

Frontend #4 23.2.2016

Today's agenda (1/2)

Time		Activity
	8.30	Welcome and overview
	8.40	Exercise from lecture 3 + learnings Semantic HTML
	9.15	Break
	9.30	Responsive Web Design
(9.45	Exercise 1
1	0.30	Break

Today's agenda (2/2)

Time	Activit	y
10.4	45 Exercis	e 2
11.3	30 Lunch	
12.0	00 Exercis	e 3
13.4	45 Lessons	s learned today and next lecture

- Understand the main elements of the DOM
- Understand which tags that may be children of which tags (common content model)
- Understand the separation between markup and styling
- Understand how styling is injected in markup
- Understand importance, specificity and inheritance principles in CSS
- Use selected display properties (block, none, inline, inline-block)
- Understand the position types (static, absolute, relative, initial, inherit)
- Use and apply floating layout (float, clear)
- Use and apply the box model (and look further iinto flexbox and grid)
- Understand overflow
- Use color codes and names
- Use and apply background images
- Detect which browsers that renders which principles (use of caniuse.com and apply reset.css)
- Use validation of HTML and CSS including understand error messages in order to make adjustment of the code



- Understand the main elements of the DOM
- Understand which tags that may be children of which tags (common content model)
- Understand the separation between markup and styling
- Understand how styling is injected in markup
- Understand importance, specificity and inheritance principles in CSS
- Use selected display properties (block, none, inline, inline-block)
- Understand the position types (static, absolute, relative, initial, inherit)
- Use and apply floating layout (float, clear)
- Use and apply the box model (and look further iinto flexbox and grid)
- Understand overflow

https://app.pluralsight.com/library/courses/css-positioning-1834/table-of-contents

CSS Positioning

by Susan Simkins



- Understand the main elements of the DOM
- Understand which tags that may be children of which tags (common content model)
- Understand the separation between markup and styling
- Understand how styling is injected in markup
- Understand importance, specificity and inheritance principles in CSS
- Use selected display properties (block, none, inline, inline-block)
- Understand the position types (static, absolute, relative, initial, inherit)
- Use and apply floating layout (float, clear)
- Use and apply the box model (and look further iinto flexbox and grid)
- Understand overflow
- Use color codes and names

The CSS Overflow Property



https://css-tricks.com/the-css-overflow-property/



- Understand the main elements of the DOM
- Understand which tags that may be children of which tags (common content model)
- Understand the separation between markup and styling
- Understand how styling is injected in markup
- Understand importance, specificity and inheritance principles in CSS
- Use selected display properties (block, none, inline, inline-block)
- Understand the position types (static, absolute, relative, initial, inherit)
- Use and apply floating layout (float, clear)
- Use and apply the box model (and look further iinto flexbox and grid)
- Understand overflow
- Use color codes and names
- Use and apply background images

HTML & CSS TUTORIALS

Want to learn how to use color in your website? We've assembled a great set of short and easy tutorials that cover the basics of HTML, CSS and SCSS.



- Understand the main elements of the DOM
- Understand which tags that may be children of which tags (common content model)
- Understand the separation between markup and styling
- Understand how styling is injected in markup
- Understand importance, specificity and inheritance principles in CSS
- Use selected display properties (block, none, inline, inline-block)
- Understand the position types (static, absolute, relative, initial, inherit)
- Use and apply floating layout (float, clear)
- Use and apply the box model (and look further iinto flexbox and grid)
- Understand overflow
- · Use color codes and names
- Use and apply background images
- Detect which browsers that renders which principles (use of caniuse.com and apply reset.css)
- Use validation of HTML and CSS including understand error messages in order to make adjustment of the code

https://css-tricks.com/perfect-full-page-background-image/

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/background-image

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/background



Exercise from lecture 3

Present your solution to the person next to you

How far did you get? (demo and code review)

Where were you challenged?

What may be unclear to you (HTML and CSS)?

Take notes and be ready to present the three most important findings for me at the table.

