

# OM2M: Interoperable M2M service platform



Mahdi Ben Alaya Thierry Monteil Samir Medjiah Khalil Drira



{ben.alaya, monteil, medjiah, drira}@laas.fr www.om2m.org

Boston | London

# LAAS-CNRS M2M world of connected services





# LAAS-CNRS M2M market fragmentation



- The current marketplace is extremely fragmented, which has increased the R&D cost in each specific domain.
- Current M2M silo model is not an efficient way to communicate, it is a barrier to further development.
- Many vertical M2M solutions have been designed independently and separately for different applications, which impedes large-scale M2M deployment.

# LAAS-CNRS Standards landscape for M2M

143 organizations around the world are involved in M2M standardization according the Global to **Standards** Collaboration M2MTask Force.

































Industrial



Retail



Security

**Transportation** 









**OPEN** 

INTERCONNECT





















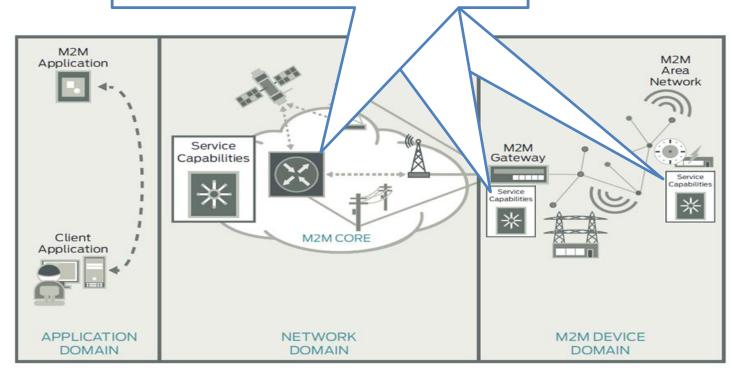




# Standards for M2M service capabilities

Standards for M2M Service capabilities: Target: end-to end enablement across servers, gateways, devices with standardized service interfaces.

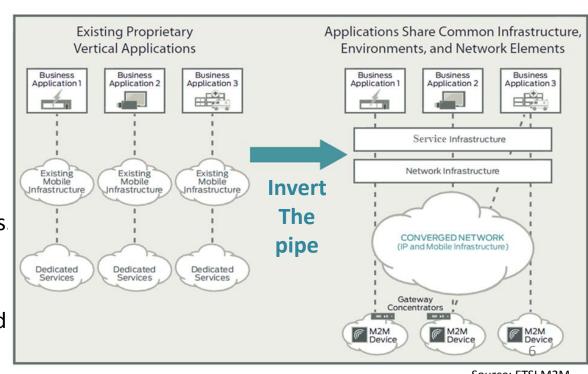




Source: ETSI M2M

# LAAS-CNRS Smart M2M standard (ETSI M2M)

- Provide a horizontal M2M service platform with a generic set of service capabilities to enable M2M interoperability in terms of communication and data.
- Define a Service Capability Layer (SCL) on top of connectivity layers:
  - □ SCL deployed in network server, gateways and devices.
  - □ SCL enables discovery, registration, authentication, data-transfer using containers, publish/subscribe, groups, access rights, security, etc.
- Interface with existing technologies:
  - Multiple communication protocol binding.
  - □ Re-use existing remote device management.
  - Interwork with vendorspecific and legacy devices.
- Facilitate innovation across industries by exposing data and providing services.



Source: ETSI M2M









OM2M is an open source implementation of the Smart M2M standard, and is a member of Eclipse IoT Working Group.





