





Performance

Metrics			=	
First Contentful Paint	1.4 s	Time to Interactive	1.4 s	
Speed Index	1.6 s	Total Blocking Time	0 ms	
▲ Largest Contentful Paint	3.1 s	Cumulative Layout Shift	0.144	

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator</u>.

View Original Trace



Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources

1.61 s 🔨

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u>.

Chau	254	norti.	resources	/n\
OHOW	Ol U	DUILE	TUSUUTUUS	(U)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	22.2 KiB	270 ms
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	4.6 KiB	270 ms
css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	7.9 KiB	270 ms
css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	2.2 KiB	270 ms

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	35.5 KiB	390 ms
js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	11.6 KiB	310 ms
js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	3.8 KiB	190 ms
js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	15.0 KiB	230 ms

▲ Use HTTP/2 1.02 s ^

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. <u>Learn more</u>.

	Show 3rd-party resources (0)
URL	Protocol
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
js/jquery.touchSwipe.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/title.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/citation.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/title2.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/3.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/4.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/image-de-presentation.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/lines-h2-bg.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1

URL	Protoc	col
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1	.1
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/favicon.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1	.1
Properly size images		0.36 s ^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time.	<u>Learn more</u> .	
	Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	266.5 KiB	247.2 KiB
img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	106.7 KiB	87.0 KiB
img/4.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io)	219.8 KiB	63.3 KiB
img/3.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io)	167.2 KiB	48.2 KiB
Juetimg/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	26.6 KiB	18.4 KiB
img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	24.4 KiB	13.6 KiB
Preload key requests		0.31 s ^
Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently recommondate.	quested later in page loa	d. <u>Learn</u>
	Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL	Po	otential Savings
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io)		310 ms
fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)		310 ms
agnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These number	rs don't <u>directly affect</u> th	е
Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 24 resources found		^
A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more</u> .		
	Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
img/image-de-presentation.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	2,102 KiB
img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	601 KiB

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	267 KiB
img/4.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	220 KiB
img/3.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	167 KiB
img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	107 KiB
img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	95 KiB
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	76 KiB
fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	55 KiB
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	36 KiB
img/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	27 KiB
img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	25 KiB
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	22 KiB
js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	15 KiB
img/citation.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	12 KiB
js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	12 KiB
img/title.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	10 KiB
img/title2.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	9 KiB
css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	8 KiB
js/jquery.touchSwipe.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	6 KiB
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	5 KiB
js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	4 KiB
css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	2 KiB
img/lines-h2-bg.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	2 KiB
Ensure text remains visible during webfont load		^
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are load	ding. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL		Potential Savings
fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)		160 ms
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io)		260 ms
Image elements do not have explicit width and height		^
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS	S. <u>Learn more</u>	
	Show 3rd-party	resources (0)

URL Failing Elements

URL Failing Elements img.img-responsive.portfoliothumb ...img/3.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io) img.img-responsive.portfoliothumb ...img/4.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io) img.img-responsive.portfoliothumb ...img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) img.img-responsive.portfoliothumb .img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) img $\mathfrak{Iuet}^{\text{...img/la-chouette-}}_{\text{agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)}}$ img.center-block.image-resizemode ...img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) img réussi à capturer grer à notre site. Is ventes en ligne ulbard, PDG de À vos fo ...img/citation.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) img ne agend ...img/title.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) attractive

7/2021		
URL	Failing Elements	
avec beauimg/title2.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	img	
Avoid enormous network payloads — Total size was	3,899 KiB	^
Large network payloads cost users real money and ar	re highly correlated with long load times. Learn more.	
	Show 3rd-party resource	e (0)
URL	Transfe	er Size
img/image-de-presentation.bmp (brunoclevenot.gith	aub.io) 2,101.9	9 KiB
img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunocleveno	ot.github.io) 601.0	0 KiB
img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	267.2	2 KiB
img/4.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io)	219.8	8 KiB
img/3.bmp (brunoclevenot.github.io)	167.	2 KiB
img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	107.	4 KiB
img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	94.0	6 KiB
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoc	clevenot.github.io) 76.	1 KiB
fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)	54.	6 KiB
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	35.5	5 KiB
Avoid chaining critical requests — 8 chains found		^
	sources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the lengt eferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page le	
Maximum critical path latency: 930 ms		
Initial Navigation		

```
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io)
```

