

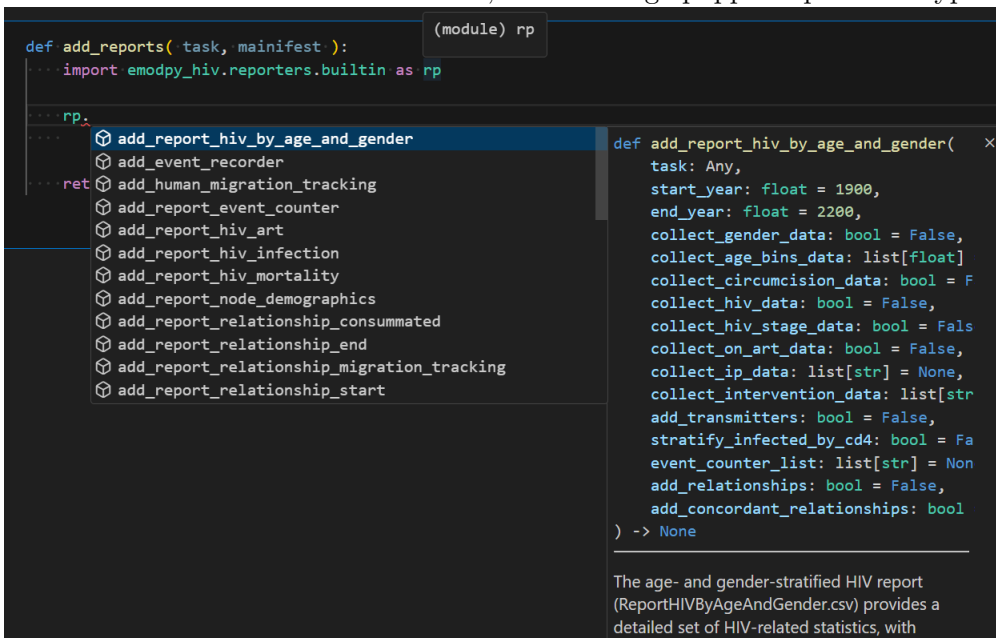
Tutorial-2_AddingReportsAndPlottingData

June 13, 2024

1 Tutorial #2 - Add reports, download the reports, and plot the data

The objective of this tutorial is to give you a very simple way of getting the results from your experiment. It will start with the code we used in Tutorial #1 and: - Show you how to add new reports - Show you how to download the reports - Plot the data in the reports so we can see how the simulation is performing

Below is an example of using an IDE to see what functions are available, what they do, and what the parameters are. In Visual Studio Code, these dialogs popped up after I typed the period in



```
def add_reports( task, manifest ):  
    import emodpy_hiv.reporters.builtin as rp  
  
    rp.  
    add_report_hiv_by_age_and_gender  
    add_event_recorder  
    ret add_human_migration_tracking  
    add_report_event_counter  
    add_report_hiv_art  
    add_report_hiv_infection  
    add_report_hiv_mortality  
    add_report_node_demographics  
    add_report_relationship_consummated  
    add_report_relationship_end  
    add_report_relationship_migration_tracking  
    add_report_relationship_start
```

```
def add_report_hiv_by_age_and_gender(  
    task: Any,  
    start_year: float = 1900,  
    end_year: float = 2200,  
    collect_gender_data: bool = False,  
    collect_age_bins_data: list[float]  
    collect_circumcision_data: bool = F  
    collect_hiv_data: bool = False,  
    collect_hiv_stage_data: bool = Fals  
    collect_on_art_data: bool = False,  
    collect_ip_data: list[str] = None,  
    collect_intervention_data: list[str  
    add_transmitters: bool = False,  
    stratify_infected_by_cd4: bool = Fa  
    event_counter_list: list[str] = Non  
    add_relationships: bool = False,  
    add_concordant_relationships: bool  
    ) -> None
```

The age- and gender-stratified HIV report (ReportHIVByAgeAndGender.csv) provides a detailed set of HIV-related statistics, with

