

CPE301 – SPRING 2018

# Design Assignment 4

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**DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE DURING SUBMISSION:**

The student understands that all required components should be submitted in complete for grading of this assignment.

NO	SUBMISSION ITEM	COMPLETED (Y/N)	MARKS (/MAX)
1	COMPONENTS LIST AND CONNECTION BLOCK DIAGRAM w/ PINS		
2.	INITIAL CODE OF TASK 1/A		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 2/B		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 3/C		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 4/D		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 5/E		
4.	SCHEMATICS		
5.	SCREENSHOTS OF EACH TASK OUTPUT		
5.	SCREENSHOT OF EACH DEMO		
6.	VIDEO LINKS OF EACH DEMO		
7.	GOOGLECODE LINK OF THE DA		

## 1. COMPONENTS LIST AND CONNECTION BLOCK DIAGRAM w/ PINS

Disclaimer: My partner for this assignment is Nathan Hanuscin

- Atmega328P x 2
- FTDI x 2
- NRF24L01 x 2
- One LM34
- Jumper cables

## 2. CODE FOR RECEIVER

```
#define F_CPU 8000000UL
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <util/delay.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include "nrf24l01.h"

volatile bool rf_interrupt = false;

// Set up all of the SPI ports with the nRF struct and turn on int0 interrupt
nRF24L01 *setup_rf(void){
    nRF24L01 *rf = nRF24L01_init();
    rf->ss.port = &PORTB;
    rf->ss.pin = PB2;
    rf->ce.port = &PORTB;
    rf->ce.pin = PB1;
    rf->sck.port = &PORTB;
    rf->sck.pin = PB5;
    rf->mosi.port = &PORTB;
    rf->mosi.pin = PB3;
    rf->miso.port = &PORTB;
    rf->miso.pin = PB4;
    EICRA |= _BV(ISC01);
    EIMSK |= _BV(INT0);           // turn on int0 interrupt
    nRF24L01_begin(rf);
    return rf;
}

void spi_init() {
    DDRB &= ~((1<<2)|(1<<3)|(1<<5)); //SCK, MOSI and SS as inputs
    DDRB |= (1<<4);           // MISO as output
    SPCR &= !(1<<MSTR);       // set as slave
    SPCR |= (1<<SPR0)|(1<<SPR1); // divide clock by 128
    SPCR |= (1<<SPE);         // enable SPI
}

void init_uart(){
    // setting the baud rate based on F_CPU and baudrate
    UBRRH = 0x00;
    UBRRL = 0x0C;
    // enabling TX & RX
    UCSRB = (1<<RXEN0)|(1<<TXEN0);           // enable receive and transmit
    UCSRA = (1<<UDRE0)|(1<<U2X0);
}
```

```

        UCSR0C = (1 << UCSZ01) | (1 << UCSZ00);    // Set frame: 8data, 1 stop
    }

    void ADC_init() {
        ADMUX = 0;                                // read from port ADC0
        ADMUX |= (1<<REFS0);                       // use Vcc for reference
        ADCSRA |= (1<<ADPS2) | (1<<ADPS1);          // prescaler of 64
        ADCSRA |= (1<<ADEN);                       // enable ADC
        ADCSRB = 0;                                // free running mode
    }

    void USART_Transmit( char *data)
    {
        while((*data != '\0')) {    // transmits all chars but null
            while(!(UCSR0A & (1<<UDRE0))); // waits for transmit flag to clear
            UDR0 = *data;             // transmit next char
            data++;                   // move to next char
        }
    }

    unsigned int readADC()
    {
        ADMUX &= ~(1<<ADLAR);          // clear the adc value
        unsigned int val = 0;
        ADCSRA |= (1 << ADSC);          // start adc
        while(ADCSRA & (1<<ADSC));      // wait until adc is done

        val = ADC;
        val = val * 0.427;              // doing (5 * 100 * adc) / 1024, just simplified

        return val;
    }

    // nRF24L01 interrupt
    ISR(INT0_vect) {
        rf_interrupt = true;           // turn on variable for while loop
        EIFR |= (INTF0);               // reset interrupt flag
    }

    int main(void)
    {
        init_uart();                  // set UART variables
        ADC_init();                   // set ADC variables
        _delay_ms(150);
        USART_Transmit("Started!\r\n");
        uint8_t address[5] = {0x01, 0x01, 0x01, 0x01, 0x01 }; // address for nRF
        sei();                        // turn on global interrupts
        nRF24L01 *rf = setup_rf();    // initialize and setup nRF struct
        nRF24L01_listen(rf, 0, address);
        uint8_t addr[5];
        nRF24L01_read_register(rf, 0x00, addr, 1);

        while (1)
        {
            if (rf_interrupt)
            {

