# Chen\_Pohao\_Final\_Project

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## 1. Text Classification

(a)

import packages

```
In [1]: import os,sys
import numpy as np
import math
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import re
from tensorflow import keras
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

# (b) Data Exploration and Pre-processing

(i) (ii) Data pre-processing and labeling

```
In [2]: Ppath = '../Data/pos'
         Pfiles = sorted(os.listdir(Ppath))
         Npath = '../Data/neg'
         Nfiles = sorted(os.listdir(Npath))
         Ptxts = list()
         Ntxts = list()
         for file in Pfiles:
              Pfname = Ppath+'/'+file
              #print(Pfname)
              with open(Pfname, 'r') as f:
                  text = f.read()
                  res = re.sub(r'[\W\_\d]', ' ', text).split()
#result = re.sub(r'[\s+]', ' ', res).strip()
                  Ptxts.append(res)
         pos_df = pd.DataFrame({'text': Ptxts, 'label': list([1 for i in range(
         for file in Nfiles:
             Nfname = Npath+'/'+file
              #print(Nfname)
              with open(Nfname, 'r') as f:
                  text = f.read()
                  res = re.sub(r'[\W\_\d]', ' ', text).split()
#result = re.sub(r'[\s+]', ' ', res)
                  Ntxts.append(res)
         neg_df = pd.DataFrame({'text': Ntxts, 'label': list([-1 for i in range
```

text label

# In [3]: pos\_df

#### Out[3]:

	toat	iabei
0	[films, adapted, from, comic, books, have, had	1
1	[every, now, and, then, a, movie, comes, along	1
2	[you, ve, got, mail, works, alot, better, than	1
3	[jaws, is, a, rare, film, that, grabs, your, a	1
4	[moviemaking, is, a, lot, like, being, the, ge	1
995	[wow, what, a, movie, it, s, everything, a, mo	1
996	[richard, gere, can, be, a, commanding, actor,	1
997	[glory, starring, matthew, broderick, denzel,	1
998	[steven, spielberg, s, second, epic, film, on,	1
999	[truman, true, man, burbank, is, the, perfect,	1

1000 rows × 2 columns

text label

text label

## In [4]: neg\_df

## Out[4]:

0	[plot, two, teen, couples, go, to, a, church,	-1
1	[the, happy, bastard, s, quick, movie, review,	-1
2	[it, is, movies, like, these, that, make, a, j	-1
3	[quest, for, camelot, is, warner, bros, first,	-1
4	[synopsis, a, mentally, unstable, man, undergo	-1
995	[if, anything, stigmata, should, be, taken, as	-1
996	[john, boorman, s, zardoz, is, a, goofy, cinem	-1
997	[the, kids, in, the, hall, are, an, acquired,	-1
998	[there, was, a, time, when, john, carpenter, w	-1
999	[two, party, guys, bob, their, heads, to, hadd	-1

1000 rows × 2 columns

# In [5]: All\_df = pd.concat([pos\_df,neg\_df]) All\_df

#### Out[5]:

[films, adapted, from, comic, books, have, had	1
[every, now, and, then, a, movie, comes, along	1
[you, ve, got, mail, works, alot, better, than	1
[jaws, is, a, rare, film, that, grabs, your, a	1
[moviemaking, is, a, lot, like, being, the, ge	1
[if, anything, stigmata, should, be, taken, as	-1
[john, boorman, s, zardoz, is, a, goofy, cinem	-1
[the, kids, in, the, hall, are, an, acquired, $\dots$	-1
[there, was, a, time, when, john, carpenter, w	-1
[two, party, guys, bob, their, heads, to, hadd	-1
	[every, now, and, then, a, movie, comes, along  [you, ve, got, mail, works, alot, better, than  [jaws, is, a, rare, film, that, grabs, your, a  [moviemaking, is, a, lot, like, being, the, ge   [if, anything, stigmata, should, be, taken, as  [john, boorman, s, zardoz, is, a, goofy, cinem  [the, kids, in, the, hall, are, an, acquired,  [there, was, a, time, when, john, carpenter, w

2000 rows × 2 columns

## (iii) Split the train and test data

text label

In [6]: train\_df = pd.concat([pos\_df[:700],neg\_df[:700]])
train\_df

#### Out[6]:

0	[films, adapted, from, comic, books, have, had	1
1	[every, now, and, then, a, movie, comes, along	1
2	[you, ve, got, mail, works, alot, better, than	1
3	[jaws, is, a, rare, film, that, grabs, your, a	1
4	[moviemaking, is, a, lot, like, being, the, ge	1
695	[house, on, haunted, hill, starring, taye, dig	-1
696	[fit, for, a, ghoul, s, night, out, fat, girl,	-1
697	[marie, couldn, t, talk, paulie, the, parrot,	-1
698	[well, here, s, a, distasteful, thoroughly, am	-1
699	[okay, i, just, don, t, know, why, but, i, see	-1

1400 rows × 2 columns

# In [7]: test\_df = pd.concat([pos\_df[700:],neg\_df[700:]]) test\_df

#### Out[7]:

	text	label
700	[let, me, start, off, by, saying, that, leadin	1
701	[seen, september, at, p, m, at, the, sony, nic	1
702	[the, characters, in, palmetto, collectively, $\dots$	1
703	[you, ve, got, mail, is, the, very, definition	1
704	[with, the, sudden, liberal, emergence, of, pe	1
995	[if, anything, stigmata, should, be, taken, as	-1
996	[john, boorman, s, zardoz, is, a, goofy, cinem	-1
997	[the, kids, in, the, hall, are, an, acquired, $\dots$	-1
998	[there, was, a, time, when, john, carpenter, w	-1
999	[two, party, guys, bob, their, heads, to, hadd	-1

### (iv) Count the number of unique words

