# Commodity Vendor Declaration



			<u> </u>
VENDOR DETAILS		BUYER DE	TAILS
Name:		ame:	
Address:	ll l	ddress:	
Town	_	own:	
Town: Fax:	ll ll	el: F	
Email:	ll ll	mail:	
National Grower Registration (NGR) No:		ational Grower Registration (N	
Property Identification Code (PIC):	Р	roperty Identification Code (PI	C):
Vendors contract/ reference No:	/\ в	uvers contract No:	
ommodity	COMMODITY DET	TAILS ery Period	
riety		•	
riety			
	<u>TOTA</u>	L QUANTITY:	
	art A – Product		
Commodity source (tick one)  Single Source, Single Storage (eg off the head Multi-Vendor Storage (eg grain depot, cotton)  Does this commodity contain restricted anim  No Yes	gin seed storage)	ingle Source, Comingled Storag actory Developed Product (eg et bone meal)?	
With respect to Genetically Modified Organi ☐ Is non GMO as defined by 99% non GMO ☐ Is non GMO as defined by 95% non GMO		k one) ontains greater than 5% GMO o	r content unknown.
4. Is this commodity within a withholding period treatment with any plant chemical including a No Yes, enter details in the tab	a pickling or seed treatme	r Interval (ESI) or Export Anim	
Chemical applied	Rate (Tonne/ Ha)	Application date	WHP/ ESI/ EAFI
5. Has the commodity been grown and/or store nanagement?  No Yes, provide details	d under an independently	audited QA program which in	cludes chemical residue
QA program	A coredit:	ation/ Cartification Number	
f this commodity <u>has</u> been grown or stored under the remainder of Part B.			
6. Is the vendor of this commodity currently at	ware of its full chemical tr	eatment history or holds a CV	D containing this history?
7. List all known adjacent crops grown within	100 metres of this commo	odity (only applicable for single	e source commodities)
If the commodity is a by product has a risk	accesement has semale	tad2 (tick ana)	
<ul><li>If the commodity is a by-product, has a risk</li><li>No</li><li>Yes, attach copy of risk ass</li></ul>			
9. Has the commodity been analysed for chem  No Yes, attach details of test re		a lab accredited by NATA for	the specific test required?
	Part C - Decl	laration	
	of		declare that:
a) I am the duly authorised representative of the b) All the information in this document is true a			

Signature\_

#### Who should sign this form?

You should only sign this form if you are the person representing the organisation supplying this commodity and were responsible for the production and/or storage of this commodity prior to dispatch to the buyer.

Ensure that you answer all questions accurately and that you understand all elements of the declaration and these explanatory notes.

#### **DETAILS**

## **Vendor details**

The producer's trading name or the name of the commodity trader must be identified. If the seller (vendor) of the commodity is different to the producer or storage facility, then the vendor's name and address should be filled out.

Enter the Property Identification Code (PIC) and/or National Grower Register (NGR) number if they have been allocated.

The Vendor's contract no. (if applicable) is the vendor's individual contract number for the fodder being sold.

# **Buver details**

The buyers name and address must be identified.

The Buyer's contract no. (if applicable) is the individual contract number that the buyer has allocated for the commodity being purchased.

### **Commodity Details**

List the type of commodity (e.g. lucerne hay, barley, citrus pulp), the number of tonnes or bales and bale size covered by the declaration, and the start and finish dates for delivery.

# PART A

#### **OUESTION 1**

Answers to Question 1 are used to estimate the potential for mixing of the commodity. If you are a commodity trader you should provide copies of the individual Vendor Declarations completed by each supplier.

Vendors should be aware that contamination could occur during loading and transport. Care should be taken that trucks and bins are clean prior to loading. Transporters should be encouraged to use consignment notes for all loads.

#### **OUESTION 2**

Restricted Animal Material (RAM) is defined as any material taken from a vertebrate animal other than tallow, gelatin, milk products or oils.

RAM includes rendered products such as blood meal, meat meal, meat and bone meal, fish meal, poultry meal, feather meal, and compounded feeds made from these products.

Commodities containing RAM must not be fed to ruminants.

#### **OUESTION 3**

Only make a declaration on the percentage of non GMO content if you are sure of its content. If you are unsure, declare 'content unknown'.

## **PART B**

## **QUESTION 4**

List the full product name (e.g. XYZ Diuron 900QG) for chemicals applied to the commodity, whilst in your control, as well as the grams per litre or hectare of product used or the rate per hectare or tonne, application and the relevant WHP/ESI/EAFI as shown on the chemical label or APVMA permit. Include organic fertilisers (eg. Chicken manure). If there is insufficient space, attach an additional sheet in the same format (columns).

NOTE: The withholding period (WHP) is the period stated on the product label or an APVMA permit that must elapse between the last application of a chemical and harvesting for human consumption or for stockfeed.

NOTE: The export slaughter interval (ESI) is the minimum period that must elapse between the removal of livestock to clean pasture or feed, and their

slaughter, where the livestock have been consuming the treated pasture or feed prior to the expiry of any export animal feed interval.

NOTE: The Export Animal Feed Interval (EAFI) is the minimum period that must elapse between the application of a chemical to a crop or pasture and grazing or harvesting of the crop or pasture for stock feed for animals that may be slaughtered for export.

NOTE: When an EAFI has been established, and grazing or feeding has not occurred before its expiry, the ESI does not need to be observed.

#### **QUESTION 5**

Answer "Yes" only if the property of origin or storage facility is Quality Assurance (QA) certified to ensure correct management of chemical residues and is audited by a third party organisation.

NOTE: The Livestock Production Assurance (LPA) program is not an approved QA program. Examples of QA programs include Chem Check and Fodder Care.

# **OUESTION 6**

Answer 'Yes' if you are able to provide residue test results, complete records of chemical treatments or commodity vendor declarations for all sources of supply the οf commodity. If you are unsure of the chemical treatment history of the commodity you must tick 'No'.

## **QUESTION 7**

List all crops known to have been grown within 100 metres of the crop from which this commodity was harvested. If a locust control authority has sprayed in the area, that use should also be noted. This includes crops grown on neighbouring properties.

If the commodity is mixed from multiple sources, leave the table blank. As an alternative you should provide copies of the individual Commodity Vendor Declarations completed by each grower that supplied feed for this consignment.

#### **OUESTION 8**

This question is intended for byproducts from agricultural and horticultural production (ie sugarcane tops or citrus pulp), from industrial processes (ie ethanol production) or from any commodity that was not intended to feed livestock, but may legally be fed to livestock (ie does not contain RAM).

If the commodity was grown for the purpose of feeding to livestock, tick N/A.

SAFEMEAT has prepared risk assessment summaries for major by-product feedstuffs. These risk assessment summaries are available from this link www.mla.com.au/lqs/ra, from your peak industry body or from SAFEMEAT.

#### **OUESTION 9**

Answer "Yes" if the commodity covered by this declaration has tested for chemical been Annual Ryegrass residues. Toxicity (ARGT), prussic acid (a sorghum crop that has been drought stressed and cut for fodder is potentially toxic to livestock due to increased levels of prussic acid), aflatoxins (for peanut hay) or nitrites or any other substances.

Results should be supplied as a copy of the laboratory's certificate of analysis.

NOTE: NATA is the National Association of Testing Authorities. Any test performed should be accredited as part of the laboratory's NATA accreditation to ISO 17025.

## **PART C**

# **DECLARATION**

Signing this declaration has legal significance. Regulatory authorities may take legal action, and purchasers may seek damages if information is incorrect. Before signing you must be absolutely satisfied you understand all elements of the document, and these explanatory notes.