

# 浙江大学 2018 - 2019 学年 春夏 学期

## 《数据库系统》课程期末考试试卷（A 卷）

### 参考答案及评分细则

#### Answers of Problem 1:

(16 points, 4 points per part)

1)  $\Pi_{\text{Title}}(\sigma_{\text{director}=\text{'Yimou Zhang'}}(\text{movie}) \bowtie \sigma_{\text{grade} \geq 4}(\text{comment}))$

评分细则:

错一处扣 4 分

2) Update comment set grade=0 where grade is null

评分细则:

错一处扣 4 分，grade=null, grade is null 等类似答案均给分

3) Select type from movie, comment

Where movie.title=comment.title

Group by title

Having avg(grade) >=all (Select avg(grade)

From movie, comment

Where movie.title=comment.title

Group by title)

评分细则:

写出 having.....且对均给 2 分，用其他 SQL 语句写出相同效果均给分

4) Select title from movie

Except

Select title from movie

Where exists ( select \*

From comment A, comment B

Where A.title=movie.title and A.user\_name = B.user\_name

And B.title=' the avenger'

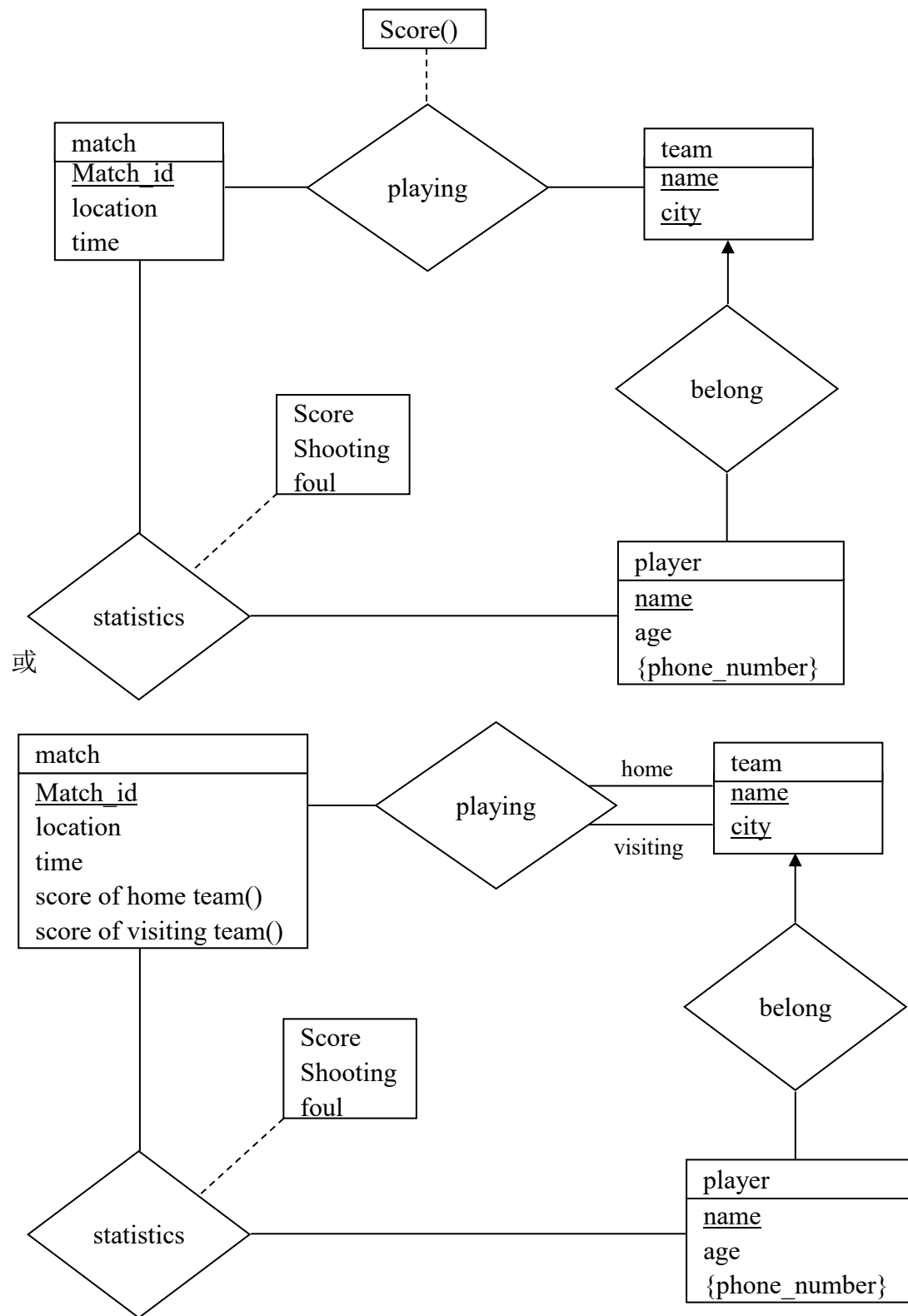
And A.grade <=B.grade )