```
In [8]: count_dict = dict()

for text in All_df['text']:
    for word in text:
        if word not in count_dict:
            count_dict[word] = 1
    else:
        count_dict[word] += 1
#print(count_dict)
```

## In [9]: print("The number of unique words is:", len(count\_dict))

The number of unique words is: 38911

The number of each unique word:

#### Out[10]:

	unique word	count
0	films	1536
1	adapted	46
2	from	4999
3	comic	389
4	books	78
5	have	4902
6	had	1546
7	plenty	134
8	of	34126
9	success	216
10	whether	217

#### (v) Calculate average and standard deviation of review length

The average of review length is: 665.636 The standard deviation of revew length is: 293.66091245516486

#### (vi) Plot the histogram of review lengths

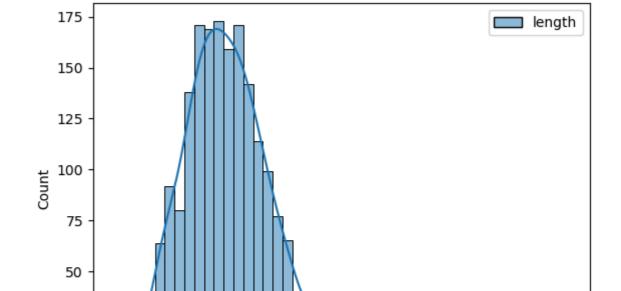
In [12]: All\_df['length'] = review\_length
 All\_df

#### Out[12]:

	text	label	length
0	[films, adapted, from, comic, books, have, had	1	707
1	[every, now, and, then, a, movie, comes, along	1	672
2	[you, ve, got, mail, works, alot, better, than	1	431
3	[jaws, is, a, rare, film, that, grabs, your, a	1	1018
4	[moviemaking, is, a, lot, like, being, the, ge	1	673
5	[on, june, a, self, taught, idealistic, yet, p	1	871
6	[apparently, director, tony, kaye, had, a, maj	1	806
7	[one, of, my, colleagues, was, surprised, when	1	636
8	[after, bloody, clashes, and, independence, wo	1	262
9	[the, american, action, film, has, been, slowl	1	433
10	[after, watching, rat, race, last, week, i, no	1	849

```
In [13]: sns.histplot(All_df.drop(['label'], axis=1), kde=True)
    plt.xlabel('review length')
    plt.title('The review length distribution of all reviews')
```

Out[13]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'The review length distribution of all reviews')



1000

review length

1500

2000

The review length distribution of all reviews

#### (vii) Tokenization

25

500