...css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 240 ms, 22.23 KiB

/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 160 ms, 4.59 KiB

...css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 260 ms, 76.07 KiB

...css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 160 ms, 54.64 KiB

...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 190 ms, 35.53 KiB

...js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 190 ms, 11.63 KiB

...js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 250 ms, 3.84 KiB

...js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 300 ms, 14.95 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 26 requests • 3,899 KiB To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more. Resource Type Requests Transfer Size Total 26 3,899.1 KiB Image 13 3,643.9 KiB Font 2 130.7 KiB Script 5 72.3 KiB Stylesheet 36.9 KiB Other 11.6 KiB Document 3.8 KiB Media 0 0.0 KiB Third-party 0 0.0 KiB Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More Element div#bloc-1-hero.bloc.bgc-dark-slate-blue.bg-banniere.d-bloc.bg-t-edge.bloc-bg-texture.texturepaper.b-parallax Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. Element **CLS Contribution** div#bloc-2-services.bloc.bgc-white.l-bloc 0.096 ::before <::before> 0.02

Element	CLS	S Contribution
	div.text-center	
		0.012
	div.row.voffset-lg.med-width-whitespace	
		0.009
	h1.text-center.hero-bloc-text.tc-white	
		0.006
sed audits (25)		^
Defer offscreen images		^
Consider lazy-loading offscreinteractive. <u>Learn more</u> .	een and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time	to
Minify CSS — Potential sav	vings of 4 KiB	^
Minifying CSS files can reduc	ce network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Show 3rd-party r	esources (0)
URL	Transfer Size	Potentia Savings
css/bootstrap.css (brunoc	clevenot.github.io) 22.2 KiB	4.4 KiB
Minify JavaScript		^
Minifying JavaScript files can	reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Remove unused CSS — Po	otential savings of 21 KiB	^
	lesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-fold content to reduce d by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Show 3rd-party r	esources (0)
URL	Transfer Size	Potentia Savings
css/bootstrap.css (brunoc	clevenot.github.io) 22.2 KiB	21.2 KiB
Remove unused JavaScript	— Potential savings of 23 KiB	^

	Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Show 3rd-party		Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)
	URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
	js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	35.5 KiB	23.1 KiB
	Efficiently encode images		^
	Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn more</u> .		
	Serve images in next-gen formats		^
	Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than Pf faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u> .	NG or JPEG, whicl	n means
	Enable text compression		^
	Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize to more.	tal network bytes.	<u>Learn</u>
	Preconnect to required origins		^
	Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to <u>Learn more</u> .	important third-pa	rty origins.
	Initial server response time was short — Root document took 320 ms		^
	Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend	on it. <u>Learn more</u>	
		Show 3rd party re	esources (0)
	URL		Time Spent
	/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io)		320 ms
	Avoid multiple page redirects		^
	Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn more</u> .		
	Use video formats for animated content		^
	Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM video PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u>	s for animations a	nd
	Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles		^
	Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consu	med by network a	ctivity.
	Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers		^
	Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, mar modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy usi detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for More	ng module/nomod	ule feature
	Preload Largest Contentful Paint image		^
	Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. <u>Learn more</u> .		

Rendering

,				
			Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL			Po	otential Savings
img/la-chouette-agence-	-banniere.jpg (brunocleveno	ot.github.io)		0 ms
Avoids an excessive DOM size —	178 elements			^
A large DOM will increase memory u	usage, cause longer <u>style c</u>	alculations, and produce	costly <u>layout reflows</u> . L	<u>earn more</u> .
Statistic	Element			Value
Total DOM Elements				178
		span.fa.fa-twitter.	icon-md	
Maximum DOM Depth				11
Maximum Child Elements		ul		9
User Timing marks and measures				^
Consider instrumenting your app with experiences. <u>Learn more</u> .	h the User Timing API to m	easure your app's real-w	orld performance durin	g key user
JavaScript execution time — 0.0 s				^
Consider reducing the time spent pa with this. <u>Learn more</u> .	rsing, compiling, and execu	uting JS. You may find de	elivering smaller JS pay	loads helps
			Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL		Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Unattributable		77 ms	2 ms	0 ms
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (bru	unoclevenot.github.io)	68 ms	1 ms	0 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.2	s			^
Consider reducing the time spent pa with this. <u>Learn more</u>	rsing, compiling and execu	ting JS. You may find de	livering smaller JS payl	oads helps
Category				Time Spent
Other				104 ms
Script Evaluation				26 ms

23 ms

Category	Time Spent
Style & Layout	18 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	16 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	11 ms
Minimize third-party usage	^
Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u> .	party providers and try to
Lazy load third-party resources with facades	^
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they a	re required. <u>Learn more</u> .
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance	^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scro	Il performance. <u>Learn more</u> .
Avoids document.write()	^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can descends. Learn more.	lelay page load by tens of
Avoid long main-thread tasks	^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay.	Learn more
Avoid non-composited animations	^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn more</u>	



