Fundamental errors of data collection & validation undermine claims of 'Ideological Intensification' in STEM

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"@arizonalumni: Good luck to former #UofA student and @NASCAR
champ @KurtBusch as he attempts to race in both the Indy 500 and
Coke 600. #BearDown!"

Efforts to advance Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (hereafter, DEI) at universities in 17 the United States have emerged as another contentious issue in an increasingly polarized 18 political climate (Diep 2023, Kelderman 2023, Kumar 2023). While individuals and 19 organizations critical of DEI often claim that these programs have become increasingly 20 pervasive and ideological (Goad and Chartwell 2022), this assertion is rarely supported with 21 empirical evidence. 22 The National Association of Scholars (i.e., NAS) recently published a report by Mason 23 Goad and Bruce R. Chartwell (Goad and Chartwell 2022) which the authors claim is "the largest quantitative study of the growth of DEI-related language in the sciences" published 25 to date. Goad and Chartwell searched university web pages and Twitter accounts, funding agency databases, and repositories for scientific literature for instances of "DEI-related 27 terminology" (e.g., "diversity", "equity", "justice", "race"). They claim to to have found a dramatic increase in the use of these terms in university communications and the scientific 29 literature since 2010, which they conclude is unambiguous empirical evidence of "ideological intensification" in the academic and scientific arenas (Goad and Chartwell 2022). They also conclude that if these trends continue, "the future of STEM, along with the rest of the academy, is almost certainly imperiled" (see Goad and Chartwell (2022), p. 47), and encourage others to use their data-mining tools and database to conduct similar research. Since the report's release in December 2022, it has been widely hailed and distributed by prominent DEI critics such as Jordan Peterson and Christopher Rufo. 36 Readers of the NAS report — especially those familiar with scientometric research — 37 will quickly identify some glaring analytical shortcomings. Just a few of these are the 38 absence of any formal statistical tests, the use of a single (and questionable) "control" term 39 in literature searches, and using the absolute number of DEI-related tweets or scholarly

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publications emerging from universities in their analyses and graphs (Fig. 1). This last issue
   is particularly egregious - the increases they purport to have documented, and which they
   attribute to institutions increasingly emphasizing "DEI ideology" over science, are simply an
   artefact of overall scientific productivity and university of Twitter having increased
   dramatically since 2010. In other words, the increases they report are precisely what one
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   would expect even if institutional effort over time had remained unchanged. Indeed, I posit
   that had Goad and Chartwell correctly compared the proportion of university publications or
   tweets that were DEI-related, they might well have discovered a decline over time.
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        That said, none of this actually matters in light of what I discovered when accepting a
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   challenge made by the report's authors in their Technical Appendix (p. 48–50).
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        Goad and Chartwell made the laudable decision to make their code publicly available
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   (National Association of Scholars 2022a), along with the 'clean' data on which they base
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   their conclusions (National Association of Scholars 2022b), "so that other analysts can
   scrutinize the methods and replicate them" (Goad and Chartwell (2022), p. 48). When I did
   so, I found that they failed to conduct even the most rudimentary data validation procedures
   prior to text-mining. Using standard tools and simple methods, I found that their "clean"
   data sets contain thousands of irrelevant records and duplications [Supplementary Materials
   and Methods. Notable examples include the tweet that opened this Letter — one of over
   12000 about topics ranging from sporting events ("race") to members of the Supreme Court
   ("justice") to hedge funds ("equity") — along with almost 2000 NSF grants for ecological
   and evolutionary research on species "diversity", and hundreds of "DEI articles in STEM
   journals" that were actually published in outlets such as Critical Sociology, The Medical Law
   Review, and The Annual Review of Law and Social Science (see Supplementary Materials).
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        Research from think tanks and advocacy organizations heavily influences policy,
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   legislation, and contemporary debates related to scientific research and higher education
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   (Gándara and Ness 2019, Baig et al. 2020). Computational approaches can greatly expand
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   the scope and impact of this research, but only if the conclusions are based on robust
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- methods and reliable data. Furthermore, methodological transparency by organizations
 publishing outside of the traditional scholarly literature are commendable, but only when
 accompanied by self-accountability. Because the conclusions in Goad and Chartwell's report
 were based solely on datasets that are clearly of questionable quality, the NAS should adhere
 to its principles and retract the report. Failure to do so would be an ironic example of what
 they claim has become pervasive in university settings: the prioritizing of ideology over
- 74 intellectual rigor.

