



The role of testbeds in the SME and Startup value chain

Workshop Internet of Things / Equipex FIT IoT-LAB
6th of November 2014, INRIA

HIKOB

Founded the 4th of July 2011

Founding team: three ex- IT researchers in Wireless Sensor Networks Lyon

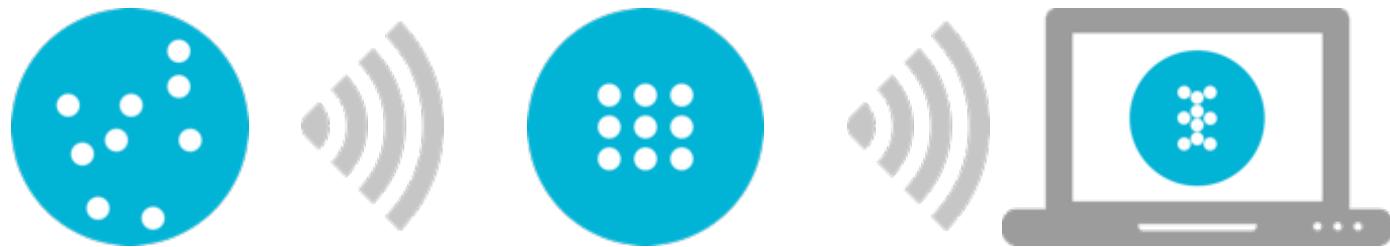
Spinoff from INRIA, INSA de Lyon & ENS Lyon

Two locations: Lyon & Grenoble

15 employees in November 2014.

International activity.

- Develop and provide wireless autonomous multi-point **data acquisition systems** to capture information on the field and learn from reality, in all contexts and conditions



