



综合项目

Comprehensive project

Author: Gavin
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一、引言

1.1 场景

- 在项目中,文件的上传和下载是常见的功能。很多程序或者软件中都经常使用到文件的上传和下载。
- 邮箱中有附件的上传和下载
- OA办公系统中有附件材料的上传

二、文件上传

当用户在前端页面点击文件上传后, 用户上传的文件数据提交给服务器端, 实现保存。

2.2 文件上传实现步骤

2.2.1 提交方式

• 提供form表单,method必须是post。因为post请求无数据限制。

```
<form method="post"> </form>
```

2.2.2 提交数据格式

- 表单的enctype属性值必须为multipart/form-data。
- 以多段的形式进行拼接提交。以二进制流的方式来处理表单数据,会把指定的文件内容封装进请求参数中。

```
<form enctype="multipart/form-data" method="post"></form>
```

2.2.3 提供组件

• 提供file表单组件,提供给用户上传文件。

2.2.4 Controller编写

在 Servlet 3.0 及其以上版本的容器中进行服务器端文件上传的编程,是围绕着注解类型 MultipartConfig 和 javax. servlet.http.Part 接口进行的。处理已上传文件的 Servlet 必须以@MultipartConfig 进行注解。

```
package com.qf.servlet;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.MultipartConfig;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import javax.servlet.http.Part;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Collection;
@WebServlet(name = "UploadController", value = "/uploadController")
@MultipartConfig(maxFileSize = 1024*1024*100, maxRequestSize = 1024*1024*200)
public class UploadController extends HttpServlet {
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
       doGet(request, response);
   protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
       //设置乱码
       request.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");
       response.setContentType("text/html;charset=utf-8");
       //通过getPart方法获取文件组件
       Part file1 = request.getPart("file1");
       //获取上传文件保存路径(真实路径)
       String uploadPath = request.getServletContext().getRealPath("/WEB-INF/upload");
       System.out.println(uploadPath);
       //创建文件夹对象
       File file = new File(uploadPath);
       //如果文件夹不存在,新建
       if(!file.exists()){
           file.mkdirs();
       //如果上传的文件不是空, 进行保存
       if(file1!=null){
           file1.write(uploadPath+File.separator+file1.getSubmittedFileName());
       response.getWriter().println("上传成功! "+file1.getSubmittedFileName());
```

2.3 文件上传细节注意

上述的代码虽然可以成功将文件上传到服务器的指定目录当中,但是文件上传功能有许多需要注意的小细节问题。

2.3.1 安全问题

为保证服务器安全,上传文件应该放在外界无法直接访问的目录下,比如放于WEB-INF目录下。

```
String filepath = request.getServletContext().getRealPath("/WEB-INF/upload");
```

2.3.2 文件覆盖

当上传重名的文件时,为防止文件覆盖的现象发生,要为上传文件产生一个唯一的文件名。

```
public class UploadUtils{
    //使用UUID生成唯一标识码,拼接上图片的名称。
    public static String NewFileName(String filename){
        return UUID.randomUUID().toString().replaceAll("-","")+"_"+filename;
    }
}
```

2.3.3 散列存储

为防止一个目录下面出现太多文件,要使用hash算法生成二级、三级目录,散列存储上传的文件。

```
public static String NewFilePath(String basePath,String filename){
    int hashcode = filename.hashCode();
    int path1 = hashcode&15;//与运算 0~15 二级
    int path2 = (hashcode>>4)&15;//与运算 0~15 三级
    String dir = basePath+"\\"+path1+"\\"+path2;//与一级目录拼接一起
    File file = new File(dir);//创建文件夹对象
    if(!file.exists()){//不存在则新建
        file.mkdirs();
    }
    return dir;//返回新路径
}
```