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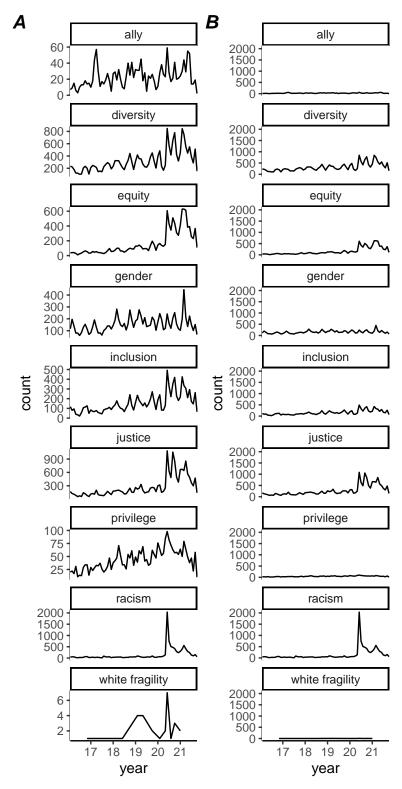


Figure 1: (A) Subset of Figure 8 from the NAS report ('Fig 8: DEI-related Tweets from all school-related accounts by DEI term'); the floating y-axes accentuate negligible increases in very rare terms. (B) The same panels as in A, but with identical y-axes for all panels scaled by the frequency of the most common term. Note that both of these figures were made with the original, uncorrected NAS data, so the actual number of tweets for each term is actually much lower.

Supplementary Materials for

Fundamental errors of data collection & validation undermine claims of 'Ideological Intensification' in STEM

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131 Materials and Methods: Cleaning and Validation of NAS data

- Below I present a brief overview of the methods used to review the contents of 5
- 133 datasets used by Goad and Chartwell to visualize trends in DEI-language use. These
- 134 datasets can be found in the 'out/twitter', 'out/grants', and 'out/scholarship'
- 135 folders of the NAS Report's Github repository (Goad 2023).
- 136 1. University Twitter accounts: tweets clean.csv
- 2. National Science Foundation (i.e., NSF) grants: nsf all grants summary data.csv
- 3. National Institutes of Health (i.e., NIH) grants: nih_parsed_all.fst
- 4. Scientific publications indexed in Google Scholar: google_scholar.fst
- 5. Scientific publications indexed in PubMed: pubmed.fst
- 141 Although many of these errors would be detected immediately by simply scanning the
- 142 datasets, I wrote code in the R statistical programming language (R Core Team 2020) to
- 143 conduct some simple data validation tests. This code, which included functions from the
- 144 tidyverse (Wickham et al. 2019), textedit (Rinker 2018), and janitor (Firke 2021)
- 145 libraries for cleaning, filtering, de-duplicating, and summarizing data frames, is available on
- 146 Github (https://github.com/embruna/quantdei_nas). The github repository also includes
- 147 .csv files of output of these validations (e.g., lists of duplicated records). Below I provide
- 148 summaries and representative examples of the errors revealed by the validation tests.

150 1. University Twitter accounts

151 Methods

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- Goad and Chartwell¹ searched 895 university accounts for over 20 terms they define as
- 153 DEI-related (Goad and Chartwell 2022). They used the resulting dataset of N = 151284
- 154 tweets ('tweets clean.csv') to graph the use of the DEI-terms over time. Many of the
- 155 terms for which they searched, however, have uses and meanings beyond DEI. For instance,

 $^{^{16} \}mathrm{Bruce}$ R. Chartwell' is a pseudonym, see Footnote 1 on https://www.nas.org/reports/ideological-intensification/full-report

"race" could refer to competitions or athletic events, "ally" is a common nickname for "Allison", "justice" is the title used by members of federal or state bench, and introductions are often prefaced by the phrase "it is my privilege to...".

