





Performance

Metrics			=
First Contentful Paint	0.9 s	Time to Interactive	0.9 s
Speed Index	1.0 s	Total Blocking Time	0 ms
Largest Contentful Paint	2.0 s	Cumulative Layout Shift	0.056

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

View Original Trace





















Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.92 s 🔨

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. FCP) [LCP]

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL Transfer Size Potential Savings

...css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) 22.2 KiB 190 ms

/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) 4.7 KiB 190 ms

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	7.9 KiB	190 ms
css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	2.2 KiB	190 ms
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	35.5 KiB	310 ms
js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	11.6 KiB	230 ms
js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	3.9 KiB	110 ms
js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	15.0 KiB	150 ms

Use HTTP/2 0.47 s ^

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more. Show 3rd party resources (0) URL Protocol /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 http/1.1 ...css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) ...js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...js/jquery.touchSwipe.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/image-de-presentation.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...img/lines-h2-bg.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1 ...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) http/1.1

URL		Protocol
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/favicon.jpg (brunocle	evenot.github.io)	http/1.1
Preload key requests		0.15 s ^
Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` to prioritize fetch more. FCP LCP	ing resources that are currently i	requested later in page load. <u>Learn</u>
		Show 3rd-party resources (0)
URL		Potential Savings
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brund	oclevenot.github.io)	150 ms
fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)		110 ms
Diagnostics — More information about the performance Performance score.	of your application. These numl	bers don't <u>directly affect</u> the
▲ Ensure text remains visible during webfont load		^
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text	t is user-visible while webfonts a	re loading. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>
		Show 3rd party resources (0)
URL		Potential Savings
fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)		160 ms
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brund	oclevenot.github.io)	150 ms
▲ Image elements do not have explicit width and height	t	^
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to	o reduce layout shifts and improv	ve CLS. <u>Learn more</u> CLS
		Show 3rd party resources (0)
URL	Failing Elements	
img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)		img.img-responsive.portfolio- thumb
img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)		img.img-responsive.portfolio- thumb

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 21 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more</u>.

Chow	224	norty	rocourooc	(\cap)
OHOW	ਹਾਰ	party	resources	(\mathbf{v})

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
img/image-de-presentation.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	810 KiB
img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	601 KiB
img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	131 KiB
img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	112 KiB
img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	95 KiB
img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	89 KiB
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	76 KiB
img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	74 KiB
fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	55 KiB
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	36 KiB
img/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	27 KiB
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	22 KiB
js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	15 KiB

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	12 KiB
css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	8 KiB
img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	8 KiB
js/jquery.touchSwipe.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	6 KiB
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	5 KiB
js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	4 KiB
css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	2 KiB
img/lines-h2-bg.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)	10 m	2 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests — 8 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 360 ms

Initial Navigation

/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 50 ms, 22.23 KiB

/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 40 ms, 4.66 KiB

...css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 150 ms, 76.07 KiB

...css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 160 ms, 54.64 KiB

...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 60 ms, 35.53 KiB

...js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 30 ms, 11.63 KiB

...js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 120 ms, 3.86 KiB

...js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 130 ms, 14.95 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 23 requests • 2,203 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	23	2,203.2 KiB
Image	10	1,947.6 KiB
Font	2	130.7 KiB
Script	5	72.3 KiB
Stylesheet	4	36.9 KiB
Other	1	11.6 KiB

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Document	1	4.0 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	0	0.0 KiB
Largest Contentful Paint e	lement — 1 element found	^
This is the largest content	ul element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn More</u> (LCP)	
Element	div#bloc-1-hero.bloc.bgc-dark-slate-blue.bg-banniere.d-bloc.bg-t baper.b-parallax	t-edge.bloc-bg-texture.texture-
Avoid large layout shifts -	 5 elements found tribute most to the CLS of the page. CLS 	^
Element	div#bloc-2-services.bloc.bgc-white.l-bloc	CLS Contribution
		0.047
	div.text-center	
		0.006
	h1.text-center.hero-bloc-text.tc-white	
		0.003
	span.et-icon-browser.sm-shadow.icon-dark-slate-blue.ico	ns.icon-lg