```
# Reference source: Tokenize.webarchive
In [14]:
         from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
         #word counts = list()
         word_index = list()
         #one hot encoded = list()
         text rank seg = list()
         t = Tokenizer()
         t.fit on texts(train df['text'])#(All df['text'])
         print(t.word index)
         for text in All df['text']:
             #print(t.word_counts)
             #word_counts.append(t.word_counts)
             #word index.append(t.word index)
             seq = t.texts_to_sequences(text)
             print(seq)
             text_rank_seq.append(seq)
             # encoded docs = t.texts to matrix(text, mode='count')
             # print(encoded docs)
             # one hot encoded_append(encoded docs)
```

{'the': 1, 'a': 2, 'and': 3, 'of': 4, 'to': 5, 'is': 6, 'in': 7,
's': 8, 'it': 9, 'that': 10, 'as': 11, 'with': 12, 'for': 13, 'his':
14, 'film': 15, 'this': 16, 'i': 17, 'he': 18, 'but': 19, 'on': 20,
'are': 21, 't': 22, 'by': 23, 'be': 24, 'one': 25, 'an': 26, 'who':
27, 'movie': 28, 'not': 29, 'you': 30, 'at': 31, 'was': 32, 'from':
33, 'have': 34, 'they': 35, 'has': 36, 'her': 37, 'all': 38, 'ther
e': 39, 'like': 40, 'out': 41, 'so': 42, 'about': 43, 'more': 44, 'u
p': 45, 'what': 46, 'when': 47, 'which': 48, 'or': 49, 'she': 50, 't
heir': 51, 'some': 52, 'just': 53, 'can': 54, 'if': 55, 'we': 56, 'i
nto': 57, 'him': 58, 'even': 59, 'no': 60, 'only': 61, 'than': 62,
'time': 63, 'good': 64, 'most': 65, 'its': 66, 'will': 67, 'story':
68, 'would': 69, 'been': 70, 'much': 71, 'character': 72, 'get': 73,
'also': 74, 'other': 75, 'do': 76, 'well': 77, 'first': 78, 'two': 7
9, 'very': 80, 'characters': 81, 'them': 82, 'see': 83, 'after': 84,
'way': 85, 'because': 86, 'make': 87, 'life': 88, 'too': 89, 'does':
90, 'really': 91, 'off': 92, 'plot': 93, 'little': 94, 'had': 95, 'a
ny': 96, 'films': 97, 'while': 98, 'how': 99, 'where': 100, 'then':
101, 'me': 102, 'people': 103, 'over': 104, 'man': 105, 'could': 10
6, 'scene': 107, 'bad': 108, 'best': 109, 'my': 110, 'never': 111,

#### (viii) Select the reviews have a length below L

If L=70%

```
In [15]: All_df['length'].quantile(0.7)
```

Out[15]: 759.3

text label length

In [16]: L70\_df = All\_df[All\_df['length'] < All\_df['length'].quantile(0.7)]
L70\_df</pre>

#### Out [16]:

	LOAL	idaci	iongui
0	[films, adapted, from, comic, books, have, had	1	707
1	[every, now, and, then, a, movie, comes, along	1	672
2	[you, ve, got, mail, works, alot, better, than	1	431
4	[moviemaking, is, a, lot, like, being, the, ge	1	673
7	[one, of, my, colleagues, was, surprised, when	1	636
8	[after, bloody, clashes, and, independence, wo	1	262
9	[the, american, action, film, has, been, slowl	1	433
11	[i, ve, noticed, something, lately, that, i, v	1	700
12	[synopsis, bobby, garfield, yelchin, lives, in	1	312
13	[synopsis, in, this, movie, steven, spielberg,	1	293
15	[plot, a, young, man, who, loves, heavy, metal	1	587

## In [17]: # Decided threshold is whether 759 or 760

threshold = 760
L70\_df = All\_df[All\_df['length'] < threshold]
L70\_df.info()</pre>

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

Column Non-Null Count Dtype

Index: 1400 entries, 0 to 999
Data columns (total 3 columns):

0 text 1400 non-null object 1 label 1400 non-null int64 2 length 1400 non-null int64

dtypes: int64(2), object(1)
memory usage: 43.8+ KB

text label length

```
In [18]: rest_df = All_df[All_df['length'] > All_df['length'].quantile(0.7)]
rest_df
```

#### Out[18]:

	text	label	lengui
3	[jaws, is, a, rare, film, that, grabs, your, a	1	1018
5	[on, june, a, self, taught, idealistic, yet, p	1	871
6	[apparently, director, tony, kaye, had, a, maj	1	806
10	[after, watching, rat, race, last, week, i, no	1	849
14	[the, police, negotiator, is, the, person, wit	1	1140
17	[the, ultimate, match, up, between, good, and,	1	835
23	[when, bulworth, ended, i, allowed, myself, a,	1	782
24	[call, for, the, cliche, police, if, you, must	1	934
25	[hilarious, ultra, low, budget, comedy, from,	1	772
27	[the, most, common, and, in, many, cases, the,	1	1147
28	[the, blair, witch, project, was, perhaps, one	1	997

I've tried both 70% and 90% as a threshold, and their performance is nearly the same in my model; using 70% as a threshold seems to have a little better performance, so I choose 70% to do the following steps.

#### (ix) Truncating and zero-padding