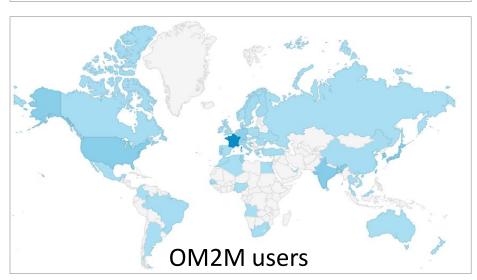


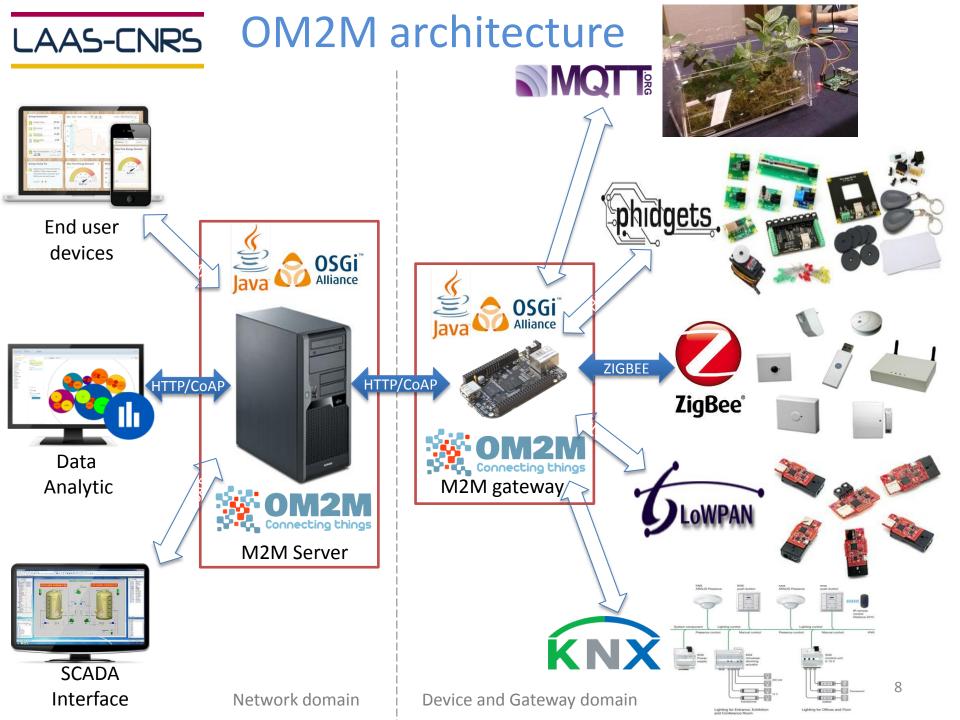




**OM2M** Interested parties

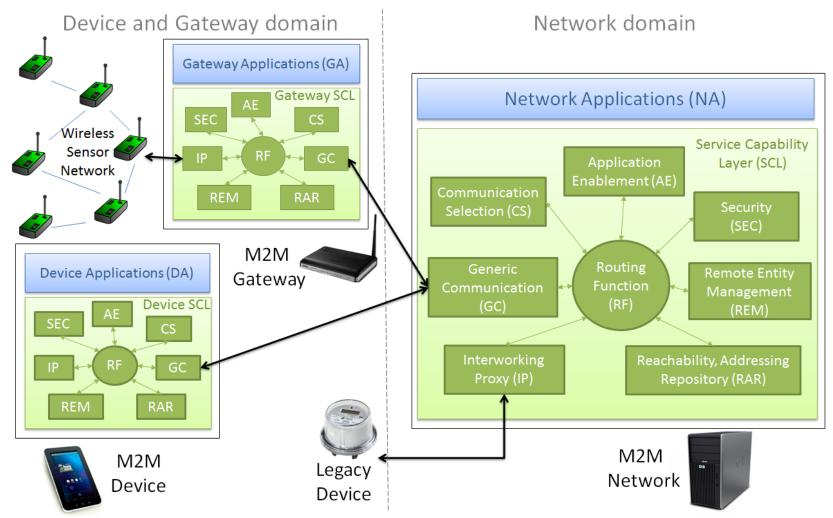






## LAAS-CNRS OM2M functional architecture

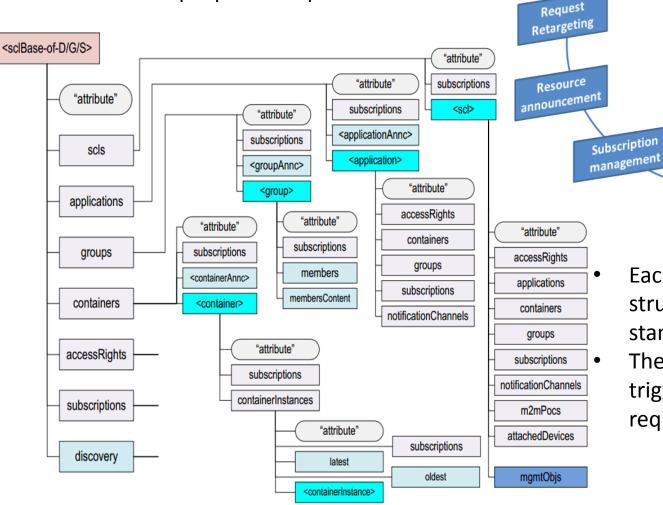
- OM2M provides a Service Capability Layer (SCL) including a set of common services for M2M interoperability.
- A SCL can be deployed on the Network domain, or on the Device and Gateway domain.



# LAAS-CNRS OM2M primitive procedures and resources

OM2M implements a RESTful API.

 All M2M communications are performed based on simple primitive procedures.



Each SCL data model is structured using a standardized resource tree.

Machines discovery

OM2M

**Primitive** 

procedures

Container

management

Group

management

Machines

registration

Resource

discovery

Access-rights

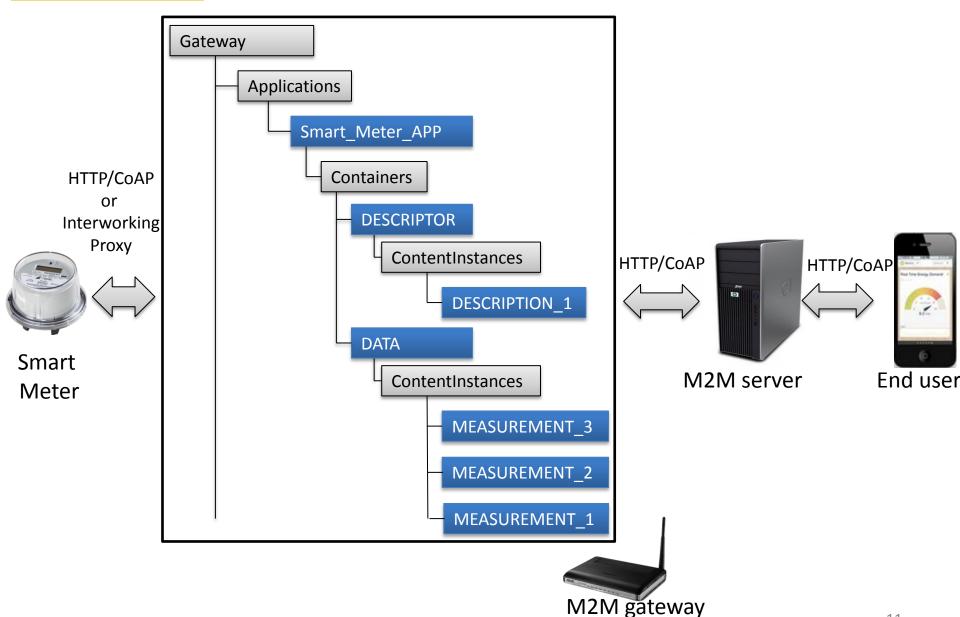
management

**Applications** 

registration

The resources can be simply triggered using basic CRUD requests.

