







Web Services



Provide a **service via Internet**:

Allows the communication between two computers (or applications)



Must have two essential properties

Multi-plateforme: not mandatory that client and server have the same configuration to communicate. The Web Service allows to meet up at the same level

Shared: a web service is often available for more than a customer



When a Web Ser is used,

A **client** send a query to a server and activates an action from this server

The **server** returns an answer to the client



SOAP

- Initially, Web Services exclusively built via SOAP
 - SOAP: Single Object Access Protocol
- The communication protocol is defined for SOAP norm in the WSDL
 - WSDL: Web Services Description Language
 - Using an XML grammar allowing to describe the Web Service
- Input and output parameters can be
 - Single parameters



REST

Web Services are now mostly developed using REST mode

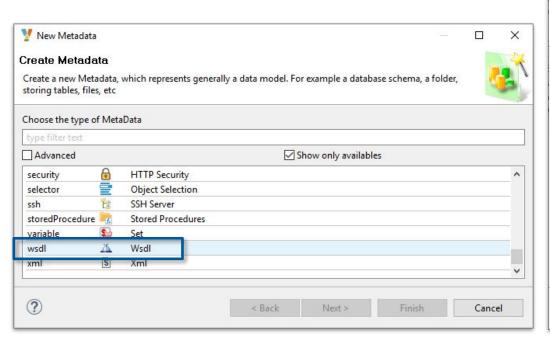
- REST mode uses a standard Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)
- Format of a REST Web Service call:
 https://www.mycompany.com/program/method?Parameters=value
- REST can use JSON in addition to single parameters and Xml
- Rest is easy to use and can be implemented with HTTP/HTTPS client or server
- The available methods in REST mode are standard HTTP methods :
 - GET to query
 - POST to create records
 - PUT/PATCH to update records
 - DELETE to delete records

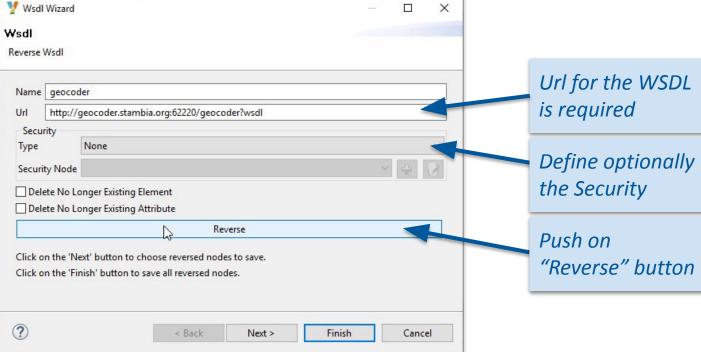




Reverse engineering a SOAP Web Service

SOAP Web Services are reversed by using the WSDL (Web Services Description Language) Metadata type

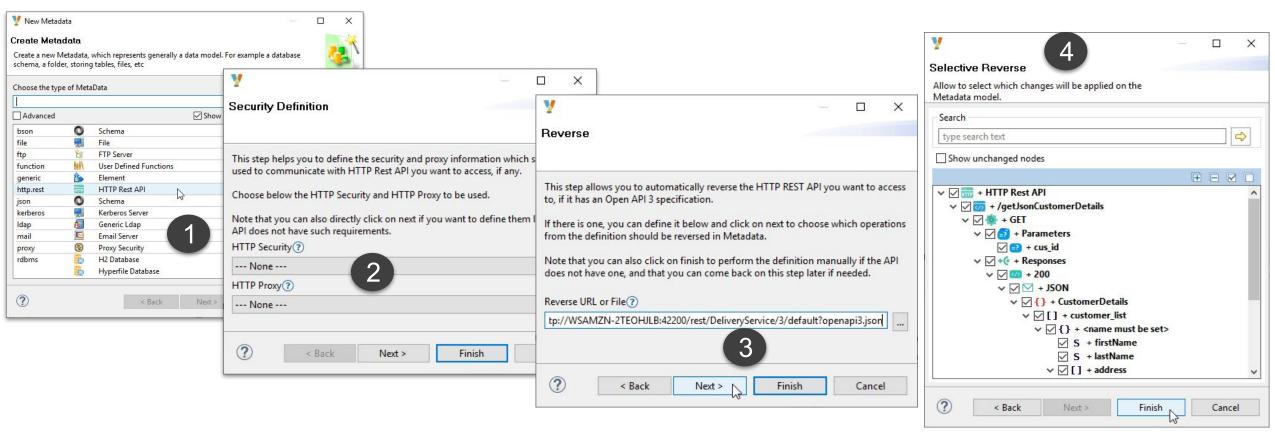






Reverse engineering a REST Web Service

Reverse engineering with HTTP REST API metadata for an Open API 3 REST Web Service

