

### Exercise 5.

assume  $x_{acc} = 0$  or  $\ddot{x} = 0$

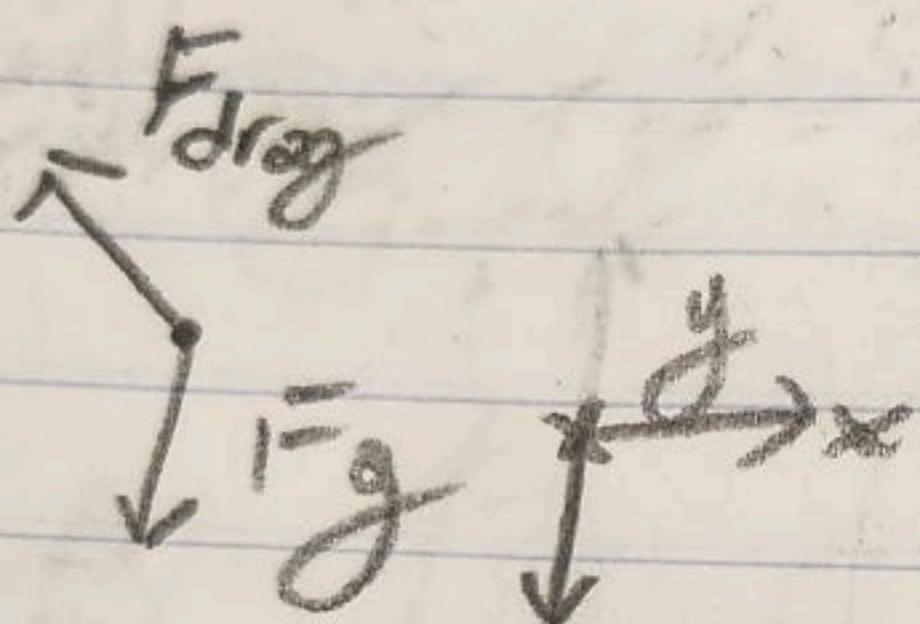
$$\vec{r}(t) * \vec{r}(t_0) = h \vec{e}_y$$

$$\vec{v}(t_0) = \sqrt{v_x^2 e_x + v_y^2 e_y}$$

Take  $\vec{F}_{grav} = -mg \vec{e}_y$

$$\vec{F}_d = -D_v \vec{v}$$

52.)



$$\vec{F}_z = \vec{F}_g - \vec{F}_{drag}$$

$$\vec{a}_z = \vec{a}_g - D_v \frac{\vec{v}}{m}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \cancel{D_v \frac{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{a}_g}{m}}$$

$$\ddot{y} = \cancel{g} - D_v \frac{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{a}_g}{m}$$

obligatory

~~start with initial velocity direction.~~

Ex. 5 cht.  
5b).

IVP?

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{y} &= 0 \\ \ddot{y} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\ddot{y} = -g + \frac{D}{m} \dot{y}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{y} = -g + \frac{D}{m} \dot{y}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d\dot{y}}{dt} = -g + \frac{D}{m} \dot{y}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow (-g + \frac{D}{m} \dot{y})' dt = d\dot{y} \Rightarrow \int \frac{d\dot{y}}{-g + \frac{D}{m} \dot{y}} = t + c$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{1}{u} \cdot \frac{m}{D} du = t + c$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{m}{D} \ln|u| = t + c \Rightarrow e^{\frac{m}{D} u} = e^{t+c} = ce^t$$

$$\Rightarrow u = ce^t \Rightarrow -g + \frac{D}{m} \dot{y} = ce^t \Rightarrow \dot{y} = ce^t + g$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{d\dot{y}}{-g + \frac{D}{m} \dot{y}^2} = t + c$$