```

```

        rf_interrupt = false;
        while (nRF24L01_data_received(rf)) {
            nRF24L01Message msg;
            nRF24L01_read_received_data(rf, &msg);    // gets data that was
sent
            USART_Transmit((char *)msg.data);        // transmit the
temperature value sent
            USART_Transmit("\r\n");                  // transmit a line feed
        }
        nRF24L01_listen(rf, 0, address);
    }
}

return 0;
}

```

### 3. CODE FOR TRANSMITTER

```

#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "nrf24l01.h"
#define UBRR_9600 51 // for 8Mhz with .2% error
#define F_CPU 8000000UL
#include <util/delay.h>

void spi_init(void);
void setup_timer(void);
nRF24L01 *setup_rf(void);
void adc_init(void);
void read_adc(void);
void USART_init( unsigned int ubrr );
void USART_tx_string( char *data );
volatile bool rf_interrupt = false;
volatile bool send_message = false;
volatile unsigned int adc_temp;
char outs[20];

int main(void)
{
    uint8_t to_address[5] = { 0x01, 0x01, 0x01, 0x01, 0x01 };
    spi_init();
    USART_init(UBRR_9600);                //Initialize the USART
(RS232 interface)
    USART_tx_string("Connected!\r\n");    //Display connected
    _delay_ms(125);                       //wait a bit
    sei();
    nRF24L01 *rf = setup_rf();
    adc_init();                           // start ADC
    setup_timer();                         // setup timer for CTC every 1 second

    while (true)
    {
        if (rf_interrupt)
        {
            rf_interrupt = false;

```

```

        int success = nRF24L01_transmit_success(rf);
        if (success != 0)
            nRF24L01_flush_transmit_message(rf);
    }

    if (send_message)
    {
        read_adc();           // read ADC value
        send_message = false;
        nRF24L01Message msg;
        sprintf(outs, sizeof(outs), "%3d\r\n", adc_temp);
        USART_tx_string(outs); // display temperature read
        memcpy(msg.data, outs, 3);
        msg.length = strlen((char *)msg.data) + 1;
        nRF24L01_transmit(rf, to_address, &msg); // transmit the
temperature value
    }

}

return 0;
}

void adc_init(void)
{
    /** Setup and enable ADC */
    ADMUX = 0; //select ADC0 Pin as input
    ADMUX = (0<<REFS1) | //Reference Selection Bits
    (1<<REFS0) | //AVcc - external cap at AREF
    (1<<ADLAR); //ADC right Adjust Result

    ADCSRA = (1<<ADEN) | //ADC ENable
    (1<<ADSC) | //ADC Start Conversion
    (1<<ADATE) | //ADC Auto Trigger Enable
    (0<<ADIF) | //ADC Interrupt Flag
    (0<<ADIE) | //ADC Interrupt Enable
    (1<<ADPS2) | //ADC Prescaler of 64
    (1<<ADPS1) |
    (0<<ADPS0);

    ADCSRB = 0;
}

nRF24L01 *setup_rf(void)
{
    nRF24L01 *rf = nRF24L01_init();

    rf->ss.port = &PORTB;
    rf->ss.pin = PB2;
    rf->ce.port = &PORTB;
    rf->ce.pin = PB1;
    rf->sck.port = &PORTB;
    rf->sck.pin = PB5;
    rf->mosi.port = &PORTB;
    rf->mosi.pin = PB3;
    rf->miso.port = &PORTB;
    rf->miso.pin = PB4;
    // interrupt on falling edge of INT0 (PD2)
    EICRA |= _BV(ISC01);
}

