Name: Brihat Ratna Bajracharya

Roll No.: 19/075

Solution to Exercise 1 (Image Processing and Pattern Recognition)

# Q1. Using vectorization and the colon operator, use a single command each to generate: a. the first 15 cubes,

#### Solution

### b. the values $\sin(n\pi/16)$ for n from 1 to 16.

#### Solution

## **Q2.** Enter the following matrices:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & -1 \\ -3 & -4 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 1 \\ -3 & 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & -7 \end{bmatrix},$$

#### Calculate

1.2A - 3B

- $2.A^{T}$
- 3. AB BA

4. BC<sup>-1</sup>

- $5. (AB)^{T}$
- $\mathbf{6.}\;\mathbf{B}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{A}^{\mathrm{T}}$

$$7. A^2 + B^3$$

#### Solution

$$>> A = [1 2 3; 2 3 4; 3 4 5]$$

$$A =$$

$$>> B = [-1 \ 2 \ -1; \ -3 \ -4 \ 5; \ 2 \ 3 \ -4]$$

$$-3$$
  $-4$  5

$$>> C = [0 -2 1; -3 5 2; 1 1 -7]$$

$$calc_21_ans =$$

5 -2 9 13 18 -7

0 -1 22

### >> calc\_22\_ans = A'

calc\_22\_ans =

1 2 3

2 3 4

3 4 5

# >> calc\_23\_ans = A \* B - B \* A

 $calc_23_ans =$ 

-1 3 -3

-7 2 -3

-1 8 -1

### $>> calc_24_ans = B * C^(-1)$

 $calc_24_ans =$ 

0.2333 0.4333 0.3000

4.9000 1.1000 0.3000

-3.3000 -0.7000 -0.1000

### >> calc\_25\_ans = (A \* B)'

 $calc_25_ans =$ 

-1 -3 -5

3 4 5

-3 -3 -3

#### >> calc\_26\_ans = B' \* A'

 $calc_26_ans =$ 

```
-1 -3 -5
3 4 5
-3 -3 -3
```

# Q3. Type following commands in MATLAB and see what it gives

```
>> w = imread('tire.tif');
>> figure, imshow(w), impixelinfo
Solution
```



Pixel info: (X, Y) Intensity

## **RGB** Image

```
>> a = imread('autumn.tif');
>> figure, imshow(a), impixelinfo
>> size(a)
```

#### **Solution**



Pixel info: (X, Y) [R G B]

ans =

206 345 3

### Information about your image

>> imfinfo('autumn.tif')

#### **Solution**

ans =

Filename: 'D:\MATLAB\MATLAB Production Server\R2015a\too...'

FileModDate: '04-Dec-2000 08:12:54'

FileSize: 213642

Format: 'tif'

FormatVersion: []

Width: 345

Height: 206

BitDepth: 24

ColorType: 'truecolor'

FormatSignature: [73 73 42 0]

ByteOrder: 'little-endian'

NewSubFileType: 0

BitsPerSample: [8 8 8]

Compression: 'Uncompressed'

PhotometricInterpretation: 'RGB'

StripOffsets: [1x30 double]

```
SamplesPerPixel: 3
       RowsPerStrip: 7
    StripByteCounts: [1x30 double]
        XResolution: 72
        YResolution: 72
     ResolutionUnit: 'Inch'
           Colormap: []
PlanarConfiguration: 'Chunky'
          TileWidth: []
         TileLength: []
        TileOffsets: []
     TileByteCounts: []
        Orientation: 1
          FillOrder: 1
   GrayResponseUnit: 0.0100
     MaxSampleValue: [255 255 255]
     MinSampleValue: [0 0 0]
       Thresholding: 1
             Offset: 213218
```

# Q4. Pick a grayscale image, say cameraman.tif or wombats.tif. Using the imwrite function, Write it to files of type JPEG, PNG and BMP.

#### What are the sizes of those files?

#### **Solution**

```
>> cameraman = imread('cameraman.tif');
>> imwrite(cameraman,'cameramanpng.png','png');
>> imwrite(cameraman,'cameramanbmp.jpg','jpg');
>> imwrite(cameraman,'cameramanbmp.bmp','bmp');
```



*Figure 1: cameraman (JPG)* 



Figure 2: cameraman (PNG)



*Figure 3: cameraman (BMP)* 

Size of cameraman (JPG) is 10.4 KB.

Size of cameraman (PNG) is 37.3 KB.

Size of cameraman (BMP) is 65.0 KB.