CLS Contribution Element span.et-icon-presentation.sm-shadow.icon-dark-slate-blue.icons.icon-lg 0 Passed audits (27) Properly size images — Potential savings of 134 KiB Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more. Show 3rd party resources (0) Resource Potential **URL** Size Savings ..img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 130.5 KiB 37.6 KiB 111.5 KiB 32.1 KiB ...img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) ...img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 87.8 KiB 25.3 KiB 72.8 KiB ...img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 21.0 KiB **JUC**[†] ...img/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) 26.6 KiB 18.4 KiB Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn more. Minify CSS — Potential savings of 4 KiB Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP) Show 3rd-party resources (0) Transfer Potential URL Size Savings 22.2 KiB 4.4 KiB ...css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) Minify JavaScript Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP) Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 21 KiB Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by

network activity. Learn more. FCP LCP

	Show 3rd-party ro	esources (0)
URL	Transfer Size	Potentia Savings
css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)	22.2 KiB	21.1 KiB
Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 23 KiB		^
Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrea Learn more. [CP]	se bytes consumed by netwo	ork activity.
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)
URL	Transfer Size	Potentia Savings
js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io)	35.5 KiB	23.1 KiB
Efficiently encode images		^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Serve images in next-gen formats		^
mage formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u> .	on than PNG or JPEG, which	n means
Enable text compression		^
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to more. FCP LCP	inimize total network bytes.	<u>Learn</u>
Preconnect to required origins		^
Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early conn <u>earn more</u> . FCP (LCP)	ections to important third-pa	rty origins.
nitial server response time was short — Root document took 10 ms		^
Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other reques LCP	ts depend on it. <u>Learn more</u>	. FCP
	Show 3rd party re	esourees (0)
URL		Time Spen
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io)		10 ms
Avoid multiple page redirects		^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn more</u> . FC	CP (LCP)	
Use video formats for animated content		^
arge GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/We	ebM videos for animations a	nd
PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u> <u>LCP</u>		
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles		^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary by (TBT)	tes consumed by network ad	ctivity.

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More (TBT) Preload Largest Contentful Paint image Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. LCP Show 3rd-party resources (0) **URL Potential Savings** ...img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 0 ms Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 2,203 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. [CCP] Show 3rd party resources (0) **URL** Transfer Size 809.9 KiB ...img/image-de-presentation.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) ...img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 601.0 KiB ...img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 131.2 KiB ...img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 112.2 KiB ...img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) 94.6 KiB 88.5 KiB ...img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) ...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) 76.1 KiB 73.6 KiB ...img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) ...fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) 54.6 KiB ...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) 35.5 KiB Avoids an excessive DOM size - 179 elements A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more. (TBT) Statistic Element Value **Total DOM Elements** 179 span.fa.fa-twitter.icon-md Maximum DOM Depth 11

Statistic	Element			Valu
Maximum Child Elements		ul		
User Timing marks and measures	S			
Consider instrumenting your app experiences. <u>Learn more</u> .	with the User Timing API to mea	asure your app's real-w	vorld performance durin	g key user
JavaScript execution time — 0.0	s			
Consider reducing the time spent with this. <u>Learn more</u> . (TBT)	parsing, compiling, and executi	ng JS. You may find de	elivering smaller JS pay	loads helps
			Show 3rd party	, resources (C
JRL		Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Par
/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/	(brunoclevenot.github.io)	127 ms	1 ms	0 m
Unattributable		102 ms	5 ms	0 m
Category				Time Spe
Other				124 m
Rendering				77 m
Script Evaluation				27 m
Style & Layout				16 m
Parse HTML & CSS				12 m
Script Parsing & Compilation				10 m
Garbage Collection				6 n
Minimize third-party usage				
Third-party code can significantly		the number of redunda	ant third-party providers	and try to
load third-party code after your pa				and try to
load third-party code after your pa Lazy load third-party resources w	age has primarily finished loadin			and try to
	age has primarily finished loadin	g. <u>Learn more</u> . (TBT)	ntil they are required. <u>Le</u>	

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn more.

Avoid long main-thread tasks

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more TBT

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn more CLS



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Contrast — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

▲ Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.