1.1 Adding reports

To organize our logic, we will create a method that configures the reports we want EMOD to produce. EMOD is already generating the default InsetChart.json (by setting `config.parameters.Enable_Default_Reporting = 1`). We will add two more reports so you can see how it is done and get everyone's favorite `ReportHIVByAgeAndGender`.

```
[1]: def add_reports( task, manifest ):  
    import emodpy_hiv.reporters.builtin as rp
```

```

rp.add_report_simulation_stats( task, manifest )
rp.add_report_hiv_by_age_and_gender(task,
                                     start_year=1985, #avoid outbreak so
↳newly infected plot isn't overwhelmed
                                     end_year=2070,
                                     collect_gender_data=True,
                                     collect_age_bins_data=[15, 20, 25, 30,
↳35, 40, 45, 50],
                                     collect_circumcision_data=True,
                                     collect_hiv_stage_data=False,
                                     collect_ip_data=[],
                                     collect_intervention_data=[],
                                     add_transmitters=False,
                                     stratify_infected_by_cd4=False,
                                     event_counter_list=[],
                                     add_relationships=False,
                                     add_concordant_relationships=False)

return

```

1.2 Downloading the reports

We add another function to call that will use the `idmtools` concept of an “analyzer”. Analyzers are intended to be Python logic that you use to process the output of your simulations. In this tutorial, we will use the built-in `DownloadAnalyzer` to copy the reports to a directory called `tutorial_2_results`.

In this method, we will also use the `AnalyzeManager` to execute the `DownloadAnalyzer`. One could have multiple analyzers. Imagine you have multiple report files and want to summarize each of those reports separately. You could create an analyzer for each report.

```

[2]: def process_results( experiment, platform ):
    import os, shutil
    from idmtools.analysis.analyze_manager import AnalyzeManager
    from idmtools.analysis.download_analyzer import DownloadAnalyzer

    # Clean up 'outputs' dir
    output_path = "tutorial_2_results"
    if os.path.exists( output_path ):
        shutil.rmtree( output_path )

    # files to be downloaded from each sim
    filenames = [
        'output/InsetChart.json',
        'output/ReportHIVByAgeAndGender.csv'
    ]
    analyzers = [ DownloadAnalyzer( filenames=filenames,
↳output_path=output_path ) ]

```

```

manager = AnalyzeManager( platform=platform, analyzers=analyzers )
manager.add_item( experiment )
manager.analyze()
return

```

1.3 Code from Tutorial #1 plus add_reports and process_results()

The following code is the code we used in Tutorial #1, but all bunched together. Please note the following: - The imports have been moved to the top. - The `sweep_run_number()` function was placed right after the reports. - `add_reports()` is called right after the creation of the EMOD-Task. - Logic is added after `experiment.run()` to check if the experiment succeeded and call `process_results()`.

```

[3]: # Will make the warnings off by default in 2.0
import emod_api.schema_to_class as s2c
s2c.show_warnings = False

from idmtools.core.platform_factory import Platform
from idmtools.entities.experiment import Experiment
from idmtools.builders import SimulationBuilder

import emod_hiv.bootstrap as dtk
import emodpy_hiv.emod_task as emod_task
import emodpy_hiv.country_model as cm
import manifest

def sweep_run_number( simulation, value ):
    simulation.task.config.parameters.Run_Number = value
    return { "Run_Number": value }

dtk.setup(local_dir=manifest.executables_dir)

#platform = Platform( "SLURM_LOCAL", job_directory="experiments" )
platform = Platform( "Calculon", node_group="idm_abcd", priority="Normal" )

zambia = cm.Zambia()
task = emod_task.EMODHIVTask.from_default(
    eradication_path = manifest.eradication_path,
    schema_path      = manifest.schema_file,
    param_custom_cb  = zambia.build_config,
    campaign_builder = zambia.build_campaign,
    demog_builder    = zambia.build_demographics,
    ep4_path          = None
)