CAPTURE

COLLECT

REPORT



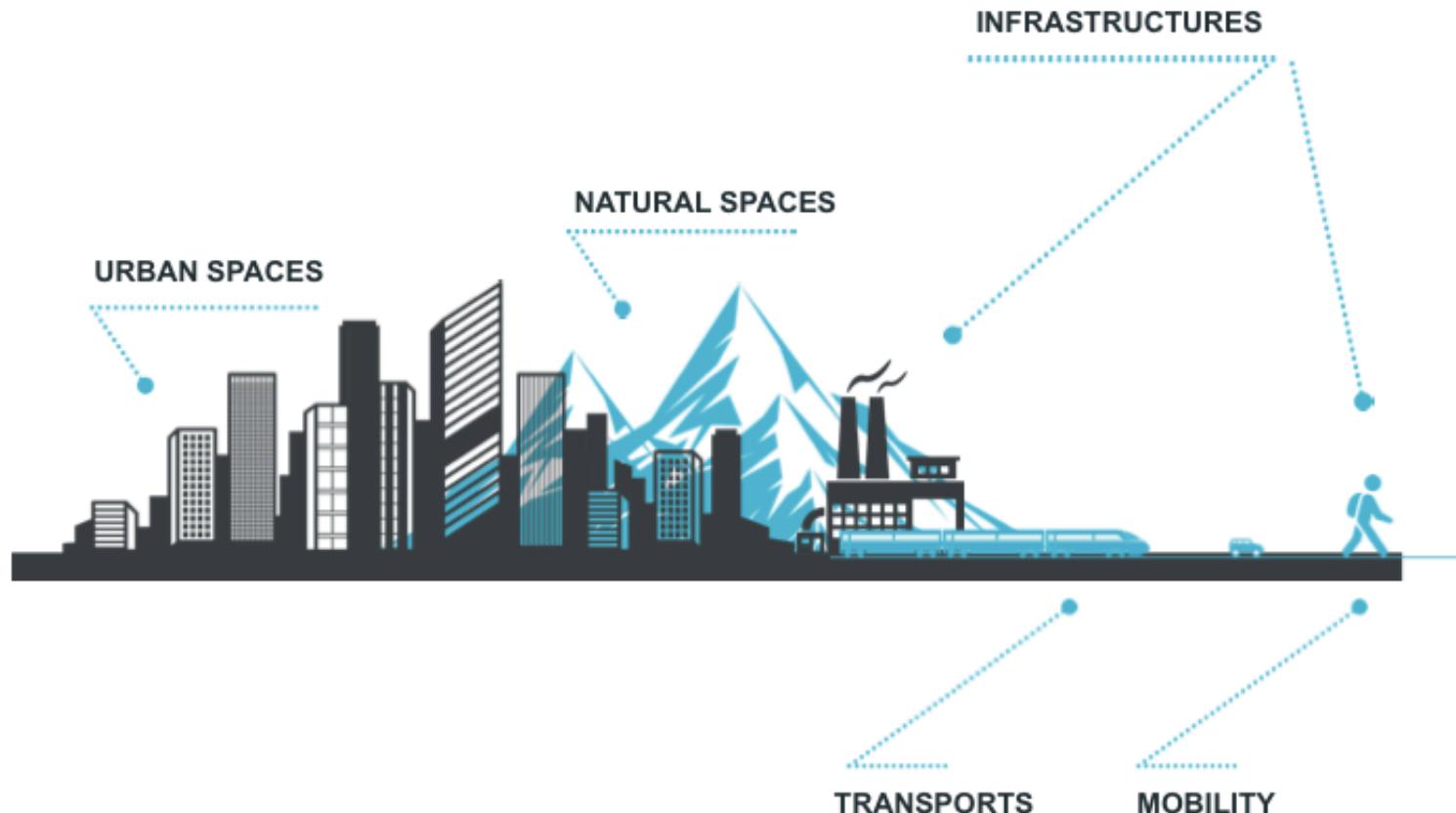
CAPTURE

COLLECT

REPORT

AUTONOMOUS WIRELESS MULTIPONT MULTIHOP
DATA AQUISITION SYSTEMS
WITH EMBEDDED DATA PROCESSING

HIKOB FIELDS OF OPERATION

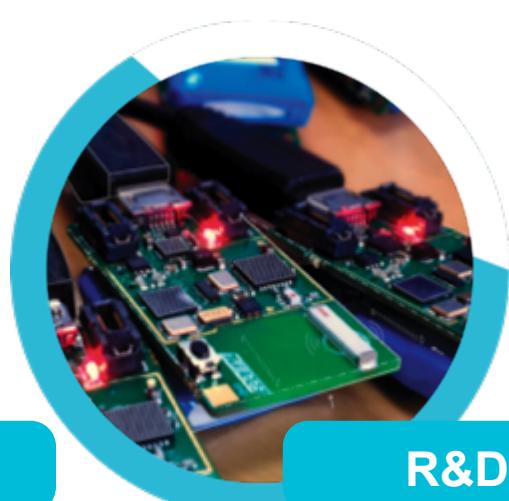




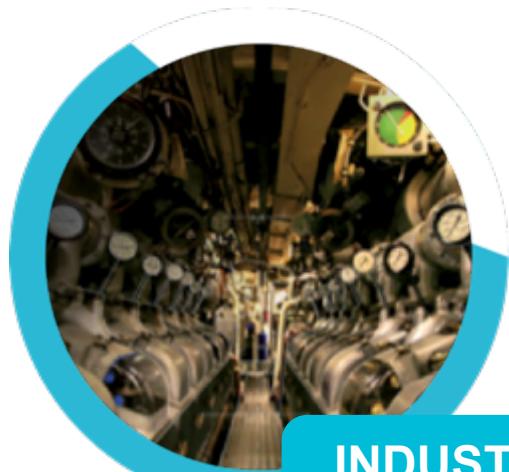
INFRA



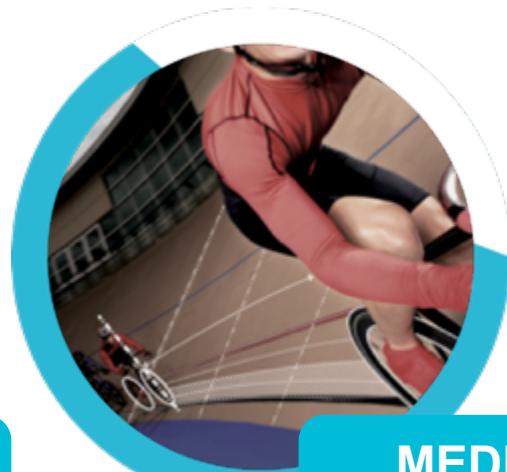
ITS



R&D



INDUSTRY



MEDIA

Parc des Princes stadium, Paris (France)

- Real-time monitoring of the roof structure (crack, tilt, bend, temperature)
- 32 acquisition nodes, 96 crackmeters, 32 PT100
- 8 routers, 1 gateway
- Also applied to bridges



Advitam

Infrastructure Management Solutions

Grand Lyon, Lyon (France)

- Real-time road surface and moisture measurement to optimize the timing for winter road management
- Optimization of management and reduction of cost and resource



GRANDLYON

INRIA

- R&D testbed spread over 4 universities in France
- 1700 open wireless sensor nodes
- Ubiquitous network / Internet of Things platform





**IoT in B2B, Industrial Internet.
The third revolution.**

The revolution: rise of the industrial Internet



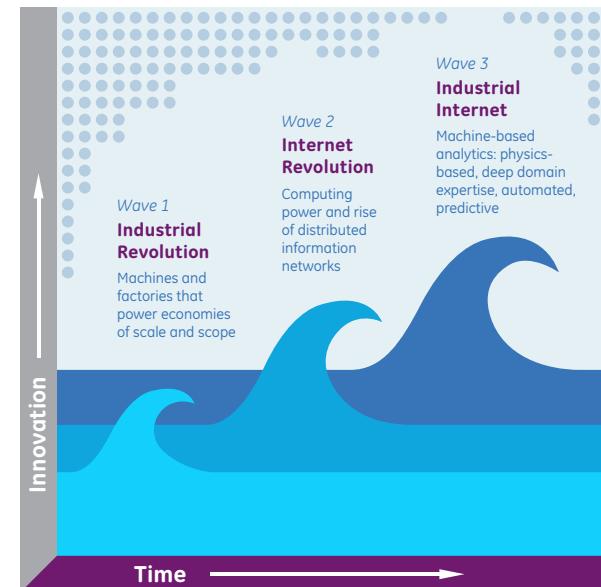
IoT revolution :

- Smart Objects
- Internet of Things
- Big Data Analysis

Industrial Internet :

