





Performance

Metrics			=
First Contentful Paint	0.8 s	Time to Interactive	0.8 s
Speed Index	0.9 s	Total Blocking Time	0 ms
Largest Contentful Paint	1.9 s	Cumulative Layout Shift	0.055

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

View Original Trace







/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)















Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.8 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u>. FCP) (LCP)

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

4.7 KiB

URL Transfer Size Potential Savings

...css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) 22.3 KiB 170 ms

170 ms

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	7.9 KiB	170 ms
css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	2.2 KiB	170 ms
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	35.5 KiB	290 ms
js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	11.6 KiB	210 ms
js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	3.8 KiB	90 ms
js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	14.9 KiB	130 ms

Use HTTP/2	0.49 s ^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. L	earn more.
	Show 3rd party resources (0)
URL	Protocol
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
js/jquery.touchSwipe.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/image-de-presentation.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
img/lines-h2-bg.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io)	http/1.1

	URL		Protocol
	/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/favicon.jpg (brunocle	evenot.github.io)	http/1.1
	Preload key requests		0.13 s ^
	Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` to prioritize fetch more. FCP LCP	ning resources that are currently reque	ested later in page load. <u>Learn</u>
			Show 3rd-party resources (0)
	URL		Potential Savings
	fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brund	oclevenot.github.io)	130 ms
	agnostics — More information about the performance rformance score.	∍ of your application. These numbers લ	don't <u>directly affect</u> the
A	Ensure text remains visible during webfont load		^
	Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text	t is user-visible while webfonts are loa	ading. Learn more. FCP LCP
			Show 3rd party resources (0)
	URL		Potentia Savings
	fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)		160 ms
	fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brund	oclevenot.github.io)	250 ms
A	Image elements do not have explicit width and heigh	nt	^
	Set an explicit width and height on image elements to	o reduce layout shifts and improve Cl	S. <u>Learn more</u> CLS
			Show 3rd-party resources (0)
	URL	Failing Elements	
	img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)		img.img-responsive.portfolio- thumb
	img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)		img.img-responsive.portfolio- thumb
	img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)		img.img-responsive.portfolio- thumb

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 21 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

URL Cache TTL Transfer Size 10 m 810 KiB ...img/image-de-presentation.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 601 KiB ...img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m ...img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 131 KiB ...img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 112 KiB ...img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 95 KiB ...img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 89 KiB ...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 76 KiB ...img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 74 KiB ...fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 55 KiB ...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 36 KiB ...img/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 27 KiB ...css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 22 KiB ...js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 15 KiB ...js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 12 KiB ...css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 8 KiB ...img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) 10 m 8 KiB 10 m 6 KiB ...js/jquery.touchSwipe.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)

Show 3rd party resources (0)

URL		Transfer Size
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (bruno	oclevenot.github.io) 10 m	5 KiB
js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	4 KiB
css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	2 KiB
img/lines-h2-bg.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	2 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests — 8 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 420 ms

Initial Navigation

/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 60 ms, 22.27 KiB

/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 50 ms, 4.67 KiB

...css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 250 ms, 76.07 KiB

...css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 160 ms, 54.62 KiB

...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 70 ms, 35.53 KiB

...js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 60 ms, 11.65 KiB

...js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 70 ms, 3.84 KiB

...js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 100 ms, 14.93 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 23 requests • 2,203 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	23	2,203.0 KiB
Image	10	1,947.6 KiB
Font	2	130.7 KiB
Script	5	72.3 KiB
Stylesheet	4	37.0 KiB
Other	1	11.6 KiB
Document	1	3.8 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	0	0.0 KiB