目录分离算法

0101 1001 0001 0101 1010 1011 0011 0001 & 1111

0001

2级目录

0101 1001 0001 0101 1010 1011 0011 1111

0011

3级目录

依次类推,可以得到8级目录,每级目录中有16个子目录, 共得到16的8次方目录,共得到43亿个目录

2.3.4 文件类型限制

&

要限制上传文件的类型,在收到上传文件名时,判断后缀名是否合法。

```
//创建一个集合存放允许上传的文件的类型 (后缀名)
//判断所上传的文件在当前集合当中是否包含。
List<String> nameList = new ArrayList<String>();
    nameList.add(".jpg");
    nameList.add(".bmp");
    nameList.add(".png");
    String extName = filename.substring(filename.lastIndexOf("."));
    if(!nameList.contains(extName)){
        System.out.println("上传失败");
        return;
}
```

2.4 多文件上传

```
package com.qf.servlet;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Collection;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.MultipartConfig;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import javax.servlet.http.Part;
import org.apache.commons.io.IOUtils;
import com.qf.utils.FileUploadUtils;
@WebServlet(value = "/upLoadfile2")
@MultipartConfig(fileSizeThreshold=1024*100, maxFileSize=1024*1024*2, maxRequestSize=1024*1024*20)
public class UploadFileServlet2 extends HttpServlet {
 private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    public UploadFileServlet2() {
        super();
 protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException
    request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8");
    response.setContentType("text/html;charset=utf-8");
        //得到上传文件的保存目录,将上传的文件存放于WEB-INF目录下,不允许外界直接访问,保证上传文件的安全
   String basepath=request.getServletContext().getRealPath("/WEB-INF/upload");
       File dir=new File(savepath);
       if(!dir.exists()){
           dir.mkdirs();
       //获取多段数据的集合
   Collection<Part> parts = request.getParts();
       if(parts!=null) {
     for (Part part : parts) {
               //获取文件提交的名字
       String filename=part.getSubmittedFileName();
       if(filename!=null) {//文件
         if(filename.trim().equals("")) {
           continue;
                   //获得包含UUID的文件名
         String newFilename=FileUploadUtils.getNewFileName(filename);
                   //获取分散后的路径
         String newpath=FileUploadUtils.getNewPath(basepath, filename);
                   //存储
         part.write(newpath+"\\"+newFilename);
          response.getWriter().write(filename+"上传成功");
        }else {//不是文件
         String name=part.getName();
         String value=request.getParameter(name);
         System.out.println(name+"...."+value);
 protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
   // TODO Auto-generated method stub
    doGet(request, response);
```

三、文件下载

3.1 概念

我们要将Web应用系统中的文件资源提供给用户进行下载,首先我们要有一个页面列出上传文件目录下的所有文件,当用户点击文件下载超链接时就进行下载操作。

3.2 获取文件列表

3.2.1 DownLoadUtils

```
public static void getFileList(File file, HashMap<String, String> filenames) {
   //获取当前文件对象下的所有内容(文件、文件夹)
   File[] files = file.listFiles();
   //如果数组不为空,证明有文件、文件夹
   if(files!=null){
       //每次拿到文件对象(文件、文件夹 )
       for (File file1 : files) {
          if(file1.isDirectory()){
              getFileList(file1, filenames);
          }else{
              //获得文件的名称
              String filename = file1.getName();
              //获取第一个_的下标
              int i = filename.indexOf("_");
              //获取源文件名称(可能包含_)
              String realName= filename.substring(i + 1);
              //UUID键 源文件名 值
              filenames.put(filename, realName);
```

3.2.2 FileListController

```
package com.qf.web.servlet;
import com.qf.utils.UpLoadUtils;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.HashMap;
@WebServlet(name = "FileListServlet", value = "/fileListController")
public class FileListController extends HttpServlet {
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
        doGet(request, response);
   protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
       //1乱码
       request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8");//用户名的乱码
       response.setContentType("text/html;charset=utf-8");
        //2获取文件列表
       HashMap<String, String> filemap=new HashMap<>();
       String savepath=request.getServletContext().getRealPath("/WEB-INF/upload");
       UpLoadUtils.fileList(new File(savepath), filemap);
        //3转发
        request.setAttribute("map", filemap);
        request.getRequestDispatcher("/list.jsp").forward(request, response);
```

