN KEY constraint, and for defining a FOREIGN KEY constraint on multiple columns, use the following SQL syntax:

### MySQL / SQL Server / Oracle / MS Access:

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (
    OrderID int NOT NULL,
    OrderNumber int NOT NULL,
    PersonID int,
    PRIMARY KEY (OrderID),
    CONSTRAINT FK_PersonOrder FOREIGN KEY (PersonID)
    REFERENCES Persons(PersonID)
);
```

## SQL FOREIGN KEY on ALTER TABLE

To create a FOREIGN KEY constraint on the "PersonID" column when the "Orders" table is already created, use the following SQL:

### MySQL / SQL Server / Oracle / MS Access:



```
ALTER TABLE Orders
```

```
ADD FOREIGN KEY (PersonID) REFERENCES Persons(PersonID);
```

To allow naming of a FOREIGN KEY constraint, and for defining a FOREIGN KEY constraint on multiple columns, use the following SQL syntax:

### MySQL / SQL Server / Oracle / MS Access:

```
ALTER TABLE Orders
```

```
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_PersonOrder
```

```
FOREIGN KEY (PersonID) REFERENCES Persons(PersonID);
```

## DROP a FOREIGN KEY Constraint

To drop a FOREIGN KEY constraint, use the following SQL:

### MySQL:

```
ALTER TABLE Orders
```



```
DROP FOREIGN KEY FK_PersonOrder;
```

### SQL Server / Oracle / MS Access:

```
ALTER TABLE Orders
```

```
DROP CONSTRAINT FK_PersonOrder;
```

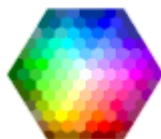
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