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. $\underline{\text{Learn More}} \ \underline{\text{LCP}}$

	div#bloc-1-hero.bloc.bgc-dark-slate-blue.bg-banniere.d-bloc.bg-t-edge.bloc-bg-tepaper.b-parallax	xture.texture-
Avoid large layout shifts	s — 5 elements found	^
These DOM elements of	contribute most to the CLS of the page. CLS	
Element		CLS Contribution
	div#bloc-2-services.bloc.bgc-white.l-bloc	
		0.047
	div.text-center	
		0.006
	h1.text-center.hero-bloc-text.tc-white	
		0.003
	span.et-icon-browser.sm-shadow.icon-dark-slate-blue.icons.icon-lg	
		0
	span.et-icon-presentation.sm-shadow.icon-dark-slate-blue.icons.icon-lg	
		0
sed audits (27)		^

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd-party resource		esources (0)	
URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings	
img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	130.5 KiB	37.6 KiB	
img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	111.5 KiB	32.1 KiB	
img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	87.8 KiB	25.3 KiB	
img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	72.8 KiB	21.0 KiB	
Juetimg/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	26.6 KiB	18.4 KiB	
Defer offscreen images		^	
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .	I loading to lower time	to	
Minify CSS — Potential savings of 4 KiB		^	
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>			
	Show 3rd party re	esources (0)	
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings	
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	22.3 KiB	4.4 KiB	
Minify JavaScript		^	
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCF</u>	PLCP		
Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 21 KiB		^	
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to network activity. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>	to decrease bytes cons	sumed by	
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)	
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings	
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	22.3 KiB	21.1 KiB	
Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 23 KiB		^	
Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>LCP</u>			
<u>Learn more</u> . <u>LCP</u>			
Learn more. [LCP]	Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)	

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	35.5 KiB	23.1 KiB
Efficiently encode images		^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Serve images in next-gen formats		^
Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression the faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u> .	nan PNG or JPEG, which	means
Enable text compression		^
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minim more. FCP LCP	nize total network bytes. <u>L</u>	<u>earn</u>
Preconnect to required origins		^
Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connected Learn more. FCP (LCP)	ons to important third-par	ty origins.
Initial server response time was short — Root document took 10 ms		^
Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests de LCP	epend on it. <u>Learn more</u> .	FCP
	Show 3rd party res	sources (0)
URL		Time Spent
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io)		10 ms
Avoid multiple page redirects		^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. FCP	ICD	
	LCP	
Use video formats for animated content	LCP	^
Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more LCP		
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM		
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u> <u>LCP</u>	videos for animations an	d ^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more LCP Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes of	videos for animations an	d ^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more LCP Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes of TBT	videos for animations and consumed by network act r, many aren't necessary gy using module/nomodu	tivity.
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more LCP Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes of TBT Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strated detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining supports.	videos for animations and consumed by network act r, many aren't necessary gy using module/nomodu	tivity.
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more LCP Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes of TBT Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strated detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining supplication.	videos for animations an consumed by network act r, many aren't necessary gy using module/nomodu port for legacy browsers.	tivity. for le feature Learn

URL Potential Savings



...img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)

0 ms

Avoids enormous network payloa	ads — Total size was 2,203 KiB	^
Large network payloads cost use	ers real money and are highly cor	related with long load times. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>LCP</u>
		Show 3rd-party resources (0)
URL		Transfer Size
img/image-de-presentation.jp	g (brunoclevenot.github.io)	809.9 KiB
img/la-chouette-agence-bann	iere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	601.0 KiB
img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.githul	o.io)	131.2 KiB
img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.githul	o.io)	112.2 KiB
img/texture-paper.png (bruno	clevenot.github.io)	94.6 KiB
img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.githul	o.io)	88.5 KiB
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.v	voff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.githul	o.io) 76.1 KiB
img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.githul	o.io)	73.6 KiB
fonts/et-line.woff (brunocleven	ot.github.io)	54.6 KiB
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunocleven	not.github.io)	35.5 KiB
Avoids an excessive DOM size A large DOM will increase memo (TBT)		ulations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more.
Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		139
Maximum DOM Depth		span.fa.fa-twitter.icon-md
Maximum Child Elements	div.page-container	7
User Timing marks and measure	s	^
Consider instrumenting your app experiences. <u>Learn more</u> .	with the User Timing API to mea	sure your app's real-world performance during key user
JavaScript execution time — 0.	0 s	^