3.3 下载

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html;charset=UTF-8" language="java" %>
<%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" %>
<html>
<head>
   <title>下载文件列表</title>
</head>
<body>
   <h2>下载文件列表</h2>
   文件名
         操作
      <c:forEach items="${map}" var="entry">
         ${entry.value}
             <a href="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/down?filename=${entry.key}">下载</a>
             </c:forEach>
   </body>
</html>
```

3.3.2 DownLoadController

```
package com.qf.web.servlet;
import com.qf.utils.UpLoadUtils;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.ServletOutputStream;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.net.URLEncoder;
@WebServlet(name = "DownServlet", value = "/down")
public class DownServlet extends HttpServlet {
   protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
       doGet(request, response);
   protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
       request.setCharacterEncoding("utf-8");//用户名的乱码
       response.setContentType("text/html;charset=utf-8");
       String savepath=request.getServletContext().getRealPath("/WEB-INF/upload");
       //1获取文件名
       String uuidfilename = request.getParameter("filename");
       //拿到UUID的名字拆分。_之后的是原文件名
       String filename=uuidfilename.split("_")[1];
       //通过原文件名得到分散后的路径就是要下载的路径
       String realpath=UpLoadUtils.createNewPath(savepath, filename);
       //设置响应头,告诉浏览器如何处理流,附件下载
       response.setHeader("content-disposition", "attachment; filename="+ URLEncoder.encode(filename, "utf-8"));
       //2使用流读取
       FileInputStream fis=new FileInputStream(realpath+"/"+uuidfilename);
       ServletOutputStream os = response.getOutputStream();
       byte[] buf=new byte[1024*4];
       int len=0;
       while((len=fis.read(buf))!=-1){
           os.write(buf,0,len);
       //3关闭
       os.close();
       fis.close();
```

4.1 项目需求

- 将提供好的HTML页面,修改为JSP。
- 实现管理员登录功能,并应用权限验证。
- 对员工实现增删改查。
- 查询员工使用分页查询,并提供首页、尾页、上一页、下一页。

4.2 项目搭建

4.2.1 项目目录搭建

- com.qf.ems.utils 工具包
- com.qf.ems.entity 实体类
- com.qf.ems.dao 数据访问接口
- com.qf.ems.dao.impl 数据访问实现类
- com.qf.ems.service 业务逻辑接口
- com.qf.ems.service.impl 业务逻辑实现类
- com.qf.ems.controller 控制器
- com.qf.ems.filter 过滤器

4.2.2 项目资源引入

创建EMS项目,导入相关jar文件。

- commons-dbutils-1.7.jar
- druid-1.1.5.jar
- jstl.jar
- standard.jar
- ValidateCode.jar
- mysql-connector-java-5.1.25-bin.jar

4.2.3 数据库创建

```
#员工信息表
CREATE TABLE emp(
id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
NAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
salary DOUBLE NOT NULL,
age INT NOT NULL
)CHARSET=utf8;

#管理员表
CREATE TABLE empManager(
username VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
PASSWORD VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL
)CHARSET=utf8;
```

4.3 项目开发

以下仅展示controller代码。页面、entity、DAO、Service省略

4.3.1 登录功能