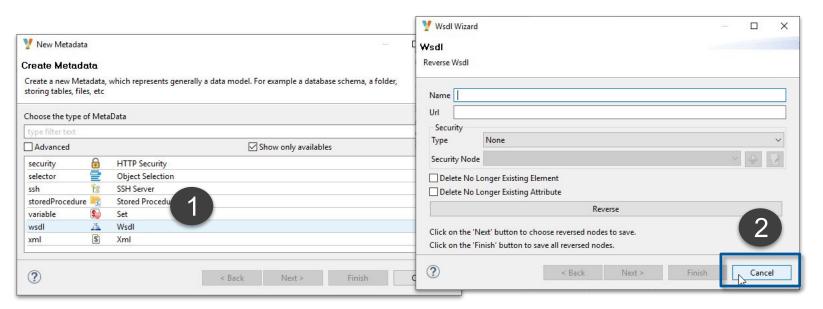




Reverse engineering a REST Web Service

Otherwise, it's also possible to reverse engineering a REST Web Service

- Beginning in the same way as a SOAP Web service
- 1. Create a new metadata, choosing "wsdl"
- 2. Push on the "Cancel" button without specifying any field
- 3. Create a new service with a name. In the same way, create a port under the new service and a new operation under the new port





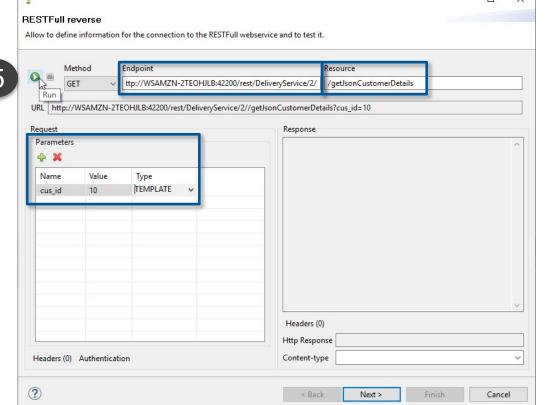


Reverse engineering a REST Web Service

At the operation level, a wizard can be launched

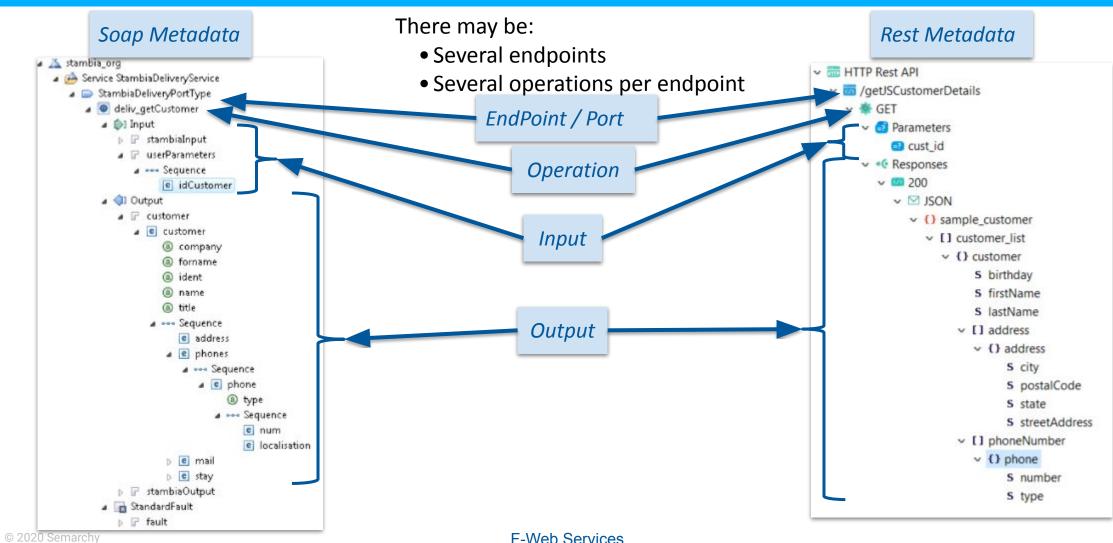


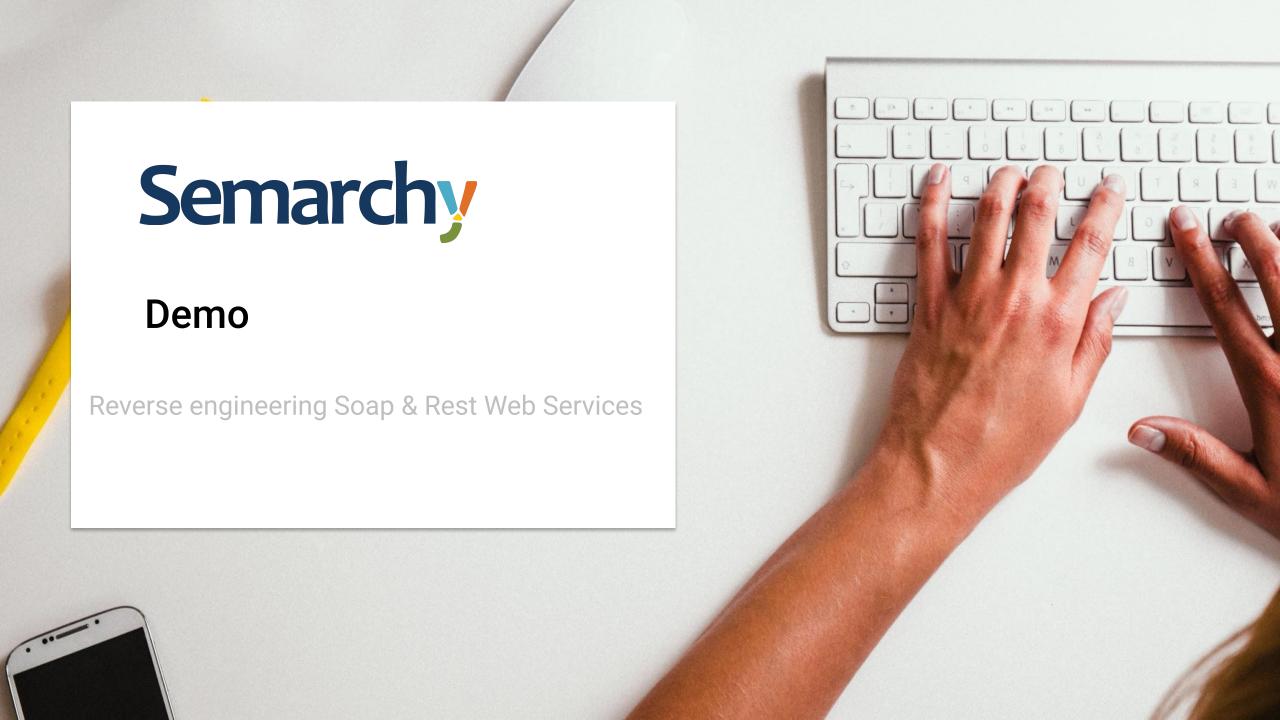
5. Specify the different fields and push on the "Run" button allowing to retrieve the Response