159 I reviewed Goad and Chartwell's twitter dataset for tweets that might be using seven of their DEI-related search terms in a non-DEI context. These terms were: "advocacy", "ally", 160 "diversity", "equity", "justice", "privilege", and "race". I first filtered 'tweets_clean.csv' 161 for all tweets they assigned to a term (e.g., "race"), then searched this subset of tweets for 162strings related to non-DEI uses of that term (e.g., "5K", "nascar", "sailing", "swim", 163 "ncaa", "cross country"). To ensure that the resulting tweets were not related to DEI, I 165 eliminated any that included the entire suite of DEI-terms with which Goad and Chartwell conducted their searches (e.g., "racism", "equality", "gender", "social justice", "blm"), along 166 167 with some additional terms that review of the output could be interpreted as DEI-related². Note that this method provides a conservative estimate of any non-DEI tweets that were 169 included in Goad and Chartwell's analyses, as it only captures tweets using the non-DEI 170 terms for which I searched. The code with the complete list of these terms can be found in 171 "validation code/twitter errors.R", while the file 'validation_output/twitter_notdei.csv' contains the non-DEI tweets returned by the 172

174

173

175 Results

algorithm (see also Table S1 for examples).

The seven search terms reviewed comprise N = 97337 tweets, which is 64.34% of Goad and Chartwell's twitter dataset. With the conservative validation method described above, I found that 11.9% of the tweets for the seven focal terms were not actually DEI-related, with

²Terms used to exclude potential DEI-related tweets: "1619 project", "advocacy", "ally", "justice", "privilege", "diversity", "diverse" "anti-racism", "antiracism", "black lives", "black lives matter", "blm", "civil right", "critical race theory", "culturally sensitive", "discrimination", "equality", "equity", "gender", "george floyd", "inequality", "implicit bias", "indigenous", "inclusion", "intersectional", "inclusive", "kendi", "microaggression", "minority", "multicultural", "oppression", "racism", "racial", "racist", "reform", "social justice", "social change", "systemic racism", "transgender", "underrepresented", "white fragility", "white supremacy"

179 the percentage of irrelevant tweets for a given term ranging from 1.89 - 36.7% (Table 2).

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2. NIH and NSF grants

182 Methods

183 A review of Goad and Chartwell's data for gathering and processing NSF and NIH data 184 and the resulting output revealed two potential sources of error. First, they failed to correct 185 for the mechanism by which these agencies transfer funds to the different institutions 186 collaborating on a successful proposal. When a grant proposal that includes collaborators at 187 different institutions is selected for funding, the agency will transfer each researcher's portion 188 of the grant's budget directly to each institution. A single successful grant proposal may therefore be represented in the agency's database by multiple "awards". By not consolidating 189 190 different awards for the same proposal in their dataset, Goad and Chartwell could vastly inflate their sample sizes for the number of DEI-related grants awarded by NSF and NIH. 192 They also failed to verify that the grants returned by their search were in fact DEI-related. 193 I searched for potential duplications in the 'nsf_all_grants_summary_data.csv' and 194 'nih parsed all.fst' files by filtering for grants with identical titles (NSF) or title and 195 program officer responsible (NIH). The exceptions were records for which the title provided 196 was the name of the program making the award (e.g., Postdoctoral Fellowship program, 197 Graduate Reserach Fellowship program, Waterman awards); all of these records were maintained. The file 'grants dupes.csv' (Bruna 2023) contains all duplicated grant 198 199 records. 200 To search for the potential inclusion in their dataset of non-DEI awards, I filtered to include on NSF grants they flagged as "DEI-Diversity", and excluded all grants whose titles 201 202 included the DEI-related terms applied to the Twitter dataset. I also conducted a narrower 203 search by filtering with a set of terms frequently used in the titles of grants investigating 204 ecological or evolutionary diversity. The resulting datasets are 205 'validation output/grants nsf diversity wide.csv' and

- 'validation_output/grants_nsf_diversity.csv' (Bruna 2023). Code for both of these analyses is at "validation code/grant errors.R" (Bruna 2023).
- 208 Results
- By failing to consolidate financial awards to collaborators working on the same grant,
- 210 Goad and Chartwell inflated their sample sized by 20.55% and 200%, respectively. After
- 211 deduplicating the awards from NSF and reviewing those they flag as DEI-related, I found
- 212 that at least N = 1882, and possibly as many as 7046 of these are actually grants for
- 213 ecological or evolutionary research on genetic, phylogenetic, or species diversity (see Table S3
- 214 for examples). This represents 25.42-95.18% of the grants in this DEI category. This
- 215 represents 25.42-95.18% of the grants in this DEI category.