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more. (TBT) Show 3rd-party resources (0) Total CPU **URL** Script Evaluation Script Parse Time 82 ms 0 ms /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io) 1 ms Unattributable 55 ms 2 ms 0 ms Minimizes main-thread work — 0.2 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more (TBT) Category Time Spent Other 77 ms Rendering 38 ms Script Evaluation 27 ms Style & Layout 18 ms Parse HTML & CSS 14 ms Script Parsing & Compilation 9 ms Minimize third-party usage Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn more. (TBT) Lazy load third-party resources with facades Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn more. Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more. Avoids document.write() For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via 'document.write()' can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn more. Avoid long main-thread tasks Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more TBT Avoid non-composited animations Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn more (CLS)



These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Contrast — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

A	Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.	^
	Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Failing Elements	
	div.keywords	
	div.keywords	
Na	vigation — These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.	
A	Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more .	^
	Failing Elements	
	h3.mg-md.text-center	

Names and labels — These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

▲ Links do not have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

	Failing Elements		
		a.social	
		a.social	
		a.social	
		a.social	
	itional items to manually c in our guide on <u>conducting</u>	heck (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Lean accessibility review.	arn ^
	The page has a logical tab o	rder	^
	Tabbing through the page fo	llows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Interactive controls are keyb	oard focusable	^
	Custom interactive controls	are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Interactive elements indicate	their purpose and state	^
	Interactive elements, such a elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	s links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive	
	The user's focus is directed	to new content added to the page	^
	If new content, such as a dia	log, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.	
	User focus is not accidentall	y trapped in a region	^
,	A user can tab into and out o	of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Custom controls have assoc	iated labels	^
	Custom interactive controls l	nave associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Custom controls have ARIA	roles	^

more.

Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn more. Visual order on the page follows DOM order DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more. Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more. HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more. Passed audits (10) [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when 'aria-hidden="true" is set on the document '<body>'. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. Lists contain only <1i> elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more. List items () are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items ('') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. Learn

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more. Not applicable (31) [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. Learn button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA meter elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.

<object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

Trust and Safety

Includes front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities — 9 vulnerabilities detected

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more.

Library Version	Vulnerability Count	Highest Severity
Bootstrap@3.3.5	5	Medium
jQuery@2.1.0	4	Medium

Passed audits (16)

Uses HTTPS All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding mixed content, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more. Links to cross-origin destinations are safe Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. Learn more. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids unload event listeners The 'unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the 'pagehide' or 'visibilitychange' events instead. Learn more **Avoids Application Cache** Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more. **Detected JavaScript libraries** All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more. Name Version Bootstrap 3.3.5

more.

Name

Version

jQuery

2.1.0

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Not applicable (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload `optional` fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

Content Best Practices — Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

▲ Document does not have a meta description Description text is empty.

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more.

Additional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Structured data is valid

Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more.

Passed audits (9)	^
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>а</td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links are crawlable</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor elements to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. <u>Learn More</u></td><td>s links</td></tr><tr><td>Page isn't blocked from indexing</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn r</td><td>more.</td></tr><tr><td>Image elements have [alt] attributes</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>ty alt</td></tr><tr><td>Document has a valid hreflang</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region Learn more.</td><td>on.</td></tr><tr><td>Document avoids plugins</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Not applicable (4)</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>robots.txt is valid</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled o indexed. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>r</td></tr><tr><td>Document has a valid rel=canonical</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Document uses legible font sizes</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Stri</td><td>ive to</td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

Tap targets are sized appropriately

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

Installable

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

No manifest was fetched

PWA Optimized

Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn more</u>.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

4	Does not	provide a	valid	apple-touch-icon

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u>.

▲ Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more.

Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u>.

Runtime Settings

URL https://brunoclevenot.github.io/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/

Fetch Time Jul 30, 2021, 3:02 PM GMT+2

Device Emulated Desktop

Network throttling 40 ms TCP RTT, 10,240 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 1x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/92.0.4515.107 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_14_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/90.0.4420.0 Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 1718

Axe version 4.1.3

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