```

```

add_reports( task, manifest )
task.config.parameters.Report_HIV_Period = 365/6

#task.set_sif( path_to_sif=manifest.sif_path, platform=platform )
task.set_sif( path_to_sif=manifest.sif_path )

builder = SimulationBuilder()
builder.add_sweep_definition( sweep_run_number, [1,2,3] )

experiment = Experiment.from_builder( builder, task, name="Tutorial_2" )

experiment.run( wait_until_done=True, platform=platform )

# Check result
if experiment.succeeded:
    print(f"Experiment {experiment.uid} succeeded.")

    process_results( experiment, platform )

    print(f"Downloaded results for experiment {experiment.uid}.")
else:
    print(f"Experiment {experiment.uid} failed.\n")

```

/!\ WARNING: File 'idmtools.ini' Not Found! For details on how to configure idmtools, see <https://docs.idmod.org/projects/idmtools/en/v1.7.1/configuration.html> for details on how to configure idmtools.

[Calculon]

```

{
    "endpoint": "https://comps.idmod.org",
    "environment": "Calculon"
}

```

setting schema_path: executables\schema.json to campaign_builder function.
 Generating demographics file demographics.json.
 Telling emod-api to use executables\schema.json as schema.

The created experiment can be viewed at <https://comps.idmod.org/#explore/Simulations?filters=ExperimentId=20b17de6-fc29-ef11-aa14-b88303911bc1>
 Simulations are still being created

Creating Simulations on Comps:
 100% | 3/3 [00:00<00:00,

```

3.46simulation/s]
Waiting on Experiment Tutorial_2 to Finish running:
100%|          | 3/3 [01:53<00:00, 37.98s/simulation]

Experiment 20b17de6-fc29-ef11-aa14-b88303911bc1 succeeded.
Analyze Manager
| 3 item(s) selected for analysis
| partial_analyze_ok is False, max_items is None, and 0 item(s) are being
ignored
| Analyzer(s):
| - DownloadAnalyzer File parsing: off / Use cache: off
| Pool of 3 analyzing process(es)

100%|
| 3/3 [00:05<00:00, 1.72s/it]
Running Analyzer Reduces:
100%|          | 1/1
[00:00<00:00, 143.03it/s]

| Analysis complete. Took 5.17 seconds (~ 1.723 per item)
Downloaded results for experiment 20b17de6-fc29-ef11-aa14-b88303911bc1.

```

1.4 Results found in tutorial_2_results

The DownloadAnalyzer should have created a directory called `tutorial_2_results`, which should contain three folders. The names of the folders are the IDs (GUIDs) of the simulations. Each simulation folder should contain the `InsetChart.json` and `ReportHIVByAgeAndGender.csv` reports.

1.5 Plotting the results

The following code uses some tutorial-helper functions to plot the results of these simulations.

```

[4]: import plot_report_hiv_by_age_and_gender as my_plt

report_filenames = my_plt.get_report_filenames( "tutorial_2_results",
↳"ReportHIVByAgeAndGender.csv" )
df = my_plt.create_dataframe_from_csv_reports( report_filenames )
num_runs = len(report_filenames)
my_plt.plot_age_based_data( df, num_runs, "Population (15-49) Over Time", "
↳Population" )
my_plt.plot_age_based_data( df, num_runs, "Number of People (15-49) on ART
↳Over Time", " On_ART" )
my_plt.plot_age_based_data( df, num_runs, "Number of Newly Infected People
↳(15-49) (Incidence) Over Time", " Newly Infected" )
my_plt.plot_age_based_data( df, num_runs, "Number of Infected People (15-49)
↳(Prevalence) Over Time", " Infected" )

```

Reading tutorial_2_results\21b17de6-fc29-ef11-aa14-b88303911bc1\ReportHIVByAgeAndGender.csv

Reading tutorial_2_results\22b17de6-fc29-ef11-aa14-b88303911bc1\ReportHIVByAgeAndGender.csv

