Fundamental errors of data collection & validation undermine claims of 'Ideological Intensification' made by the National Association of Scholars

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"@arizonalumni: Good luck to former #UofA student and @NASCAR champ @KurtBusch as he attempts to race in both the Indy 500 and Coke 600. #BearDown!"

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Efforts to advance Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (hereafter, DEI) at universities in the United States have emerged as another contentious issue in an increasingly polarized political climate (1-3). While individuals and organizations critical of DEI often claim that these programs have become increasingly pervasive and ideological (4), this assertion is rarely supported with empirical evidence.

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The National Association of Scholars (i.e., NAS) recently published a report by Mason 24 Goad and Bruce R. Chartwell (4) which the authors claim is "the largest quantitative study of the growth of DEI-related language in the sciences" published to date. Goad and 26 Chartwell searched university web pages and Twitter accounts, funding agency databases, and repositories for scientific literature to quantify changes over time in the use of 28 "DEI-related terminology" (e.g., "diversity", "equity", "justice", "race"). They claim to show a dramatic increase in the use of these terms in university communications and the scientific literature since 2010, which they view as unambiguous empirical evidence of 31 "ideological intensification" in the academic and scientific arenas (4). Goad and Chartwell 32 conclude that if these trends continue, "the future of STEM, along with the rest of the 33 academy, is almost certainly imperiled" (see (4), p. 47), so they encourage others to use their data-mining tools and database to conduct similar research. Since the report's release in December 2022, it has been widely hailed and distributed by prominent DEI critics such as Jordan Peterson and Christopher Rufo (5, 6).

Goad and Chartwell made the laudable decision to post the code used to harvest and 39 process the records used in their report (7), along with the "clean" data used to graph the trends on which they base their conclusions (8), "so that other analysts can scrutinize the 41 methods and replicate them" (see (4), p. 48). Having done so (9-12, 13, Supplementary)Materials and Methods). I conclude that they failed to conduct even the most rudimentary 43 data validation procedures, and that the "clean" data sets with which they conducted their analyses contain thousands of irrelevant records and duplications. Notable examples 45 include the tweet that opened this letter - one of over 12000 about topics ranging from sporting events ("race") to members of the Supreme Court ("justice") to hedge funds 47 ("equity", Tables S1,S2) - along with almost 2000 NSF grants for ecological and evolutionary research on species "diversity" (table S3), and hundreds of "DEI articles in STEM journals" that were actually published in outlets such as Critical Sociology, The Medical Law Review, and The Annual Review of Law and Social Science (table S4). 51 52

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Policy Institutes play a vital role in shaping higher education and research policy, but only
when they put scholarship ahead of ideology. Goad and Chartwell's conclusions regarding
the prevalence of DEI in STEM were based entirely on visualizations of fundamentally
flawed datasets. The NAS should retract their report immediately; failure to do so
undermines both the integrity and intellectual rigor that they and the report's authors
claim to espouse as fundamental principles.

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Supplementary Materials for

Fundamental errors of data collection & validation undermine claims of 'Ideological Intensification' made by the National Association of Scholars

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The PDF file includes:

 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Materials~and~Methods} \\ {\rm Tables~S1~to~S5} \end{array}$

Supplementary Text: NAS Data Cleaning and Validation 29

Below I present a brief overview of the methods used to review the contents of 5 datasets used by Goad and Chartwell to visualize trends in DEI-language use. These datasets can be found in the 'out/twitter', 'out/grants', and 'out/scholarship' folders of the NAS Report's Github repository 33 (1).

- 1. University Twitter accounts: tweets clean.csv
- 35 2. National Science Foundation (i.e., NSF) grants: nsf_all_grants_summary_data.csv
 - 3. National Institutes of Health (i.e., NIH) grants: nih_parsed_all.fst
 - 4. Scientific publications indexed in Google Scholar: google scholar.fst
 - 5. Scientific publications indexed in PubMed: pubmed.fst

Although many of these errors would be detected immediately by simply scanning the datasets, I wrote code in the R statistical programming language (2) to conduct some simple data validation tests. This code, which included functions from the tidyverse (3), textedit (4), and janitor (5) libraries for cleaning, filtering, de-duplicating, and summarizing data frames, is available on Github (https://github.com/embruna/quantdei nas). The github repository also includes .csv files of output of these validations (e.g., lists of duplicated records). Below I provide summaries and representative examples of the errors revealed by the validation tests.