```
In [19]: for i in range(len(text_rank_seq)):
    for j in range(len(text_rank_seq[i])):
        if len(text_rank_seq[i][j]) == 0:
            text_rank_seq[i][j] = [0]
```

```
In [20]: import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
# Truncate reviews longer than L
padded_seq = tf.keras.utils.pad_sequences(text_rank_seq, dtype='int32')
```

# (c) Word Enbeddings

#### (i) - (ii) embedding and fletten

```
Chen_PoHao_Final_Project - Jupyter Notebook
In [21]: from keras import Sequential, layers
         from keras.layers import Embedding, Flatten
         # L
         max_length = threshold
         input_array = padded_seq
         input array[input array > 5000] = 0
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Embedding(5001, 32, input_length=max_length))
         model.add(Flatten())
         output array = model.predict(input array)
         print(model.summary())
         #print(output_array)
         63/63 [========= ] - 0s 833us/step
         Model: "sequential"
          Layer (type)
                                       Output Shape
                                                                 Param #
          embedding (Embedding)
                                       (None, 760, 32)
                                                                 160032
          flatten (Flatten)
                                       (None, 24320)
         Total params: 160,032
         Trainable params: 160,032
         Non-trainable params: 0
         None
         2024-05-05 18:24:36.600120: W tensorflow/tsl/platform/profile utils/
         cpu_utils.cc:128] Failed to get CPU frequency: 0 Hz
In [22]: |print(output_array)
         [[ 0.03655313
                        0.02482773 -0.03938542 ... -0.03580993 0.0145128
           -0.04934711
```

```
In [23]: len(output_array), len(output_array[0])
```

Out[23]: (2000, 24320)

## (d) Multi\_Layer Perceptron

#### (i) Train MLP model

#### Split the train, test dataset

```
In [24]: #padded_seq 2000*760

train_metrix = np.vstack((output_array[0:700], output_array[1000:1700])
    print(len(train_metrix))
    train_label = np.array([1 for i in range(700)] + [0 for i in range(700)]
    print(len(train_label))

test_metrix = np.vstack((output_array[700:1000], output_array[1700:]))
    print(len(test_metrix))
    test_label = np.array([1 for i in range(300)] + [0 for i in range(300)]
    print(len(test_label))

1400
    1400
    600
```

#### **Build the model**

```
In [25]:
        #source: keras.io doc
         epochs = 2
         batch_size = 10
        MLPmodel = keras.Sequential()
        mlp1 = keras.Sequential(
                        layers.Dense(units=50, activation='relu'),
                        layers.Dropout(rate=0.2),
                     ]
         )
        mlp2 = keras.Sequential(
                        layers.Dense(units=50, activation='relu'),
                        layers.Dropout(rate=0.5),
                     ]
         )
         mlp3 = keras.Sequential(
                        layers.Dense(units=50, activation='relu'),
                        layers.Dropout(rate=0.5),
                     1
         )
        MLPmodel.add(mlp1)
        MLPmodel.add(mlp2)
        MLPmodel.add(mlp3)
        MLPmodel.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation='sigmoid'))
        MLPmodel.compile(
             optimizer = 'adam', #keras.optimizers.legacy.Adam(),
             loss = 'binary_crossentropy', #keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
             metrics=[
                     'accuracy'#keras.metrics.Accuracy(name="acc")
                    #keras.metrics.SparseTopKCategoricalAccuracy(5, name="top5
                ],
         )
        MLPmodel.fit(train_metrix, train_label, epochs=epochs, batch_size=batch
         Epoch 1/2
         140/140 [=======
                               3 - accuracy: 0.5157
         Epoch 2/2
                                    ========] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.689
         140/140 [=======
         0 - accuracy: 0.5393
Out[25]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x2bf47e380>
```

#### (ii) Train/Test accuracy

#### (e) 1-D CNN

(i)

```
In [27]: #padded_seq 2000*760

all_seq = padded_seq
all_seq[all_seq > 5000] = 0

train_X = np.vstack((all_seq[0:700], all_seq[1000:1700]))
print(len(train_X))
train_label = np.array([1 for i in range(700)] + [0 for i in range(700)]
print(len(train_label))

test_X = np.vstack((all_seq[700:1000], all_seq[1700:]))
print(len(test_X))
test_label = np.array([1 for i in range(300)] + [0 for i in range(300)]
print(len(test_label))
```