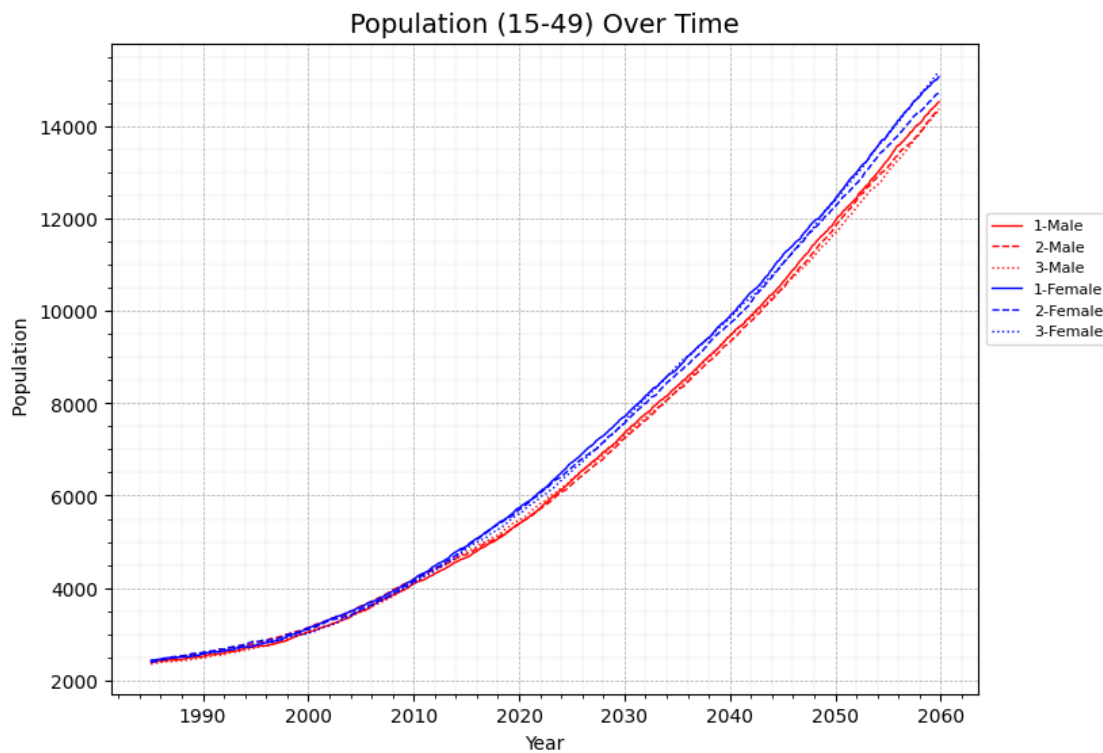
Reading tutorial_2_results\23b17de6-fc29-ef11-aa14-b88303911bc1\ReportHIVByAgeAndGender.csv

