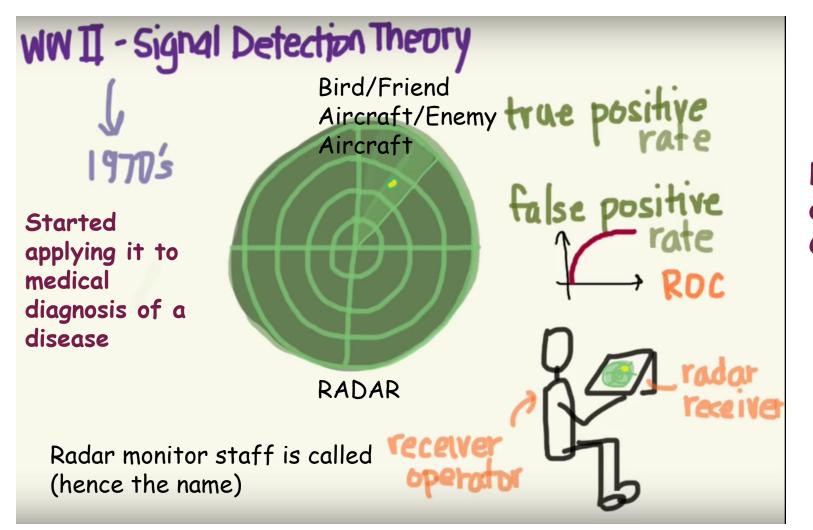
### ROC\_AUC

Prepared By: Dr.Mydhili K Nair, Professor, ISE Dept, RIT

**For: Machine Learning Elective Class** 

**Target Audience: Sem 6 Students** 

# Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) and Area Under Curve(AUC) Curves



History of ROC Curves

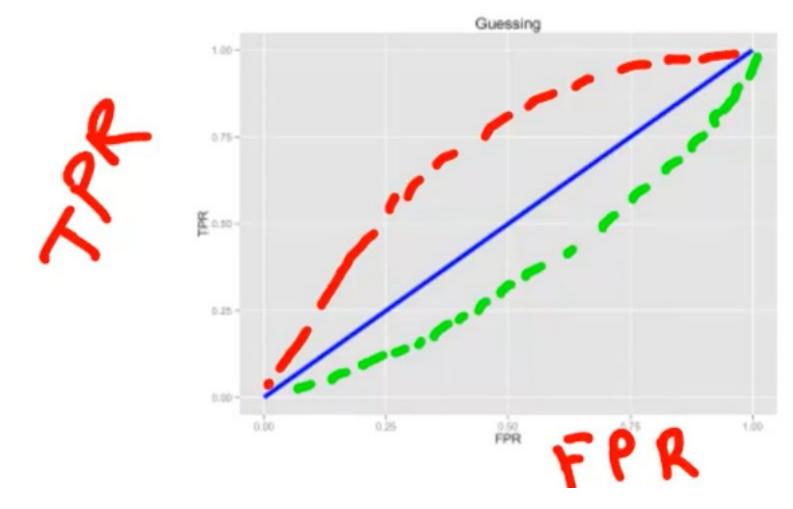
- The first example is the simplest: a diagonal line.
- A diagonal line indicates that the classifier is just making completely random guesses.
- Since your classifier is only going to be correct 50% of the time, it stands to reason that your TPR and FPR will also be equal.



Any curve above the line will be "Better than Guessing"

Any curve below the line will be "Worse than Guessing"

Prepared By: Dr.Mydhili K Nair, Prof, ISE Dept, Ramaiah Institute of Technology, Bengaluru