University Twitter accounts

Methods

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Goad and Chartwell searched 895 university accounts for over 20 terms they define as DEI-related (6). They used the resulting dataset of N = 151284 tweets ('tweets_clean.csv') to graph the use of the DEI-terms over time. Many of the terms for which they searched, however, have uses and meanings beyond DEI. For instance, "race" could refer to competitions or athletic events, "ally" is a common nickname for "Allison", "justice" is the title used by members of federal or state bench, and introductions are often prefaced by the phrase "it is my privilege to...".

I reviewed Goad and Chartwell's twitter dataset for tweets that might be using seven of their DEI-related search terms in a non-DEI context. These terms were: "advocacy", "ally", "diversity", "equity", "justice", "privilege", and "race". I first filtered 'tweets_clean.csv' for all tweets they assigned to a term (e.g., "race"), then searched this subset of tweets for strings related to non-DEI uses of that term (e.g., "5K", "nascar", "sailing", "swim", "ncaa", "cross country"). To ensure that the resulting tweets were not related to DEI, I eliminated any that included the entire suite of DEI-terms with which Goad and Chartwell conducted their searches (e.g., "racism", "equality", "gender", "social justice", "blm"), along with some additional terms that review of the output could be interpreted as DEI-related¹. Note that this method provides a conservative estimate of any non-DEI tweets that were included in Goad and Chartwell's analyses, as it only captures tweets using the non-DEI terms for which I searched. The code with the complete list of these terms can be found in "validation code/twitter_errors.R", while the file 'validation_output/twitter_notdei.csv' contains the non-DEI tweets returned by the algorithm (see also Table S1 for examples).

Results

The seven search terms reviewed comprise N = 97337 tweets, which is 64.34% of Goad and Chartwell's twitter dataset. With the conservative validation method described above, I found that 11.9% of the tweets for the seven focal terms were not actually DEI-related, with the percentage of irrelevant tweets for a given term ranging from 1.89 - 36.7% (Table 2).

 $^{^{1}}$ terms exclude potential DEI-related tweets: "1619 project", "ally", used "advocacy", "privilege", "diversity", "diverse" "anti-racism", "antiracism", "black lives", "black lives matter", "blm", "civil right", "critical race theory", "culturally sensitive", "discrimination", "equality", "equity", "gender", "george floyd", "inequality", "implicit bias", "indigenous", "inclusion", "intersectional", "inclusive", "kendi", "microaggression", "minority", "multicultural", "oppression", "racism", "racist", "reform", "social justice", "social change", "systemic racism", "transgender", "underrepresented", "white fragility", "white supremacy"

NIH and NSF grants

Methods

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A review of Goad and Chartwell's data for gathering and processing NSF and NIH data and the resulting output revealed two potential sources of error. First, they failed to correct for the mechanism by which these agencies transfer funds to the different institutions collaborating on a successful proposal. When a grant proposal that includes collaborators at different institutions is selected for funding, the agency will transfer each researcher's portion of the grant's budget directly to each institution. A single successful grant proposal may therefore be represented in the agency's database by multiple "awards". By not consolidating different awards for the same proposal in their dataset, Goad and Chartwell could vastly inflate their sample sizes for the number of DEI-related grants awarded by NSF and NIH. They also failed to verify that the grants returned by their search were in fact DEI-related.

I searched for potential duplications in the 'nsf_all_grants_summary_data.csv' and 'nih_parsed_all.fst' files by filtering for grants with identical titles (NSF) or title and program officer responsible (NIH). The exceptions were records for which the title provided was the name of the program making the award (e.g., Postdoctoral Fellowship program, Graduate Reserach Fellowship program, Waterman awards); all of these records were maintained. The file 'grants_dupes.csv' (7) contains all duplicated grant records.

To search for the potential inclusion in their dataset of non-DEI awards, I filtered to include on NSF grants they flagged as "DEI-Diversity", and excluded all grants whose titles included the DEI-related terms applied to the Twitter dataset. I also conducted a narrower search by filtering with a set of terms frequently used in the titles of grants investigating ecological or evolutionary diversity. The resulting datasets are 'validation_output/grants_nsf_diversity_wide.csv' and 'validation_output/grants_nsf_diversity.csv' (7). Code for both of these analyses is at "validation_code/grant_errors.R" (7).

100 Results

By failing to consolidate financial awards to collaborators working on the same grant, Goad and Chartwell inflated their sample sized by 20.55% and 200%, respectively. After deduplicating the awards from NSF and reviewing those they flag as DEI-related, I found that at least N=1884, and possibly as many as 7054 of these are actually grants for ecological or evolutionary research on genetic, phylogenetic, or species diversity (see Table S3 for examples). This represents 25.45-95.29% of the grants in this DEI category. This represents 25.45-95.29% of the grants in this DEI category.