Soap & Rest Metadatas



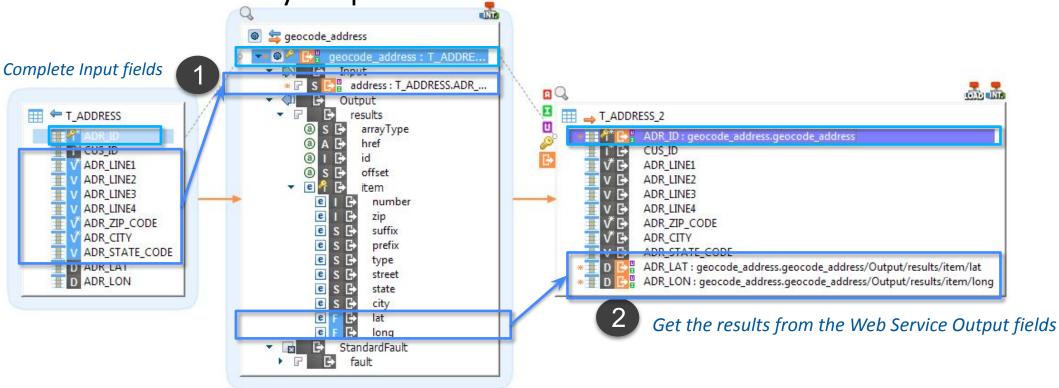






Using Web Services with Mappings

Using Web Services is really simple:



Note : the synchronization is done on the Web Service Operation field (Web Service node, highlighted with a key) populated with the source identifier

Semarchy

Demo

Reverse engineering a Soap Web Service Invoke this Web Service in a mapping





Related tutorial exercises

Reversing the geocoding Web Service Invoking the geocoding Web Service Using the data returned by the Web Service





Some interesting links

- Invocation error handling
 - https://stambia.org/doc/65-technology-articles/web-s ervices/invoking/634-getting-started-with-invocationerror-handling
- Http response code and message returned
 - https://stambia.org/doc/65-technology-articles/web-s ervices/invoking/431-retrieving-the-http-response-co de-and-message-returned-by-a-web-service

Web Services

- Release Notes
- Configuring the Metadata
 HTTP REST Web Services Reverse Wizard
 Configuring OAuth2 authentication
- Invoking

Stambia DI for Web Services Invocation
Getting started with invocation error handling
Tip for calling an HTTP REST service
Customizing the HTTP Verb at invocation
Retrieving the HTTP Headers returned by a Web Service
Retrieving the HTTP Response Code and Message
returned by a Web Service
Investigating a REST webservice invocation issue
Sending raw, unstructured data, to a Web Service
Retrieving raw, unstructured data from a Web Service
Invoking a Stambia REST Web Service asynchronously

Publishing

Customizing the Input / Output HTTP Memorization of messages of a Stambia Web Service Stambia DI for Web Services Publication Getting started with Stambia Web Services Publication Retrieving and using URL Parameters in a Stambia Web Service

Customizing the HTTP Response code of a Stambia Web Service

Customizing the Input / Output HTTP Headers of a Stambia Web Service

Customizing the Input / Output HTTP Body of a Stambia Web Service

Customizing HTTP Path and Methods on which a delivery can be invoked Accessing and visualizing Swagger definition





Publishing a Process as a web service

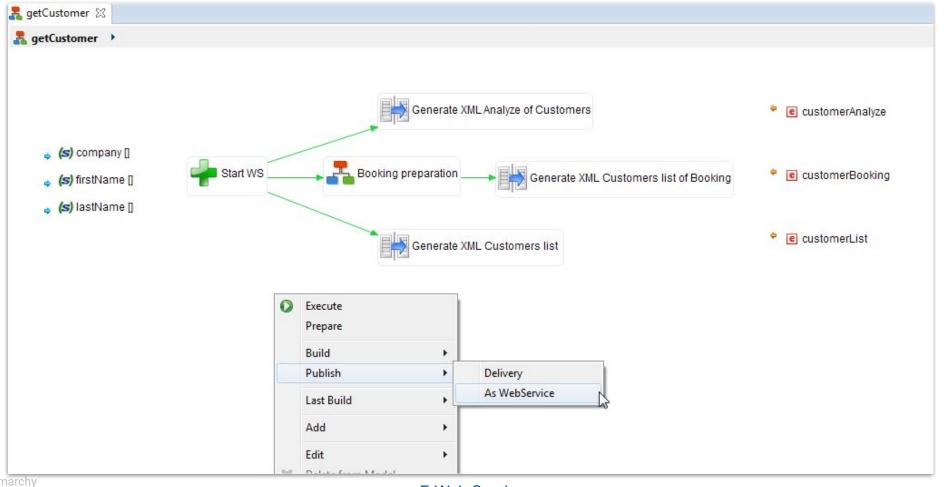
- A Process can also be published as a Web service
- They are published on the runtime which exposes them and generates automatically a WSDL that can be retrieved through a url





