

CS480/680: Introduction to Machine Learning
Homework 2

Due: 11:59 pm, October 16, 2018, submit on LEARN.

Include your name, student number and session!

Submit your writeup in pdf and all source code in a zip file (with proper documentation).
[Text in square brackets are hints that can be ignored.]

Exercise 1: Classifying MNIST Dataset (60 pts)

The MNIST dataset (available on [course website](#)) consists of 50k training images and 10k test images of 10 digits (0-9). Train one of the following algorithms using the provided training set:

- perceptron
- linear regression
- k NN
- logistic regression
- decision tree
- bagging
- boosting
- random forest
- support vector machines.

Apply your algorithm to the [provided MNIST test set](#). You may use any existing package (tensorflow, scikitlearn, etc) or implement your own. Feel free to apply any pre-processing, data augmentation, parameter tuning, etc. For evaluation, please submit your code to Learn, along with a *clear description of what you did*. If you use external packages, give explicit instructions on how to obtain them and how to run your code.

Name your team and your prediction csv file [by your student id](#) and submit to [kaggle](#). You can monitor your relative ranking on the leaderboard.

[See here for a nice tutorial on how to submit to kaggle.]

Exercise 2: Adaboost (40 pts)

Recall the update rules of Adaboost:

$$p_i^t = \frac{w_i^t}{\sum_{j=1}^n w_j^t}, \quad i = 1, \dots, n \quad (1)$$

$$\epsilon_t = \epsilon_t(h_t) = \sum_{i=1}^n p_i^t \cdot |h_t(\mathbf{x}_i) - y_i| \quad (2)$$

$$\beta_t = \frac{\epsilon_t}{1 - \epsilon_t} \quad (3)$$

$$w_i^{t+1} = w_i^t \beta_t^{1 - |h_t(\mathbf{x}_i) - y_i|}, \quad i = 1, \dots, n. \quad (4)$$

Here we use i and t to index the training examples and iterations, respectively. The only superscript that is understood as power is in $\beta_t^{1 - |h_t(\mathbf{x}_i) - y_i|}$. As usual, $y_i \in \{0, 1\}$ and **we also assume** $h_t(\mathbf{x}_i) \in \{0, 1\}$. Thus, $|h_t(\mathbf{x}_i) - y_i|$ is either 0 or 1 depending on whether or not the prediction $h_t(\mathbf{x}_i)$ agrees with the true label y_i .

What is the training error

$$\epsilon_{t+1}(h_t) = \sum_{i=1}^n p_i^{t+1} \cdot |h_t(\mathbf{x}_i) - y_i| \quad (5)$$

of the weak classifier h_t on the next round $t+1$? Justify your answer. You may assume $0 < \epsilon_t < 1$ so that all quantities are well-defined.

[Hint: Try to split the n training examples into two groups, according to whether or not $h_t(\mathbf{x}_i)$ agrees with the true label y_i . Note also that w^t and p^t are proportional to each other, and the sum of numbers in p^t is exactly 1. All given equations need to be used at least once. Try to reduce everything to w^t .]