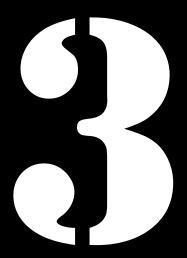


# Next Up:

Evgenij Smirnov









# Connecting to Systems in a trustless world...

Evgenij Smirnov





### Many thanks to our sponsors:













# Evgenij Smirnov



```
PowerShell
PS C:\> Get-SpeakerInfo
           : Evgenij Smirnov
Name
Twitter : @cj_berlin
BlogSite : https://it-pro-berlin.de
Location : Berlin
YearOfBirth: 1972
JobTitle : Senior Solutions Architect
WorksAt : Semperis
MVPSince : 2020
UserGroups : {WSUG, EXUSG, PSUGB}
SpokeAt : {PSConfEU, CIMLingen, PSConfEU, PSDAY.UK...}
CertifiedIn : {Microsoft, VMware, Quest, ITIL}
```



### In this session...



- Things we don't want have to talk about...
- ■Things we want to talk about...
- Things they don't want us to talk about...
- And other stuff ©



# PSRemoting was made for...



```
PSCONF-CL01
PS C:\> Enter-PSSession -ComputerName PSCONF-MS01]: PS C:\Users\rightarrow ComputerName PSCONF-MS01
PSCONF-MS01
PSCONF-MS01
PSCONF-MS01
PSCONF-MS01
PS C: USers\r
```



# PS 7.3+ allows custom transports



- Can use whatever technology underneath
   Can utilize own authentication and uthorization
   Jordan Borean talked about it yesterday
   Justin Grote talk about it last year
   Could the future of trust-free remoting



### In an untrusted world...



- workgroup deployments of Tier 0 systems
  - Backup
  - Monitoring
  - Config management
- cross-platform automation
  - e.g. agentless security configuration scans
- ■...still have to manage it all somehow ©



### In an untrusted world...



- No implicit trust
  - standalone systems or non-trusting security realms
  - source machine must be standalone
  - target machine must be standalone
  - DNS resolution may or may not be available
- Hardened attack surface
  - open ports / enabled protocols
  - configuration permissions



# Living Off the Land



- installing additional components
  - as opposed to: using existing ones
- changing target machine(s) configurations
  - probably at scale HOW?
  - opening standard protocols reduces security posture
- changing source machine(s) configurations
- as little additional preparation work as possible





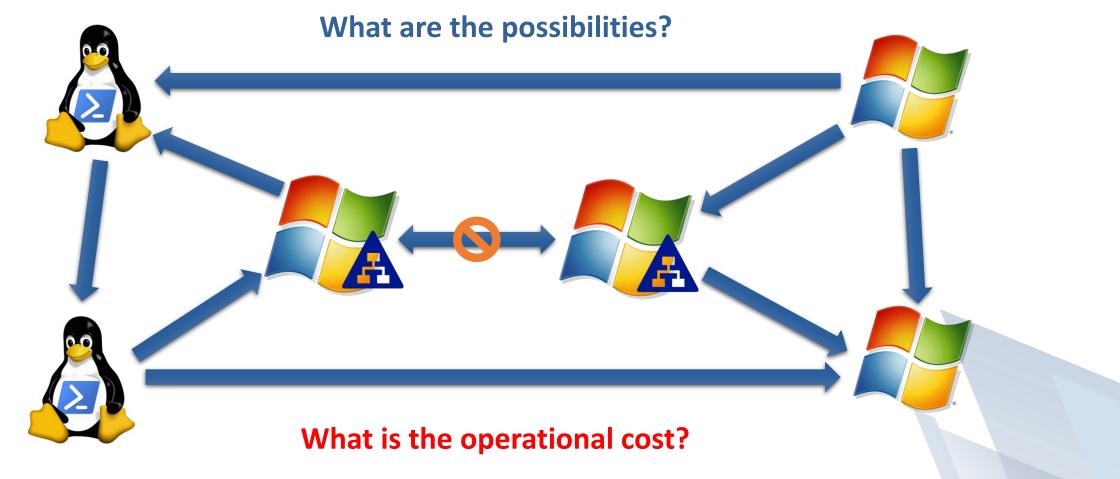
# **Applied Connectology**

Who is talking to whom, how and what about



# **Connectology 101**







### WinRM without Kerberos



- HTTPS with cleartext creds
  - Target must be configured to listen on HTTPS and to present a certificate
  - Source must be configured to trust that certificate (chain)
- TrustedHosts + Fresh credentials delegation
  - Source must be configured to trust Target
  - Source must be configured to delegate credentials
  - Trusted Hosts \* → giving creds to malicious hosts!