Exercise from lecture 3 (10 mins)



Semantic HTML



All five levels of "Journey into Mobile"

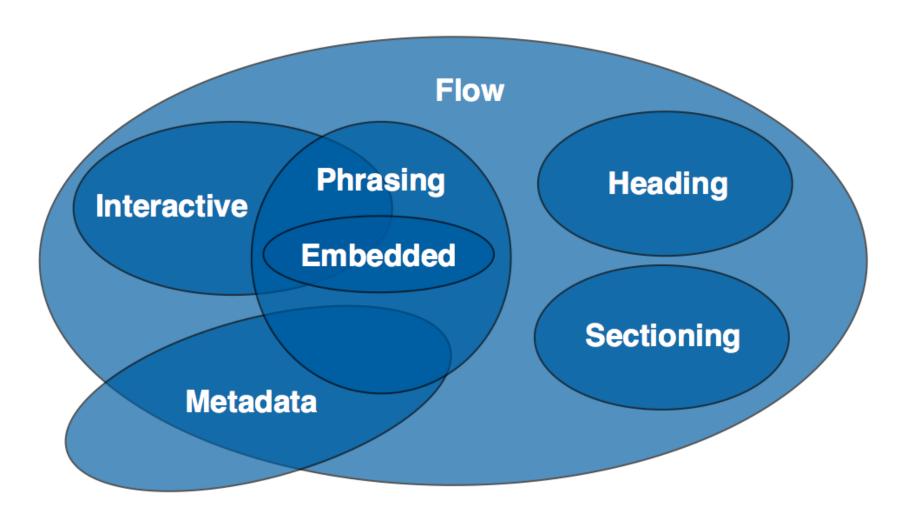


Semantic HTML (all videos)
CSS Animation with Transition and Transform (ch. 1)

Chapter 1-4 in "Jump start Responsive Web Design" (available at Fronter)

Preparation





Visualisation of content categories



How does semantic HTML differ from non-semantic?

Who benefits from semantic HTML?

What is an HTML outline?

What are sectioning and grouping elements?

What is the purpose of heading elements?

What is Semantic HTML and why? (5 questions)



Sectioning Elements

Elements whose intended use in to divide content up into logical sections.

<main> <nav>

<footer>

<article>

<aside>

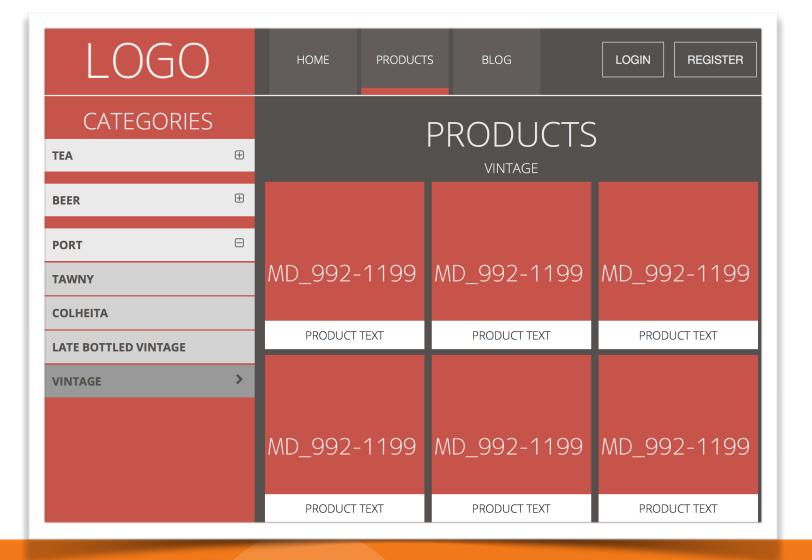
<address>

<section>

<header>

Contact information - not postal address

Sectioning



Which elements should be on first level?

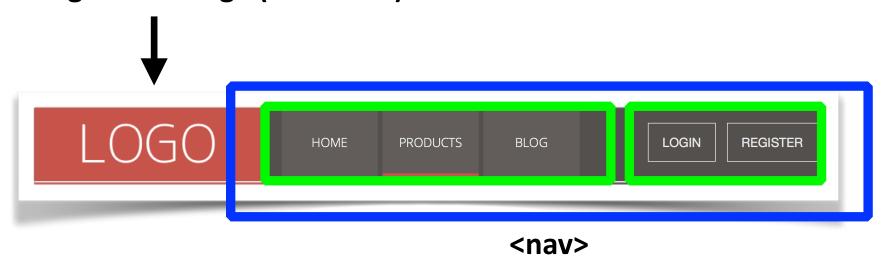




Which elements should be on first level?