$$u = \sqrt{\frac{D}{mg}} \dot{y}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{du}{\frac{g}{\dot{y}} - \frac{D}{mg} \dot{y}^2} = -\frac{1}{g} \int \frac{du}{1 - (\sqrt{\frac{D}{mg}} \dot{y})^2} = t + c$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow -\int \frac{du}{\frac{g}{\dot{y}} - \frac{D}{mg} \dot{y}^2} = -\frac{1}{g} \int \frac{du}{1 - u^2} = -\int \frac{du}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} \cdot \left[ -\frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{u-1}{u+1} \right) \right] = t + c$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} = \frac{u-1}{u+1} = 1 + \frac{-2}{u+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow ce^{-2t} = 1 + \frac{-2}{u+1} \Rightarrow ce^{-2t} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{u+1} = \frac{2}{u+1} \rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow ce^{-2t} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{u+1} \Rightarrow u+1 = \frac{1}{ce^{-2t} + \frac{1}{2}}$$
 ~~$\Rightarrow u = \frac{1}{ce^{-2t} + \frac{1}{2}} + 1$~~ 

$$\Rightarrow \frac{u}{\sqrt{mg}} \cdot y_g = \frac{1}{ce^{-2t} + \frac{1}{2}} + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow v_g = \boxed{\sqrt{\frac{D}{mg}} \left( \frac{1}{ce^{-2t} + \frac{1}{2}} + 1 \right) + \frac{\sqrt{D}}{\sqrt{mg}}}$$

$$V(0) = 0$$

$$0 = \sqrt{\frac{D}{mg}} \left( \frac{1}{ce^{0} + \frac{1}{2}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{D}}{\sqrt{mg}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{c+1}$$

$$-1 = \frac{1}{c+\frac{1}{2}} \Rightarrow c+\frac{1}{2} = -1 \Rightarrow c = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\therefore c = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y_{g,H} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{D}}{\sqrt{mg}} \left( e^{-ct} - 1 \right) + \frac{\sqrt{D}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}$$

equivalently  $c \neq 0$

$$v(t) = v_0 \tanh\left(\frac{2t}{T_{\text{max}}}\right)$$

Ex. 5 comb. +

(sec. 1)

$$v(t) = v_0 \tanh\left(\frac{gt}{v_0}\right) \quad \frac{dt}{dt} = 1 \quad \frac{dt}{v_0} = \frac{dt}{gt}$$

$$\int v(t) dt = \int v_0 \tanh\left(\frac{gt}{v_0}\right) dt$$

$$y(t) = \frac{v_0^2}{g} \int \tanh(u) du \quad \text{cosh}(-x) = \cosh(x)$$

$$y(t) = \frac{v_0^2}{g} \ln(\cosh(u)) + C$$

$$y(t) = \frac{v_0^2}{g} \ln(\cosh(\frac{gt}{v_0})) + C$$

$$y(0) =$$

$$y(0) = \frac{v_0^2}{g} \ln(\cosh(0)) + C$$

$$0 = \frac{v_0^2}{g} (\ln(1) + C) = 0 + C$$

$$(0=0)$$

$$y(t) = \frac{v_0^2}{g} \ln(\cosh(\frac{gt}{v_0})) + C$$

$$= \frac{v_0^2}{g} \ln(\cosh(\frac{gt}{v_0}))$$

$$v_x = \sqrt{mg}$$

Ex 5. 5c cont.

$$y(t) = -\frac{m}{D} \ln(\cosh(\frac{gt}{\sqrt{D}})) + C_2$$

$$0 = \cancel{\frac{m}{D} \frac{2.2}{0.2} \ln(\cosh(\cancel{0.98t} \sqrt{\frac{9.81 \cdot 0.2}{0.2}} t))} + C_2$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = -\ln(\cosh(\sqrt{g} t)) + C_2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 = \ln(\cosh(\sqrt{g} t))$$

$$\Rightarrow e^2 = \cosh(\sqrt{g} t)$$

$$\Rightarrow \cosh^{-1}(e^2) = t$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\cosh^{-1}(e^2)}{\sqrt{g}} = t = 0.858 \text{ s}$$

~~By definition~~

$$\begin{aligned} M &= 0.2 \text{ kg} \\ g &= 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ g &= 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ y(0) &= 2 \end{aligned}$$