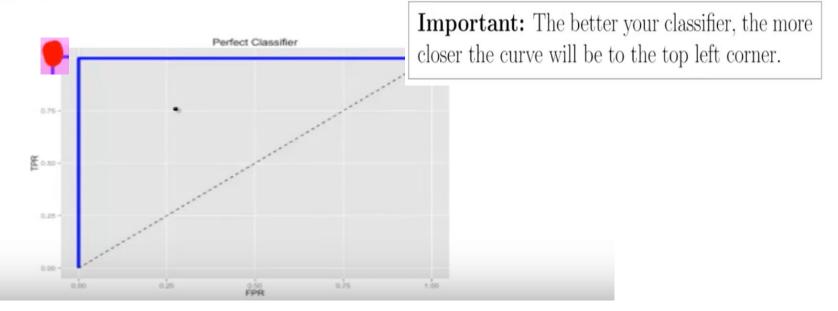


Prepared By: Dr.Mydhili K Nair, Prof, ISE Dept, Ramaiah Institute of Technology, Bengaluru

#### A Perfect Classifier

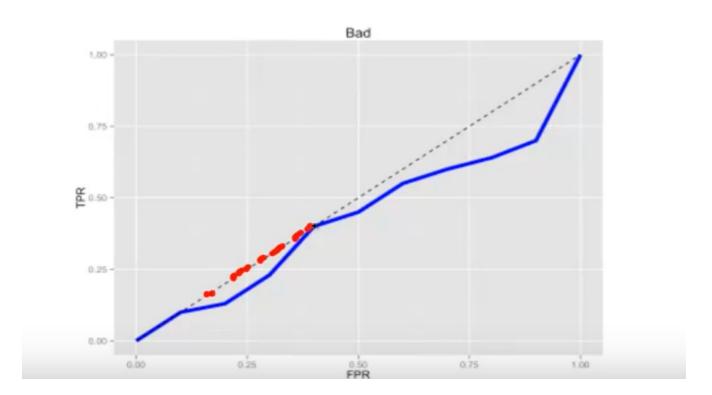
• A perfect classifier will yield a perfect trade-off between TPR and FPR (meaning you'll have a TPR of 1 and an FPR of 0).

• In that case, your ROC curve looks something like this.



#### Worse than guessing

A bad classifier (i.e. something that's worse than guessing) will appear mostly below the random line.



#### Better than guessing

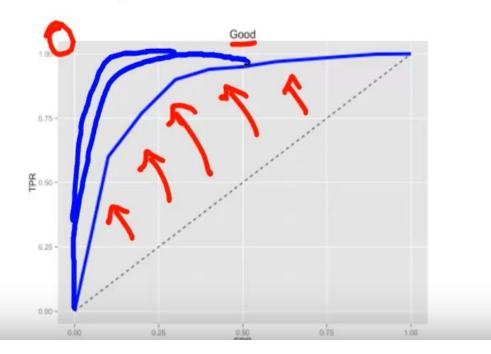
A much more interesting activity is attempting to decipher the difference between an "OK" and a "Good" classifier. The chart below shows an example of a very mediocre classifier. It is still better than guess at random though.

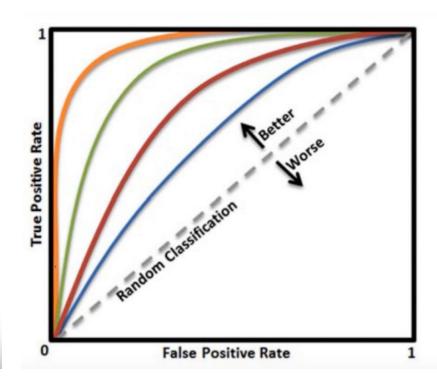


#### Reasonably Good

In practice, most decent classification systems have a ROC curve like this.

Recall that better a prediction system is, the closer it is to the top left.