```
In [28]:
         epochs = 2
         batch size = 10
         # L
         max length = threshold
         CNNmodel = keras.Sequential()
         CNNmodel.add(Embedding(5001, 32, input_length=threshold))
         CNNmodel.add(keras.layers.Conv1D(32, 3, activation='relu'))
         CNNmodel.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling1D(pool_size=2, strides=2))
         CNNmodel.add(Flatten())
         # MLP 3 layers
         mlp1 = keras.Sequential(
                          layers.Dense(units=50, activation='relu'),
                          layers.Dropout(rate=0.2),
                      1
         )
         mlp2 = keras.Sequential(
                          layers.Dense(units=50, activation='relu'),
                          layers.Dropout(rate=0.5),
                      1
         )
         mlp3 = keras.Sequential(
                          layers.Dense(units=50, activation='relu'),
                          layers.Dropout(rate=0.5),
                      ]
         )
         CNNmodel.add(mlp1)
         CNNmodel.add(mlp2)
         CNNmodel.add(mlp3)
         CNNmodel.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation='sigmoid'))
         CNNmodel.compile(
             optimizer = 'adam', #keras.optimizers.legacy.Adam(),
             loss = 'binary_crossentropy', #keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
             metrics=[
                      'accuracy'#keras.metrics.Accuracy(name="acc"),
                      #keras.metrics.SparseTopKCategoricalAccuracy(5, name="top5
                 ],
         )
         print(CNNmodel.summary())
         #train_label_exp = tf.expand_dims(train_label, 1)
         CNNmodel.fit(train_X, train_label, epochs=epochs, batch_size=batch_siz
```

Model: "sequential\_5"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None, 760, 32)	160032
conv1d (Conv1D)	(None, 758, 32)	3104
<pre>max_pooling1d (MaxPooling1D )</pre>	(None, 379, 32)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 12128)	0
<pre>sequential_6 (Sequential)</pre>	(None, 50)	606450
<pre>sequential_7 (Sequential)</pre>	(None, 50)	2550
sequential_8 (Sequential)	(None, 50)	2550
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 1)	51

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Total params: 774,737 Trainable params: 774,737 Non-trainable params: 0

Out[28]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x2d6cf9db0>

#### (ii) Trian/test accuracy

- accuracy: 0.5500 Test accuracy: 55.0%

### (f) LSTM RNN

(i)

```
In [30]: #padded_seq 2000*760

all_seq = padded_seq
all_seq[all_seq > 5000] = 0

train_X = np.vstack((all_seq[0:700], all_seq[1000:1700]))
print(len(train_X))
train_label = np.array([1 for i in range(700)] + [0 for i in range(700)]
print(len(train_label))

test_X = np.vstack((all_seq[700:1000], all_seq[1700:]))
print(len(test_X))
test_label = np.array([1 for i in range(300)] + [0 for i in range(300)]
print(len(test_label))
```

1400 1400 600

```
In [31]:
         epochs = 10
         batch size = 10
         LSTM model = keras.Sequential()
         LSTM model.add(layers.Embedding(5001, 32, input length=threshold))
         LSTM_model.add(layers.LSTM(32, dropout=0.2))
         LSTM model.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
         LSTM_model.add(layers.Dropout(rate=0.2))
         LSTM model.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation='sigmoid'))
         LSTM model.compile(
             optimizer = 'adam', #keras.optimizers.legacy.Adam(),
             loss = 'binary_crossentropy',#keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
             metrics=[
                      'accuracy'#keras.metrics.Accuracy(name="acc"),
                     #keras.metrics.SparseTopKCategoricalAccuracy(5, name="top5
                 ],
         print(LSTM_model.summary())
         #train label exp = tf.expand dims(train label, 1)
         LSTM_model.fit(train_X, train_label, epochs=epochs, batch_size=batch_s
```

Model: "sequential\_9"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
embedding_2 (Embedding)	(None, 760, 32)	160032
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 32)	8320
dense_8 (Dense)	(None, 256)	8448
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
dense_9 (Dense)	(None, 1)	257

Total params: 177,057 Trainable params: 177,057 Non-trainable params: 0

None

Epoch 1/10