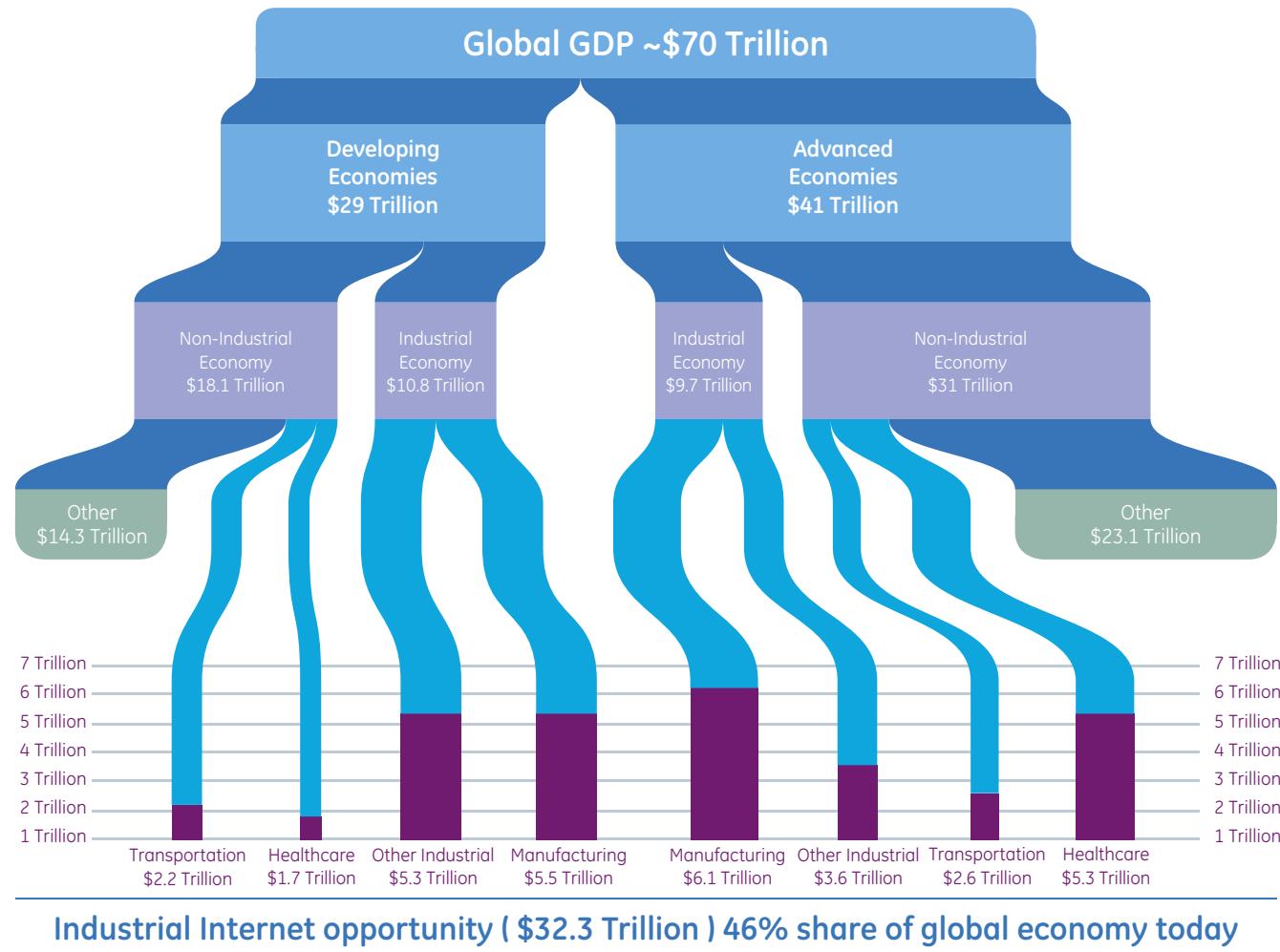
- Intelligent Machines
- Advanced Analytics
- People at Works

« That which is measured improves. That which is measured and reported improves exponentially » (Pearson's law)