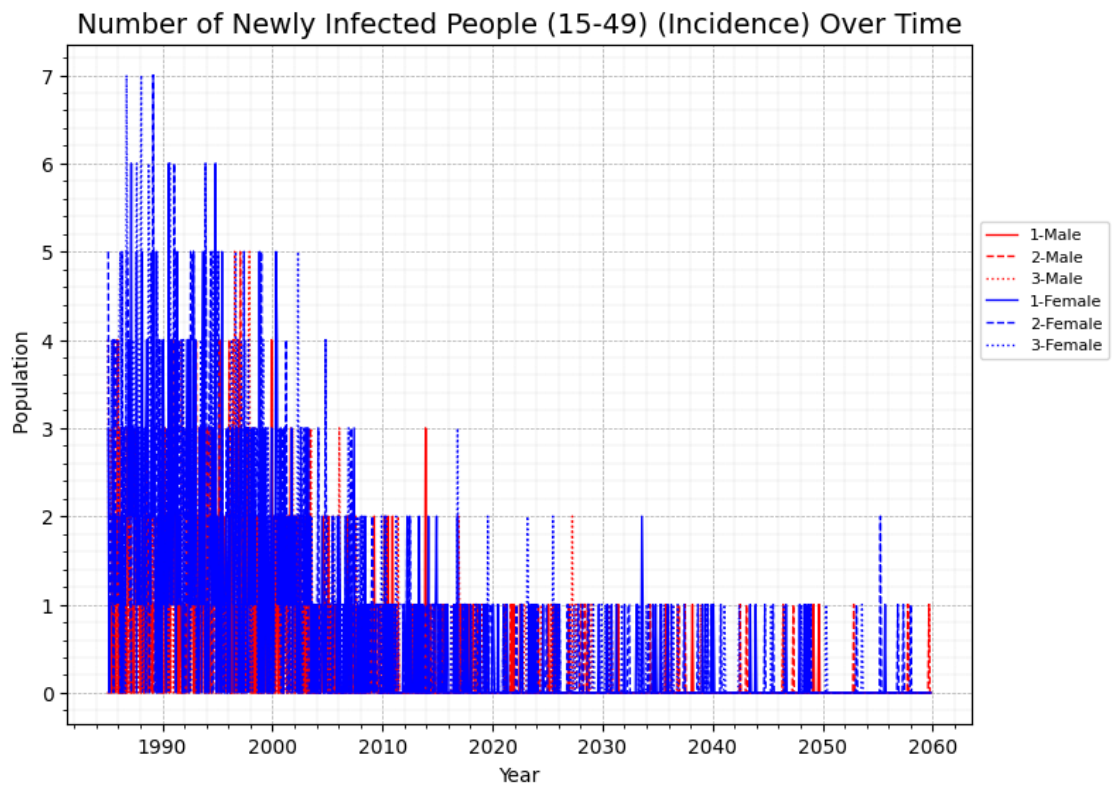
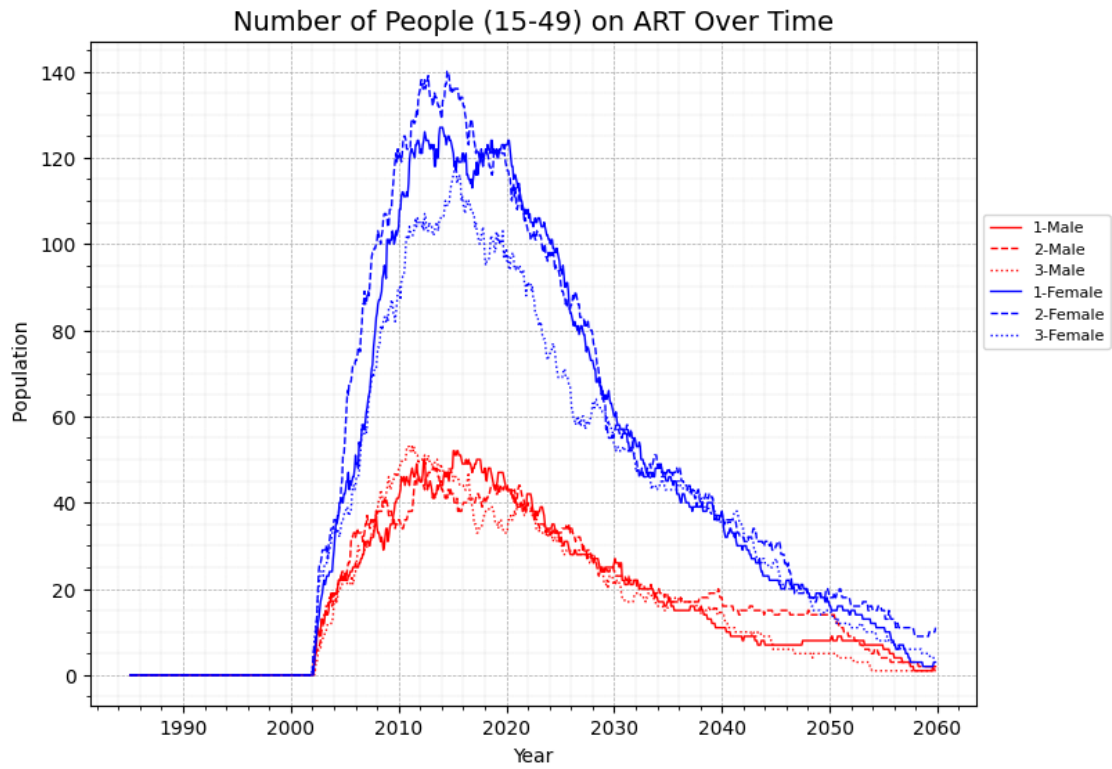
plotting Population (15-49) Over Time

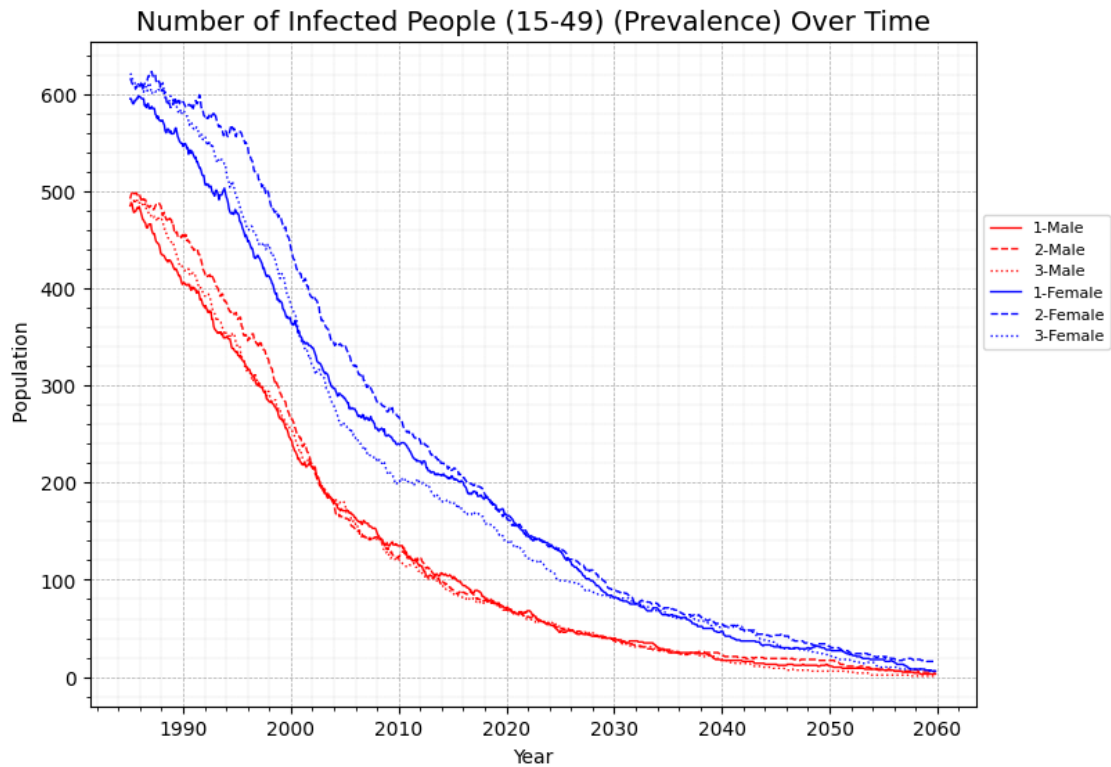
plotting Number of People (15-49) on ART Over Time

plotting Number of Newly Infected People (15-49) (Incidence) Over Time

plotting Number of Infected People (15-49) (Prevalence) Over Time







1.6 Moving on to Tutorial #3

Tutorial #1 taught us the basics of running an experiment, and Tutorial #2 showed us how to get results from our experiment. Now, we need to learn more about how to make changes to our baseline country model for our specific project. Tutorial #3 will introduce us to the builder methods that we can use to make those modifications.