

Exercise

03

TUM Department of Informatics

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Optimizing Likelihoods: Monotonic Transforms

Problem 1:

$$f_1(\theta) = \theta^t(1 - \theta)^h$$

$$f_2(\theta) = \log(\theta^t(1 - \theta)^h)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} f_1(\theta) &= t\theta^{t-1}(1 - \theta)^h + \theta^t \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left((1 - \theta)^h \right) \\ &= t\theta^{t-1}(1 - \theta)^h - \theta^t h(1 - \theta)^{h-1} \\ \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} f_1(\theta) &= t \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\theta^{t-1}(1 - \theta)^h \right) - h \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\theta^t(1 - \theta)^{h-1} \right) \\ &= t \cdot \left((t-1)\theta^{t-2}(1 - \theta)^h - \theta^{t-1}h(1 - \theta)^{h-1} \right) \\ &\quad + h \cdot \left(t\theta^{t-1}(1 - \theta)^{h-1} - \theta^t(h-1)(1 - \theta)^{h-2} \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} f_2(\theta) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\log(\theta^t) + \log((1 - \theta)^h) \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\log(\theta^t)) + \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\log((1 - \theta)^h)) \\ &= t \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\theta) + h \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\log(1 - \theta)) \\ &= \frac{t}{\theta} - \frac{h}{1 - \theta}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} f_2(\theta) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{t}{\theta} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{h}{1 - \theta} \right) \\ &= \frac{0 \cdot \theta - t \cdot 1}{\theta^2} - \frac{0 \cdot (1 - \theta) - h \cdot (-1)}{(1 - \theta)^2} \\ &= -\frac{t}{\theta^2} - \frac{h}{(1 - \theta)^2}\end{aligned}$$

Problem 2:

"Monotonic functions preserve critical points"

Since \log is a monotonic transformation, the function will yield the same values when plugged into

$\arg \max_{\theta}$:

$$\arg \max_{\theta} f(\theta) = \arg \max_{\theta} \log f(\theta)$$

Considering problem 1 and the fact that \log converts exponents to factors (which also increases the numerical stability), computing the log-likelihood is faster and yields more compact functions which can then be maximized.

Properties of MLE and MAP

Problem 3:

Problem 4:

Programming Task

Problem 5:

Appendix

We confirm that the submitted solution is original work and was written by us without further assistance.
Appropriate credit has been given where reference has been made to the work of others.

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