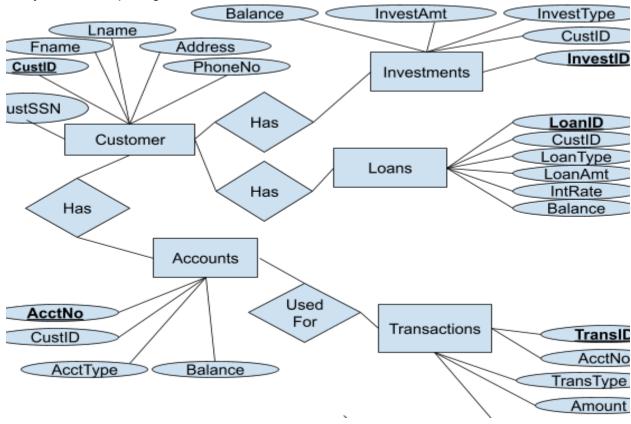
David Wright and Brian Ruehr Current Trends in Database Tech Spring 2025 Prof Wu

Final Project Assignment

1. The online banking database will require information to be kept on the customers in the database. Some attributes to be included will be a Customer ID, Customer SSN, name, address, and phone number. It will also contain information on the accounts in the system. The attributes included in this will be the account number, the customer ID, account type, and balance. The database will also include data on investment accounts which will include investment ID, customer ID, investment type (stocks, bonds, mutual funds), investment amount, current value. After that the database will contain information on loans which will contain a Loan ID, customer ID, loan type, loan amount, interest rate, current balance. Lastly the database will contain information on transactions which will contain Transaction ID, account number, transaction type (deposit, withdrawal, transfer), amount, transaction date.

2. Entity-Relationship Diagram



Database Schema (Verify that all items are in 3NF):
 Customer(<u>CustID</u>, CustSSN)
 CustomerData(<u>CustSSN</u>, Fname, Lname, Address, PhoneNum)
 Investment(<u>InvestID</u>, CustID, InvestType, InvestAmt, Balance)
 Loan(<u>LoanD</u>, CustID, LoanType, LoanAmt, IntRate, Balance)
 Account(<u>AcctNo</u>, CustID, AcctType, Balance)
 Transaction(<u>TransID</u>, AcctNo, TransType, Amount)

Foreign Keys:

Customer.CustSSN \rightarrow CustomerData.CustSSN Invesment.CustID \rightarrow Customer.CustID Loan.CustID \rightarrow Customer.CustID Account.CustID \rightarrow Customer.CustID Transaction.AcctNo \rightarrow Account.AcctNo

- 4. This database system will be created using OracleDB.
- 5. CREATE TABLE CustomerData(

```
CustSSN varchar2(9) PRIMARY KEY,
```

Fname VARCHAR2(100), Name VARCHAR2(100),

PhoneNum VARCHAR2(10),

StreetNum VARCHAR2(10),

StreetName VARCHAR2(100),

CityName VARCHAR2(100),

StateAbb VARCHAR2(2),

ZipCode VARCHAR2(5)

CREATE TABLE Customer(

)

CustID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,

CustSSN VARCHAR2(9)

Constraint fk custssn (custSSN) references CustomerData(custSSN)

```
)
CREATE TABLE Investment(
     InvestId NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
     CustID NUMBER,
     InvestType VARCHAR2(100),
     InvestAmt NUMBER(20, 2),
      Balance NUMBER(20, 2)
      CONSTRAINT fk_cust FOREIGN KEY (custID) REFERENCES
CUSTOMER(custSSN)
)
CREATE TABLE Loan (
     LoanID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
     CustID NUMBER,
     LoanType VARCHAR2(50),
     LoanAmt NUMBER(15, 2),
     IntRate NUMBER(6, 3),
     Balance NUMBER(15, 2),
      CONSTRAINT fk_cust FOREIGN KEY (CustID) REFERENCES
Customer(CustID)
);
CREATE TABLE Account (
     AcctNo NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
      CustID NUMBER,
```

```
AcctType VARCHAR2(30),
         Balance NUMBER(15, 2),
         CONSTRAINT fk_account_customer FOREIGN KEY (CustID) REFERENCES
   Customer(CustID)
   );
   CREATE TABLE Transaction (
         TransID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
         AcctNo NUMBER,
         TransType VARCHAR2(20),
         Amount NUMBER(15, 2),
         CONSTRAINT fk_transaction_account FOREIGN KEY (AcctNo) REFERENCES
   Account(AcctNo)
   );
6. 1. Get user information from userID (all users):
   SELECT custID, fname, lname, phonenum
   FROM customerdata, customer
   WHERE customerdata.custssn = customer.custssn;
   2. Get user info and account information and balance (all account):
   SELECT c.custID, d.fname, d.lname, a.acctno, a.balance
   FROM customer c
   inner join customerdata d on c.custssn = d.custssn
   inner join account a on a.custid = c.custid
```

```
order by custid;
```

3. Add interest to a loan account:

```
create or replace procedure add_monthly_interest_loan(
       target_loan_id in loan.loanid%type)
as
       new_balance loan.balance%type;
begin
       update loan
       set balance = balance + ((balance* intrate)/12)
       where loanid = target_loan_id
       returning balance into new_balance;
       dbms_output.put_line('Interest charged to account ' || target_loan_id || ' balance
is: ' || new_balance);
       commit;
end add_monthly_interest_loan;
To run:
Begin
       add_monthly_interest_loan(<loanid>);
End;
```

4. Procedure to get total assets for a given user:

```
create or replace procedure total_user_assets(
       target_cust_id in customer.custid%type
)
is
       account_total number := 0;
       loan_total number := 0;
       invest_total number := 0;
       total_assets number := 0;
begin
       select NVL(sum(balance), 0)
       into account_total
       from account
       where custid = target_cust_id;
       select NVL(sum(balance), 0)
       into invest_total
       from investment
       where custid = target_cust_id;
       select NVL(sum(balance), 0)
       into loan_total
       from loan
       where custid = target_cust_id;
```

```
total_assets := account_total + invest_total - loan_total;
      dbms_output.put_line('Total assets for user ' || target_cust_id || ' : ' ||
total_assets);
end total_user_assets;
To run:
begin
      total_user_assets(<custid>);
End;
5. Get customer Id and customer SSN for investors with a balance of more than
$20,000.
SELECT Investment.CustID, Customer.CustSSN, investment.balance
FROM Investment
JOIN Customer ON Investment.CustID = Customer.CustID
WHERE Investment.Balance > 20000;
6. Retrieve the last name, account number, transaction type, and amount for
withdrawals made.
SELECT
  cd.Lname,
  a.AcctNo,
  t.TransType,
  t.Amount
FROM CustomerData cd
JOIN Customer c ON cd.CustSSN = c.CustSSN
JOIN Account a ON c.CustID = a.CustID
JOIN Transaction t ON a.AcctNo = t.AcctNo
```

WHERE t.TransType = 'Withdrawal';

7.List all customers who have both a loan and an investment.

SELECT DISTINCT cd.Fname, cd.Lname, c.custssn

FROM CustomerData cd

JOIN Customer c ON cd.CustSSN = c.CustSSN

JOIN Loan I ON c.CustID = I.CustID

JOIN Investment i ON c.CustID = i.CustID;

8.Get customer Id and customer SSN customers with a loan balance of less than \$20,000.

SELECT loan.CustID, Customer.CustSSN, loan.balance

FROM loan

JOIN Customer ON Ioan.CustID = Customer.CustID

WHERE loan.Balance < 20000;