Package 'reach'

October 4, 2015
Title Improving interoperability between R and MATLAB
Version 0.3.0
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$\textbf{Description} \ \ \text{An implementation of helper functions for improving } R <> \text{MATLAB interoperability}.$
Depends R (>= $3.0.0$)
Imports stringr (>= 1.0.0), R.matlab (>= 3.2.0)
Suggests testthat (>= 0.10.0)
LazyData true
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Description

Converts an eligible Matlab .mat file in the current directory to an .RData file. Keeps the .mat file unchanged. The Matlab file must have been saved with the -v7 option flag. Can also convert either all .mat files contained in a specified directory or a single specified .mat file in a specified directory.

Usage

```
convert2RData(matfile = NULL, dir = NULL)
```

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Arguments

matfile string or string vector denoting one or several matfiles, e.g. "mymatlabdata", "mymatlabdata.mat", "path/to/mymatlabfile.mat" or c("one.mat", "two.mat")

dir path to a directory which contains one or several .mat files that should be converted to .RData files

Details

If single .mat files in the current directory should be converted to .RData, then the input argument dir has to be set to NULL. If the input argument matfile is NULL and the input argument dir is specified, then all .mat files in the given directory will be converted to .RData. If on the other hand both input arguments, dir and matfile, are specified, then the given .mat file(s) in the given directory will be converted to .RData. Providing the file type specifier ".mat" is optional.

Author(s)

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See Also

```
runMatlabScript, runMatlabCommand
```

```
## Not run:
##### conversion of a single .mat file in the current working directory ####
v <- sample(1:10,4)
m <- matrix(runif(9),3,3)</pre>
print(v)
print(m)
R.matlab::writeMat("file_convert2RData.mat", v=v, m=m)
print(ls())
convert2RData("./file_convert2RData.mat")
load("file_convert2RData.RData")
print(v)
print(m)
file.remove(c("file_convert2RData.RData", "file_convert2RData.mat"))
#### conversion of all .mat files in a specified directory ####
this_dir <- getwd()</pre>
m <- matrix(runif(9),3,3)</pre>
   <- seq(1,100)
print(v)
R.matlab::writeMat("dir_convert2RData_1.mat", m=m)
R.matlab::writeMat("dir_convert2RData_2.mat", v=v)
convert2RData(dir=this_dir)
```

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```
load(paste(this_dir, "/dir_convert2RData_1.Rdata", sep = ""))
load(paste(this_dir, "/dir_convert2RData_2.Rdata", sep = ""))
print(v)
file.remove(c(paste(this_dir, "/dir_convert2RData_1.mat", sep = ""),
   paste(this_dir, "/dir_convert2RData_2.mat", sep = ""),
   paste(this_dir, "/dir_convert2RData_1.Rdata", sep = ""),
   paste(this_dir, "/dir_convert2RData_2.Rdata", sep = "")))
#### conversion of a single specified .mat file in a specified directory ####
this_dir <- getwd()</pre>
v < - seq(1,10)
print(v)
R.matlab::writeMat("file_dir_convert2RData.mat", v=v)
rm(v)
convert2RData("file_dir_convert2RData.mat", this_dir)
load("file_dir_convert2RData.RData")
print(v)
file.remove(c("file_dir_convert2RData.mat", "file_dir_convert2RData.RData"))
#### conversion of several specified .mat files in the current working directory ####
v <- sample(1:10,4)
m <- matrix(runif(9),3,3)</pre>
print(v)
R.matlab::writeMat("twofiles_convert2RData_1.mat", v=v)
R.matlab::writeMat("twofiles_convert2RData_2.mat", m=m)
convert2RData(c("twofiles_convert2RData_1.mat", "twofiles_convert2RData_2.mat"))
load("twofiles_convert2RData_1.RData")
print(v)
load("twofiles_convert2RData_2.RData")
print(m)
file.remove(c("twofiles_convert2RData_1.mat", "twofiles_convert2RData_2.mat",
   ## End(Not run)
```

getMacMatlab

Returns the name of the Matlab app of the latest version in the OSX Applications folder

Description

Utility function that returns the latest Matlab app (with the highest version number) in the OSX Applications folder, e.g. "MATLAB_R2014a.app".

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Usage

```
getMacMatlab()
```

Value

Latest Matlab application on Mac OSX

Author(s)

Christoph Schmidt <christoph.schmidt@med.uni-jena.de>

isvector

Checks whether input variable is a vector

Description

An input is considered to be a vector if it has dimensions (n,1) or (1,n), n>1. Returns TRUE if the input is a vector according to this definition. Therefore, input that is a one-dimensional 'matrix' in R (is.matrix = TRUE and is.vector = FALSE) would also be regarded as a vector.

Usage

