## **Discussion 5**

**1.** Suppose we have two graphs  $G_1 = (V_1, E_1)$  and  $G_2 = (V_2, E_2)$ , along with  $T_1$  which is a MST of  $G_1$  and  $T_2$  which is a MST of  $G_2$ . Now consider a new graph G = (V, E) such that  $V = V_1 \cup V_2$  and  $E = E_1 \cup E_2 \cup E_3$  where  $E_3$  is a new set of edges that all cross the cut  $(V_1, V_2)$ .

Consider the following algorithm, which is intended to find a MST of G.

```
Maybe-MST(T_1, T_2, E_3)
e_{min} = a \text{ minimum weight edge in } E_3
T = T_1 \cup T_2 \cup \{e_{min}\}
return T
```

Does this algorithm correctly find a MST of G? Either prove it does or prove it does not.

- **2.** Solve the following recurrences using the Master Method:
  - a. A(n) = 3 A(n/3) + 15
  - b.  $B(n) = 4 B(n/2) + n^3$
  - c.  $C(n) = 4 C(n/2) + n^2$
  - d. D(n) = 4 D(n/2) + n
- **3.** There are 2 sorted arrays A and B of size n each. Design a D&C algorithm to find the median of the array obtained after merging the above 2 arrays (i.e. array of length 2n). Discuss its runtime complexity.
- **4.** A tromino is a figure composed of three 1x1 squares in the shape of an L. Given a 2<sup>n</sup>x2<sup>n</sup> checkerboard with 1 missing square, tile it with trominoes. Design a D&C algorithm and discuss its runtime complexity.