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To be defined

Documentation for the Architecture of an Mobile Application for Preventing
Food Waste

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Abbreviations

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.

UN United Nations.

1 Introduction and Goals

According to the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) in 2019 931 millions tonne of food were wasted [FAO, 2013]. This has environmental, but special social consequences. In a world where approximately 9.9% of the [AAH, 2022] population suffers from hunger that waste percentage sounds paradoxal.

According to United Nations (UN) 5% of the global food loss and waste comes from restaurants [UN, 2022]. The solution for this problem must be locally applied so its effects can be seen in a global structure. To do so we propose to develop a mobile application that connects restaurants, bakeries and or pastries to clients. The former would offer their remaining products, which are still consumable, prior to the closing time, to a small price and the latter would browser in the app to find which shops are offering products.

We as “Clean Up the World ®” are a rising StartUp whose main concerns is to find environmental solutions to daily problems. Our portfolio includes projects about management of waste and optimization of household water usage. This product we want to develop targets small communities, like small cities or regions within a big city, to reduce the amount of wasted consumable food.

With our project we want to achieve the following goals:

- Connect provider with clients, so the former can offer products that the latter can purchase
- Collect statistical data about waste reduction within the provider
- Promote reduction of food waste that still could be consumed
- Allow clients to have a different dining experience.
- Allow provider to promote their products and gather new clients.

1.1 Design Purpose

The main purpose of this architecture is creating exploratory prototype of an App. We aim to test it with potential Stakeholder and regions to analyze their general acceptance and wishes [Cervantes and Kazman, 2016] and get a fast feedback.

This prototype will also make it feasible to identify unknown needs and wishes of the potential Stakeholder, so we can eventually increase the scope of functionality. Exploring this domain will also provide us with information regarding the behavior of our Stakeholder when it comes to buying and serving food that would be wasted, but is still consumable.

1.2 Requirement Overview

The following functionalities should provide a brief description of the main requirements of the app:

Id	Requirement	Description
F-1	Register as Client.	A Client can register to the app with its e-mail.
F-2	Login	After registration Client can login into the app.
F-3	Purchase option	A registered Client can purchase an available offer (see F7).
F-4	Filter/search options	A Client can perform filter and search actions for products.
F-5	Register as Provider	A Provider can register with store and add logos and pictures.
F-6	Create offer	A registered Provider can publish what products they are offering with price and amount.
F-7	Upload offer	A registered Provider can add, edit or remove offers to his catalog.
F-8	Check orders	A registered Provider can check all existing orders.

The following Use Case Diagram displays an overview of the primary functionality of the app:

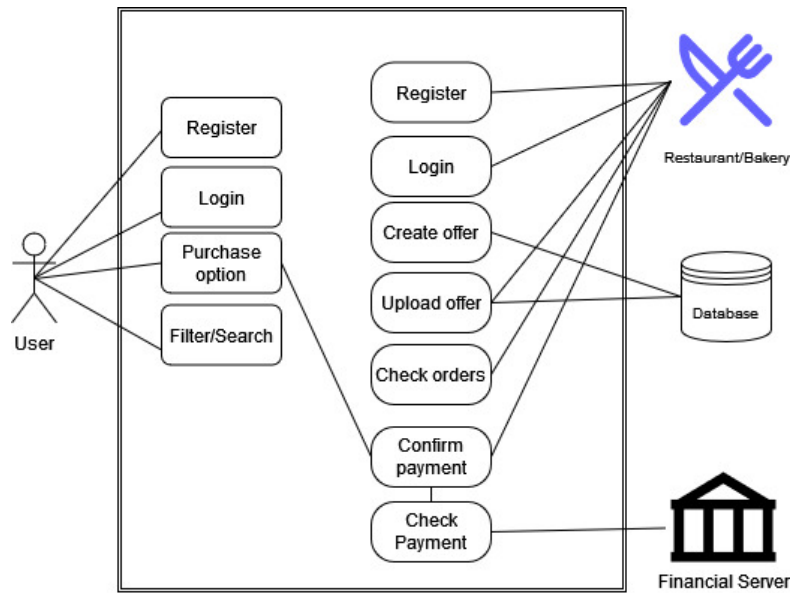


Abbildung 1: Preliminary functions

1.3 Quality Goals

The key qualities of this app are described in the table below:

Quality	Priority	Motivation
Usability	1	The app allows users to perform login, purchase and uploads within maximum 3 steps or page changes. Each step or page contains no more than 140 characters of instruction.
Interoperability	2	The app allows registration and payment using credentials of other platforms (i.g Mobile Payment Gateway and Federated Login).
Performance	3	The app responds to user's interaction within few seconds.