```
isvector(obj)
```

Arguments

obj

Data whose type is being tested to be a vector (n,1) or (1,n), n>1

Value

This function returns a boolean indicating whether input obj is a vector

Author(s)

Christoph Schmidt <christoph.schmidt@med.uni-jena.de>

```
v <- c(1, 2, 3)
reach:::isvector(v)

reach::isvector(t(v))

m <- matrix(1:4, 2, 2)
reach:::isvector(m)

v <- matrix(1:4, 4, 1)
reach:::isvector(v)</pre>
```

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matlabExportList

Reformats an R list to be exported to Matlab as cell-array

Description

Exporting a R list with unnamed entries to Matlab using the R.matlab::writeMat function yields a Matlab struct with no fields (an empty struct). With the help of the matlabExportList function such a R list is reformated so that the export results in a struct with fields (1,2,...), accessible with the Matlab getfield() function. In Matlab, the loaded struct can then be further processed with the Matlab function 'rList2Cell()', which is distributed with this package, to yield a Matlab cell-array. For export, the package 'R.matlab' has to be used. Note that in particular for storing a multidimensional matrix one can also use R arrays instead of lists (a<-array(dim=c(3,3,2); a[,,1]<-matrix(99,3,3); ...) which will be exported just fine to Matlab and don't need any further processing.

Usage

```
matlabExportList(rlist)
```

Arguments

rlist

List that is exported to Matlab as cell-array

Details

A list containing lists is not supported by the writeMat() function and provokes an error. Consequently, this is checked for in matlabExportList and triggers an error.

Value

This function returns a reformated list that can be exported to Matlab with writeMat(). In Matlab it should be transformed to a cell-array using the Matlab function 'rList2Cell()', which is distributed with this package.

Author(s)

Christoph Schmidt <christoph.schmidt@med.uni-jena.de>

See Also

```
rList2Cell
```

```
## Not run:

rlist <- list(matrix(sample(100,16),4,4), c(1,2,3,4), "somestring")
print(rlist)
matlablist <- matlabExportList(rlist)
print(matlablist)
R.matlab::writeMat("test.mat", myexportdata=matlablist)
# in Matlab or using runMatlabCommand() (and having "rList2Cell.m" on the Matlab path):
runMatlabCommand("load test.mat; myexportdata, rc=rList2Cell(myexportdata); celldisp(rc); quit")
system("rm test.mat")</pre>
```

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End(Not run)

rList2Cell

Conversion of a R list, which was processed with the R function "matlabExportList()" and then imported to Matlab to a Matlab cell-array

Description

This is a Matlab function. It transforms a R list datatype (which is imported in Matlab as a struct) to a Matlab cell-array. Also recovers/ reformats multi-arrays contained in this R list (which are only exported as vectors).

Usage

rList2Cell(importlist)

Arguments

importlist

the imported struct equivalent of the R list, which was reformated in R using matlabExportList.R and exported to Matlab using writeMat() from the R.matlab package $\frac{1}{2}$

Value

A Matlab cell-array containing in each cell the corresponding element of the original R list data (before it was reformated using matlabExportList.R()); also multi-arrays stored in the original R list datatype are recovered

Author(s)

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See Also

matlabExportList

runMatlabCommand

Starts Matlab on the R console and executes one or several input Matlab commands

Description

Starts Matlab on the R console and let it executes the input Matlab command or several input commands, like function calls (separated by ";") and quits Matlab. No values are directly returned back to the R session. To achieve this, use the function 'runMatlabFct()'. Discerns the OS X and Linux Matlab app shell command. Automatically changes to the current R working directory in Matlab so that .mat files with Matlab results would be saved there instead of the default Matlab working directory.

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Usage

```
runMatlabCommand(commandName, verbose = FALSE, do_quit = TRUE)
```

Arguments

commandName a string denoting the Matlab command/ commands

verbose logical indicating if the final internally generated Matlab command should be

printed to the R console

do_quit logical indicating if the Matlab process should quit itself. The default is TRUE,

however, if the Matlab command is a plot function then one wants Matlab to keep displaying the plot window and not quit. This means the user has to quit

Matlab manually prior to continue working in the current R session.

Details

As R and Matlab cannot directly exchange data natively, no value can be returned. Instead, let Matlab save the results of its computations and load these into R for further processing. An error in the Matlab command prevents Matlab from quitting in the R console and might require killing the Matlab process or an re-start of the R session. (You migth want to check the command in Matlab before executing it within R.) The commandName could look something like this: "load someData.mat; [out1, out2]=someMatlabFunction(in1, in2, in3); save someData2.mat; quit"

Author(s)

Christoph Schmidt <christoph.schmidt@med.uni-jena.de>

See Also