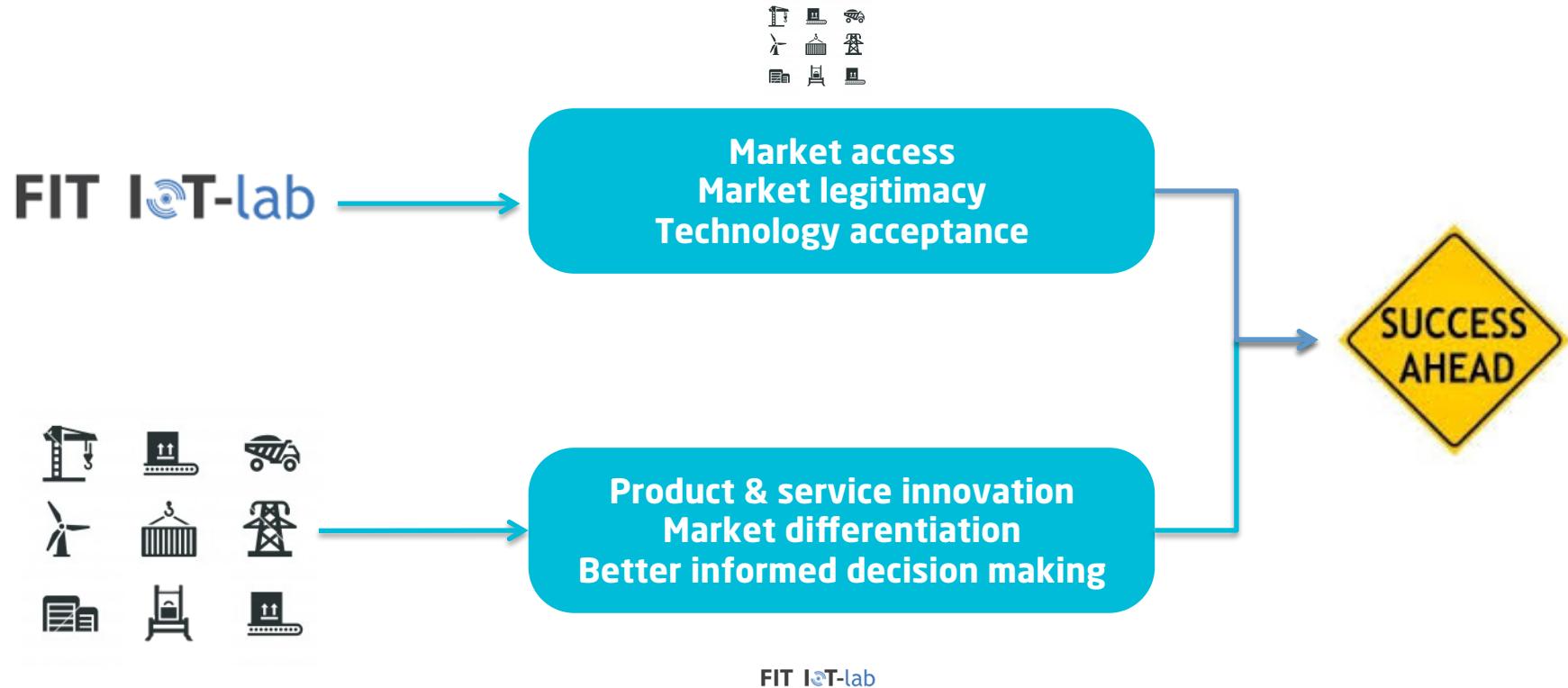


In B2B: revolution of processes, not application

Figure 5. Industrial Internet Potential GDP Share



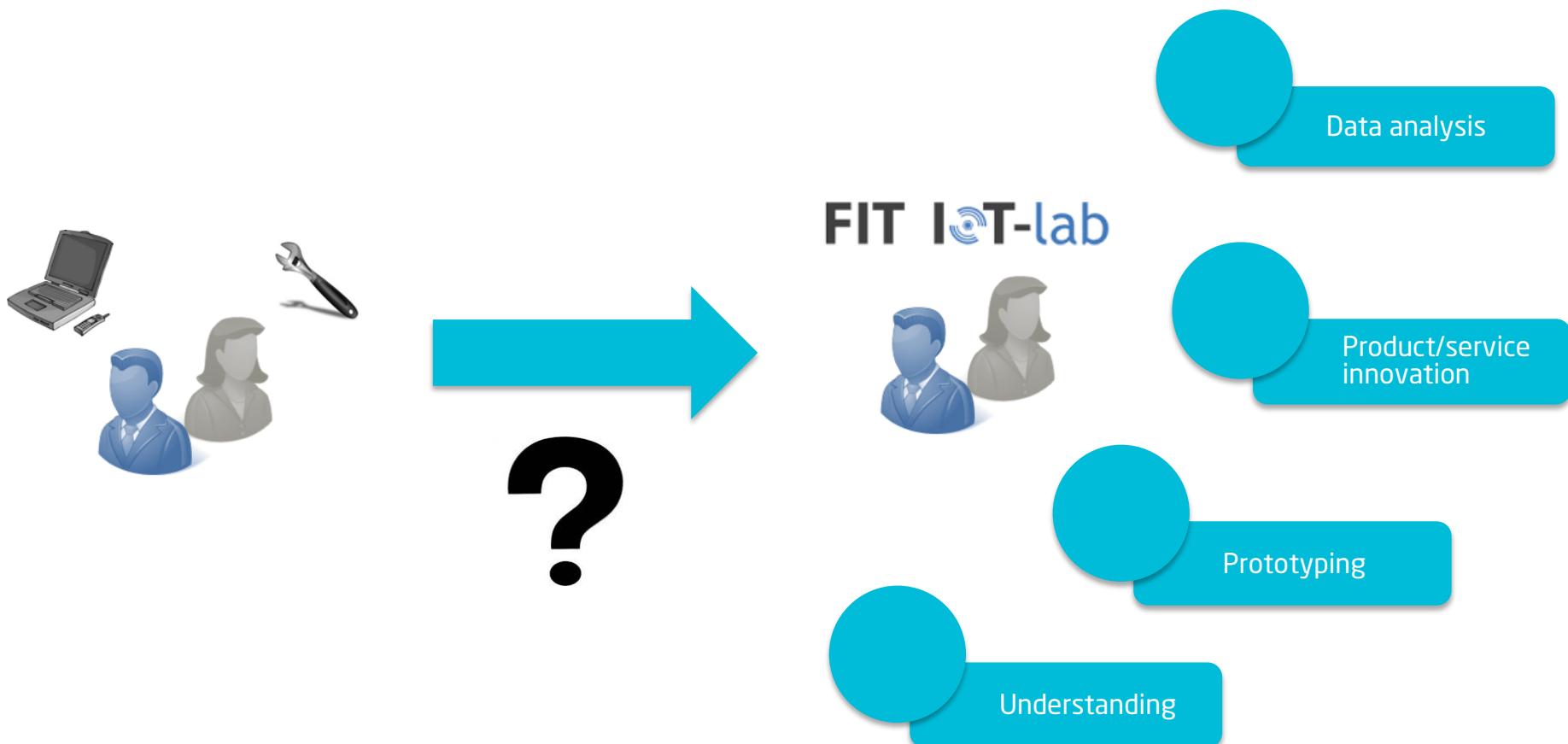
The war: traditionnal industries vs native IoT players



Most of the Industrial Internet Market belong to traditional players.