1.4 Stakeholders

The main stakeholders of this app are described in the table below:

Stakeholder	Description
Providers	Owner of a restaurant, bakery or pastry.
Clients	Person who wants to buy last minute products from a provider.
Developers	Team in charge of creating the application using existing tactics and creating new solutions.
Boarding Committee of “Clean Up the Word (R)”	Members of the management team who wants to delivery environmental solution do daily problems
Environment Activist	Part of the society who aims to find environmental solutions to daily problems.

2 4+1 Architectural View Model

In this section we will describe the App using the 4+1 Architectural View Model. With this model we will represent the App using five different views, which should focus on specific elements of the project. Each view provide a different purpose [Kruchten, 1995]. For this project we will provide the 3 following views of the 4+1 Architectural View Model:

- **Scenario view:** simple description for the end user
- **Behaviour view:** description of the existing processes
- **Structural view:** object-oriented decomposition

The scenario view was presented in the section ?? of this project.

2.1 Behaviour view

The following Activity Diagram depicts the register and login procedure within the app.

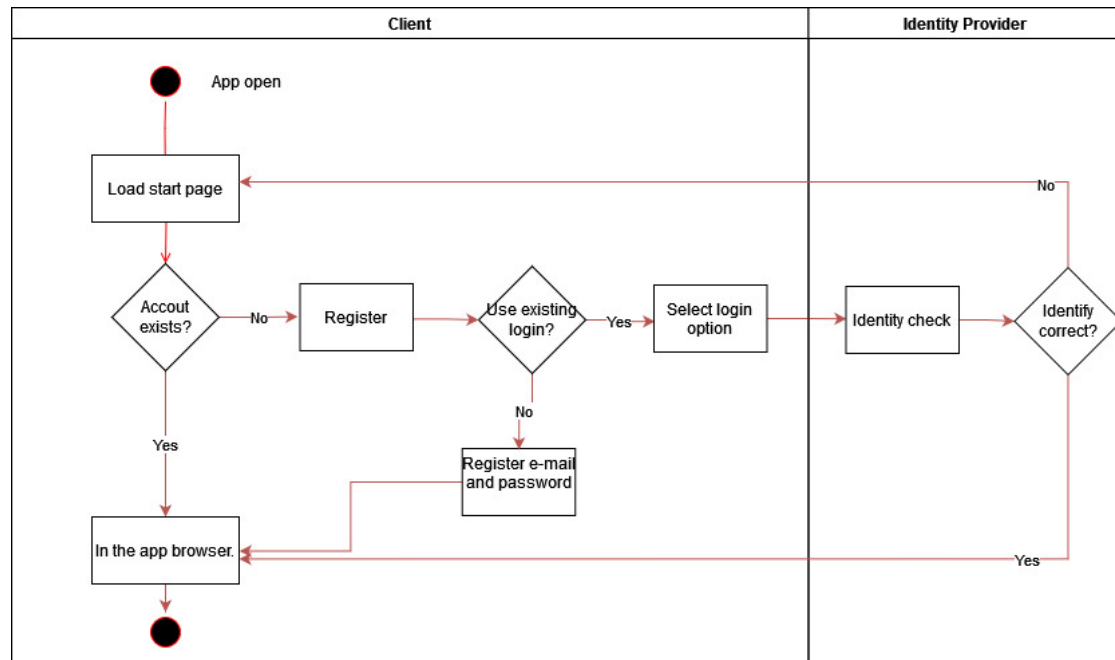


Abbildung 2: Login procedures

2.2 Structural view

To describe this view we choose a Class Diagram. With it we may provide a static description of elements within the structure of our system. They can also be used during the programming process to display what is needed to be done.