Scientific publications in Google Scholar

109 Methods

Finally, Goad and Chartwell sought to identify DEI-related publications in the scientific literature. To do so they searched the repositories Google Scholar, arXiv, Web of Science, and PubMed for DEI-related articles in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) journals by using search strings including a STEM-term and one of their DEI-related terms (e.g., "biology diversity"). I reviewed their data from Google Scholar ('google_scholar.fst') and Pubmed ('google_scholar.fst') for duplicates and to verify the journal titles using procedures similar to those for Twitter and grant data (see "validation code/publication_errors.R" and output files 'gs_neurology_examples.csv' and 'pm_nondei_examples.csv').

119 Results

Goad and Chartwell once again failed to search their results for duplicate records. As a result the 2.0537×10^4 duplicates that remained in these datasets inflated their estimate of DEI-related publications in Google Scholar and PubMed by 18.74% and 26.7%. They also failed to exclude hundreds of articles that were published in cultural studies, humanities, and legal journals (Table 4 and), as well as thousands of

124 non-DEI articles on topics ranging from palliative care for cancer patients to transcatheter aortic valve 125 replacements (see Table S5).

126127 Conclusion

The data used in Goad and Chartwell's NAS report includes thousands of duplications and irrelevant records. It is important to emphasize that the error estimates presented are conservative, as the procedures described here are merely a "first pass" using relatively simple methods; more robust validation efforts, for example using keyword co-associations, will almost certainly identify additional errors.

Table S1: Number of irrelevant tweets attributed by Goad and Chartwell to seven different DEI terms, the total number of tweets for each term in their original dataset, and the estimated percentage of irrelevant tweets.

| DEI Term | Irrelevant Tweets (N) | Total Tweets (N) | % Irrelevant |
|-----------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------|
| diversity | 502 | 26499 | 1.89 |
| equity | 454 | 11883 | 3.82 |
| justice | 2270 | 21707 | 10.46 |
| advocacy | 729 | 6311 | 11.55 |
| race | 5763 | 25187 | 22.88 |
| ally | 515 | 2074 | 24.83 |
| privilege | 1349 | 3676 | 36.70 |

Table S2: Sample tweets erroneously considered DEI-related twitter activity. Tweets have been truncated at 140 characters and all twitter handles, urls, emojis, and emoticons have been removed for clarity; complete tweets are at (5).

| Term | Ex | Tweet |
|-----------|----|---|
| advocacy | 1 | a passionate physician and educator committed of medical education, patient advocacy and community medicine, @— awards sarah coles '' its alumna of the year honor. |
| | 2 | rsvp today for a day of legislative advocacy at the state capitol! fundazstudents |
| | 3 | join fellow wildcats for a day of legislative advocacy at the arizona state capitol on march . fundazstudents |
| | 4 | work with uofa state relations to advocate for the university at the state legislature. become an advocat: |
| | 5 | the basic trial advocacy class at the @- school argued their case in a mock trial on saturday, nov |
| ally | 1 | @- y grades can be given for students if the faculty member decides and student approves in writing. please visit for details (look under the students-academic section) |
| | 2 | @- congratulations! |
| | 3 | @— welcome to the sun devil family! |
| | 4 | @- @- congratulations! |
| | 5 | @— @— congrats on your accomplishments, a sugrad! we're proud to celebrate with you today! |
| diversity | 1 | asuyearinreview: arizona has the greatest diversity of rattlesnakes anywhere in the world. @— snake e tongue sticking out ert dale denardo offers these tips on what to do and not do if you encounter one. |
| | 2 | rt @-: mya, an asteroid hit the yucatn, killing ~% of earth's life diversity. tonight learn the stories it left in the ground. |
| | 3 | @— there are , known species of ants. actual number is probably x that. diversity of their social organization is remarkable |
| | 4 | a new university of arizona-led study uses big data to assess why the diversity of species varies across the globe. hint: it's not just about temperature. what researchers learned changes our understanding of future diversity in a warming world. |
| | 5 | a new study co-authored by university of arizona researchers provides the first quantitative assessment of how environmental policies on deforestation, along with forest fires and drought, have impacted the diversity of plants and animals in the amazon. |
| equity | 1 | access to clean water should be a human right, but there is a price for providing it. the @-'s kyl center for water policy recently released "" tenets of water equity,"" discussing this very issue. |
| | 2 | rt @-: haven't seen our retirement and personfinance blog @- @-? please check it out! recent articl |
| | 3 | ""highly speculative:"" prof. renee jones talks to @- about private equity ""unicorn"" start ups and the dangers of deregulation |
| | 4 | rt @-: congrats!! alex mancebo, @- boston office, focuses his practice on private equity, m a, and other complex business tran |
| | 5 | rt @-: thanks to benjamin clinger of @- for his crash course on private equity m a at today's @- lea |