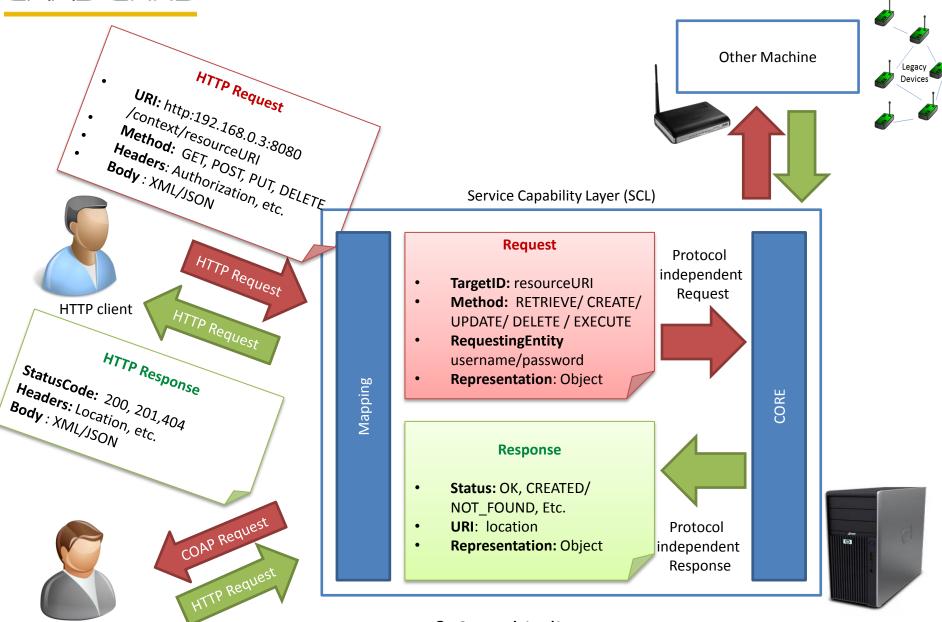
## LAAS-CNRS OM2M resource tree example



## LAAS-CNRS

COAP client

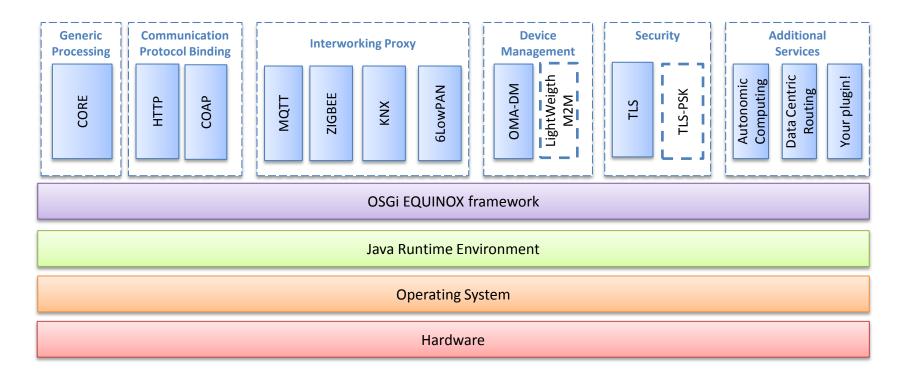
#### Binding to multiple communication protocols



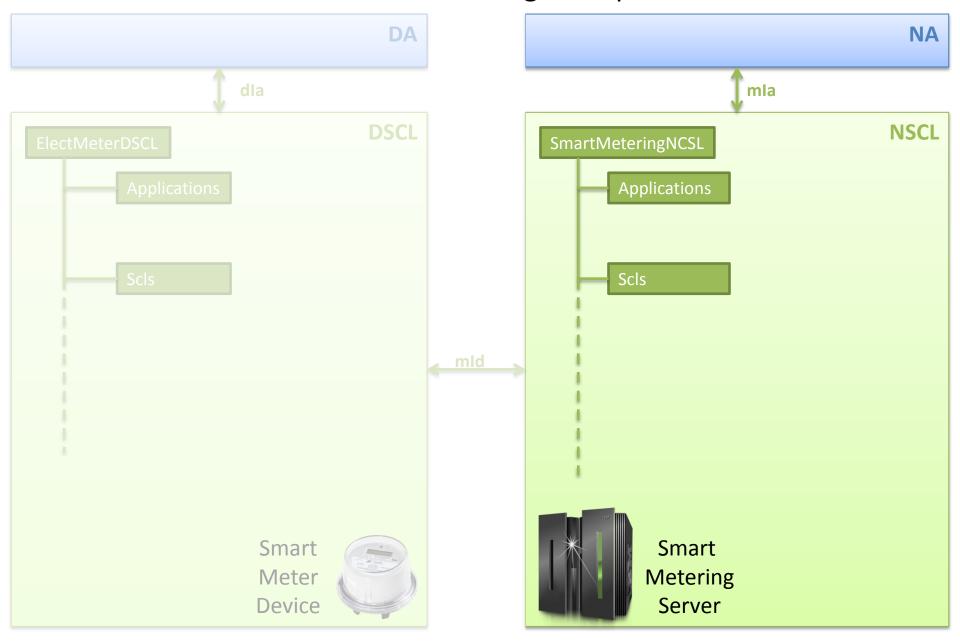


# OM2M building blocks

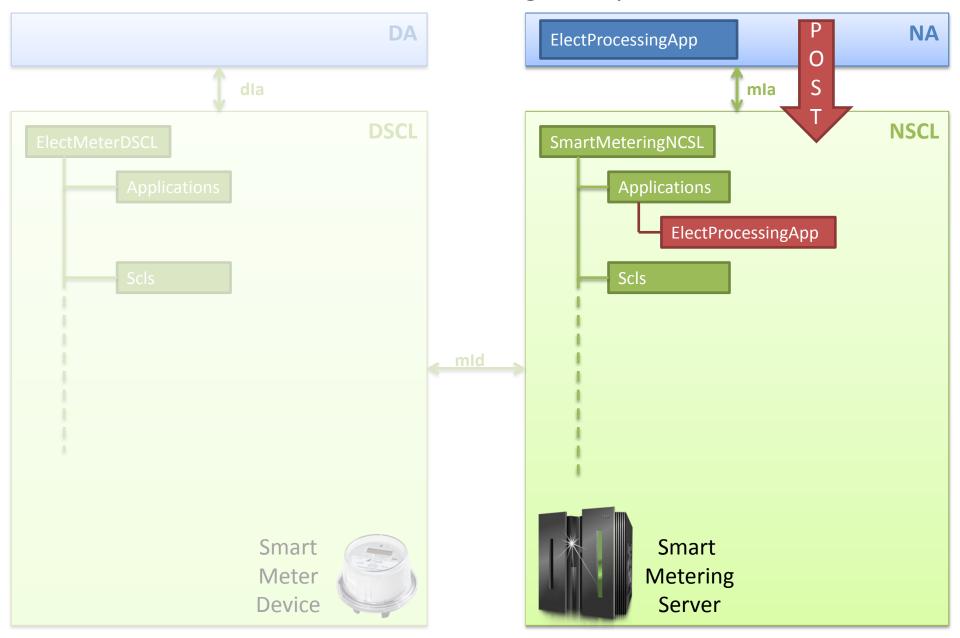
- OM2M is a java platform running on top of an OSGi Equinox runtime which make it highly extensible via plugins.
- Each SCL includes required plugins and is build as an Eclipse product using maven and Tycho.