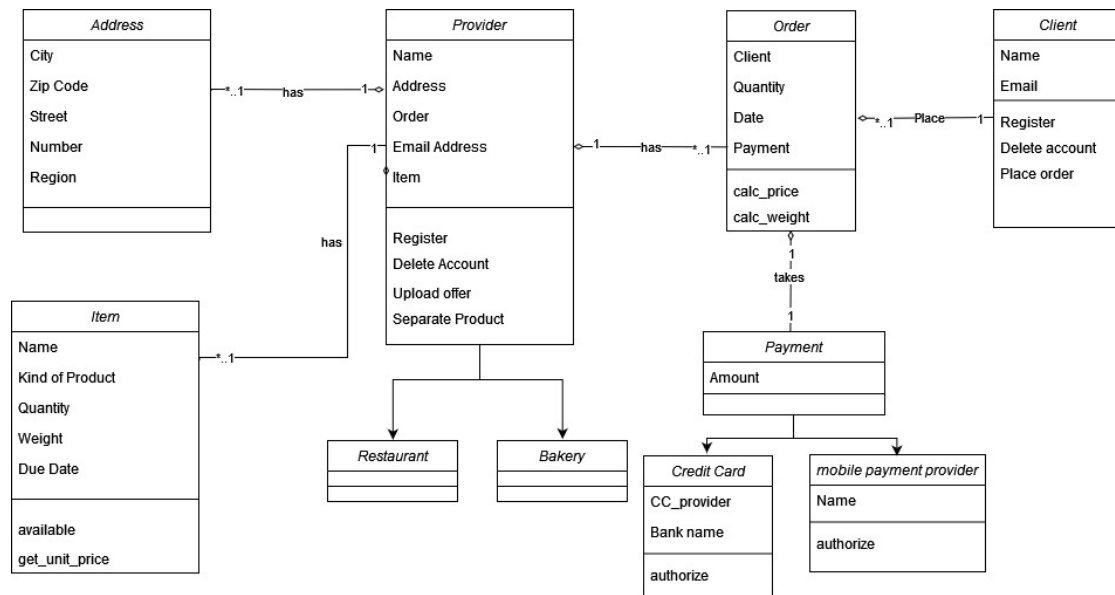


Abbildung 3: Classes of the project

3 Architecture Constraints

In this project we must distinguish between Technical and Organizational Constraints. The former describes specific elements of the project, like programming language, released platform (e.g. operational systems) and technical decisions related to the functionalities. The latter deals with management elements[Franzen and Thoms, 2020] (e.g time, budget and team). The following tables describes the technical and the organizational constraints of this project:

Technical		
Id	Constraint	Description
CT-T-1	Programming Language	A multilanguage (Java, Kotlin, iOS, Swift) approach increases the maintainability burden and consequently the costs (see CT-B-4). It can also interfere with compatibility with different kind of devices.
CT-T-2	Platform	Offering the application for different platforms (iOS and/or Android) increases costs for maintainability and requires a bigger team. Since the prototype should run during the first year mainly to gather information about consumer behavior the costs in this test phase can increase rapidly if we decide to develop for the most common platforms.
CT-T-3	Payment	One the one hand creating an own payment framework can gives full control of the application, but on the other hand it will required specialized team and increases costs and time (see CT-B-4).
CT-T-4	Payment gateway	Using existing Mobile Payment Gateway reduces development time, but demands fully Interoperability of the app with the existing gateways. It may also be a problem if the Client don't use this kind of payment method.
CT-T-5	Login	Using existing Federated Login decreases development time, but like CT-T-4 demands fully interoperability of the app with appliances. It may also be a problem if the Client don't trust this kind of login.

Organizational		
Id	Constraint	Description
CT-B-1	Time to first prototype release	How much time is acceptable from starting the project until we have a functional prototype that can be used by our user?
CT-B-2	Development Team	The existing team can cover the main existing platforms, but their availability may be restricted to due work on other projects Specially for the maintainability of the app it can represents a problem.
CT-B-3	Analytical Team	During running phase of the prototype it will be necessary to have a team in charge of evaluating and interpreting the collected data, to find out if the goals are being achieved.
CT-B-4	Budget	Since this application falls in the category “middle app” according to [SPD LOAD, 2019] the available budget of US\$ 150.000 should cover the development of the main functionality and the data analysis (see CT-B-3)

4 Quality Requirements

4.1 Quality Tree

I have to draw this tree here.