| | justice | 1 | @— will honor the legacy of supreme court justice sandra day oconnor with the national premiere of sandra day oconnor: the first. you won't want to miss this special documentary! | | | |
|---|-----------|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | 2 | .@— researchers have found that there is a higher likelihood of receiving a false guilty plea during the covid | | | |
| | | 3 | pandemic. read more about how the criminal justice system has changed during the pandemic two weeks before her first year at asu, carson swisher changed her major, and it changed her life. now the asugrad | | | |
| | | 4 | has a criminal justice degree from @- and hopes to work in the legal system as a prosecutor and then a judge! .@-'s home in washington, d.c., is the first building in the nation's capital named for two remarkable women: | | | |
| | | 5 | retired supreme court justice sandra day o'connor and former u.s. secretary of the air force barbara barrett@—'s popular bachelor's program in justice studies is now available through @—, creating additional opportunities for students to pursue a degree. : file | | | |
| | privilege | 1 | rt @—: years ago today, beardown was born. it is a privilege to recognize the legacy of john byrd ""button"" salmon beardown f | | | |
| | | 2 | rt @-: thank u @- @- for this very special honor. it's a privilege to work with all of you @- @- | | | |
| | | 3 | rt @-: two of the greatest guys i have ever had the privilege of working with over the years. great representatives of @- | | | |
| | | 4 | rt @-: i had the privilege of popping up on kids a couple days ago blessed | | | |
| | | 5 | rt @-: years ago today, beardown was born. it is a privilege to recognize the legacy of john byrd ""button"" salmon beardown f | | | |
| 1 | race | 1 | join the @- for the jeff coombs memorial virtual road race and boston marathon celebration. | | | |
| | | 2 | ronald a. wilson, ua title ix director and a former presiding judge for the city of south tucson, will speak about the historical relationships between the law and race in the u.s. on feb., - p.m. the lecture is free and open to the public. | | | |
| | | 3 | join the @— in the jeff coombs memorial road race on sept register here: | | | |
| | | 4 | rt @-: artificialintelligence wont be spawning supercomputers or robots programmed to end the human race. ai will be working with us | | | |
| | | 5 | good luck to former uofa student and @- champ @- as he attempts to race in both the indy and coke . beardown! | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Table S3: Ex non-DEI NSF grants that were included in the NAS database as 'DEI: Diversity-related'.

| $\mathbf{E}\mathbf{x}$ | Grant Title | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| 1 | estimation & observation of stochastic biochemical networks | | | |
| 2 | workshop proposal for deep time earth-life observatories (detelos) | | | |
| 3 applying bathymetric lidar to advance marine landscape ecology in the third dimension | | | | |
| 4 | 4 achieving heightened goals: undergraduate research in ecology at the mountain research station | | | |
| 5 integrative biology and ecology of marine organisms | | | | |
| 6 | ed-que2st (enhancing diversity, quality, and understanding of the ecological/evolutionary sciences for tomorrow) | | | |
| 7 | vision 2020: an open space technology workshop on the future of earthquake engineering; st. louis, missouri; january 2010 | | | |
| 8 | summer fellowships in biogeochemistry and climate change | | | |
| 9 | network for earthquake engineering simulation - reducing seismic vulnerability | | | |
| 10 | undergraduate research experiences in tropical conservation science | | | |
| 11 | the cepob3b young cluster: a new laboratory for studying the role of environment in planet formation and cluster evolution | | | |
| 12 | diversification and evolution of major trophic modes in the xylariaceae: exploring the role of previously unknown symbiotrophic and saprotrophic fungi | | | |
| 13 | plant use and domestic economy among eurasian mobile pastoralists: semirech'ye, kazakhstan during the bronze and iron age interface | | | |
| 14 | plant-herbivore community assembly and the problem of specificity: do insect herbivores specialize among sympatric, congeneric plant in tropical forests? | | | |
| 15 | factors that influence the amount and pattern of genetic diversity in zymv | | | |
| 16 | the consequences of global events on vertebrate biodiversity: the paleozoic actinopterygian radiation | | | |
| 17 | the latitudinal gradient in plant diversity: evidence from the sedges. | | | |
| 18 | integrating morphology, molecules and ecology to understand diversification and species coexistence within the madagascar olive, noronhia (oleaceae) | | | |
| 19 | characterization of foliar fungal endophyte communities of sequoia sempervirens and investigation of their symbiotic relationship | | | |
| 20 | plant chemical defenses and nectar traits mediating floral competition | | | |