```
package com.qf.ems.controller;
import com.qf.ems.entity.EmpManager;
import com.qf.ems.service.EmpManagerService;
import com.qf.ems.service.impl.EmpManagerServiceImpl;

import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import
```

```
String username = request.getParameter("username");
        String password = request.getParameter("password");
        String inputVcode = request.getParameter("inputVcode");
        String codes = (String) request.getSession().getAttribute("codes");
       if(!inputVcode.isEmpty() && inputVcode.equalsIgnoreCase(codes)){
           EmpManagerService empManagerService = new EmpManagerServiceImpl();
           EmpManager empManager = empManagerService.login(username, password);
           if (empManager != null) {
                HttpSession session = request.getSession();
                session.setAttribute("empManager", empManager);
                response.sendRedirect(request.getContextPath() + "/manager/safe/showAllEmp");
           } else {
                response.sendRedirect(request.getContextPath() + "/login.jsp");
       }else{
           response.sendRedirect(request.getContextPath() + "/login.jsp");
   protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
        doPost(request, response);
```

4.3.2 验证码

```
package com.qf.ems.controller;
import cn.dsna.util.images.ValidateCode;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpSession;
import java.io.IOException;
@WebServlet(name = "CreateCodeController", value = "/createCode")
public class CreateCodeController extends HttpServlet {
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
       ValidateCode validateCode = new ValidateCode(200,30,4,10);
       String codes = validateCode.getCode();
       HttpSession session = request.getSession();
        session.setAttribute("codes",codes);
        validateCode.write(response.getOutputStream());
    protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
        doPost(request, response);
```

4.3.3 分页查询(Controller)

```
import com.qf.ems.controller;
import com.qf.ems.entity.Emp;
import com.qf.ems.entity.Page;
import com.qf.ems.service.EmpService;
import com.qf.ems.service.impl.EmpServiceImpl;

import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import javax.io.IOException;
import java.util.List;

@WebServlet(name = "ShowAllEmpController",value = "/manager/safe/showAllEmp")
public class ShowAllEmpController extends HttpServlet {
```

```
protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
    String pageIndex = request.getParameter("pageIndex");
    if(pageIndex == null){
        pageIndex="1";
    }

    Page page = new Page(Integer.valueOf(pageIndex));

    EmpService empService = new EmpServiceImpl();
    List<Emp> emps = empService.showAllEmpByPage(page);

    request.setAttribute("emps",emps);
    request.setAttribute("page",page);

    request.getRequestDispatcher("/emplist.jsp").forward(request,response);
}

protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
        doPost(request, response);
    }
}
```

4.3.4 分页查询(JSP)

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html;charset=UTF-8" language="java" %>
<%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" %>
<html>
<head>
   <title>查询所有员工</title>
   <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/css/style.css"/>
</head>
<body>
<div id="wrap">
   <div id="top_content">
      <div id="header">
         <div id="rightheader">
               2009/11/20
                <br/>
            </div>
         <div id="topheader">
            <h1 id="title">
               <a href="#">main</a>
            </h1>
         </div>
         <div id="navigation">
         </div>
      </div>
      <div id="content">
         <h1>
            Welcome!
         </h1>
         ID
               Name
               Salary
               Age
               Operation
               <c:forEach items="${emps}" var="emp" varStatus="e">
               <c:if test="${e.count % 2 !=0}">
                  </c:if>
               <c:if test="${e.count % 2 ==0}">
                  </c:if>
               ${emp.id}
```

```
${emp.name}
                   ${emp.salary}
                   ${emp.age}
                   <a href="<c:url context='${pageContext.request.contextPath}' value='/manager/safe/deleteEmp?</pre>
id=${emp.id}'/>">delete emp</a>&nbsp;<a href="<c:url context='${pageContext.request.contextPath}'
value='/manager/safe/showEmp?id=${emp.id}'/>">update emp</a>
                  </c:forEach>
               <a href="<c:url context='${pageContext.request.contextPath}' value='/manager/safe/showAllEmp?</pre>
pageIndex=1'/>">首页</a>
                      <c:if test="${page.pageIndex > 1}">
                          <a href="<c:url context='${pageContext.request.contextPath}'</pre>
value='/manager/safe/showAllEmp?pageIndex=${page.pageIndex - 1}' />">上一页</a>
                      </c:if>
                      <c:if test="${page.pageIndex==1}">
                          <a>上一页</a>
                      </c:if>
                      <c:if test="${page.pageIndex < page.totalPages}">
                          <a href="<c:url context='${pageContext.request.contextPath}'</pre>
value='/manager/safe/showAllEmp?pageIndex=${page.pageIndex + 1}' />">下一页</a>
                      </c:if>
                      <c:if test="${page.pageIndex == page.totalPages}">
                          <a>下一页</a>
                      </c:if>
                      <a href="<c:url context='${pageContext.request.contextPath}' value='/manager/safe/showAllEmp?</pre>
pageIndex=${page.totalPages}'/>">尾页</a>
                  >
               <input type="button" class="button" value="Add Employee"</pre>
onclick="location='${pageContext.request.contextPath}/addEmp.jsp'"/>
           </div>
   </div>
   <div id="footer">
       <div id="footer_bg">
           ABC@126.com
       </div>
   </div>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

4.3.5 新增