4.2 Evaluation Scenarios

From the requirements, 1.2, we could develop the following uses cases and depict the main quality attributes of this project.

Use Case	Description
UC-1: Register as Client	The Client registers an e-mail address.
UC-2: Login	The Client logs in to the system.
UC-3: Places an order	The Client chooses a Provider.
UC-4: Register payment	The Client registers a payment method.
UC-5: Register as Provider	The Provider registers their facility and products.
UC-6: Update availability	The Provider uploads their product catalog.

With the given use cases we will then be able to define the major quality attributes that are involved in the development of this application. We want those qualities to be measurable and testable so we can verify if the system meets the needs our stakeholders [Cervantes and Kazman, 2016].

ID	Quality Attribute	Scenario	Associated Use Case
QA-1	Performance	A Client registers his/her e-mail address and can immediately browse in the app.	UC-1
QA-2	Performance	A Client opens the app and he can immediately browse in the app.	UC-2
QA-3	Performance	A Client chooses a Provider and places his order. After the confirmation of payment, a push-message is displayed in the app confirming the purchase.	UC-3
QA-4	Usability	A Provider is able to register his company, specify the kind of products he offers and upload a logo or picture of his shop.	UC-5
QA-5	Usability	A Provider is able to update in the app if he is offering for that day any product.	UC-6
QA-6	Interoperability	A Client can register his e-mail using another account (Google, Microsoft, Facebook) in a Federated Login	UC-1
QA-8	Interoperability	A Client can pay the order using a Mobile Payment Gateway (e.g. Stripe, Square, PayPay, Secure-Pay)	UC-4

The defined quality attributes are represented in the following scenarios:

Performance	
Scenario	Value
Source Stimulus Artifact Environment Response Response Measure	Client wishes to create an account app weekend between 3 and 7 PM immediate access to the app time between confirmation and access
Source Stimulus Artifact Environment Response Response Measure	Client wants to search for a Provider app peak period, between 6 and 7 pm on a Friday immediate access to the offers how quick does client's device get update of availabilities
Source Stimulus Artifact Environment Response Response Measure	Client places an order platform peak period, between 6 and 7 pm on a Friday confirmation of payment / payment declined How long did take until the client get the confirmation/declined of payment?

Usability	
Scenario	Value
Source Stimulus Artifact Environment Response Response Measure	Provider wants to offer his remaining products in the app app working time, during afternoon offer available in the app How long did the registration and upload process take? How many and what kind of error messages did the Provider get?
Source Stimulus Artifact Environment Response Response Measure	Registered Provider wants wants to make a last minute offer app peak period, between 4 and 7 pm on Friday immediate availability of the offer in the app How long did it take to upload an offer? How many and what kind of error messages did the Provider get?
Source Stimulus Artifact Environment Response Response Measure	Registered Client wants to search/filter offers app peak period, between 4 and 7 pm on Friday display of the filter/search input What kind of inputs did the user has to place until he/she finds what he/she wants? Did he have to type anything or were filter/search options available? How long it takes until the client finds a product?

Interoperability	
Scenario	Value
Source	Client
Stimulus	wants register using a Federated Login
Artifact	app and Federated Login provider
Environment	peak period (on the context of the Federated Login provider)
Response	authentication succeed or failed
Response Measure	How much data was transmitted and how much was queued?
Focus	System overload [Kasunic and Anderson, 2004]
Source	Client
Stimulus	wants to pay using existing mobile payment account
Artifact	app and Mobile Payment Gateway
Environment	peak period (on the context of the gateway)
Response	confirmation / declined
Response Measure	Total amount generated data in the app that are transferred and processed by the gateway
Focus	Connectivity and System overload [Kasunic and Anderson, 2004]
Source	Client
Stimulus	click on purchase
Artifact	app and Mobile Payment Gateway
Environment	peak period (on the context of the gateway)
Response	confirmation / declined
Response Measure	Time from clicking purchase until time of confirmation/declined
Focus	Data latency [Kasunic and Anderson, 2004]

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