评分细则:

写出 4 个正确条件给 2 分，全对给 4 分

#### **Problem 2: E-R Model (9 points)**

1) (5 points)



**评分细则:**

联系写成实体扣 1 分，没写联系扣 1 分，属性写错漏写扣 1 分，少写实体或联系扣 1 分，扣完为止。

2) (4 points)

Match(match\_id, location, time)

Team(name, city)

Playing(match\_id, name, score)

Player(name, age)

Phone(player\_name, phone\_number)

Statistics(match\_id, player\_name, score, shooting, foul)

或者其中的 match 和 playing 改为:

Match(match\_id, location, time, home\_team\_name, visiting\_team\_name, score\_of\_home\_team, score\_of\_visiting\_team)

Each match has one home team and one visiting team.

评分细则:

每个关系没有主键或者写错扣 1 分, 扣完为止

### Problem 3: Relational Formalization (12 points, 4 points each)

1) {C E}

评分细则:

写对一个键给两分, 多写一个扣 1 分。诸如写{ACE,CE,BCE}的不得分

2) Decompose R into R1(A, B) and R2(A, C, D, E), decompose R2 into R21(A, C) R22(C, D, E), and further decompose R22 into R221(C, D) and R222(C, E)

评分细则:

由于根据不同模式分出来的步骤可能不一, 但是由于最终关系为 {C->A,C->B,C->D}, 所以最终结果一定是诸如{A,C}{B,C}{C,D}{D,E}等二元组, 根据实际情况没分彻底的如(B,C,D)每个 0.5 分, 分彻底的 1 个 1 分, 分错但是结果正确的酌情给 2-3 分。

3) The decomposition is dependency preserving.

评分细则:

(2)中答案正确并且此处正确的给 4 分,

(2)中答案错误并且根据实际拆分情况, 若判断一致此处给 3 分

(2)中答案错误并且此处正确的给 2 分, (不给出解释扣 1 分)

其余情况不给分

### Problem 4: XML (12 points, 4 points each)

1)

<!DOCTYPE movie\_comment[

```

<!ELEMENT      movie_comment ( movie*)>
<!ELEMENT      movie (type, director, comment+)>
<!ATTLIST      movie title ID #REQUIRED>
<!ELEMENT      type (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT      director (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT      comment (user_name, grade)>
<!ELEMENT      user_name (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT      grade (#PCDATA)>
|>

```

评分细则:

错 1-2 处扣 1 分，较多错误酌情扣 2-3 分

2) `/movie_comment/movie[type="action" and ./comment/user_name="Alice" and ./comment/grade=5]/@title`

评分细则:

漏一个条件扣 1 分，路径错误扣 1 分

3) `for $p in /movie_comment/movie[director="Yimou Zhang"]`  
`where count($p/comment[grade=5])>=1`  
`return $p/@title`

评分细则:

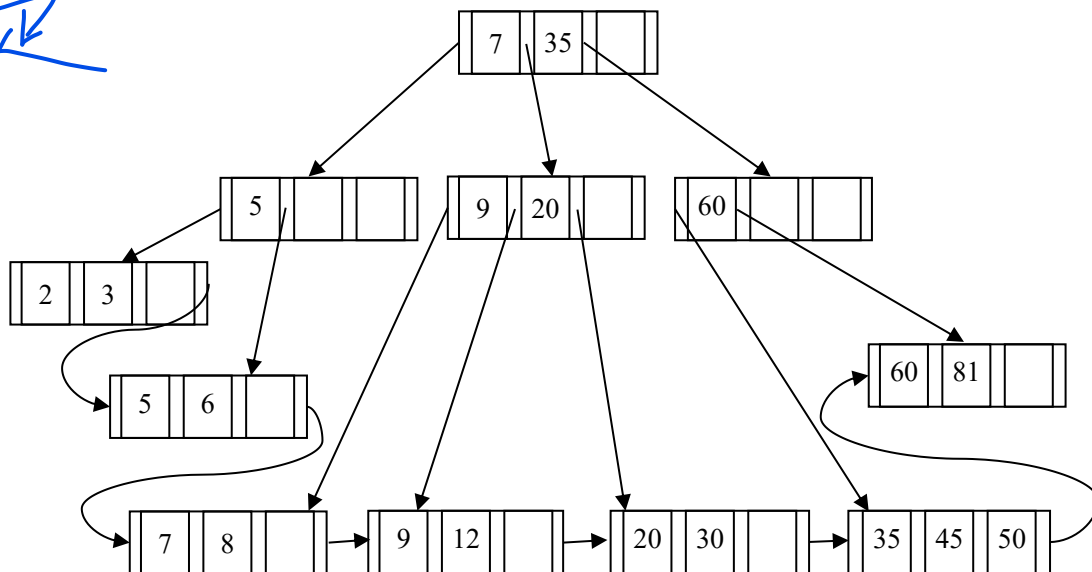
少一个条件扣一分，逻辑错误扣 2-3 分

### Problem 5: B<sup>+</sup>-Tree (12 points, 3 points each)

1)