```
package com.qf.ems.controller;
import com.qf.ems.entity.Emp;
import com.qf.ems.service.EmpService;
import com.qf.ems.service.impl.EmpServiceImpl;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
@WebServlet(name = "InsertEmpController", value = "/manager/safe/insertEmp")
public class InsertEmpController extends HttpServlet {
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
       String name = request.getParameter("name");
       Double salary = Double.valueOf(request.getParameter("salary"));
       Integer age = Integer.valueOf(request.getParameter("age"));
        Emp emp = new Emp(name, salary, age);
        EmpService empService = new EmpServiceImpl();
        empService.addEmp(emp);
        response.sendRedirect(request.getContextPath()+"/manager/safe/showAllEmp");
```

```
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
    doPost(request, response);
}
```

4.3.6 修改

```
package com.qf.ems.controller;
import com.qf.ems.entity.Emp;
import com.qf.ems.service.EmpService;
import com.qf.ems.service.impl.EmpServiceImpl;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
@WebServlet(name = "UpdateEmpController", value = "/manager/safe/updateEmp")
public class UpdateEmpController extends HttpServlet {
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
       Integer id = Integer.valueOf(request.getParameter("id"));
       String name = request.getParameter("name");
       Double salary = Double.valueOf(request.getParameter("salary"));
       Integer age = Integer.valueOf(request.getParameter("age"));
       Emp emp = new Emp(id, name, salary, age);
       EmpService empService = new EmpServiceImpl();
       empService.modifyEmp(emp);
        response.sendRedirect(request.getContextPath()+"/manager/safe/showAllEmp");
   protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
        doPost(request, response);
```

4.3.7 删除

```
package com.qf.ems.controller;
import com.qf.ems.service.EmpService;
import com.qf.ems.service.impl.EmpServiceImpl;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
@WebServlet(name = "DeleteEmpController", value = "/manager/safe/deleteEmp")
public class DeleteEmpController extends HttpServlet {
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
       Integer id = Integer.valueOf(request.getParameter("id"));
        EmpService empService = new EmpServiceImpl();
        empService.deleteEmp(id);
        response.sendRedirect(request.getContextPath()+"/manager/safe/showAllEmp");
    protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
        doPost(request, response);
```

5.1 开发流程

在Web开发流程中,遵守以下开发顺序

- DAO
 - o table
 - o entity
 - 。 DAO接口
 - 。 DAO实现
- Service
 - 。 Service接口
 - o Service实现(调用DAO实现类,并控制事务)
- Controller(处理请求的Servlet)
 - 。 [收集请求中的数据]
 - 。 调用业务功能(Service实现类)
 - 。 [在相应合适的作用域中存储数据]
 - 。 流程跳转(forward | sendRedirect) --> *.jsp
- JSP
 - 。 [在作用域中获取数据]
 - 。 使用EL+JSTL将数据嵌套在HTML标签中
- Filter
 - EncodingFilter
 - CheckFilter