Publishing the process as Web Service

To finalize the creation of the Web Service, publish the process "As WebService"



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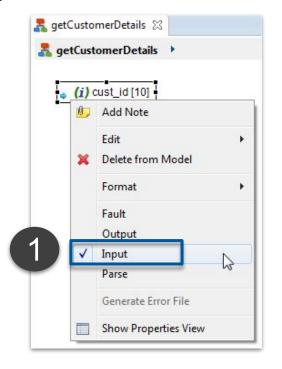
F-Web Services

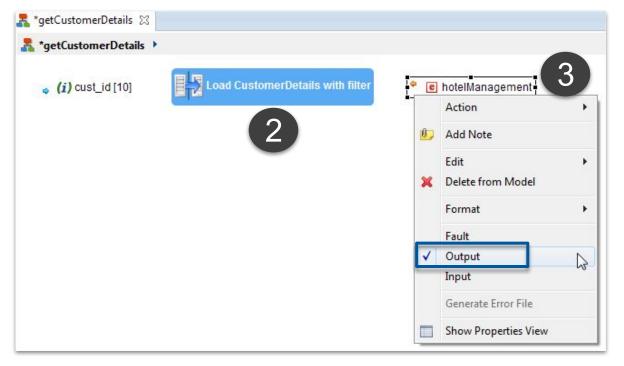


Publish a process as a Web Service step by step

- 1. Create a process named "getCustomerDetails" (name of the Web Service operation)

 Create a parameter cust_id with default value 10, defined as an input (right click/Input)
- 2. Drag & Drop the mapping and the root element used as an output
- 3. Right click on the root element and define it as an output for the Web Service



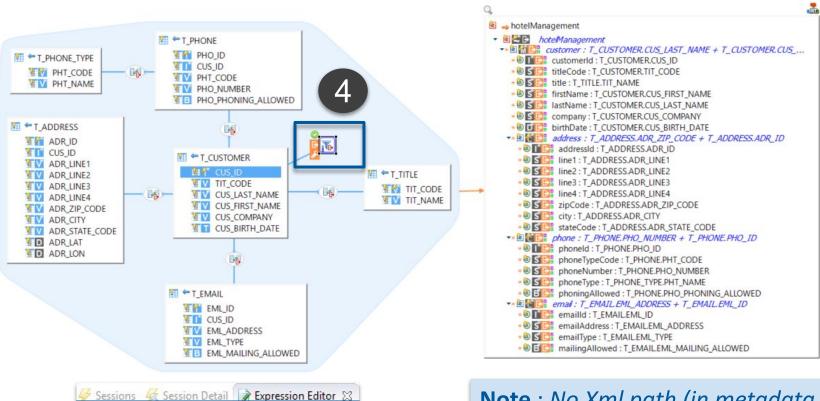




Publish a process as a Web Service step by step

T_CUSTOMER.CUS_ID = \${~/cust_id}\$

4. Add a filter in the mapping on CUS_ID and test the equality with the value of the "cust_id" parameter

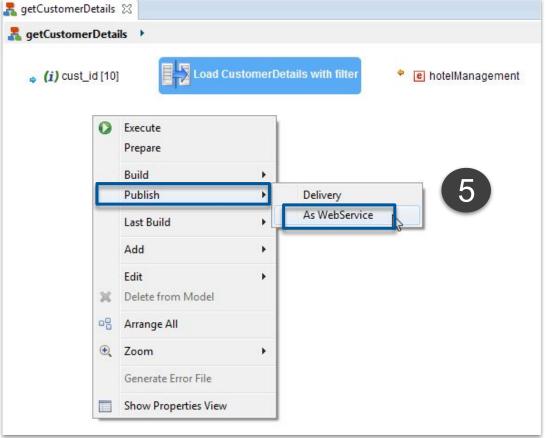


Note: No Xml path (in metadata or in Integration Template) must be defined for a Web Service



