

Connect 4 Heuristic

```
def evaluate_slice(slice, player_index):  
    """  
    Evaluate a specific slice (4 adjacent cells)  
    100 points for 4 in a row, 5 points for 3 in a row, 2 points for 2 in a row.  
  
    Prioritize getting slices with your pieces and open spaces.  
  
    Inputs:  
    |   slice: a list of 4 integers representing the 4 adjacent cells  
    |   player_index: an integer representing the player index (0 or 1) who we are evaluating for.  
    Outputs:  
    |   score: an integer representing the score of the slice  
    """  
    score = 0  
    if slice.count(player_index) == 4:  
        score += 100  
    elif slice.count(player_index) == 3 and slice.count(0) == 1:  
        score += 5  
    elif slice.count(player_index) == 2 and slice.count(0) == 2:  
        score += 2  
    return score
```

Algorithm 1 Monte-Carlo-Tree-Search(state , π_S) \rightarrow action

$tree \leftarrow MCTSNode(\text{state})$

while time-remaining **do**

$leaf \leftarrow SELECT(tree, \pi_S)$

$children \leftarrow EXPAND(leaf)$

$result \leftarrow SIMULATE(children)$

$BACKPROPAGATE(results, children)$

end while

Return: Best Action

Algorithm 2 SELECT(state , π_S)

currNode \leftarrow *state*

while *!isLeaf*(*currNode*) **do**

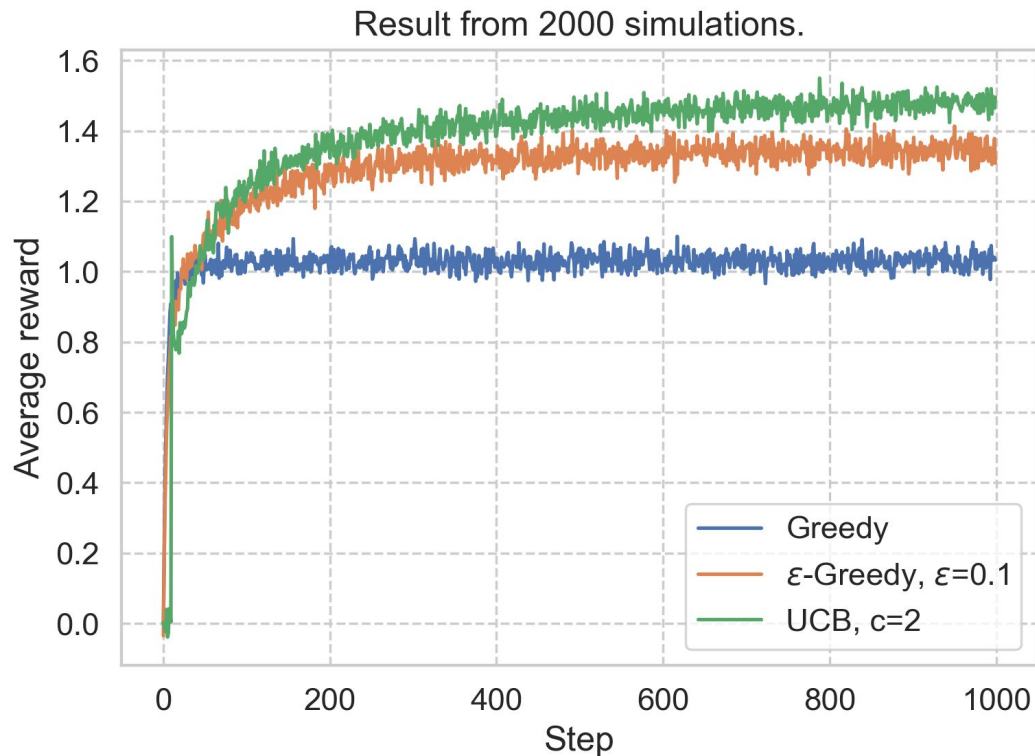
currNode \leftarrow $\pi_S(\text{currNode.children})$

currNode.visits \leftarrow *currNode.visits* + 1

end while

return *currNode*

Performance of Different Exploration Policies in Multi-Armed Bandits



Algorithm 3 Expand(leaf)

```
children  $\leftarrow$  []  
state  $\leftarrow$  leaf.state  
actions  $\leftarrow$  state.legalActions()  
for action in actions do  
    children.append(transition(state, action))  
end for  
return children
```

Algorithm 4 SIMULATE(children)

```
results  $\leftarrow$  []  
for child in children do  
    result = rollout(child)  
    results.append(result)  
end for  
return results
```

Algorithm 5 BACKPROPAGATE (results, children)

Input: A new leaf node (children) and simulation result for each new leaf node (results)

```
for child in children, result in results do
    currNode  $\leftarrow$  child
    while currNode  $\neq$  NULL do
        currNode.visits  $\leftarrow$  currNode.visits + 1
        if result == WHITE-WIN & currNode.player == BLACK then
            currNode.value  $\leftarrow$  currNode.value + 1
        else if result == BLACK-WIN & currNode.player == WHITE then
            currNode.value  $\leftarrow$  currNode.value + 1
        end if
        currNode  $\leftarrow$  currNode.parent
    end while
end for
```

Algorithm 1 Monte-Carlo-Tree-Search(state, π_S) \rightarrow action

$tree \leftarrow MCTSNode(\text{state})$

while time-remaining **do**

$leaf \leftarrow SELECT(tree, \pi_S)$

$children \leftarrow EXPAND(leaf)$

$result \leftarrow SIMULATE(children)$

$BACKPROPAGATE(results, children)$

end while

return The action of the node in $children(tree)$ with the highest number of visits
