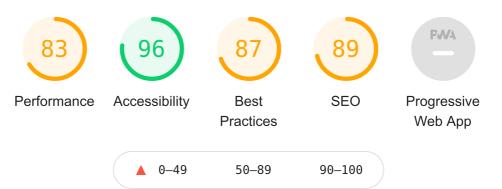


https://brunoclevenot.github.io/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/





Performance



Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.



URL



Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

Opportunity

Estimated Savings

Eliminate render-blocking resources

1.96 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. FCP LCP

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

Transfer Potential

Savings

Size

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	22.3 KiB	790 ms
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	4.7 KiB	490 ms
css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	7.9 KiB	640 ms
css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	2.2 KiB	490 ms
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	35.5 KiB	1,090 ms
js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	11.6 KiB	790 ms
js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	3.9 KiB	190 ms
js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	15.0 KiB	490 ms

▲ Use HTTP/2 1.72 s ^

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more.

Show 3rd party resources (0) URL Protocol /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 http/1.1 ...css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 http/1.1 ...css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) ...css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...js/jquery.touchSwipe.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 http/1.1 ...img/image-de-presentation.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/lines-h2-bg.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)

	URL	Protocol
	fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
	fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
	/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/favicon.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
	Preload key requests	0.34 s ^
	Consider using ` k rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currentled more. FCP LCP	y requested later in page load. <u>Learn</u>
		Show 3rd-party resources (0)
	URL	Potential Savings
	fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io)	340 ms
	fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)	190 ms
	Reduce unused JavaScript	0.15 s ^
	Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease Learn more. LCP	ease bytes consumed by network activity.
		Show 3rd party resources (0)
	URL	Transfer Potential Size Savings
	js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	35.5 KiB 23.1 KiB
_	agnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These nurformance score.	mbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the
	Ensure text remains visible during webfont load	^
	Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts	are loading. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>
		Show 3rd-party resources (0)
	URL	Potential Savings
	fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)	140 ms
	fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io)	240 ms
A	Image elements do not have explicit width and height	^
	Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and impr	rove CLS. <u>Learn more</u> CLS
		Show 3rd-party resources (0)
	URL Failing Elements	

...img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)

 $... img/2.jpg \ (brunoclevenot.github.io)$

...img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)

 $... img/texture-paper.png \ (brunoclevenot.github.io)$

00,2		URL	Failing Elements			
		img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)		img.img-re	esponsive.portfolio-t	humb
		img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)		img.img-re	esponsive.portfolio-t	humb
		img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)		img.img-re	esponsive.portfolio-t	humb
		img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)		img.img-re	esponsive.portfolio-t	humb
	suet [,]	img/la-chouette- agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)			img	
		img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)			img.center-block.i mode	mage-resize-
A	Serve sta	atic assets with an efficient cache policy — 21 resou	urces found			^
	A long ca	iche lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page	. <u>Learn more</u> .			
					Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
	URL				Cache TTL	Transfer Size
	img/in	nage-de-presentation.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)			10 m	810 KiB
	img/la	-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github	io)		10 m	601 KiB

131 KiB

112 KiB

95 KiB

89 KiB

10 m

10 m

10 m

10 m

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	76 KiB
img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	74 KiB
fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	55 KiB
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	36 KiB
img/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	27 KiB
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	22 KiB
js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	15 KiB
js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	12 KiB
css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	8 KiB
img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	8 KiB
js/jquery.touchSwipe.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	6 KiB
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	5 KiB
js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	4 KiB
css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	2 KiB
img/lines-h2-bg.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	2 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests — 8 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 390 ms

Initial Navigation

```
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io)
```

...css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 40 ms, 22.27 KiB

/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 30 ms, 4.67 KiB

...css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 240 ms, 76.07 KiB

...css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 140 ms, 54.64 KiB

...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 50 ms, 35.53 KiB

...js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 40 ms, 11.65 KiB

...js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 80 ms, 3.86 KiB

...js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 90 ms, 14.95 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 23 requests • 2,203 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	23	2,202.9 KiB
Image	10	1,947.5 KiB
Font	2	130.7 KiB
Script	5	72.3 KiB
Stylesheet	4	37.0 KiB
Other	1	11.6 KiB
Document	1	3.8 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	0	0.0 KiB
Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found This is the largest contentful element painted within the view	vport. <u>Learn More</u> (LCP)	^
div#bloc-1-hero.bloc.bgc-dark-slate-blu parallax	io.bg barmore.a blocky (cage.bloc	by toxidionoxidio paporio
Avoid large layout shifts — 4 elements found These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page	ge. CLS	^
Element		
div#bloc-2-services.bloc.bgc-white.l-bloc		CLS Contribution
div#bloc-2-services.bloc.bgc-white.l-bloc		CLS Contribution 0.069
div#bloc-2-services.bloc.bgc-white.l-bloc		