Background image (set in CSS)



Header elements

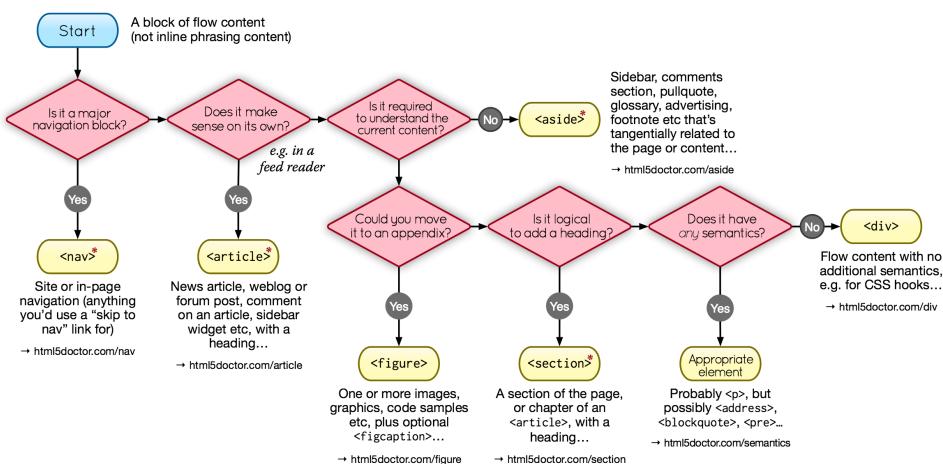




html5 Doctor HTML5 Element Flowchart

Sectioning content elements and friends

By @riddle & @boblet www.html5doctor.com



*Sectioning content element

These four elements (and their headings) are used by HTML5's outlining algorithm to make the document's outline

→ html5doctor.com/outline

Responsive Web Design

Understand and use the four elements of RWD

Media Queries (@media rules)

Fluid Grid (px -> %)

Flexible Images (max-width: 100%; height: auto)

Viewport meta tag

Hiding and showing DOM elements

Learning objectives



Fluid Grid (percentages instead of pixels)

Flexible Images (max-width: 100%; height: auto)

Media Queries (@media)

Viewport meta tag

Central elements of RWD



Design mobile first

Mobile

CSS selectors as usual

Tablet

@media and (min-width: 600px) { ... }

Desktop

@media and (min-width: 1024px) { ... }

Mobile First



Screen resolutions

320px mobile portrait

480px mobile landscape

600px small tablet

768px tablet portrait

1024px tablet landscape/netbook/desktop

1280px and greater desktop large

Screen resolutions (Jumpstart, p. 96)



	Extra small devices Phones (<768px)	Small devices Tablets (≥768px)	Medium devices Desktops (≥992px)	Large devices Desktops (≥1200px)
.visible-xs-*	Visible	Hidden	Hidden	Hidden
.visible-sm-*	Hidden	Visible	Hidden	Hidden
.visible-md-*	Hidden	Hidden	Visible	Hidden
.visible-lg-*	Hidden	Hidden	Hidden	Visible
.hidden-xs	Hidden	Visible	Visible	Visible
.hidden-sm	Visible	Hidden	Visible	Visible
.hidden-md	Visible	Visible	Hidden	Visible
.hidden-lg	Visible	Visible	Visible	Hidden

Screen resolutions (getbootstrap.com)



Viewport

vh - 1/100 viewport height vw - 1/100 viewport width vmin - 1/100 smallest side of viewport vmax - 1/100 largest side of viewport

1 vmax = 1vh in portrait mode

1 vmax = 1vw in landscape mode

Viewport units



Is there anything you need to know before you can create a responsive website?

Questions to RWD and Mobile First



Exercise Responsive Web Design

Fluid Grid, Flexible Images, Media Queries, Viewport meta

Good practice for CSS file order

Font Awesome, dummyimage, lorempixel

<picture> element

overflow: auto - 100% height of html, body

Topics I might talk about during the exercise



General elements (body, h1, aside...)

Generic UI elements (.pull-right, .hidden-sm...)

Overwrites of 3rd party CSS (i.e. Font Awesome)

Follow the structure of the markup (header, aside, main, footer...)