*IoT technologies are **not disruptive** for the industries but instead they operate as an **enabler**: they open **new perspectives** to **existing industries** and give **existing players** the opportunity to **leap across the frontiers of their current exercise**.*

The pain: from engineers to digital engineers



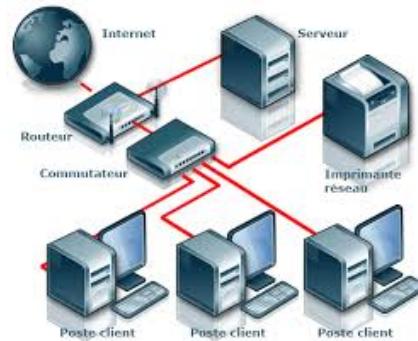
The transition: hard & fast



1850



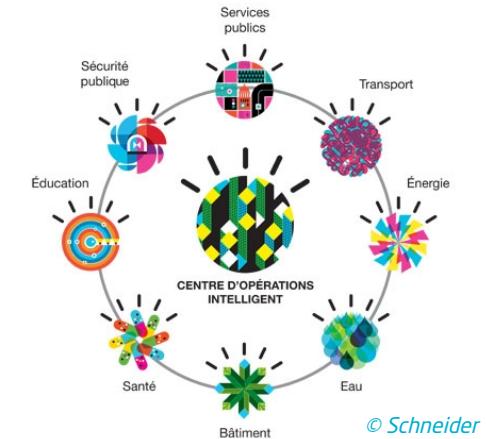
1980



2000

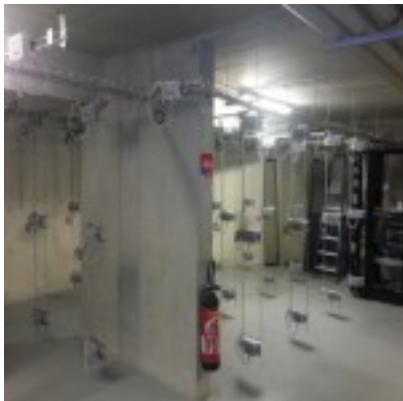
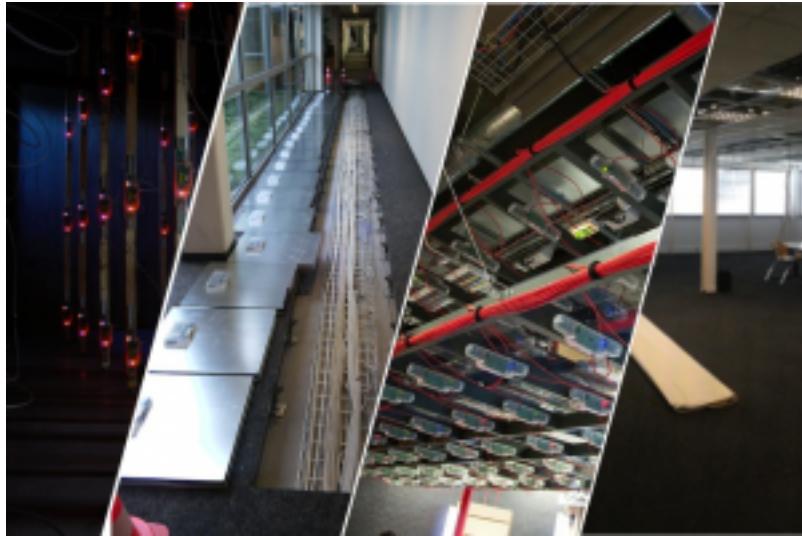


2010



© Schneider

The need: IoT engineering tools

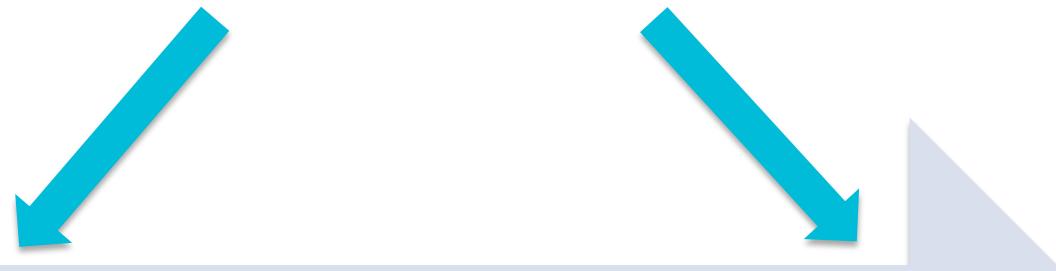


FIT IoT-lab



**The role of Testbeds for Native IoT
Startups and Traditional industries.**

Where do we need testbeds ?



FROM AN IDEA TO A
PROOF OF CONCEPT

PRODUCT
DEVELOPMENT

PRODUCT TESTING
& VALIDATION

Why do we need testbeds ? (1)

From idea to proof of concept



- Because we **need to innovate**, we have to **concretize ideas** into proof of concepts.
- **Services expected**: engineering support to make the technology accessible
- **Value**: speed and easyness of concept validation, which translate into a shorter time-to-market.
- **Targets**: product manufacturers, integrators, service & application providers // they know the application & service, not necessarily the technology // they neeed help to see what the technology can do.



Why do we need testbeds ? (1)

Prototype / product testing and validation



- Because we do hardware/software, we need **testing and operational validation**.
- Because we sell **real systems** to **real people** operating them in **real conditions**, the testbed should somehow be « **in vivo** », not only « **in vitro** »
- **Services expected:** in vivo, close to what the product will experience, with the capability to experience many conditions.
- **Value:** space of testing conditions / parameters (e.g. scale, *etc.*)
- **Targets:** product/software manufacturer // they know the technology // they want to play in conditions they don't have!