Element	CLS Contri	bution
span.et-icon-browser.sm-shadow.icon-dark-slate-i	blue.icons.icon-lg	0
Avoid long main-thread tasks — 2 long tasks found		^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors	to input delay. <u>Learn more</u> (TBT)	
	Show 3rd-party resource	es (0)
URL	Start Time Du	ıration
<pre>chrome-extension://gannpgaobkkhmpomoijebaigcapoeebl/content.js</pre>	840 ms 7	6 ms
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	3,100 ms 5	4 ms
Passed audits (25)		^
Properly size images		^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load ti	me. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Defer offscreen images		^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .	finished loading to lower time to	
Minify CSS — Potential savings of 4 KiB		^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>		
	Show 3rd-party resource	es (0)
URL		tential avings
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	22.3 KiB 4.4	4 KiB
Minify JavaScript		^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn mo	ore. FCP LCP	
Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 21 KiB		^
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold network activity. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>	content to decrease bytes consumed	by
	Show 3rd-party resource	es (0)
URL		tential avings
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	22.3 KiB 21.4	4 KiB

(Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn more</u> .
5	Serve images in next-gen formats
	mage formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means aster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u> .
Е	Enable text compression
	Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> nore. FCP LCP
F	Preconnect to required origins
	Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. <u>earn more</u> . FCP (LCP)
I	nitial server response time was short — Root document took 10 ms
	Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u>
	Show 3rd party resources (0)
l	JRL Time Spent
	/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 ms
A	Avoid multiple page redirects
F	Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>
ι	Use video formats for animated content
	Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more LCP</u>
F	Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles
	Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. TBT
P	Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers
r	Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More TBT
F	Preload Largest Contentful Paint image
F	Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>LCP</u>
F	Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 2,203 KiB
L	arge network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. LCP
	Show 3rd-party resources (0)
ι	JRL Transfer Size

URL				Transfer Size
img/image-de-presentation.jpg (b	orunoclevenot.github.io)			809.9 KiB
img/la-chouette-agence-banniere	.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)			601.0 KiB
img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)				131.2 KiB
img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)				112.2 KiB
img/texture-paper.png (brunocleve	enot.github.io)			94.6 KiB
img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)				88.5 KiB
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2	??v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.githu	b.io)		76.1 KiB
img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)				73.5 KiB
fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.g	thub.io)			54.6 KiB
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.g	thub.io)			35.5 KiB
Avoids an excessive DOM size —	136 elements			^
A large DOM will increase memory u	sage, cause longer <u>style calc</u>	culations, and produce co	stly <u>layout reflows</u> . <u>Le</u>	earn more.
Statistic	Element			Value
Total DOM Elements				136
		span.fa.fa-twitter.icc	n-md	
Maximum DOM Depth				11
Maximum Child Elements	div.page-container			7
User Timing marks and measures				^
Consider instrumenting your app wit experiences. <u>Learn more</u> .	າ the User Timing API to mea	sure your app's real-wor	d performance during	g key user
JavaScript execution time — 0.2 s				^
Consider reducing the time spent pa with this. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>TBT</u>	rsing, compiling, and executir	ng JS. You may find deliv	ering smaller JS payl	oads helps
			Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL		Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Unattributable		214 ms	17 ms	1 ms
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (bru	unoclevenot.github.io)	202 ms	7 ms	2 ms

