

## Span = Sparpice

1. Determine whether each vector is in the span of sets S and T, and if so, what coefficients could produce the given vectors from the sets.

$$S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \qquad T = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ .5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

- $\mathbf{b}) \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{c}) \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} T = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ .5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -32 \\ -11 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 24 \\ 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Spen of?$$

$$Spen of?$$

$$S = \begin{cases} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{cases}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x + \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{X} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ .5 \\ .5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X^{*} 48 \\ -3Y \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{X} \begin{bmatrix} 48 \\ 12 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -13 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -48 \\ 12 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -13 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

c) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 
$$S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \qquad T = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\frac{\text{Yes}}{\text{2erb withous pages}}$$

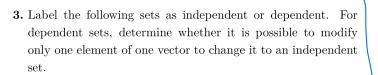
$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ Shoopages}$$

- 2. Determine whether the following vector is in the set spanned by the bracketed vectors, in other words, whether  $\mathbf{u} \in S =$  $\{v_1, ..., v_n\}$ 
  - $\mathbf{a}) \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

$$\mathbf{c}) \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\mathbf{a}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{b}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{c}) \, \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{d}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{e}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{f)} \ \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 5\\12 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -3\\4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 10\\23 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{g}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\4 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{h} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 8\\16\\24 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{i)} \ \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\1\\3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

a) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

b) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\-2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$
 c)  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ 

c) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1\\-2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

e) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$
Dependent

No. cont. change 1

e) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$
 f)  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 5\\12 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -3\\4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 10\\23 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ 

Dependent  $\checkmark$ 

No, can't change  $1 \times 1$ 

Yes

$$\mathbf{g}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\4 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{h} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 8\\16\\24 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

i) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\1\\3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$
be positive yes every 1

4. Determine the value of 
$$\lambda$$
 that would make the following sets of vectors dependent.

$$\mathbf{a}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4.5\\\lambda\\13.5 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{b}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \lambda \\ \lambda \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ 5 \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$c) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4\\\lambda\\5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 5\\0\\8 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

a) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4.5\\\lambda\\13.5 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{c}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4\\\lambda\\5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 5\\0\\8 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \left[ \begin{array}{c} \lambda = -\lambda \\ 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\2\\2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}4\\\lambda\\5\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}5\\0\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}$$

$$\mathbf{a} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\0\\0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\3\\4\\4\\5\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\5\\6\\8\\10\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\4\\4\\5\\1\\0 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \mathbf{p} \right\} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 4\\3\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4\\4\\3\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7\\1\\1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\1\\4 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{a}) \begin{cases} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{cases}$$

b) 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

Vectors = 5

clearly S = 3

[cenore 2]

- 6. Determine whether the following are descriptions of subspaces and subsets, or only subsets.
  - a) The set of points y such that y = 2x.
  - b) The set of points y such that y = 2x + .01.
  - c) The point at the origin in  $\mathbb{R}^5$ .
  - d) The set of all points in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  with positive magnitude.
- 7. What is the dimensionality of the subspace spanned by the following vector subspaces?

$$\mathbf{a}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7\\0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{b}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\6\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\4\\12\\6 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{c}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{d}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 9 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

- 8. Remove one vector in the following sets to create a basis set for a 2D subspace.

$$\mathbf{a} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{b} \right\} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 12 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{c}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3\\2\\13 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4.5\\-3\\-19.5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1.5\\1\\6 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

Subspaces are infinite, subsets have boundaries

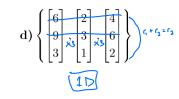
- a) The set of points y such that y = 2x. b) The set of points y such that y = 2x + .01. Subspace & SIBSEX
- c) The point at the origin in  $\mathbb{R}^5$ .
- SUBSET
- d) The set of all points in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  with positive magnitude. Subset

Subspace & subset

$$\mathbf{a}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{c}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{b}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \frac{2}{4} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$



$$\mathbf{a}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\2\\2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\mathbf{b}) \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\4\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\-4\\5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\12\\9 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$\begin{cases} \begin{bmatrix} -3\\2\\13 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4.5\\3\\-19.5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1.5\\1\\6 \end{bmatrix} \end{cases}$$