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217 3. Scientific publications in Google Scholar

- 218 Methods
- Finally, Goad and Chartwell sought to identify DEI-related publications in the scientific
- 220 literature. To do so they searched the repositories Google Scholar, arXiv, Web of Science,
- 221 and PubMed for DEI-related articles in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics
- 222 (STEM) journals by using search strings including a STEM-term and one of their
- 223 DEI-related terms (e.g., "biology diversity"). I reviewed their data from Google Scholar
- 224 ('google scholar.fst') and Pubmed ('google scholar.fst') for duplicates and to
- 225 verify the journal titles using procedures similar to those for Twitter and grant data (see
- 226 "validation code/publication errors.R" and output files
- 227 'gs_neurology_examples.csv' and 'pm_nondei_examples.csv').
- 228 Results
- Goad and Chartwell once again failed to search their results for duplicate records. As a
- 230 result the 2.0537×10^4 duplicates that remained in these datasets inflated their estimate of
- 231 DEI-related publications in Google Scholar and PubMed by 18.74% and 26.7%. They also
- 232 failed to exclude hundreds of articles that were published in cultural studies, humanities, and

- 233 legal journals (Table 4 and), as well as thousands of non-DEI articles on topics ranging from
- 234 palliative care for cancer patients to transcatheter agric valve replacements (see Table S5).

235 4. Conclusion

- The data used in Goad and Chartwell's NAS report includes thousands of duplications
- 237 and irrelevant records. It is important to emphasize that the error estimates presented are
- 238 conservative, as the procedures described here are merely a "first pass" using relatively
- 239 simple methods; more robust validation efforts, for example using keyword co-associations,
- 240 will almost certainly identify additional errors.

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Table S1: Minimum number of irrelevant tweets attributed by Goad and Chartwell to seven different DEI terms, the total number of tweets for each term in their original dataset, and the minimum percentage of irrelevant tweets.

DEI Term	Irrelevant Tweets (N)	Total Tweets (N)	% Irrelevant
diversity	502	26499	1.89
equity	454	11883	3.82
justice	2270	21707	10.46
advocacy	729	6311	11.55
race	5763	25187	22.88
ally	515	2074	24.83
privilege	1349	3676	36.70

Table S2: Sample tweets erroneously considered DEI-related twitter activity. Tweets have been truncated at 140 characters and all twitter handles, urls, emojis, and emoticons have been removed for clarity; complete tweets are at (5).

Term	Ex	Tweet
advocacy	1	a passionate physician and educator committed of medical education, patient advocacy and community medicine, @-
		awards sarah coles ' ' its alumna of the year honor.
	2	rsvp today for a day of legislative advocacy at the state capitol! fundazstudents
	3	join fellow wildcats for a day of legislative advocacy at the arizona state capitol on march . fundazstudents
	4	work with uofa state relations to advocate for the university at the state legislature. become an advocat:
	5	the basic trial advocacy class at the $@-$ school argued their case in a mock trial on saturday, nov
ally	1	@— y grades can be given for students if the faculty member decides and student approves in writing. please visit for
		details (look under the students-academic section)
	2	@— congratulations!
	3	@— welcome to the sun devil family!
	4	@- @- congratulations!
	5	$@- @- @- congrats \ on \ your \ accomplishments, \ a sugrad! \ we're \ proud \ to \ celebrate \ with \ you \ today!$
diversity	1	asuyearinreview: arizona has the greatest diversity of rattlesnakes anywhere in the world. @— snake e tongue
		sticking out ert dale denardo offers these tips on what to do and not do if you encounter one.
	2	rt @—: mya, an asteroid hit the yucatn, killing $\sim\%$ of earth's life diversity. tonight learn the stories it left in the
		ground.
	3	@— there are , known species of ants. actual number is probably x that. diversity of their social organization is
		remarkable