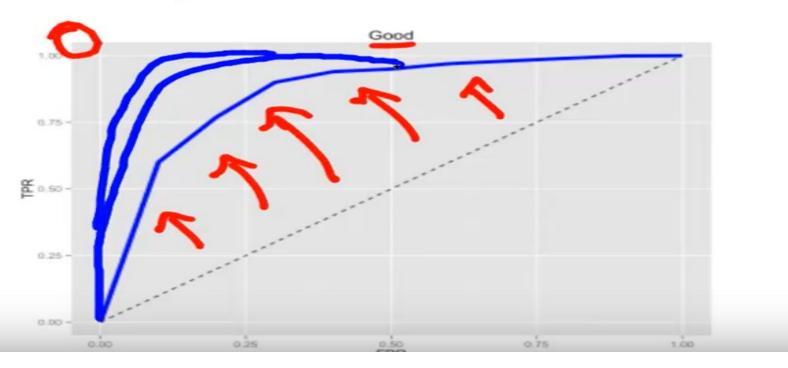


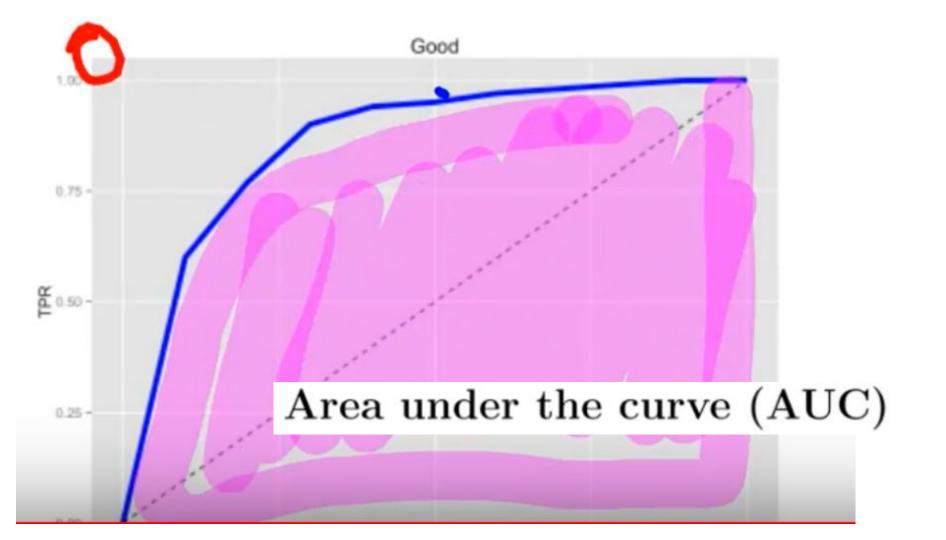


#### Reasonably Good

In practice, most decent classification systems have a ROC curve like this.

Recall that better a prediction system is, the closer it is to the top left.





## Area under the curve (AUC) There is an aggregate metric to determ

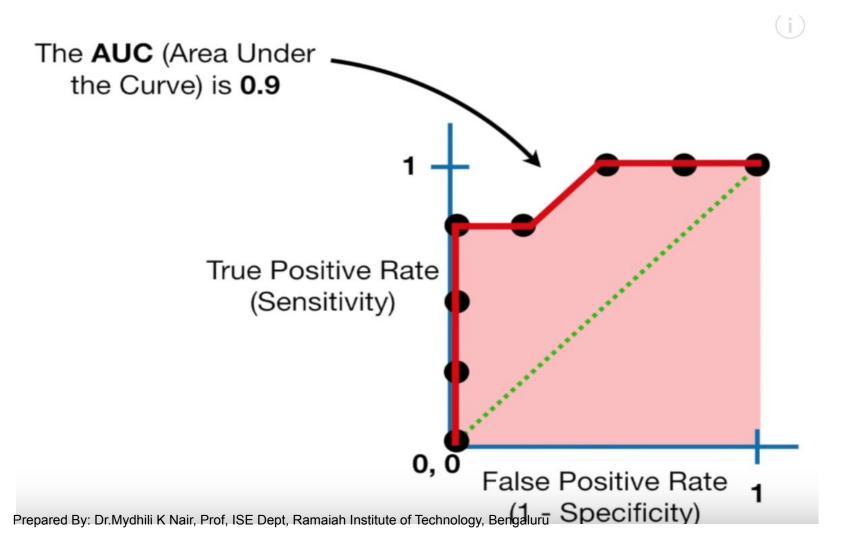
There is an aggregate metric to determine how good the prediction system is: AUC or Area Under the Curve.

