

## Physics 341 - Lecture 25

→ A few comments about assignment 1

→ Multi-Factor ANOVA

		Factor A			
		1	2	3	4
Factor B	1				
	2				
	3				

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Tukey's HSD

$$(i) \quad \text{std\_error} = \sqrt{\frac{MS_{\text{error}}}{n}}$$

$$(ii) \quad q_b(k, \text{dof\_error}, \alpha)$$

$\alpha, \dots, *$  means.

$$q\_tukey(k, \text{dof\_error}, \alpha)$$

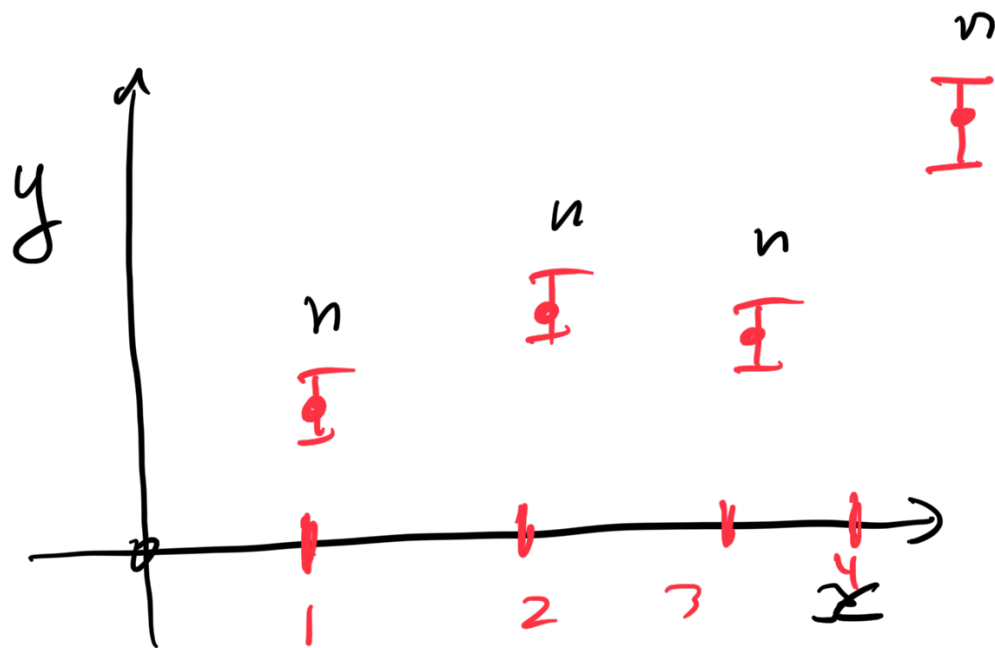
Jupyter Notebooks

from q-tukey import q-tukey

→ website ANOVA.ipynb

$q = \text{np.array}([-, -, -])$

# Multi-Factor ANOVA

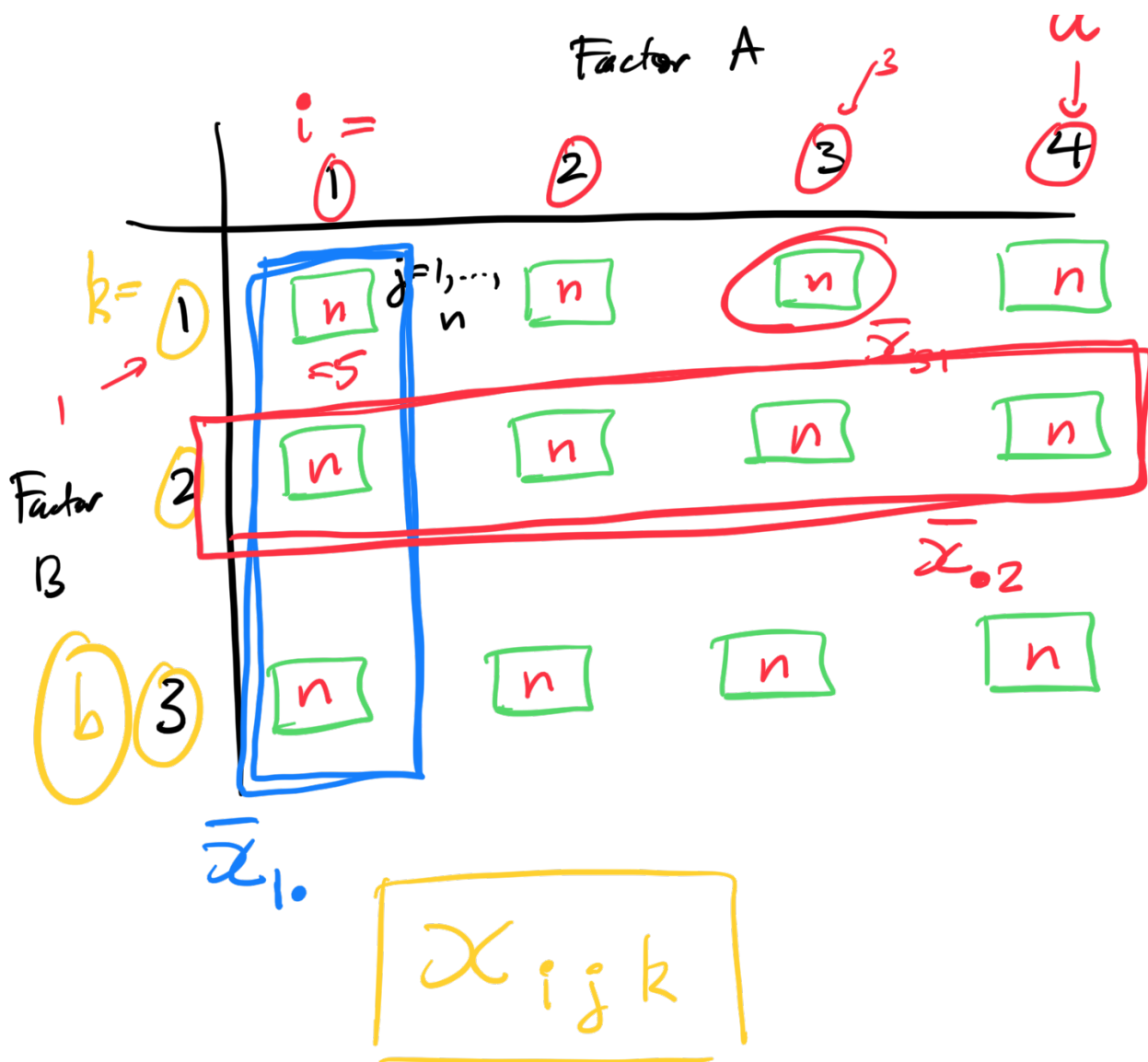


"life is bitch, then you die."

→  $y(x, t, r, s, m, \text{gender})$