Ex: CMS for « things that spin »



Table 2. Things that Spin: Illustrative List of Rotating Machines

| Sector | Rotating Machinery | # of Global Assets & Plants | "Big" things that spin |
|--|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Transportation | | | |
| Rail: Diesel Electric Engines | Wheel Motors, Engine, Drives, Alternators | 120,000 | 2,160,000 |
| Aircraft: Commercial Engines | Compressors, Turbines, Turbofans | 43,000 | 129,000 |
| Marine: Bulk Carriers | Steam Turbines, Reciprocating Engines, Pumps, Generators | 9,400 | 84,600 |
| Oil and Gas | Rotating Machinery | | |
| Big Energy Processing Plants (1) | Compressors, Turbines, Pumps, Generators, Fans, Blowers, Motors | 990 | 36,900 |
| Midstream Systems (2) | Engines, Turbines, Compressors, Turbo Expanders, Pumps, Blowers | 16,300 | 63,000 |
| Drilling Equipment: Drillships, Land Rigs etc. | Engines, Generators, Electric Motors, Drilling Works, Propulsion Drives | 4,100 | 29,200 |
| Power Plants | Rotating Machinery | | |
| Thermal Turbines: Steam, CCGT, etc. | Turbines, Generators | 17,500 | 74,000 |
| Other Plants: Hydro, Wind, Engines, etc. (3) | Turbines, Generators, Reciprocating Engines | 45,000 | 190,000 |
| Industrial Facilities | Rotating Machinery | | |
| Steel Mills | Blast and Basic Oxygen Furnace Systems, Steam Turbines, Handling Systems | 1,600 | 47,000 |
| Pulp and Paper Mills | Debarkers, Radial Chippers, Steam Turbines, Fourdrinier Machines, Rollers | 3,900 | 176,000 |
| Cement Plants | Rotary Kilns, Conveyors, Drive Motors, Ball Mills | 2,000 | 30,000 |
| Sugar Plants | Cane Handling Systems, Rotary Vacuums, Centrifuges, Cystalizers, Evaporators | 650 | 23,000 |
| Ethanol Plants | Grain Handling Systems, Conveyors, Evaporators, Reboilers, Dryer Fans, Motors | 450 | 16,000 |
| Ammonia and Methanol Plants | Steam Turbines, Reformer and Distillation Systems, Compressors, Blowers | 1,300 | 45,000 |
| Medical Machines | Rotating Machinery | | |
| CT Scanners | Spinning X-Ray Tube Rotors, Spinning Gantryes | 52,000 | 104,000 |
| Total | | | 3,207,700 |

Notes: Not exhaustive. (1) includes LNG processing trains, Refineries, and Ethylene steam crackers. (2) includes Compressor and pumping stations, LNG regassification terminals, Large Crude carriers, gas processing plants. (3) Only counting engines in large scale power generation greater than 30 MW

Sources: Multiple aggregated sources including Platts UDI, IHS-CERA, Oil and Gas Journal, Clarkson Research, GE Aviation & Transportation, InMedica, industrial info, RISI, US Dept. of Energy, GE Strategy and Analytics estimates of large rotating systems

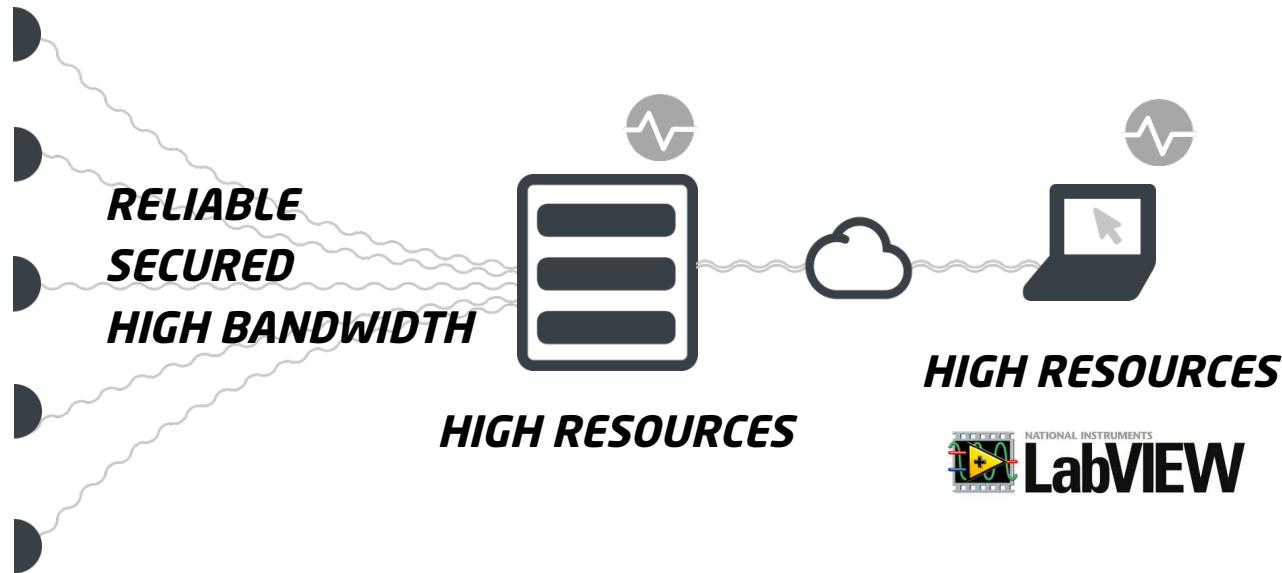
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**50kHz
ENERGY**