Publish a process as a Web Service step by step

5. Right click on the process and choose "Publish/As Web Service"



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Demo

Publish a process as a Web Service





Related tutorial exercises

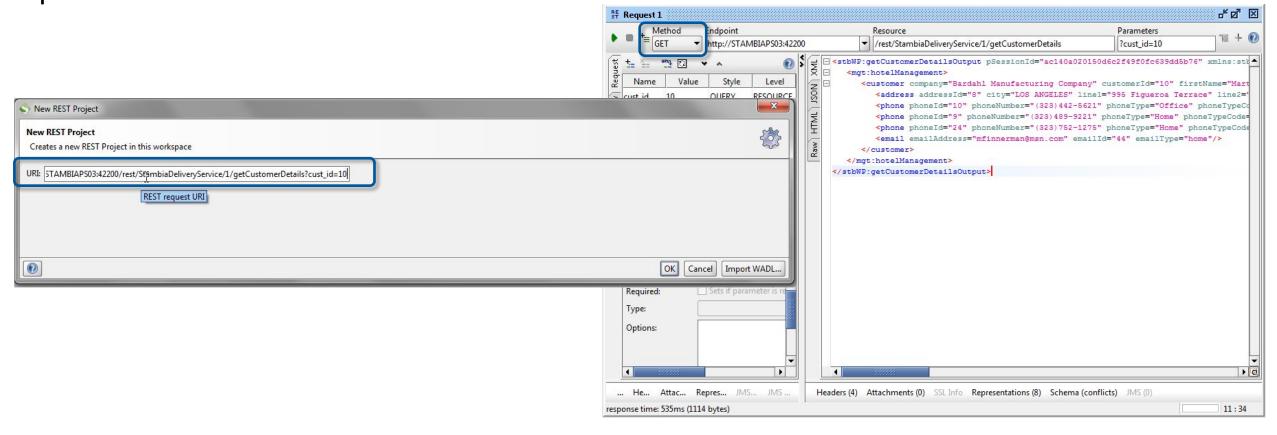
Create a Web Service with a complex input/output structure





Test the Web Services

SoapUI, Postman or directly an Internet browser can be used to test the Web Services published on a Runtime

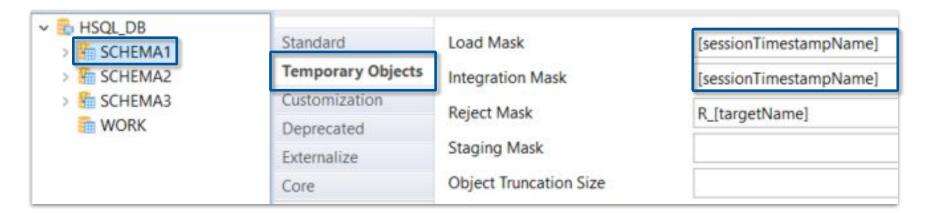




Parallel execution on Published Web Service

To allow the parallel execution of Web Services

- Change the mask of temporary objects created
 - In the metadata properties of schemas & files



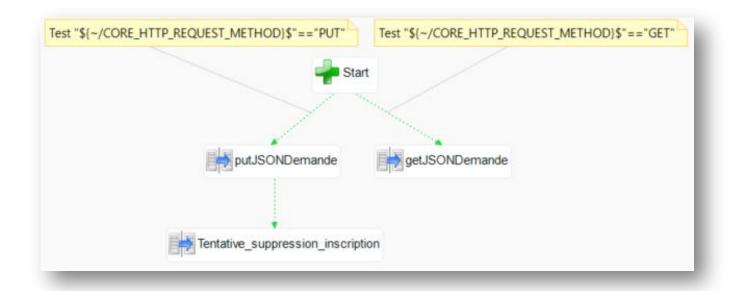
The change of masks can also be done on parallel execution of other mappings with same target tables



Test the HTTP request method in REST

It's possible to test, inside a process, the HTTP request method in REST

With CORE_HTTP_REQUEST_METHOD variable





To go further

Document Type	Link
French video How to use SOAP & REST Web Services	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=66_ABJhQ7Ag
Stambia.org article HTTP REST Web Services reverse wizard	https://stambia.org/doc/224-technology-articles/web-services/configuring-the-metadata/543-http-rest-web-services-reverse-wizard
Stambia.org article Getting started with invocation error handling	https://stambia.org/doc/65-technology-articles/web-services/invoking/634-getting-started-with-invocation-error-handling
Stambia.org article Retrieving the http response code and message returned by a web service	https://stambia.org/doc/65-technology-articles/web-services/invoking/431-retrieving-the-http-response-code-and-message-returned-by-a-web-service