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
chrome-extension://gannpgaobkkhmpomoijebaigcapoeebl/content.js	89 ms	79 ms	5 ms
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	60 ms	45 ms	6 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.6 s			^
Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. Y with this. <u>Learn more</u> (TBT)	ou may find delive	ring smaller JS paylo	ads helps
Category			Time Spent
Other			273 ms
Script Evaluation			179 ms
Style & Layout			60 ms
Rendering			53 ms
Parse HTML & CSS			50 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation			34 ms
Minimize third-party usage			^
Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the numled load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn		chird-party providers	and try to
Lazy load third-party resources with facades			^
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them w	vith a facade until t	ney are required. <u>Lea</u>	arn more.
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance			^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to in	nprove your page's	scroll performance.	<u>Learn more</u> .
Avoids document.write()			^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via seconds. <u>Learn more</u> .	document.write()`	can delay page load	by tens of
Avoid non-composited animations			^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Le	earn more CLS		



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to <u>improve the accessibility of your</u> <u>web app</u>. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically

detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Names and labels — These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

_	Links do not have a discernible name
	Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u> .
	Failing Elements
	a.social
	a.social
	a.social
	a.social
	ditional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn ^re in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.
	The page has a logical tab order
	Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .
	Interactive controls are keyboard focusable
	Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .
	Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state
	Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .
	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page
	If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.

	User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.	
	Custom controls have associated labels	^
	Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more.	
	Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
	Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
	DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
	Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
	Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u>.</nav></main>	
Pa	ssed audits (13)	^
	[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
	Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body>`. <u>Learn more</u>.</body>	
	Buttons have an accessible name	^
	When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
	Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.	
	Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio	^
	Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><th>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th></th><td>[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td>Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><th>Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th></th><td><html> element has a [lang] attribute</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn</u> more.

List items () are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items (``) to be contained within a parent `` or `` to be announced properly. <u>Learn more</u>.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

Not applicable (30)

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more.

[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. <u>Learn more</u>.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA meter elements have accessible names

more.

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more, Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique

The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn

No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more. <object> elements have [alt] text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. [lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Learn more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Trust and Safety

Includes front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities — 9 vulnerabilities detected

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. <u>Learn more</u>.

Library Version	Vulnerability Count	Highest Severity
Bootstrap@3.3.5	5	Medium
jQuery@2.1.0	4	Medium

User Experience

Serves images with low resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd party resources (0)

URL Displayed size Actual size Expected size ...img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) 100 x 100 100 x 100 200 x 200

Passed audits (15)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Links to cross-origin destinations are safe

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. Learn more.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Allows users to paste into password fields

Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids unload event listeners The 'unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the 'pagehide' or 'visibilitychange' events instead. Learn more Avoids Application Cache Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more. **Detected JavaScript libraries** All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more. Name Version 3.3.5 Bootstrap 2.1.0 jQuery Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more Page has valid source maps Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more. No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the 'Issues' panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue. Not applicable (1) Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded Preload `optional` fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. Learn more.

Mobile Friendly — Make sure your pages are mobile friendly so users don't have to pinch or zoom in order to read the content

pages. <u>Learn more</u> .						
A	Document doesn't use legible font sizes — 39.73% legible text					
	Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Shave >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more.					
				Show 3rd pa	rty resources (0)	
	Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size		
	style.css:695	p	60.27%	11px		
	Legible text		39.73%	≥ 12px		
	Tap targets are not sized app	propriately — 75% appropriately siz	zed tap targets		^	
	Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u> .					
	Tap Target	Size	Overlapping	Target		
		a 72x16		a		
		a 63x16		a		
		a 88x16		a		

practices.

Structured data is valid Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more. Passed audits (10) Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. Document has a meta description Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more. Page has successful HTTP status code Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more. Links have descriptive text Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more. Links are crawlable Search engines may use 'href' attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the 'href' attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. Document has a valid hreflang hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more. Document avoids plugins Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more. Not applicable (2) robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

Installable

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

No manifest was fetched

PWA Optimized

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn more</u>.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more.

Has a <meta< th=""><th>name="viewport"></th><th>tag with width o</th><th>rinitial-scale</th></meta<>	name="viewport">	tag with width o	rinitial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

▲ Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u>.

Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more.

Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u>.

Runtime Settings

URL https://brunoclevenot.github.io/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/

Fetch Time Aug 4, 2021, 9:09 AM GMT+2

Device Emulated Moto G4

Network throttling 150 ms TCP RTT, 1,638.4 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 4x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/92.0.4515.131 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 7.0; Moto G (4)) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/90.0.4420.0 Mobile Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 1724

Axe version

Generated by **Lighthouse** 7.5.0 | File an issue

4.1.3