# Let's talk about SSH remoting



#### PowerShell

#### Enter-PSSession

[-HostName] <String>

[-Options <Hashtable>]

[-Port <Int32>]

[-UserName <String>]

[-KeyFilePath <String>]

[-Subsystem <String>]

[-ConnectingTimeout <Int32>]

[-SSHTransport]

[<CommonParameters>]

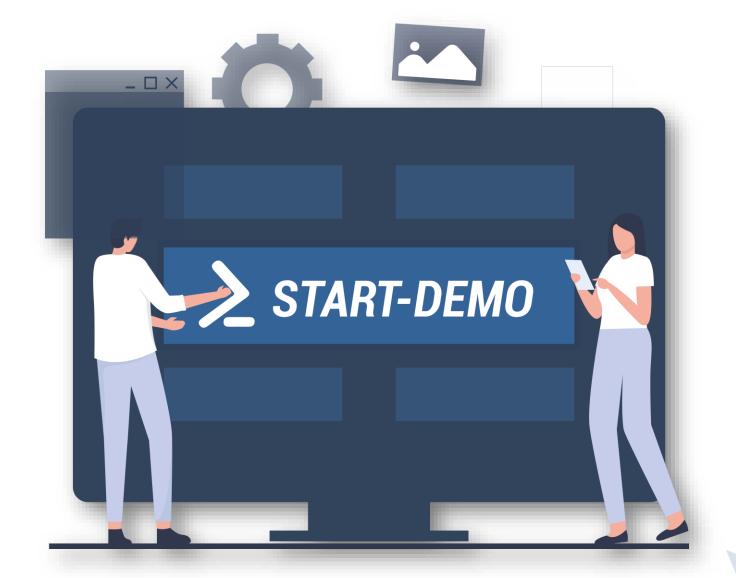
UserName can beDOM\user or user@linuxhost

- No way to specifyPassword or SecurePassword
- Zero touch connection requires a key file from user (domain/target)
  - ...but without password to protect it!
  - Correct permissions on key files!



# Demo

SSH to Windows
SSH to Linux







### WinRM vs. SSH smackdown



	WinRM	SSH
PowerShell requirements	Windows to Windows only Win PowerShell 3+ or PowerShell	Windows or Linux PowerShell
Preparation	TrustedHosts + delegation on Source or WinRM/HTTPS on Target Cert Trust on Source	Enable pwsh subsystem in SSH <b>on Target</b> (sshd installed as part of OS)
Permissions on Target	Admin or Remote Management	-
JEA	Yes	No
Zero touch requirements	Knowledge of credentials	Key file prepared on target





# **Beyond PSRemoting**

Sometimes a step back opens a way forward



# Using SSH for... SSH



- PoSh-SSH by Carlos Perez wraps Renci SSHNet
  - beautifully, at that <3</p>
- New-SSHSession + Invoke-SSHCommand
  - Be mindful of timeouts with long-running commands!
- For sudo on Linux:
  - ' echo " $\{0\}$ "|sudo -S  $\{1\}$ ' -f \$password, \$command
    - May not work on every Linux distro, depending on sudo
- •also great for: SCP, Command Streams etc.



### WMI and or CIM



- Use CIM cmdlets, they said. It is the future, they said.
- ■CIM uses WinRM by default → same as PSRemoting
  - Fallback to WMI: New-CIMSessionOption -Protocol DCOM
  - DCOM sessions are faster than WMI. Much faster.



# Demo

WMI and CIM







# Demo

WMI shenanigans







## What else is there?



- So many remote services can run executables locally...
- More often than not even in a privileged context...



# Demo

Remoting Hacks







# Q&A



15 minutes