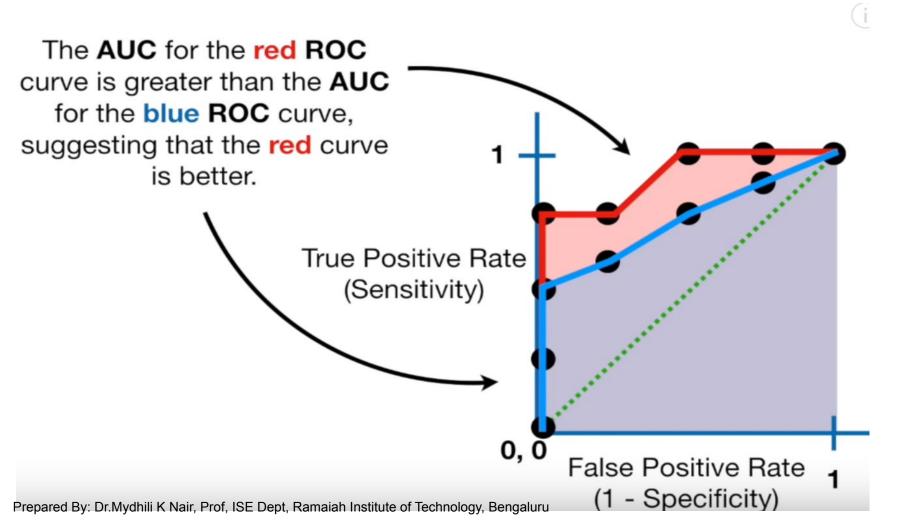
The AUC is the amount of space underneath the ROC curve

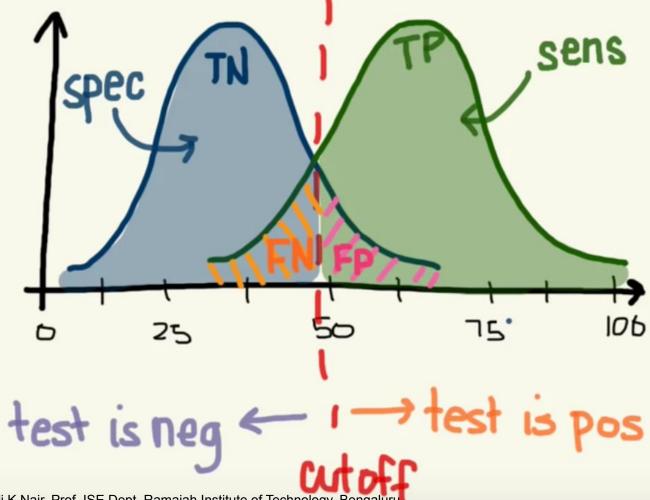
- AUC = 0: Perfectly Bad
- $\bullet$  AUC < 0.5 : Worse than guessing at random
- AUC = 0.5 : same as guessing at random
   AUC > 0.5 : Good. better than guessing at random
- AUC = 1: Perfectly Good



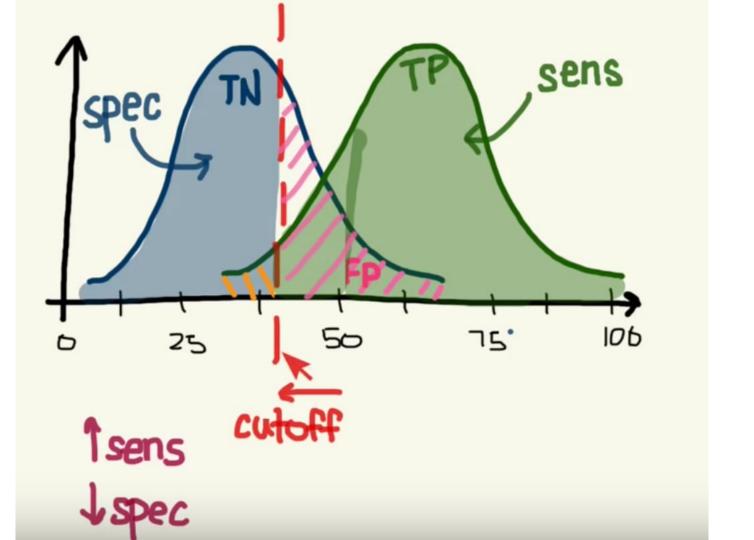
Prepared By: Dr.Mydhili K Nair, Prof, ISE Dept, Ramaiah Institute of Technology, Bengaluru

