Data Visualization

Choosing Visualization

Scatter Plots visualize the relationship between 2 quantitative variables. **Line Plots** compares non-numeric to quantitative data.

Bar Plots visualize comparisons of amounts.

Histograms visualize the distribution of one quantitative variable.

Geometric Objects

```
geom_point(alpha=1)
geom_line()
geom_line()
geom_listogram(alpha = ..., position = "identity", binwidth=...)
geom_bar(stat = "identity")
geom_vline(xintercept = ..., linetype = "", size = ...)
geom_hline()
ggtitle()
```

Axis Transformations

```
xlim(c(date(""), date("")))
scale_x_continuous(break = c(..., ...))
scale_y_continuous()
scale_x_log10()
scale_y_log10()
```

Direction - Positive/Negative/little or no relationship

Describing Visualization

```
Strength
Shapen - Linear/nonlinear
Trends (lines) - Does a line describe a trend well?
Distributions (scatters, histogram) - How spread out is the data?
Distribution of two variables (scatters) - Clear / Strong or weak or no relationship?
Amounts (bars)
```

Important packages

```
ggplot2 - Creates visualizations
RColorBrewer - Pick color schemes
lubridate - Convert character strings to date vectors.
```

Styling the Plot

Describing Visualization

```
ggsave("img/faithful_plot.png", faithful_plot)
ggsave("img/faithful_plot.jpg", faithful_plot)
ggsave("img/faithful_plot.bmp", faithful_plot)
ggsave("img/faithful_plot.tiff", faithful_plot)
ggsave("img/faithful_plot.svg", faithful_plot)
```

Facet Grid

```
facet_grid(rows = vars(column))
facet_grid(cols = vars(column))
```

Fill and Color

Fill

Used in geom_bar() and geom_histogram(). Aesthetically fills the bars.

Color

Used in geom point() and geom line()