Table S4: A sample of non-STEM journals with articles that were treated as DEI-publications in STEM outlets (with the number of articles from each).

| Repository | Source | N |
|----------------|---|-----|
| | race ethnicity and education | 48 |
| Google Scholar | race & class | |
| | science education | 25 |
| | educational studies in mathematics | 24 |
| | journal of chemical education | 19 |
| | cbelife sciences education | 17 |
| | physics teacher | 17 |
| | educational researcher | 14 |
| | cultural studies of science education | 13 |
| | physical review physics education research | 13 |
| | annual review of law and social science | 12 |
| | journal of mathematics teacher education | 12 |
| | race, gender & class | 12 |
| | teachers college record | 12 |
| | teaching race and anti-racism in | 12 |
| | contemporary | |
| | urban education | 12 |
| | cambridge journal of education | 11 |
| | critical sociology | 11 |
| | journal for research in mathematics education | 11 |
| | journal of negro education | 11 |
| PubMed | j law med ethics | 142 |
| | int j law psychiatry | 122 |
| | j urban health | 108 |
| | j health polit policy law | 92 |
| | hosp law newsl | 89 |
| | law hum behav | 86 |
| | behav sci law | 80 |
| | j am acad psychiatry law | 66 |
| | med law | 64 |
| | j law med | 49 |
| | contraception | 45 |
| | am j law med | 40 |
| | j contemp health law policy | 38 |
| | health law vigil | 33 |
| | annu rev popul law | 31 |
| | med sci law | 31 |
| | j health hosp law | 30 |
| | med law rev | 30 |
| | law med health care | 27 |
| | | |

Table S5: Sample non-DEI articles included by Goad and Chartwell in their analysis of DEI-publications in STEM journals.

| Repository | Ex | Title | Year | Source |
|-------------------|----|--|------|---------------------------------|
| Google Scholar | 1 | translating the biology of aging into novel the rapeutics for alzheimer disease | 2019 | neurology |
| | 2 | revisiting protein aggregation as pathogenic in sporadic parkinson and alzheimer diseases | 2019 | neurology |
| | 3 | revised airlie house consensus guidelines for design and implementation of als clinical trials | 2019 | neurology |
| | 4 | novel biomarker signatures for idiopathic rem sleep behavior disorder a proteomic and system biology approach | 2018 | neurology |
| | 5 | the biology of cutaneous neurofibromas consensus recommendations for setting research priorities | 2018 | neurology |
| | 6 | serum neurofilament light in familial alzheimer disease a marker of early neurodegeneration | 2017 | neurology |
| | 7 | the autism epidemic ethical legal and social issues in a developmental spectrum disorder | 2017 | neurology |
| | 8 | biological tumor volume in 18fetpet before radiochemotherapy correlates with survival in gbm | 2015 | neurology |
| | 9 | dystrophin quantification biological and translational research implications | 2014 | neurology |
| | 10 | defining the clinical course of multiple sclerosis the 2013 revisions | 2014 | neurology |
| PubMed | 1 | exploring us shifts in antiasian sentiment with the emergence of covid19 | 2020 | int j environ res public health |
| | 2 | a critical review of theory in breast cancer screening promotion across cultures | 2008 | annu rev public health |
| | 3 | navigating uncertainty employment and womens safety during covid19 reflections of sexual assault resistance educators | 2020 | gend work organ |
| | 4 | chronographic theory of development aging and origin of cancer role of chronomeres and printomeres | 2015 | curr aging sci |
| | 5 | there is a balm in gilead black social workers spiritual counterstory on the covid19 crisis | 2020 | soc work public health |
| | 6 | like i have no choice a qualitative exploration of hiv diagnosis and medical care experiences while incarcerated and their effects | 2019 | behav med |
| | 7 | interventions that retain african americans in hivaids treatment implications for social work practice and research | 2015 | soc work |
| | 8 | hivaids a minority health issue | 2005 | med clin north am |
| | 9 | lower hiv prevalence among asian pacific islander men who have sex with men a critical review for possible reasons | 2011 | aids behav |
| | 10 | culture in cancer survivorship interventions for asian americans a systematic review and critical analyses | 2021 | asian am j psychol |