```
2024-05-05 18:24:39.798573: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/executo
r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
ID ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
s/split_2_grad/concat/split_2/split_dim' with dtype int32
         [[{{node gradients/split_2_grad/concat/split_2/split_di
m}}]]
2024-05-05 18:24:39.799275: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/executo
r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
ID_ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
s/split_grad/concat/split/split_dim' with dtype int32
         [[{{node gradients/split grad/concat/split/split dim}}]]
2024-05-05 18:24:39.799804: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/executo
r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
ID_ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
s/split_1_grad/concat/split_1/split_dim' with dtype int32
         [[{{node gradients/split 1 grad/concat/split 1/split di
m}}]]
2024-05-05 18:24:39.919953: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/executo
r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
ID_ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
s/split 2 grad/concat/split 2/split dim' with dtype int32
         [[{{node gradients/split 2 grad/concat/split 2/split di
m}}]]
2024-05-05 18:24:39.920431: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/executo
r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
ID_ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
s/split grad/concat/split/split dim' with dtype int32
         [[{{node gradients/split_grad/concat/split_split_dim}}]]
2024-05-05 18:24:39.920842: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/executo
r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
ID_ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
s/split_1_grad/concat/split_1/split_dim' with dtype int32
         [[{{node gradients/split_1_grad/concat/split_1/split_di
m}}]]
2024-05-05 18:24:40.106246: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/executo
r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
ID_ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
s/split_2_grad/concat/split_2/split_dim' with dtype int32
         [[{{node gradients/split_2_grad/concat/split_2/split_di
2024-05-05 18:24:40.107086: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/executo
r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
ID_ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
s/split_grad/concat/split/split_dim' with dtype int32
         [[{{node gradients/split_grad/concat/split/split_dim}}]]
2024-05-05 18:24:40.107761: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/executo
r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
ID_ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
s/split_1_grad/concat/split_1/split_dim' with dtype int32
         [[{{node gradients/split_1_grad/concat/split_1/split_di
m}}]]
```

```
932 - accuracy: 0.5050
Epoch 2/10
878 - accuracy: 0.5586
Epoch 3/10
140/140 [============== ] - 11s 79ms/step - loss: 0.6
194 - accuracy: 0.6136
Epoch 4/10
575 - accuracy: 0.6686
Epoch 5/10
010 - accuracy: 0.6814
Epoch 6/10
140/140 [=============== ] - 12s 84ms/step - loss: 0.4
851 - accuracy: 0.6679
Epoch 7/10
140/140 [============== ] - 11s 80ms/step - loss: 0.4
800 - accuracy: 0.6807
Epoch 8/10
140/140 [=============== ] - 11s 78ms/step - loss: 0.4
792 - accuracy: 0.6850
Epoch 9/10
140/140 [============== ] - 11s 81ms/step - loss: 0.4
837 - accuracy: 0.6764
Epoch 10/10
749 - accuracy: 0.6864
```

# Out[31]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x29f7417b0>

#### (ii) Train/Test accuracy

```
In [32]: train loss, train accuracy = LSTM model.evaluate(train X, train label
         print(f"Train accuracy: {round(train accuracy * 100, 2)}%")
         #test label exp = tf.expand dims(test label, 1)
         test_loss, test_accuracy = LSTM_model.evaluate(test_X, test_label)
         print(f"Test accuracy: {round(test accuracy * 100, 2)}%")
          4/44 [=>.....] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.4774 - ac
         curacy: 0.3750
         2024-05-05 18:26:33.276006: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/executo
         r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
         s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
         ID ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
         s/split 2 grad/concat/split 2/split dim' with dtype int32
                  [[{{node gradients/split_2_grad/concat/split_2/split_di
        m}}]]
         2024-05-05 18:26:33.276655: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/executo
         r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
         s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
         ID ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
         s/split_grad/concat/split/split_dim' with dtype int32
                  [[{{node gradients/split_grad/concat/split/split_dim}}]]
         2024-05-05 18:26:33.277033: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/executo
         r.cc:1197] [/device:CPU:0] (DEBUG INFO) Executor start aborting (thi
         s does not indicate an error and you can ignore this message): INVAL
         ID_ARGUMENT: You must feed a value for placeholder tensor 'gradient
         s/split_1_grad/concat/split_1/split_dim' with dtype int32
                  [[{{node gradients/split_1_grad/concat/split_1/split_di
         m}}]]
         44/44 [============== ] - 1s 22ms/step - loss: 0.4715
         - accuracy: 0.6879
         Train accuracy: 68.79%
                                     ======] - 0s 23ms/step - loss: 1.3404
         19/19 [==========
         - accuracy: 0.5350
         Test accuracy: 53.5%
```

In [ ]: