# Assignment #4: 排序、栈、队列和树

Updated 0005 GMT+8 March 11, 2024

2024 spring, Complied by 夏天明 元培学院

#### 说明:

1) The complete process to learn DSA from scratch can be broken into 4 parts:

Learn about Time complexities, learn the basics of individual Data Structures, learn the basics of Algorithms, and practice Problems.

- 2)请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python,或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora <a href="https://typoraio.cn">https://typoraio.cn</a>,或者用word)。AC或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 3) 提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 4) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

#### 编程环境

操作系统: Windows 10 | 22H2

Python编程环境: Spyder IDE 5.4.3 | Python 3.11.4 64-bit

## 1. 题目

05902: 双端队列

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/05902/

思路:直接实现

```
from collections import deque

for o in range(int(input())):
    q = deque()
    for w in range(int(input())):
        t, x = map(int, input().split())
        if t == 1:
            q.append(x)
        elif x:
            q.pop()
        else:
            q.popleft()
    print(' '.join(map(str, q)) if q else 'NULL')
```

#### #44182717提交状态

```
状态: Accepted
```

```
源代码
                                                                              #: 44182717
                                                                            题目: 05902
 from collections import deque
                                                                           提交人: 23n2300017735(夏天明
                                                                         BrightSummer)
 for 0 in range(int(input())):
                                                                            内存: 3604kB
    q = deque()
    for w in range(int(input())):
                                                                             时间: 38ms
        t, x = map(int, input().split())
                                                                             语言: Python3
        if t == 1:
                                                                          提交时间: 2024-03-12 15:42:46
           q.append(x)
        elif x:
           q.pop()
        else:
            q.popleft()
    print(' '.join(map(str, q)) if q else 'NULL')
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                                                                                            English 帮助 关于
```

基本信息

提问

## 02694: 波兰表达式

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02694/

思路: 现建树再计算

```
ops = {"+", "-", "*", "/"}

class Tree:
    def __init__(self, value=None):
        self.val = value
        self.left = None
```

```
self.right = None
    def evaluate(self):
        if self.val not in ops:
            return self.val
        else:
            return eval(str(self.left.evaluate()) + self.val +
str(self.right.evaluate()))
def buildFromPoland():
    root = Tree(po.pop())
    if root.val in ops:
        root.left = buildFromPoland()
        root.right = buildFromPoland()
    return root
po = input().split()
po.reverse()
print(f"{buildFromPoland().evaluate():.6f}")
```

#### #42806601提交状态

查看 提交 统计 提问

基本信息

### 状态: Accepted

```
源代码
                                                                                 #: 42806601
                                                                               题目: 02694
 ops = \{"+", "-", "*", "/"\}
                                                                             提交人: 23n2300017735(夏天明
                                                                           BrightSummer)
 class Tree:
     def __init__(self, value=None):
                                                                               内存: 3584kB
        self.val = value
                                                                               时间: 33ms
        self.left = None
                                                                               语言: Python3
        self.right = None
                                                                            提交时间: 2023-11-28 16:02:36
     def evaluate(self):
        if self.val not in ops:
            return self.val
             return eval(str(self.left.evaluate()) + self.val + str(self
 def buildFromPoland():
     root = Tree(po.pop())
     if root.val in ops:
        root.left = buildFromPoland()
        root.right = buildFromPoland()
     return root
 po = input().split()
 po.reverse()
 print(f"{buildFromPoland().evaluate():.6f}")
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```

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### 24591: 中序表达式转后序表达式

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/24591/

思路: 利用栈实现

代码

```
import re
pre = {'(':1, '+':2, '-':2, '*':3, '/':3}
for o in range(int(input())):
    s = re.split(r"([^\d.])", input())
   ans = []
    op = []
    for token in s:
       if token == '(':
            op.append('(')
        elif token == ')':
            while (t:=op.pop()) != '(':
                ans.append(t)
        elif token and token in '+-*/':
            while op and pre[op[-1]] >= pre[token]:
                ans.append(op.pop())
            op.append(token)
        elif token:
            ans.append(token)
    while op:
        ans.append(op.pop())
    print(*ans)
```

代码运行截图

基本信息

状态: Accepted

```
源代码
                                                                                 #: 43862364
                                                                               题目: 24591
 import re
                                                                             提交人: 23n2300017735(夏天明
                                                                           BrightSummer)
 pre = {'(':1, '+':2, '-':2, '*':3, '/':3}
                                                                               内存: 4344kB
 for 0 in range(int(input())):
    s = re.split(r"([^\d.])", input())
                                                                               时间: 32ms
    ans = []
                                                                               语言: Python3
     op = []
                                                                           提交时间: 2024-02-05 11:25:03
     for token in s:
        if token == '(':
            op.append('(')
         elif token == ')':
            while (t:=op.pop()) != '(':
                ans.append(t)
         elif token and token in '+-*/':
             while op and pre[op[-1]] >= pre[token]:
                ans.append(op.pop())
            op.append(token)
         elif token:
            ans.append(token)
     while op:
        ans.append(op.pop())
     print(*ans)
```

### 22068: 合法出栈序列

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/22068/

思路: 出栈序列是合法的当旦仅当不存在cab这样的结构

```
def judge(s):
    if set(s) != set(x) or len(set(s)) != len(s):
        return "NO"
    for i, char in enumerate(s):
        pre = float("inf")
        for new in s[i+1:]:
            if idx[new] < idx[char]:</pre>
                if idx[new] > pre:
                     return "NO"
                pre = idx[new]
    return "YES"
x = input()
idx = {char:i for i, char in enumerate(x)}
while True:
    try:
        s = input()
    except EOFError:
        break
```

```
print(judge(s))
```

### 状态: Accepted

```
源代码
 def judge(s):
     if set(s) != set(x) or len(set(s)) != len(s):
       return "NO"
     for i, char in enumerate(s):
        pre = float("inf")
         for new in s[i+1:]:
            if idx[new] < idx[char]:</pre>
                 if idx[new] > pre:
                    return "NO"
                 pre = idx[new]
     return "YES"
 x = input()
 idx = {char:i for i, char in enumerate(x)}
 while True:
     try:
        s = input()
     except EOFError:
        break
     print(judge(s))
```

#### #: 43639671 题目: 22068 提交人: 23n2300017735(夏尹 BrightSummer) 内存: 3604kB

时间: 32ms

基本信息

语言: Python3

提交时间: 2024-01-17 23:10:5

# 06646: 二叉树的深度

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/06646/

思路:直接往上摞

代码

```
n = int(input())
h = [0]*11
for i in range(1, n+1):
    for child in map(int, input().split()):
        if child != -1:
            h[child] = h[i] + 1
print(max(h)+1)
```

代码运行截图

状态: Accepted

```
基本信息
源代码
                                                                              #: 43730173
                                                                            题目: 06646
n = int(input())
                                                                          提交人: 23n2300017735(夏天明
h = [0]*11
for i in range(1, n+1):
                                                                        BrightSummer)
    for child in map(int, input().split()):
                                                                            内存: 3884kB
        if child != -1:
                                                                            时间: 21ms
            h[child] = h[i] + 1
                                                                            语言: Python3
print(max(h)+1)
                                                                         提交时间: 2024-01-26 15:59:08
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                                                                                           English 帮助 关于
```

### 02299: Ultra-QuickSort

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02299/

思路: 归并排序求逆序数

```
ans = 0
def merge(1, mid, r):
    i, j = 1, mid+1
    tmp = []
    while i<=mid or j<=r:
        if j>r or (i<=mid and arr[i]<arr[j]):</pre>
            tmp.append(arr[i])
            i += 1
        else:
            tmp.append(arr[j])
            global ans
            ans += j-(1+len(tmp)-1)
            j += 1
    arr[1:r+1] = tmp
def m_sort(1, r):
    if 1 == r:
        return
    mid = (1+r)//2
    m_sort(1, mid)
    m_sort(mid+1, r)
    merge(1, mid, r)
while n := int(input()):
    arr = [int(input()) for i in range(n)]
    ans = 0
    m_sort(0, n-1)
```

### 状态: Accepted

```
源代码
 ans = 0
 def merge(l, mid, r):
    i, j = 1, mid+1
    tmp = []
     while i<=mid or j<=r:</pre>
        if j>r or (i<=mid and arr[i]<arr[j]):</pre>
            tmp.append(arr[i])
            i += 1
         else:
             tmp.append(arr[j])
             global ans
             ans += j-(1+len(tmp)-1)
            j += 1
    arr[1:r+1] = tmp
 def m sort(1, r):
    if 1 == r:
        return
    mid = (l+r)//2
    m sort(1, mid)
    m_sort(mid+1, r)
    merge(l, mid, r)
 while n := int(input()):
    arr = [int(input()) for i in range(n)]
    ans = 0
    m sort(0, n-1)
    print(ans)
```

#### 基本信息 #: 43891076 题目: 02299

提交人: 23n2300017735(夏天明

BrightSummer) 内存: 30420kB 时间: 4387ms 语言: Python3

提交时间: 2024-02-13 00:02:25

# 2. 学习总结和收获

作业题目和最近的每日选做题目之前做过,现在趁机复习一下,并且在群里讨论问题,检查有没有没注意到的盲区。