Program - 1

Aim: Illustrate and demonstrate the working model and principle of Find-S algorithm. **Program:** For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Find-S algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.

Algorithm:

- Initialize h to the most specific hypothesis in H
 For each positive training instance x

 For each attribute constraint a_i in h
 - For each attribute constraint a_i in nIf the constraint a_i is satisfied by xThen do nothing

Else replace a_i in h by the next more general constraint that is satisfied by x

3. Output hypothesis h

TABLE 2.3

FIND-S Algorithm.

Program:

```
data = pd.read_csv('Dataset10.csv')
data.head()
data = data.drop(['Day'], axis = 1)
data.head()
attribute=np.array(data)[:,:-1]
print(attribute)
target=np.array(data)[:,-1]
print(target)
def train(att,tar):
  for i,val in enumerate(tar):
     if val=='Yes':
       specific_h=att[i].copy()
       break
  for i,val in enumerate(att):
     if tar[i]=='Yes':
       for x in range(len(specific_h)):
          if val[x]!=specific_h[x]:
             specific h[x]='?'
          else:
            pass
  return specific_h
```

print(train(attribute,target))

DATASET: PlayTennis.csv

	Day	Outlook	Temperature	Humidity	Wind	PlayTennis
0	D1	Sunny	Hot	High	Weak	No
1	D2	Sunny	Hot	High	Strong	No
2	D3	Overcast	Hot	High	Weak	Yes
3	D4	Rain	Mild	High	Weak	Yes
4	D5	Rain	Cool	Normal	Weak	Yes

OUTPUT:

DATASET: EnjoySport.csv

		Sky	AirTemp	Humidity	Wind	Water	Forecast	EnjoySport
	0	Sunny	Warm	Normal	Strong	Warm	Same	1
	1	Sunny	Warm	High	Strong	Warm	Same	1
	2	Rainy	Cold	High	Strong	Warm	Change	0
	3	Sunny	Warm	High	Strong	Cool	Change	1

OUTPUT:

array(['Sunny', 'Warm', '?', 'Strong', '?', '?'], dtype=object)