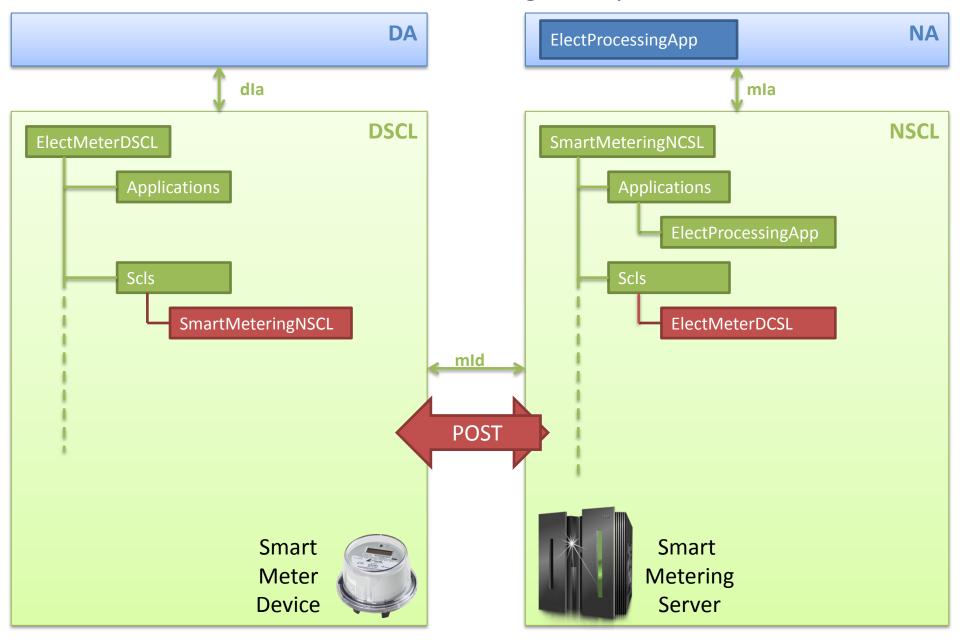




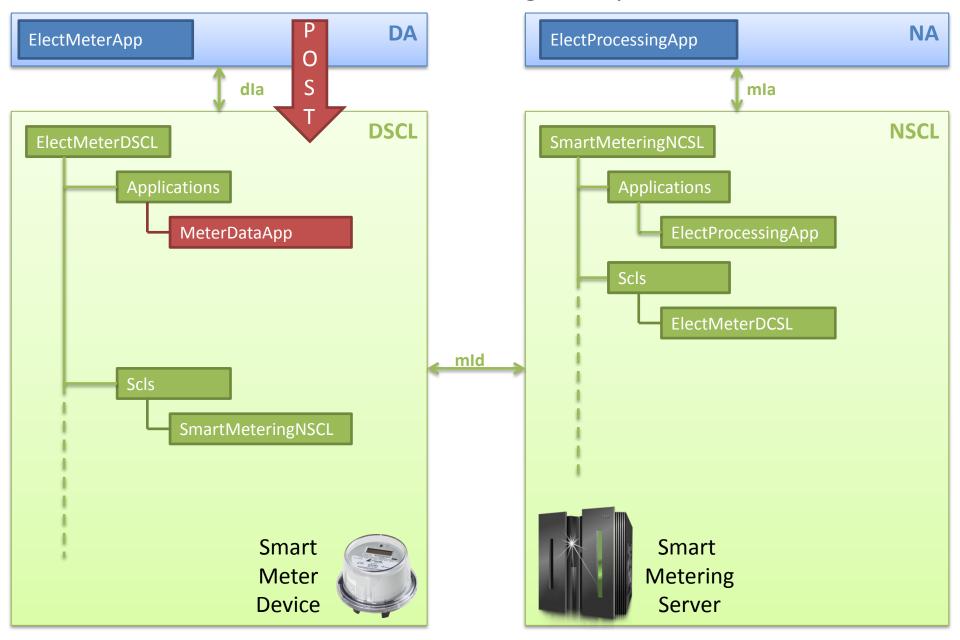
A representation of the NSCL and DSCL along with their corresponding resource structure.



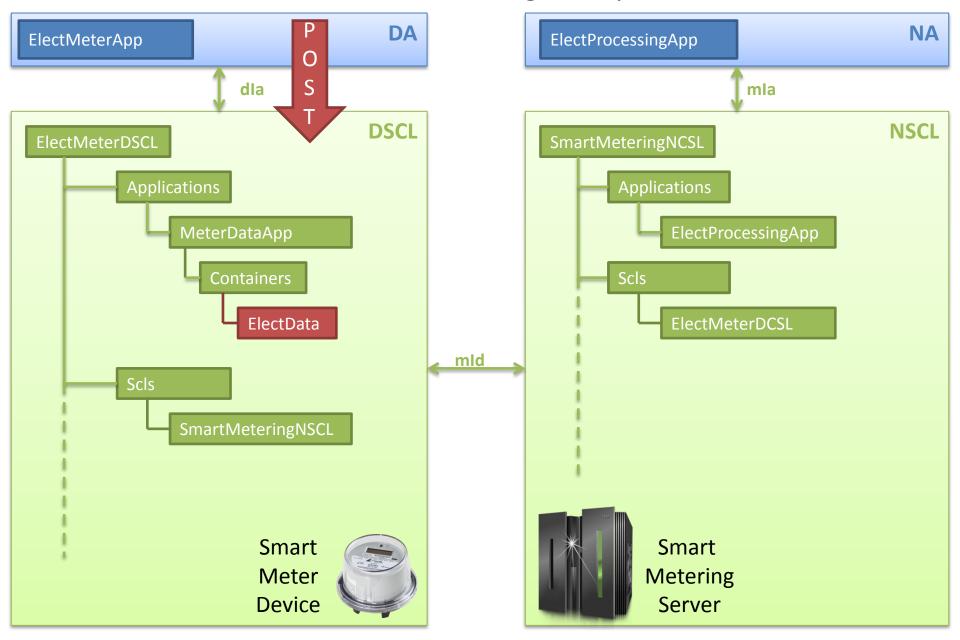
Step 1- Network Application Registers to the NSCL