- a new university of arizona-led study uses big data to assess why the diversity of species varies across the globe. hint: it's not just about temperature, what researchers learned changes our understanding of future diversity in a warming world.
- a new study co-authored by university of arizona researchers provides the first quantitative assessment of how environmental policies on deforestation, along with forest fires and drought, have impacted the diversity of plants and animals in the amazon.

equity

- access to clean water should be a human right, but there is a price for providing it. the @-'s kyl center for water policy recently released "" tenets of water equity,"" discussing this very issue.
- rt @-: haven't seen our retirement and personfinance blog @- @-? please check it out! recent articl
- ""highly speculative:"" prof. renee jones talks to @- about private equity ""unicorn"" start ups and the dangers of deregulation
- rt @-: congrats!! alex mancebo, @- boston office, focuses his practice on private equity, m a, and other complex business tran
- rt @-: thanks to benjamin clinger of @- for his crash course on private equity m a at today's @- lea

justice

- @- will honor the legacy of supreme court justice sandra day oconnor with the national premiere of sandra day oconnor: the first, you won't want to miss this special documentary!
- .@- researchers have found that there is a higher likelihood of receiving a false guilty plea during the covid pandemic. read more about how the criminal justice system has changed during the pandemic
- two weeks before her first year at asu, carson swisher changed her major, and it changed her life. now the asugrad has a criminal justice degree from @- and hopes to work in the legal system as a prosecutor and then a judge!
- .@-'s home in washington, d.c., is the first building in the nation's capital named for two remarkable women: retired supreme court justice sandra day o'connor and former u.s. secretary of the air force barbara barrett.

- 5 .@-'s popular bachelor's program in justice studies is now available through @-, creating additional opportunities for students to pursue a degree. : file
- privilege 1 rt @-: years ago today, beardown was born. it is a privilege to recognize the legacy of john byrd ""button"" salmon beardown f
 - 2 rt @-: thank u @- @- for this very special honor. it's a privilege to work with all of you @- @-
 - 3 rt @-: two of the greatest guys i have ever had the privilege of working with over the years. great representaives of @-
 - 4 rt @-: i had the privilege of popping up on kids a couple days ago.. blessed
 - 5 rt @-: years ago today, beardown was born. it is a privilege to recognize the legacy of john byrd ""button"" salmon beardown f

race

- 1 join the @- for the jeff coombs memorial virtual road race and boston marathon celebration.
- 2 ronald a. wilson, ua title ix director and a former presiding judge for the city of south tucson, will speak about the historical relationships between the law and race in the u.s. on feb., p.m. the lecture is free and open to the public.
- $3\,$ $\,$ join the @- in the jeff coombs memorial road race on sept. . register here:
- 4 rt @-: artificial intelligence wont be spawning supercomputers or robots programmed to end the human race. ai will be working with us
- 5 good luck to former uofa student and @- champ @- as he attempts to race in both the indy and coke . beardown!

Table S3: Ex non-DEI NSF grants that were included in the NAS database as 'DEI: Diversity-related'.

Ex	Grant Title
1	estimation & observation of stochastic biochemical networks
2	workshop proposal for deep time earth-life observatories (detelos)
3	applying bathymetric lidar to advance marine landscape ecology in the third dimension
4	achieving heightened goals: undergraduate research in ecology at the mountain research station
5	integrative biology and ecology of marine organisms
6	vision 2020: an open space technology workshop on the future of earthquake engineering; st. louis, missouri; january 2010
7	summer fellowships in biogeochemistry and climate change
8	network for earthquake engineering simulation - reducing seismic vulnerability
9	undergraduate research experiences in tropical conservation science
10	the cepob3b young cluster: a new laboratory for studying the role of environment in planet formation and cluster evolution
11	diversification and evolution of major trophic modes in the xylariaceae: exploring the role of previously unknown symbiotrophic and saprotrophic fungi
12	plant use and domestic economy among eurasian mobile pastoralists: semirech'ye, kazakhstan during the bronze and iron age interface
13	plant-herbivore community assembly and the problem of specificity: do insect herbivores specialize among sympatric, congeneric plants in tropical forests?
14	factors that influence the amount and pattern of genetic diversity in zymv
15	the consequences of global events on vertebrate biodiversity: the paleozoic actinopterygian radiation
16	the latitudinal gradient in plant diversity: evidence from the sedges.
17	integrating morphology, molecules and ecology to understand diversification and species coexistence within the madagascar olive, noronhia
	(oleaceae)
18	characterization of foliar fungal endophyte communities of sequoia sempervirens and investigation of their symbiotic relationship
19	plant chemical defenses and nectar traits mediating floral competition
20	hydrological controls of riverine ecosystems of the napo river (amazon basin): implications for the management and conservation of biodiversity