```
runMatlabFct, runMatlabScript
```

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```
# !the Matlab process has to be terminated manually!
commandName4 <- "A=magic(40); imagesc(A)"
runMatlabCommand(commandName4, do_quit = FALSE)

# !the Matlab process has to be terminated manually!
commandName4 <- "spy; quit" # quit will be internally removed
runMatlabCommand(commandName4, do_quit = FALSE)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

runMatlabFct

Runs a Matlab function like an R function and returns its results

Description

Runs Matlab on the R console, evaluates the specified Matlab function with given arguments and directly returns the Matlab output as a single value or a list of values back to the R session. The function acts as a proxy for the specified Matlab function. It handles all Matlab related things internally and transparently to the user and just returns the specified Matlab output arguments as results of the computations performed by Matlab.

Usage

runMatlabFct(fcall)

Arguments

fcall

string specifying the Matlab function call with output and input parameters, just as one would call the function inside a regular Matlab session. The input arguments specified in fcall must be variable names stored in the current R session (the environment where the function was called from) or numeric values. Variable names are preferred and should be the standard for using this function. If no output parameter are contained in fcall, then it is assumed that the user expects Matlab to not automatically quit (e.g. because the function call was a plotting function and the plot window should stay open). In this case the Matlab process has to be terminated manually (!) by the user before the function can terminate and one can continue to work in the R session. Nested Matlab function calls (function as input argument for a function) are currently not supported.

Details

This function calls the user specified Matlab function and manages the necessary data exchange transparently, thus providing a seamless experience. The data is exchanged robustly over the file system, using temporary files that will be deleted automatically.

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Value

The results of the Matlab function call. A list of named entries that correspond to the output arguments of the Matlab function as specified in *fcall*.

Note

For starting several Matlab functions independently of each other, or a chain of Matlab functions, consider using the 'runMatlabCommand()' function, or writing a Matlab script file and use the 'runMatlabScript()' function and store the results in a .mat file that can be read back into R with the help of the 'convert2RData()' function.

Author(s)

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See Also

runMatlabScript, runMatlabCommand

```
## Not run:
       <-c(1,2,1,4,1,5,4,3,2,2,1,6,3,1,3,5,5)
        <-c(4,6,9)
fcall <- "[bool, pos] = ismember(b,a)"</pre>
results <- runMatlabFct(fcall)</pre>
boo1
       <- results$bool
pos
       <- results$pos
print(a)
print(b)
print(fcall)
print(bool)
print(pos)
# !the Matlab process has to be terminated manually!
runMatlabFct("image")
# !the Matlab process has to be terminated manually!
runMatlabFct("penny(") # wrong (it should be penny or penny()) but corrected internally
        <- matrix(c(2,-1,0, -1,2,-1, 0,2,3), 3, 3)
fcall <- "C = chol(M)"
results <- runMatlabFct(fcall)</pre>
print(results)
A <- runMatlabFct("A=rand(6)")$A
```

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```
A_ <- runMatlabFct("A_=inv(A)")$A_
print(round(A %*% A_))

nu_ <- 0.32
vec_ <- c(1,2,5,2,6)
res_ <- runMatlabFct("v_ = bessely(nu_, vec_)")
print(res_$v_)

orig_str <- 'this_test_was_my_first_test'
old_sub <- 'test'
new_sub <- 'assignment'
new_str <- runMatlabFct('str=strrep(orig_str, old_sub, new_sub)')
print(new_str$str)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

runMatlabScript

Starts Matlab on the R console and executes a Matlab script file

Description

Starts Matlab on the R console, executes the input Matlab script file (.m file) and quits Matlab. Discerns the OS X and Linux Matlab command.

Usage

```
runMatlabScript(scriptName)
```

Arguments

scriptName

String denoting the .m script (with or without the file extension)

Details

As R and Matlab cannot directly exchange data natively, no value will be returned directly. Instead, let Matlab save the results of its computations and load these into R for further processing. See also the following system call example: system('/Applications/MATLAB_R2013a.app/bin/matlab-nosplash-nodesktop-r "S_test; quit;"') An error in the Matlab script prevents Matlab from quitting in the R console and might require killing the Matlab process or a re-start of the R session. So check the script in Matlab before executing it within R.

Note

The function expects the script to be saved in the current R working directory. The script file might as well be generated by R code on the fly as shown in the examples section.

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Author(s)

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See Also

```
convert2RData, runMatlabCommand
```

```
## Not run:
scriptName <- "myscript.m"
mypath <- getwd()
print(mypath)
scriptCode <- "pwd, x=1:2:7; y=3; z=x.^y; save xyz.mat x y z -v7"
writeLines(scriptCode, con=scriptName)
list.files(mypath)
runMatlabScript(scriptName)

list.files(mypath)
system(paste("rm ", scriptName, sep=""))
inp <- R.matlab::readMat("xyz.mat")
str(inp)
system("rm xyz.mat")
list.files(mypath)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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