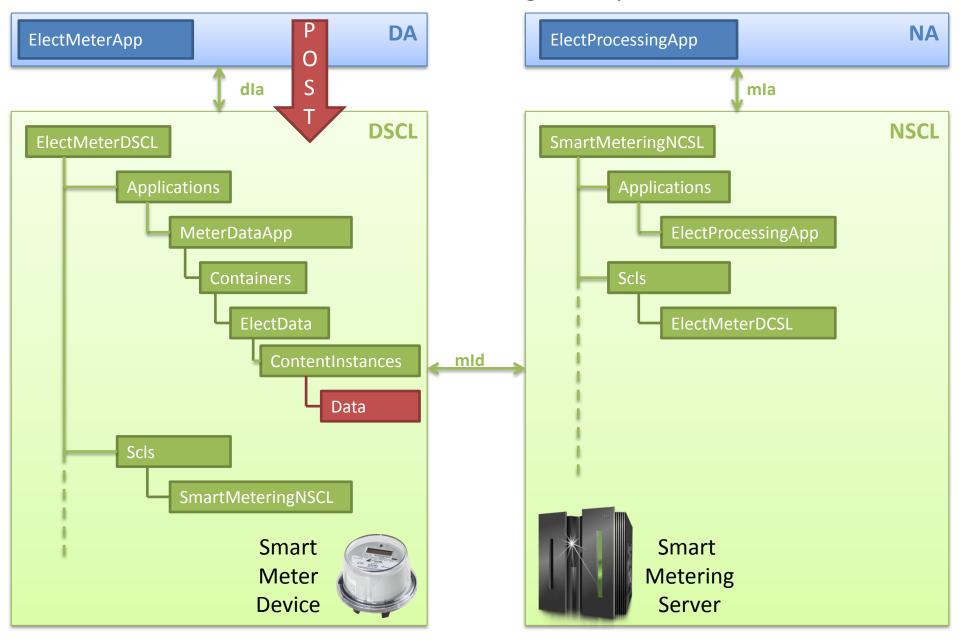
Step 3- The Smart Meter Registers to the NSCL



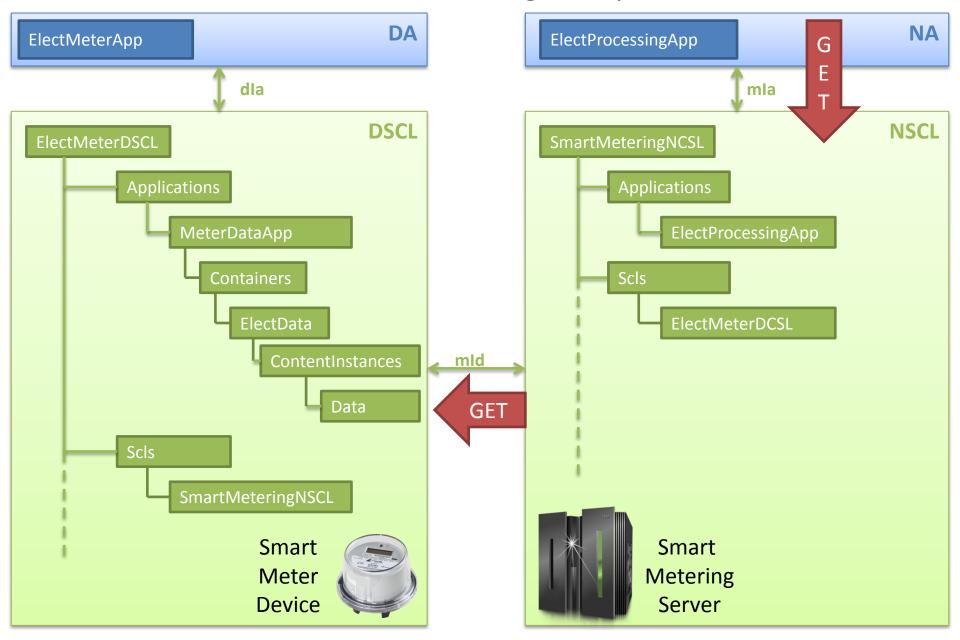
Step 3- Device Application Registers to the DSCL



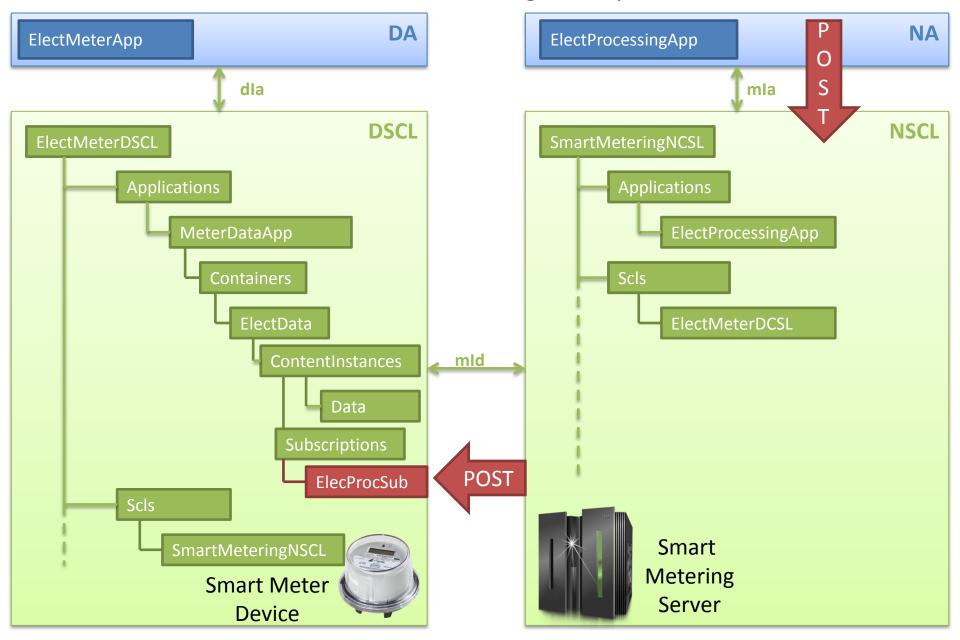
Step 4- Device Application Creates An ElectData container