- ① how do we analyze? ↑
- ② how do we design the expi

## Two-Factor Experiment



Degrees of freedom.  $(a=4, b=3, n=5)$

Total:  $N = nab$  (60)

$\gamma_{\text{total}} = 59 = nab - 1$

Treatment:  $V_{\text{treatment}} \equiv \text{# settings at experiment} - 1$   
 $= ab - 1$  (11)

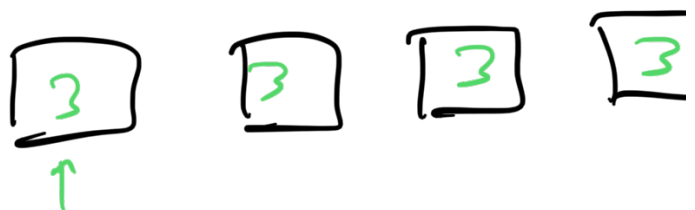
Error:  $V_{\text{error}} = V_{\text{total}} - V_{\text{treatment}}$   
 $= nab - 1 - (ab - 1)$   
 $= nab - ab$

$= (n-1)ab$

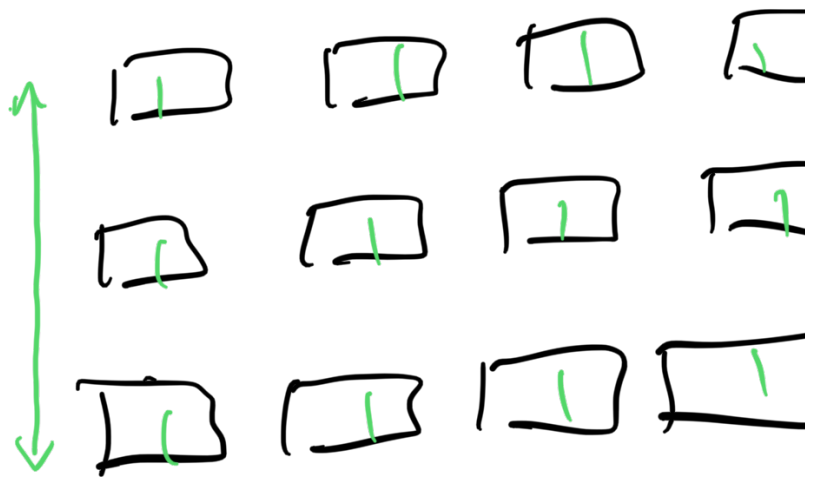
$= 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = 48$

$n \geq 2$

Single Factor



## Two Factor



Treatment:

$V_{\text{treatment}}$

$$= ab - 1$$

not to see?