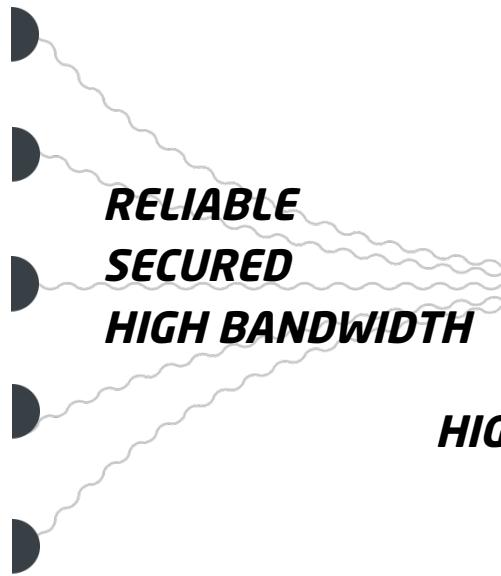


NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS
LabVIEW

Ex: CMS for « things that spin »

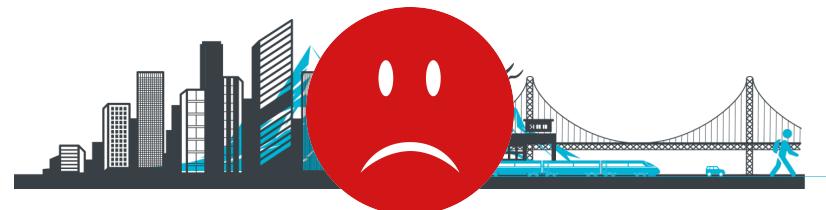


**50kHz
ENERGY**

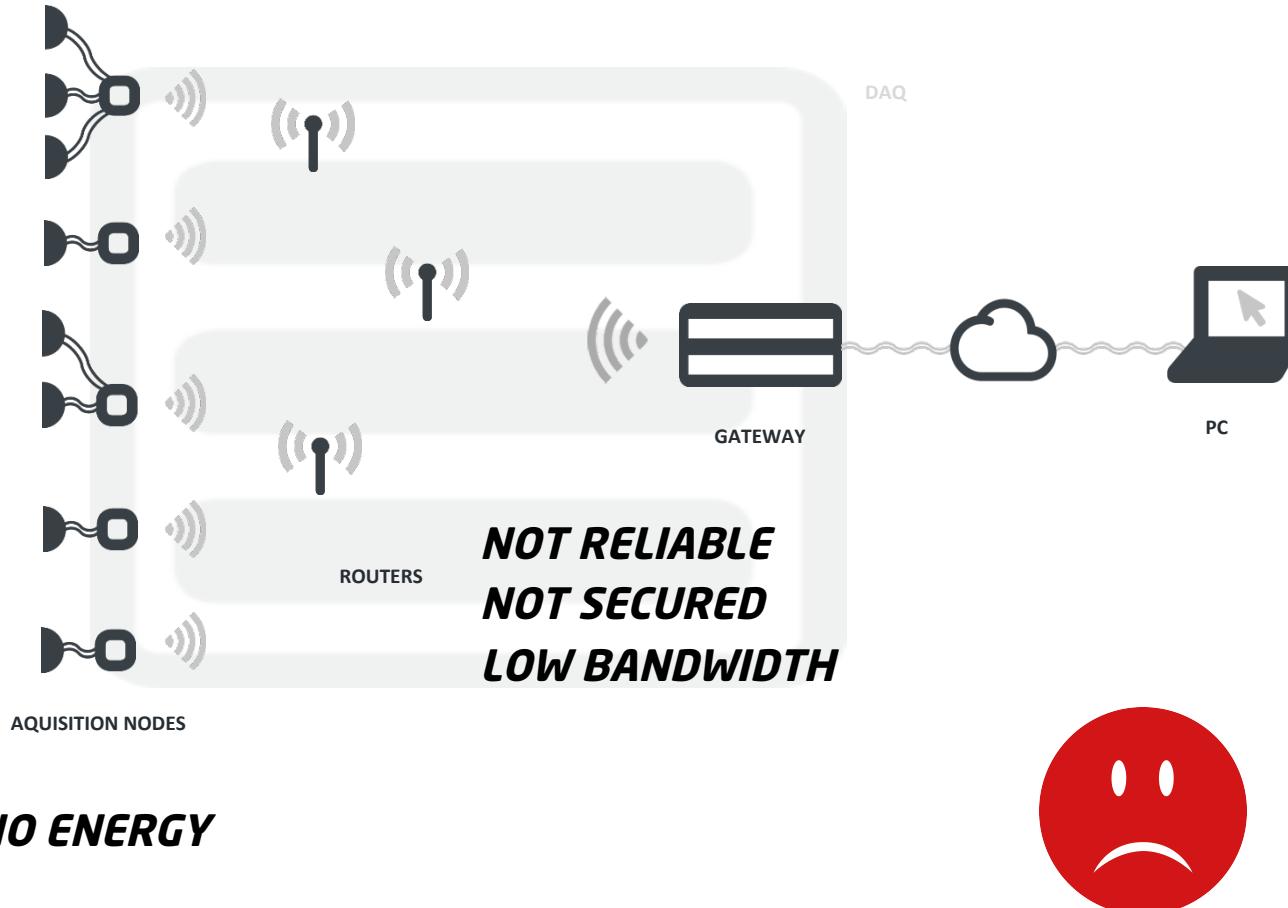


HIGH RESOURCES

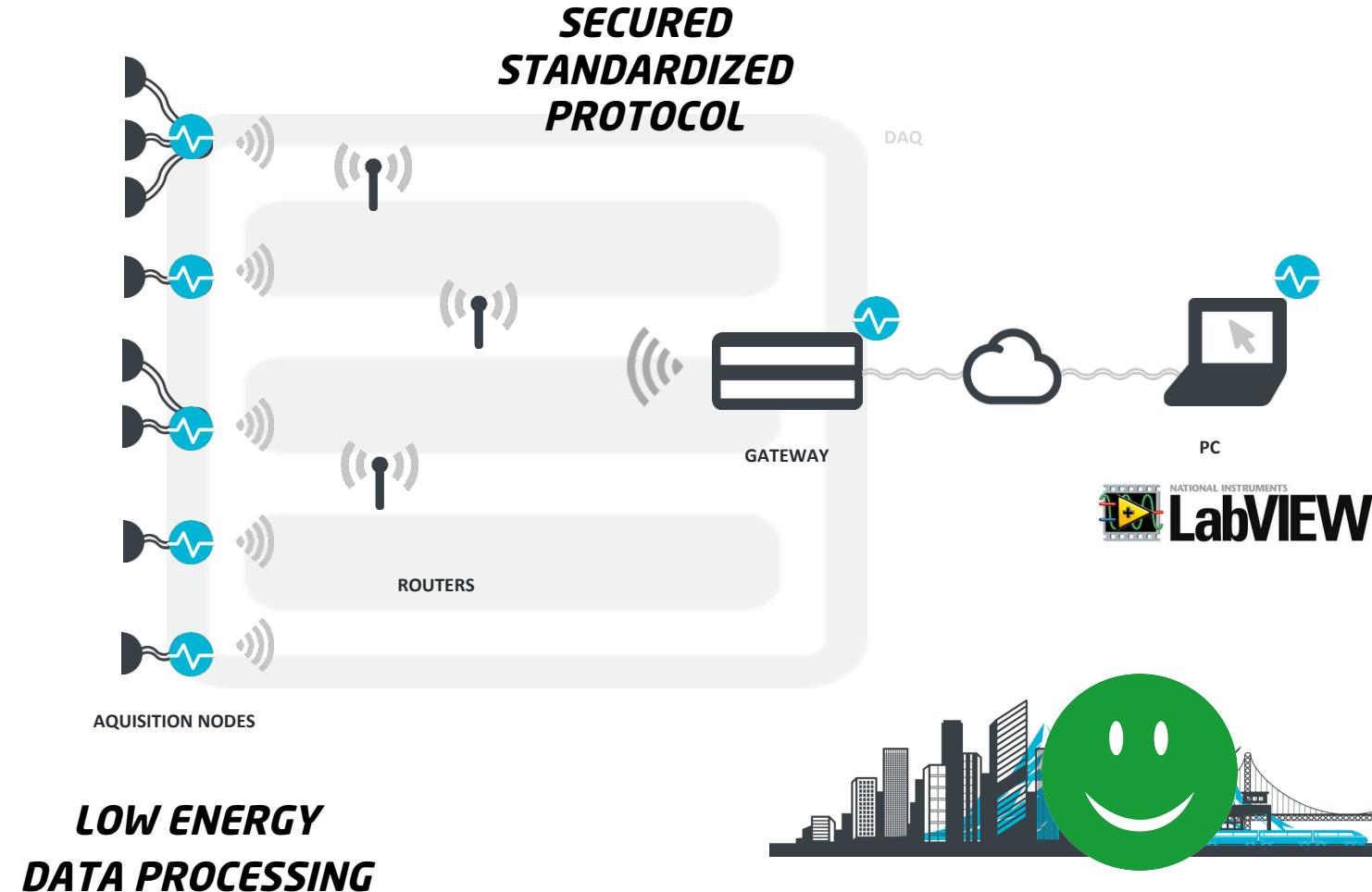
NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS
LabVIEW



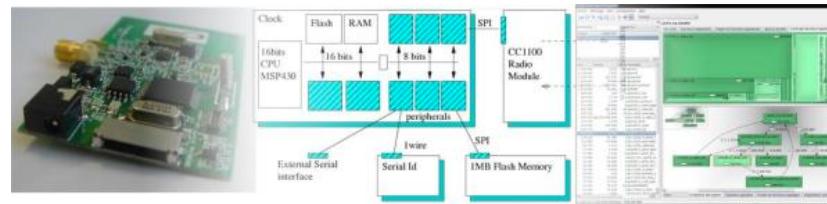
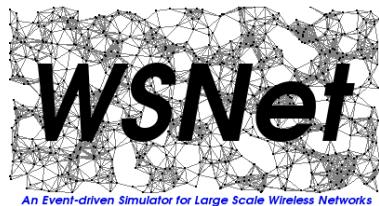
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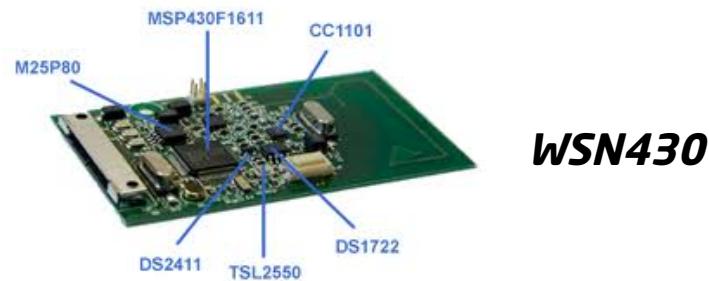
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HIKOB story: from simulation tools, testbeds



WSim, WSNet



WSN430



Through experiments to industrial products and industrial partnerships.



XtremLog



 **HIKOB**
developers.

Strong interest in testbed to:

- Confront a concept to the reality of the technology
- Test and validate prototypes / products in specific conditions

But:

- What is the service brought with the testbed ?
- It is IoT-native players oriented or traditional industries oriented ?

They know the application, we bring them the technology.

Next step:

- Develop the programming tools to smartly spread the data processing and the configuration among the different system components.

They know the application, we bring them the tools to play with the technology.

THANK YOU VERY MUCH !



Questions ?

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