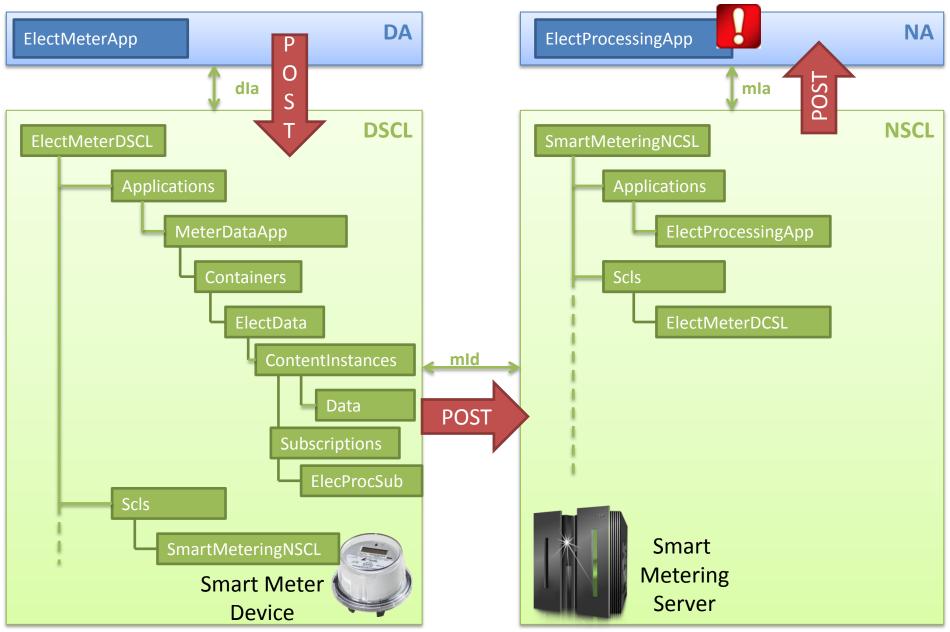
Step 5- Device Application Creates a Data contentInstane