```

```

    EIMSK |= _BV(INT0);
    nRF24L01_begin(rf);
    return rf;
}

void read_adc(void)
{
    adc_temp = 0; //initialize temp to 0
    ADCSRA |= (1<<ADSC); //start the conversion
    while((ADCSRA & (1<<ADIF)) == 0);
    {
        //wait for conversion to finish
    }
    adc_temp = ADCH; //get temp value
}

void spi_init(void)
{
    DDRB |= (1<<2)|(1<<3)|(1<<5); // SCK, MOSI and SS as outputs
    DDRB &= ~(1<<4); // MISO as input
    SPCR |= (1<<MSTR); // Set as Master
    SPCR |= (1<<SPR0)|(1<<SPR1); // divided clock by 128
    SPCR |= (1<<SPE); // Enable SPI
}

// setup timer to trigger interrupt every second when at 8MHz
void setup_timer(void)
{
    TCCR1B |= _BV(WGM12);
    TIMSK1 |= _BV(OCIE1A);
    OCR1A = 31250;
    TCCR1B |= _BV(CS12);
}

/* INIT USART (RS-232) */
void USART_init( unsigned int ubrr )
{
    UBRR0H = (unsigned char)(ubrr>>8); //set baud rate
    UBRR0L = (unsigned char)ubrr;
    UCSR0B = (1 << TXEN0) | (1 <<RXEN0); // Enable receiver, transmitter
    UCSR0C = (1 << UCSZ00) | (1 << UCSZ01); //asynchronous 8-bit data 1 stop bit
}

/* SEND A STRING TO THE RS-232*/
void USART_tx_string( char *data )
{
    while ((*data != '\0'))
    {
        while (!(UCSR0A & (1 <<UDRE0)))
        {
            //wait for the transmit buffer to empty
        }
        UDR0 = *data; //put the data into the empty buffer,
        which sends the data
        _delay_ms(125); // wait a bit
        data++;
    }
}

```

```

}

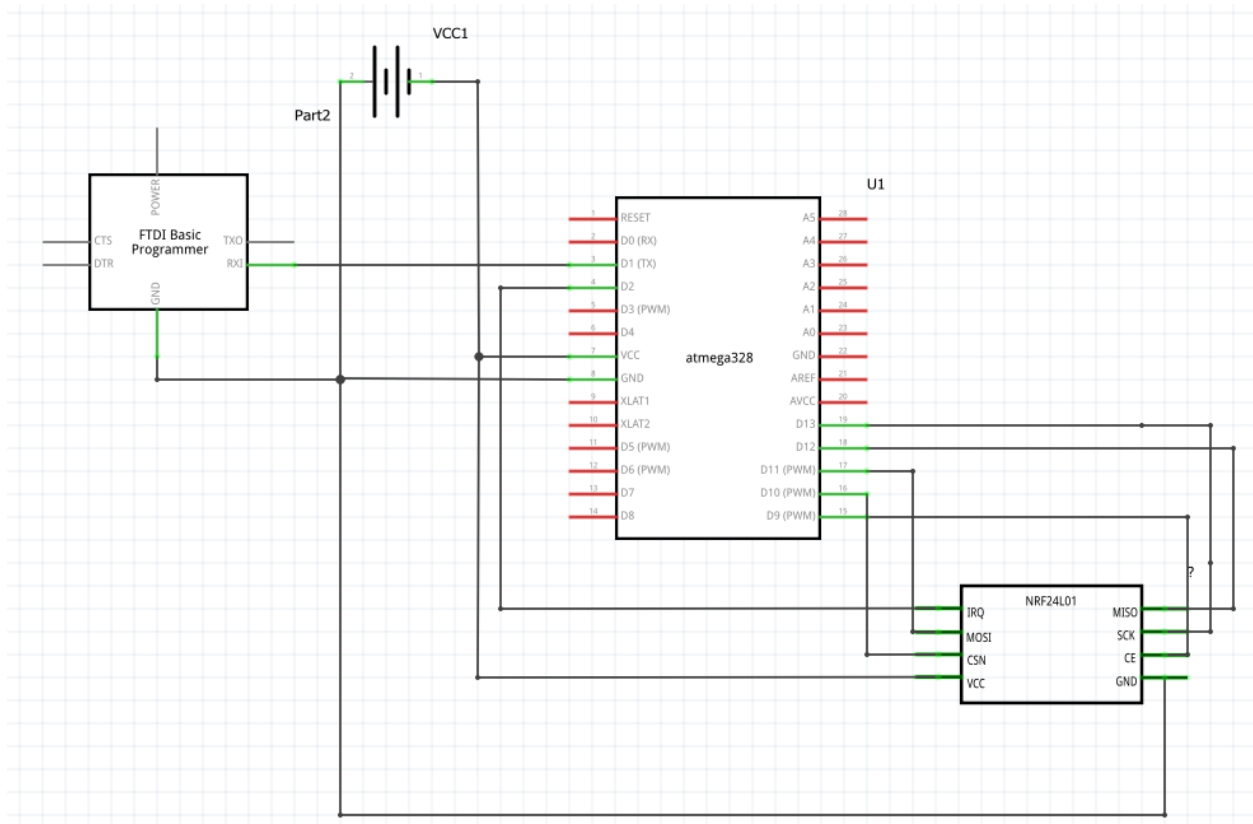
// each one second interrupt
ISR(TIMER1_COMPA_vect)
{
    send_message = true;
    TIFR1 |= (1<<OCF1A);
}

// nRF24L01 interrupt
ISR(INT0_vect)
{
    rf_interrupt = true;
    EIFR |= (1<<INTF0);
}