Table S4: A sample of non-STEM journals with articles that were treated as DEI-publications in STEM outlets (with the number of articles from each).

Repository	Source	N
Google Scholar	race ethnicity and education	
	race & class	
	science education	25
	educational studies in mathematics	24
	journal of chemical education	19
	cbelife sciences education	17
	physics teacher	17
	educational researcher	14
	cultural studies of science education	13
	physical review physics education research	13
	annual review of law and social science	12
	journal of mathematics teacher education	12
	race, gender & class	12
	teachers college record	12
	teaching race and anti-racism in contemporary	12
	urban education	12
	cambridge journal of education	11
	critical sociology	11
	journal for research in mathematics education	11
	journal of negro education	11
PubMed	j law med ethics	142
	int j law psychiatry	122
	j urban health	108
	j health polit policy law	92
	hosp law newsl	89
	law hum behav	86
	behav sci law	80
	j am acad psychiatry law	66
	med law	64
	j law med	49
	contraception	45
	am j law med	40
	j contemp health law policy	38
	health law vigil	33
	annu rev popul law	31
	med sci law	31
	j health hosp law	30
	med law rev	30
	law med health care	27
	aids policy law	

Table S5: Sample non-DEI articles included by Goad and Chartwell in their analysis of DEI-publications in STEM journals.

Repository	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{x}$	Title	Year	Source
Google Scholar	1	translating the biology of aging into novel the rapeutics for alzheimer disease	2019	neurology
	2	revisiting protein aggregation as pathogenic in sporadic parkinson and alzheimer diseases	2019	neurology
	3	revised airlie house consensus guidelines for design and implementation of als clinical trials	2019	neurology
	4	novel biomarker signatures for idiopathic rem sleep behavior disorder a proteomic and system biology approach	2018	neurology
	5	the biology of cutaneous neurofibromas consensus recommendations for setting research priorities	2018	neurology
	6	serum neurofilament light in familial alzheimer disease a marker of early neurodegeneration	2017	neurology
	7	the autism epidemic ethical legal and social issues in a developmental spectrum disorder	2017	neurology
	8	biological tumor volume in 18fetpet before radiochemotherapy correlates with survival in gbm	2015	neurology
	9	dystrophin quantification biological and translational research implications	2014	neurology
	10	defining the clinical course of multiple sclerosis the 2013 revisions	2014	neurology
PubMed	1	exploring us shifts in antiasian sentiment with the emergence of covid19	2020	int j environ res public health
	2	a critical review of theory in breast cancer screening promotion across cultures	2008	annu rev public health
	3	navigating uncertainty employment and womens safety during covid19 reflections of sexual assault resistance educators	2020	gend work organ
	4	chronographic theory of development aging and origin of cancer role of chronomeres and printomeres	2015	curr aging sci
	5	there is a balm in gilead black social workers spiritual counterstory on the covid19 crisis	2020	soc work public health
	6	like i have no choice a qualitative exploration of hiv diagnosis and medical care experiences while incarcerated and their effects	2019	behav med
	7	interventions that retain african americans in hivaids treatment implications for social work practice and research	2015	soc work
	8	hivaids a minority health issue	2005	med clin north am
	9	lower hiv prevalence among asian pacific islander men who have sex with men a critical review for possible reasons	2011	aids behav
	10	culture in cancer survivorship interventions for asian americans a systematic review and critical analyses	2021	asian am j psychol