Step 5- Network Application Read Data content Instance

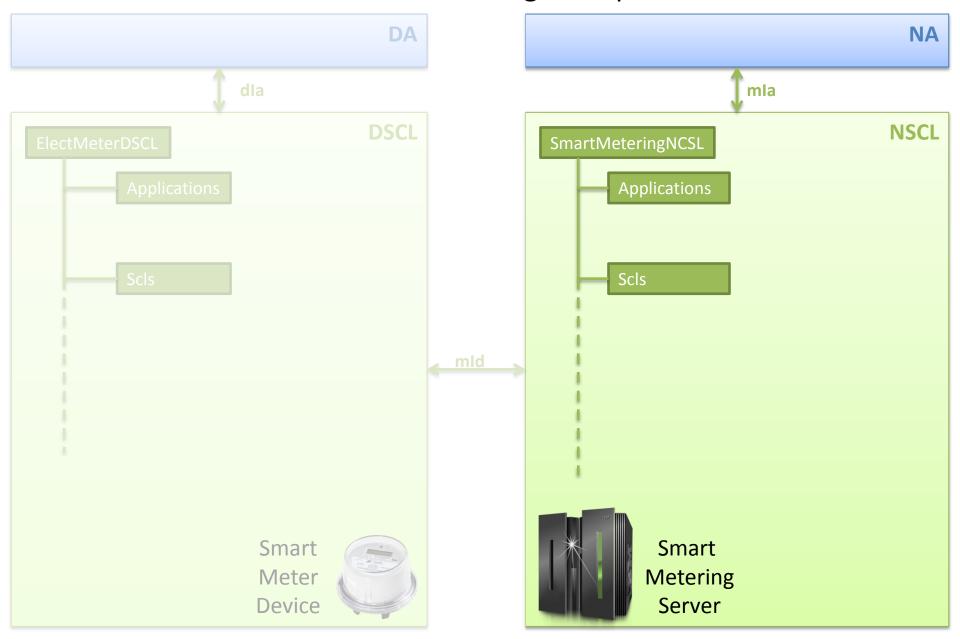


Step 5'- Network Application Create Subscription on ElectData contetnInstances

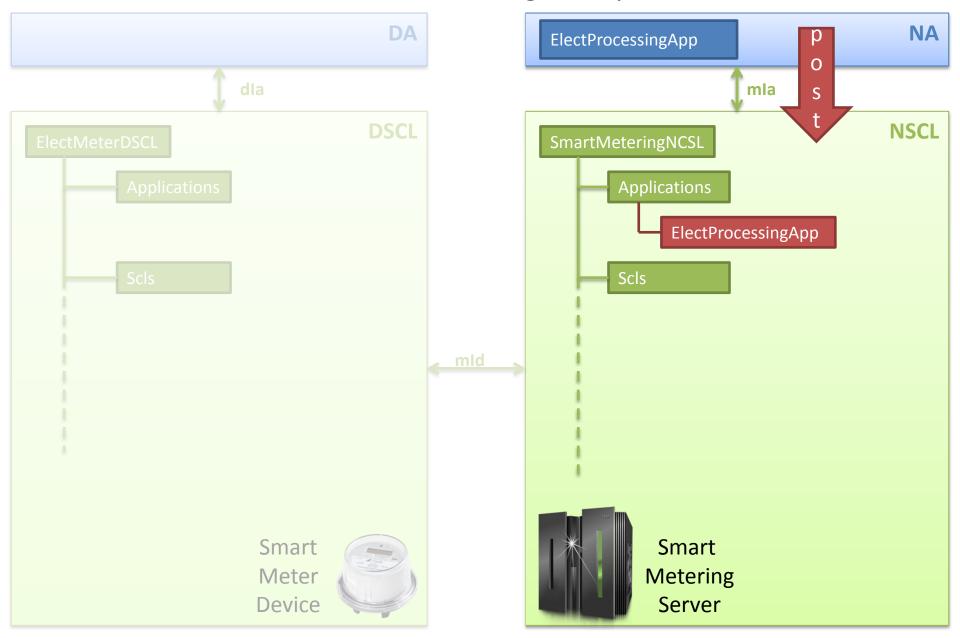


Step 6'- Network Application receives notification

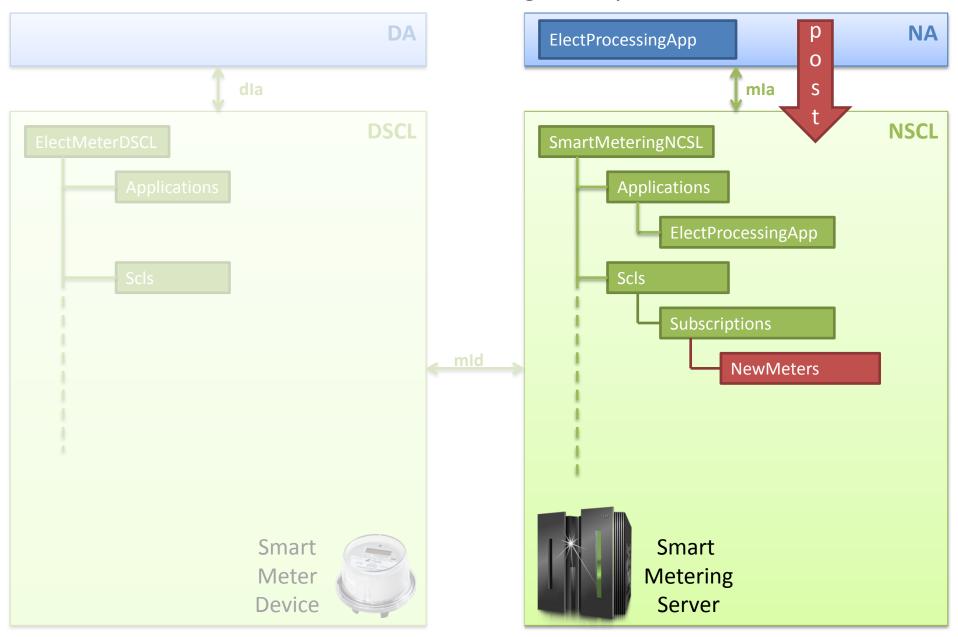




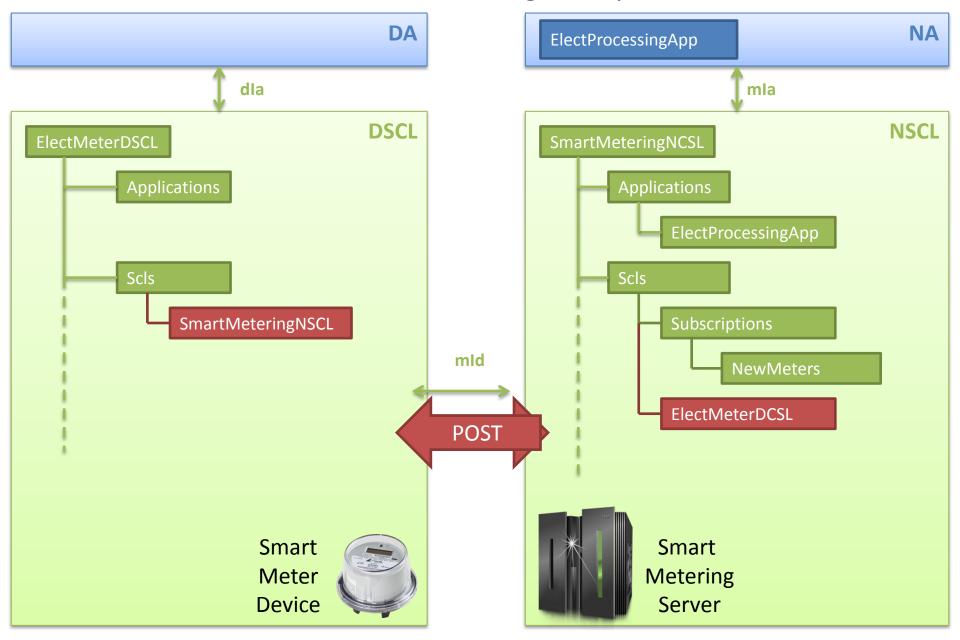
A representation of the NSCL and DSCL along with their corresponding resource structure.



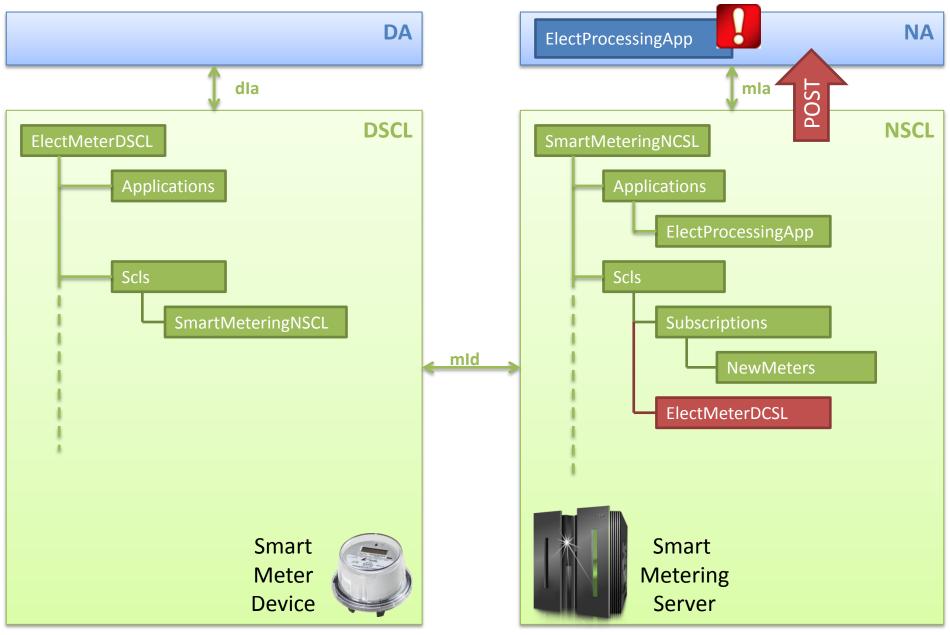
Step 1- Network Application Registration to the NSCL