```

#### 4. SCHEMATICS

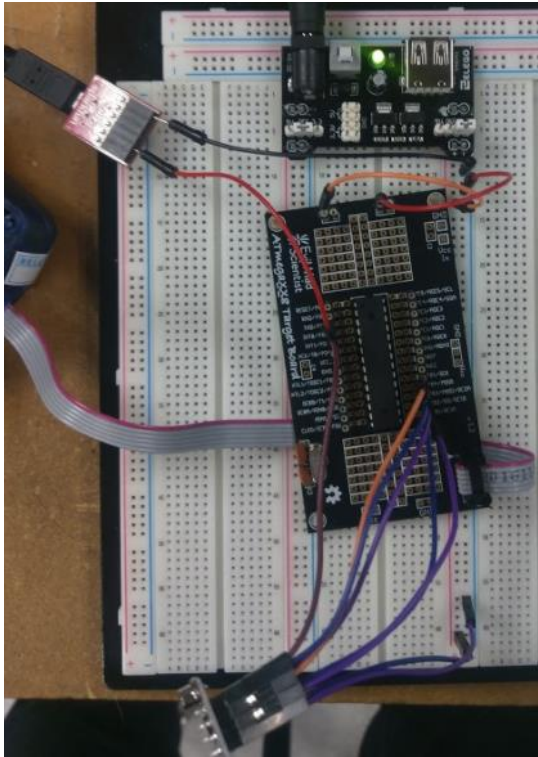
For Receiver:



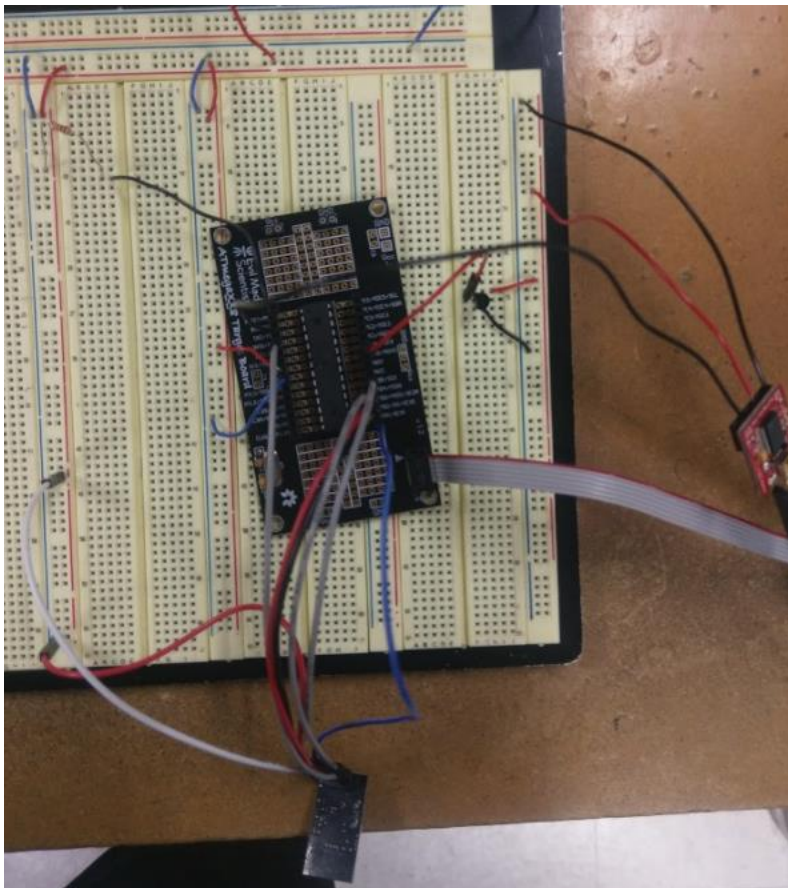




**Receiver:**



**Transmitter:**



**7. VIDEO LINKS OF EACH DEMO**

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BUFPaYAD4H8>

**8. GITHUB LINK OF THIS DA**

**Student Academic Misconduct Policy**

<http://studentconduct.unlv.edu/misconduct/policy.html>

*"This assignment submission is my own, original work".*

Brian Lopez