After inserting 8, 6 and 3:

存疑



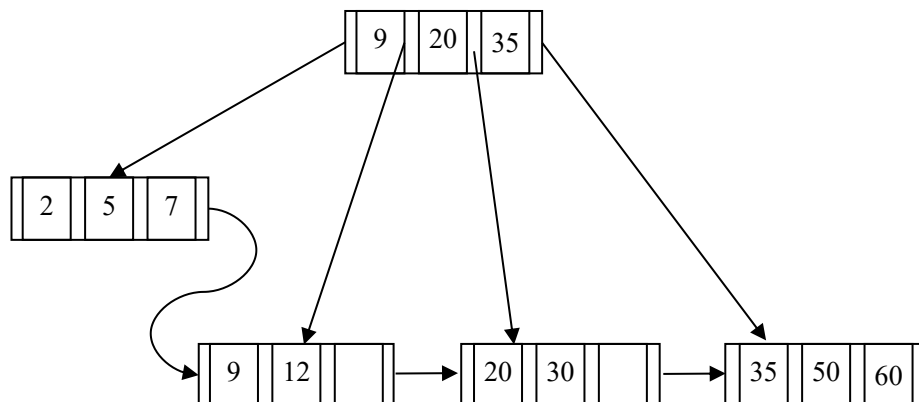
评分细则:

每个 value 错扣 1 分, 最多扣 2 分

叶子正确最少得 1 分

2)

After deleting 81 and 45:



评分细则:

索引 merge 错误扣 1 分, 插入叶子错误扣 1 分

叶子正确最少得 1 分

3) Maximal number of key values:  $4*4*4*4*3=768$

Minimal number of key values:  $2*2*2*2*2=32$

评分细则:

公式列正确即给分

4)  $(3 + 1) + 1 = 5$  或  $(3 + 1) + 2 = 6$

评分细则:

错, 扣 3 分

### Problem 6: Query Processing (12 points, 4 points each)

1)  $5,000/500/5 = 2$

评分细则:

2,4 均可, 没有计算扣 2 分

400 扣 1 分, 10 扣 1 分

2) Number of blocks of movie is  $5000/50=100$

Number of blocks of comment is  $1,000,000/100=10,000$

Since the equi-join attribute title forms a key on inner relation, we can stop inner loop on the first match.

Assign 10 blocks to comments, 1 block to movies, and 1 block for output.

Number of block accesses:  $(10000/10)*100+10000 = 110000$  或

$$10000 * 100/10 + 100 = 100100$$

Number of seeks:  $2*10000/10=2000$

评分细则:

Movie, comment 各 1 分

Block 110000,100100 均给 1 分

Seeks 2000,20 均给分

有公式答案酌情扣分

3) Minimal height =  $\log_{60}(5000) \rightarrow 3$  (向上取整)

Max height =  $\log_{30}(5000) \rightarrow 3$  (向上取整)

So, the height of the B<sup>+</sup>-tree index on movie(title) is 3.

Number of block accesses:  $10000+1000000/500*3+1$

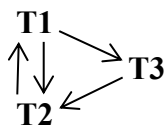
Number of seeks:  $10000+1000000/500*3+1$

评分细则:

不是白卷且答案合理均给分

### Problem 7: Concurrency Control (12 points, 4 points each)

1)



The schedule is not serializable, because there are cycles in the graph.

评分细则:

少一个依赖扣 1 分,

如前趋图错, 若冲突串行化与画出图一致, 也给全分

2) The schedule is not cascadeless.

评分细则:

结论错, 论述正确得 2 分

结论对, 论述错得 3 分

结论对, 论述正确得 4 分

其余不给分

3) No. This is because the schedule in 1) exists cycles.

评分细则：

结论错，论述正确得 2 分

结论对，论述错，酌情得 2-3 分

结论对，论述正确得 4 分

其余不给分

### **Problem 8: Aries Recovery Method (15 points, 3 points each)**

**1) 1002**

评分细则：

多答扣 1-3 分

**2) 1010**

评分细则：

多答扣 1-3 分

**3) T4**

评分细则：

(T4,1013) 也给分，其余不给分

**4) “102.1” = 62, “102.2” = 73**

评分细则：

错一个扣 1 分，错 2 个扣完

多一个扣 1 分，多 2 个不给分

**5)**

**1015: <T4, 102.1, 62>**

**1016: <T4, abort>**

评分细则：

见 (4)