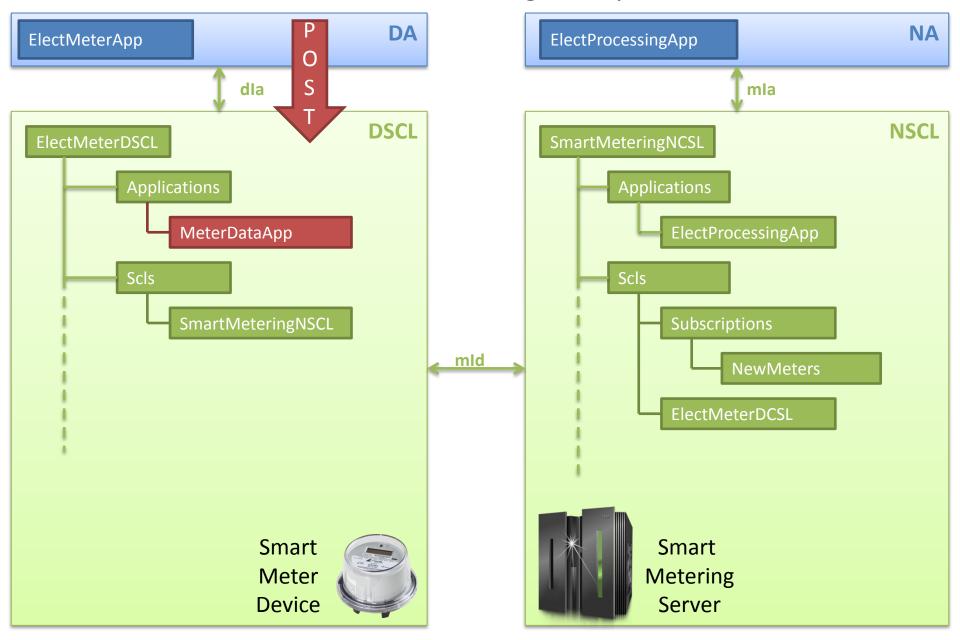
Step2- NA Subscribes for Registering Smart Meters



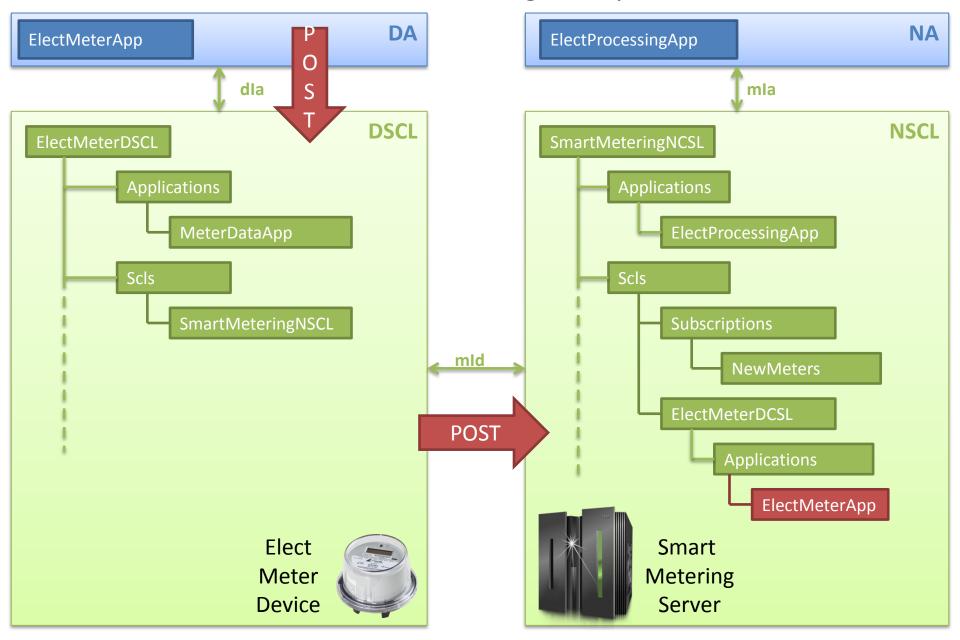
Step 3- The Smart Meter Registers to the NSCL



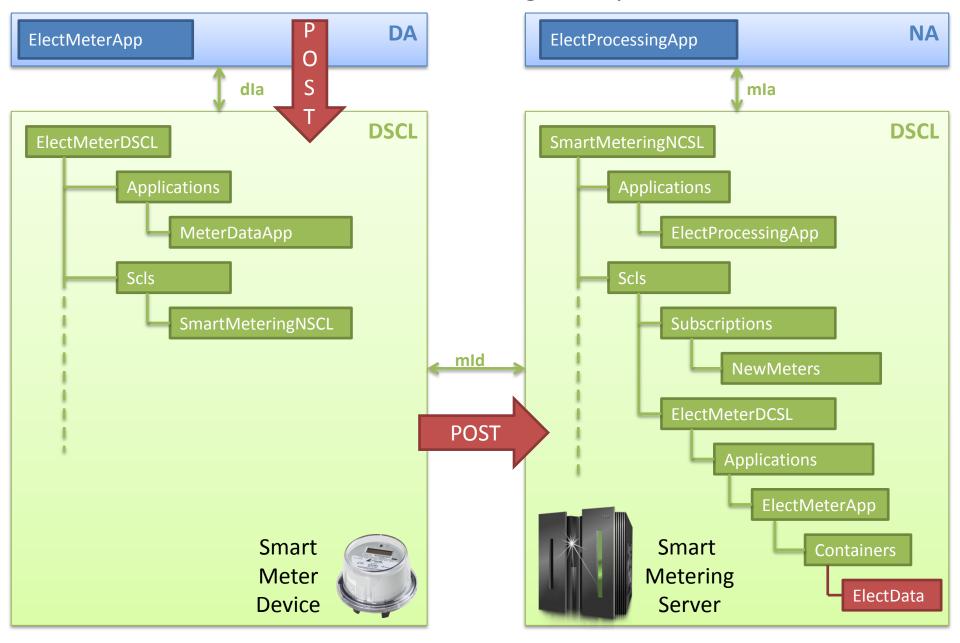
Step 4- Notifying the Network Application about a Registered Smart Meter



Step 5- Device Application Registration to the DSCL



Step 6- Announcing a Registered DA to the NSCL



Step 7- Reporting Meter Data through the Use of Container Resource



# Demonstration



# Thank you for you attention