Media queries

Good practice for CSS order

```
/** GENERAL ELEMENTS **/
 6 ► html, body { · · · }
10 ▶ body { ··· }
14
15 ▶ h1, h2, h3 { ··· }
18
19 ▶ h1 { ··· }
24
25 ▶ h2 { ··· }
28
29 ▶ h3 { ··· }
33
34 ▶ img { · · · }
38
39 ▶ aside { ··· }
45
46 ▶ main { ··· }
```

```
/** GENERAL UI ELEMENTS **/
 50
 51
      .container { ··· }
 52 ▶
 59
      .btn { · · · }
 60 ▶
 69
 70 ▶
      .btn-default { ··· }
 75
      .btn-default:hover { ··· }
 76 ▶
 80
      .btn-category { ··· }
 81 ▶
 89
      .btn-category-child { ··· }
 90 ▶
 97
      .btn.toggled { ··· }
101
      .pull-left { ··· }
102 ▶
106
      .pull-right { ··· }
107 ▶
111
      .hidden { · · · }
112 ▶
115
116 ▶
      .hidden-xs, .hidden-sm, .hidden-md, .hidden-lg { ··· }
119
      .visible-sm-block, .visible-sm-inline-block, .visible-sm-inline,
120
      .visible-md-block, .visible-md-inline-block, .visible-md-inline,
121
      .visible-lg-block, .visible-lg-inline-block, .visible-lg-inline { ··· }
122 ▶
125
```

```
138  /** FONT AWESOME OVERWRITES **/
139
140 ▶ .fa.pull-left, .fa.pull-right { · · · }
143
```

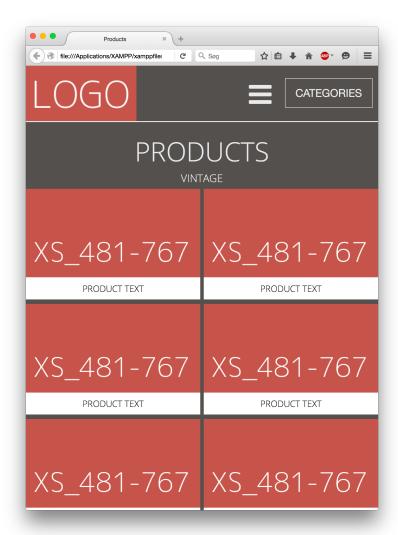


```
179
      /** ASIDE - CATEGORIES MENU **/
180
181
182 ▶ aside h2 { ··· }
186
187 ▶ aside .fa { ··· }
190
191 ▶ aside .btn { ··· }
194
195 ▶
      .category { ··· }
198
      .category:first-child { · · · }
199 ▶
202
      .category-parent { ··· }
203 ▶
206
207
      .category-child { /* ul */
208
209
      .category-child li { ··· }
210 ▶
213
214 ▶ .selected { · · · }
```

```
219 /** MAIN **/
220
221 ▶ .products { · · · }
224
225 ▶ .product { · · · }
234
235 ▶ .product p { · · · }
```



```
247
     248
    @media screen and (min-width: 481px) { · · · } /* EXTRA SMALL 481-767 END */
249 ▶
267
     268
269
270 ▶
     @media screen and (min-width: 768px) { · · · } /* SMALL END */
296
297
298
     /************************* MEDIUM (992 - 1199px) ***************
299
    @media screen and (min-width: 992px) { ··· } /* MEDIUM END */
300 ▶
419
420
     /****************** LARGE (> 1200px) **************/
421
422
423 ▶
    @media screen and (min-width: 1200px) { ··· } /* LARGE END */
```



Exercise on Fronter in today's folder.

(with hints)

Mobile First - Products page - exercise



Lessons Learned

Understand and use the four elements of RWD

Media Queries (@media rules)

Fluid Grid (px -> %)

Flexible Images (max-width: 100%; height: auto)

Viewport meta tag

Hiding and showing DOM elements

Learning objectives



Next lecture (Colors - then JavaScript)

Next time:

Topic: Colours to set the mood

+

The Basics of web navigation.

Read / watch:

```
[Dikun] 16 min video on colour – Must watch all three! ## [Krug] Chapter 6. Pages 55 – 83 on navigation – Must Read! [Price] 23 min video on colour – With great examples ##
```

Preparation (next Tuesday - Colours)



JavaScript Fundamentals

by Liam McLennan

D Introduction to JavaScript	П	18m 46s	~
> The Building Blocks of JavaScript Programs	П	26m 40s	~
(D) Functions	П	20m 35s	~
Control Flow	П	14m 9s	~

Preparation 15.3 (JavaScript)