$\rightarrow a+b-?$

(3)  $V_A = a - 1$

(2)  $V_B = b - 1$

Correlations

!!!

(6)  $V_{AB} = (a - 1)(b - 1)$   
 $3 \times 2$

3:

A B C  
① ② ③

$$V_{\text{TREATMENT}} = abc - 1$$

$$+ V_A = a - 1$$

$$+ V_B = b - 1$$

$$+ V_C = c - 1$$

$$+ V_{AB} = (a-1)(b-1)$$

$$+ V_{AC} = (a-1)(c-1)$$

$$+ V_{BC} = (b-1)(c-1)$$

$$+ V_{ABC} = (a-1)(b-1)(c-1)$$

## 2-Factor

$$V_{\text{TOTAL}} = nab - 1$$

$$V_{\text{TREATMENT}} = ab - 1$$

$$V_A = a - 1$$

$$V_B = b - 1$$

$$V_{AB} = (a-1)(b-1)$$

$$V_{\text{ERROR}} = (n-1)ab$$

## Sums of Squares -

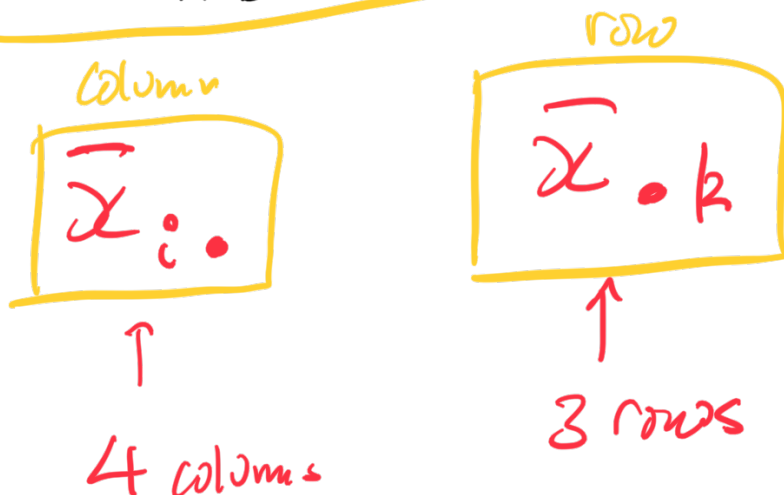
$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i,j,k} x_{ijk}$$

~~Single Factor:~~  $\bar{x}_i$  At each setting.  
n



$$\bar{x}_{i \cdot k} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n x_{ijk}$$

$\uparrow \uparrow$   
 $A \quad B$



$$SS_{\text{TOTAL}} = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (x_{ijk} - \bar{x})^2$$

$$SS_A = \sum_{i=1}^a (\bar{x}_{i \cdot} - \bar{x})^2 \cdot n!$$



$$SS_B = \sum_{k=1}^b (\bar{x}_{\cdot k} - \bar{\bar{x}})^2 na$$

$$SS_{\text{TREATMENT}} = \sum_{i=1}^a \sum_{k=1}^b (\bar{x}_{ik} - \bar{\bar{x}})^2 v$$

$$SS_{\text{ERROR}} = \overset{\checkmark}{SS_{\text{TOTAL}}} - \overset{\checkmark}{SS_{\text{TREATMENT}}}$$

$$SS_{AB} = \boxed{SS_{\text{TREATMENT}}} - SS_A - SS_B$$

$$a = 3$$

$$b = 4$$

$$n = 2$$

$$N = 24$$

$$Y_{\text{mean}} = 23$$

...  $V$

...  $V_{\text{TOT}}$

$$V_A = 2$$

$$V_B = 3$$

$$V_{AN} = 6$$

$$V_{TOT} = 11$$

$$V_{\text{Error}} = 23 - 11 = 12$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{data} \\ \text{pt.} \end{array} , i , k \right]$$