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Contrast — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

▲ Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.

div.keywords
div.keywords
p.text-center.white
div.col-sm-4
а
а
а
а

div.col-sm-4
а
a
a
а
а
а
a

а
а
div.col-sm-4
а
а
а
а
а

	Failing Elements
	a
	a
	a
Nav	vigation — These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.
<u> </u>	Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order
	Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .
	Failing Elements
	h3.mg-md.text-center
	ernationalization and localization — These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in erent locales.
A	html> element does not have a valid value for its [lang] attribute.
	Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn more</u> .
	Failing Elements

Nar	html html mes and labels — These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance
he	experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.
	Links do not have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more.
	Failing Elements
	a.social
	a.social
	a.social
	a.social
	ditional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn ^re in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.
	The page has a logical tab order
	Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .
	Interactive controls are keyboard focusable

Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more.

	Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
	Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
	If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Custom controls have associated labels	^
	Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
	Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
	DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
	Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.	
	HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
	Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology Learn more.</nav></main>	/ .
Pas	ssed audits (9)	^
	[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
	Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body>`. Learn more.</body>	
	The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
	Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.	
	Document has a <title> element</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><th></th><td>page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><th></th><td>page is relevant to their search. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn</u> more.

List items (<1i>) are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items (``) to be contained within a parent `` or `` to be announced properly. <u>Learn more</u>.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

Not applicable (31)

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more.

[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. <u>Learn more</u>.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA meter elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels

Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use

either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more.

<frame> or <iframe> elements have a title

Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more.

<input type="image"> elements have [alt] text

When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. <u>Learn more</u>.

Form elements have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more.

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.

<object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

Trust and Safety

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. <u>Learn more</u>.

Library Version	Vulnerability Count	Highest Severity	
Bootstrap@3.3.5	5	Medium	
j <u>Query@2.1.0</u>	4	Medium	
sed audits (16)			
Uses HTTPS			
where some resources are loaded intruders from tampering with or pa	over HTTP despite the initial request bei	sitive data. This includes avoiding mixed conting served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents as between your app and your users, and is a	
Links to cross-origin destinations a	re safe		
Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noref	errer"` to any external links to improve p	erformance and prevent security vulnerabiliti	es.
Avoids requesting the geolocation p	permission on page load		
Users are mistrustful of or confused action instead. <u>Learn more</u> .	I by sites that request their location with	out context. Consider tying the request to a u	ıser
Avoids requesting the notification p	ermission on page load		
Users are mistrustful of or confused user gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u> .	I by sites that request to send notification	ns without context. Consider tying the reques	st to
Allows users to paste into passwore	d fields		
Preventing password pasting under	mines good security policy. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Displays images with correct aspec	t ratio		
Image display dimensions should n	natch natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Serves images with appropriate res	olution		
Image natural dimensions should b more.	e proportional to the display size and the	e pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn</u>	
Page has the HTML doctype			
Specifying a doctype prevents the I	prowser from switching to quirks-mode. I	<u>_earn more</u> .	
Properly defines charset			
A character encoding declaration is	required. It can be done with a ` <meta/>	tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or ir	n the

Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids unload event listeners

The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. <u>Learn more</u>

Avoids Application Cache

Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more.

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.

Name Version

Bootstrap 3.3.5

jQuery 2.1.0

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more</u>

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more</u>.

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the 'Issues' panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Not applicable (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload 'optional' fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

07/2021 Content Best Practices — Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.		
<u> </u>	Document does not have a meta description Description text is empty.	^
	Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	ditional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best ctices.	^
	Structured data is valid	^
	Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Pa	ssed audits (9)	^
	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
	Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Links are crawlable</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. <u>Learn More</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Page isn't blocked from indexing</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Image elements have [alt] attributes</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Document has a valid hreflang</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region.</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more</u>.

Not applicable (4)

Learn more.

Document avoids plugins

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.

Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u>.

Tap targets are sized appropriately

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

Installable

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

No manifest was fetched

PWA Optimized

Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. Learn more. Does not set a theme color for the address bar. Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found. The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more. Content is sized correctly for the viewport If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more. Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an 'apple-touch-icon'. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. Learn More. Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more. Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually. Site works cross-browser To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more. Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. Learn more.

Runtime Settings

URL https://brunoclevenot.github.io/BrunoClevenot 04 12072021/

Fetch Time Jul 16, 2021, 11:43 AM GMT+2

Device Emulated Desktop

40 ms TCP RTT, 10,240 Kbps throughput (Simulated) Network throttling

CPU throttling 1x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.124 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_14_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/90.0.4420.0 Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 1724

Axe version 4.1.2

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