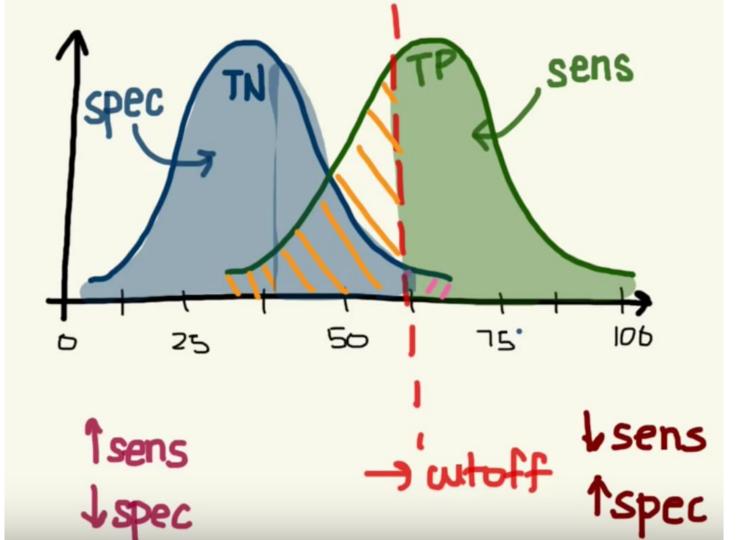


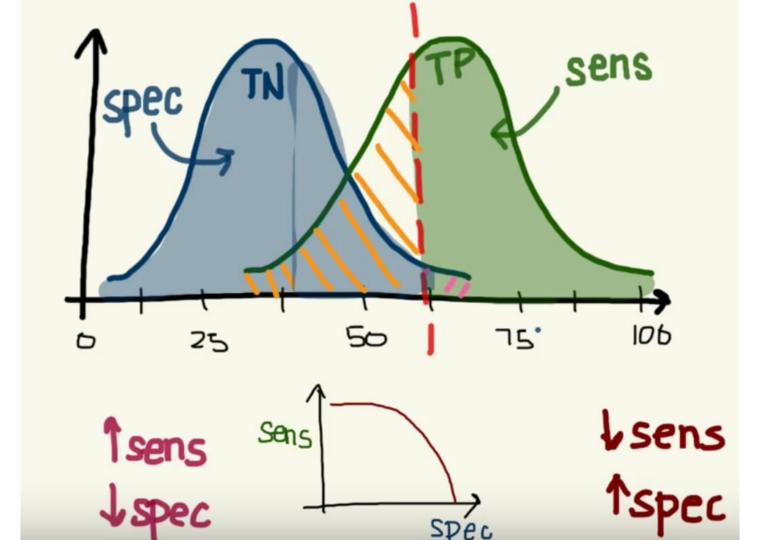


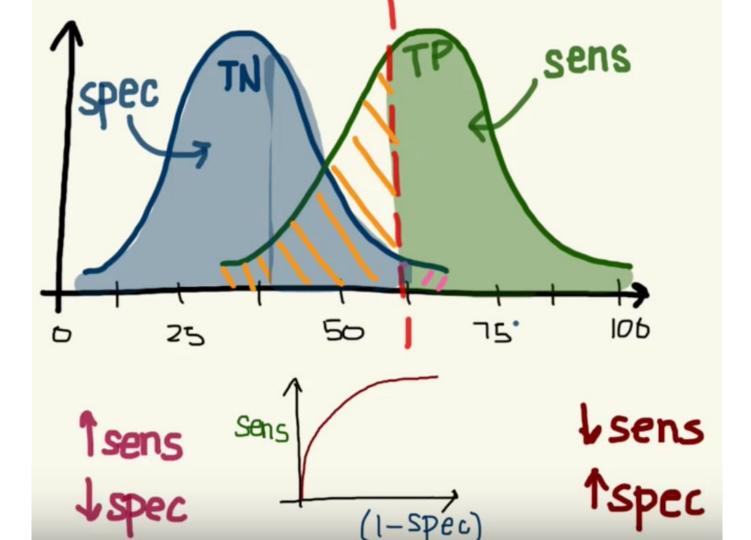


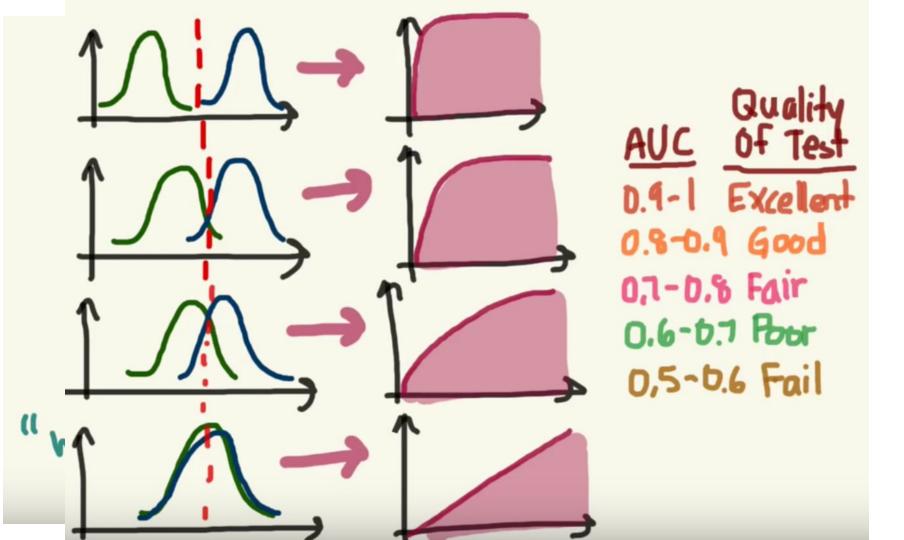
Prepared By: Dr.Mydhili K Nair, Prof, ISE Dept, Ramaiah Institute of Technology, Bengaluru

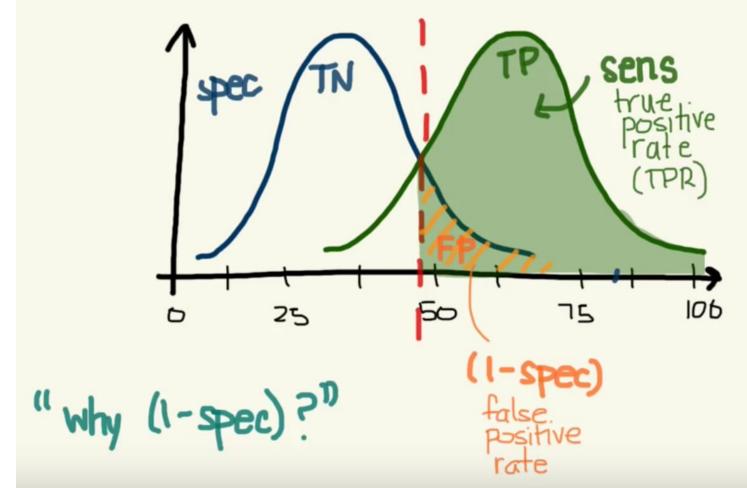












#### Source:

- 1. ROC History: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=21lqj5Pr6u4
- 2. ROC-AUC Textbook Style: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GQsFFs-XyJ0">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GQsFFs-XyJ0</a>
- 3. ROC-AUC-Obsese Mice-Rare Disease: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xugjARegisk">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xugjARegisk</a>
- **4. R-Program Screenshot of ROC-AUC**: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ypO1DPEKYFo