Failing Elements

div.keywords

figcaption

 $\textbf{Navigation} \ - \ \text{These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application}.$

Fail Names he expe	and labels — These are erience for users of assist ks do not have a discernil k text (and alternate text for the serience for	hat do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate assistive technologies. Learn more. h3.mg-md.text-center e opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance tive technology, like a screen reader. ble name for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the green reader users. Learn more.)
Names he expe	and labels — These are erience for users of assist ks do not have a discernil k text (and alternate text for igation experience for sc	h3.mg-md.text-center e opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance tive technology, like a screen reader. ble name for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the creen reader users. Learn more.	
Names he expe	and labels — These are erience for users of assist ks do not have a discernil k text (and alternate text for igation experience for sc	e opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance tive technology, like a screen reader. ble name for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the creen reader users. Learn more.	
Linl	erience for users of assist ks do not have a discernil k text (and alternate text f vigation experience for sc	e opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance tive technology, like a screen reader. ble name for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the creen reader users. Learn more.	
Linl	erience for users of assist ks do not have a discernil k text (and alternate text f vigation experience for sc	ble name for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the creen reader users. Learn more.	
Linl	erience for users of assist ks do not have a discernil k text (and alternate text f vigation experience for sc	ble name for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the creen reader users. Learn more.	
Linl Linl nav	erience for users of assist ks do not have a discernil k text (and alternate text f vigation experience for sc	ble name for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the creen reader users. Learn more.	
Linl nav	k text (and alternate text f	for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the creen reader users. Learn more.	,
nav	rigation experience for sc	ereen reader users. <u>Learn more</u> .	
nav	rigation experience for sc	ereen reader users. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Fail	ling Elements	a.social	
Fail	ling Elements	a.social	
		a.social	
		a.social	
	Ш		
		a.social	
		a.social	

Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more.
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more.
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.
Custom controls have associated labels
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more.
Custom controls have ARIA roles
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .
Visual order on the page follows DOM order
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u>.</nav></main>
Passed audits (10)
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body>`. Learn more.</body>
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.
Document has a <title> element</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td></tr><tr><td>[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique</td></tr><tr><td>All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more.</td></tr></tbody></table></title>

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u>.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn</u> more.

List items () are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items (``) to be contained within a parent `` or `` to be announced properly. <u>Learn</u> more.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

Not applicable (31)

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more.

[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. <u>Learn more</u>.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA meter elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more.

ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more. <object> elements have [alt] text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to '<object>' elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. [lang] attributes have a valid value Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Learn more. <video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"] When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

Trust and Safety

Includes front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities — 9 vulnerabilities detected

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more.

Library Version	Vulnerability Count	Highest Severity
Bootstrap@3.3.5	5	Medium
j <u>Query@2.1.0</u>	4	Medium

Passed audits (16)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Links to cross-origin destinations are safe

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Allows users to paste into password fields

Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more</u>.

Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u>.

Page has the HTML doctype	^			
Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from	switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more</u> .			
Properly defines charset	^			
A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a ` <meta/> ` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more</u> .				
Avoids unload event listeners	^			
The `unload` event does not fire reliably and liste Consider using the `pagehide` or `visibilitychang	ening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. e` events instead. <u>Learn more</u>			
Avoids Application Cache	^			
Application Cache is deprecated. <u>Learn more</u> .				
Detected JavaScript libraries	^			
All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the	page. <u>Learn more</u> .			
Name	Version			
Bootstrap	3.3.5			
jQuery	2.1.0			
Avoids deprecated APIs	^			
Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from	n the browser. <u>Learn more</u> .			
No browser errors logged to the console	^			
Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved concerns. <u>Learn more</u>	problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser			
Page has valid source maps	^			
-	nal source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, nsider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn</u>			
No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtoo	ls ^			
Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from netw failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools details on each issue.				
Not applicable (1)	^			
Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded	I ^			



These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

Content Best Practices — Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

00	ment best i ractices — i offinat your firme in a way that chables classics to better understand your app's content.	
A	Document does not have a meta description Description text is empty.	^
	Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	ditional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best actices.	^
	Structured data is valid	^
	Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Pa	ssed audits (9)	^
	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag With width Or initial-scale	^
	Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Links are crawlable</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More</td><td>S</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Page isn't blocked from indexing</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Image elements have [alt] attributes</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Document has a valid heeflang</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.

Not applicable (4)

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.

Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u>.

Tap targets are sized appropriately

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

Installable

Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

No manifest was fetched

PWA Optimized

Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

	The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, ad to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u> .	d
	Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS	^
	If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u> .	
A	Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.	^
	A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
A	Does not set a theme color for the address bar. Failures: No manifest was fetched, No ` <meta name="theme-color"/> ` tag found.	^
	The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Content is sized correctly for the viewport	^
	If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width Or initial-scale	^
	Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.	
<u> </u>	Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon	^
	For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an 'apple-touch-icon'. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u> .	
A	Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched	^
	A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device <u>Learn more</u> .	
	ditional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not omatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.	^
	Site works cross-browser	^
	To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network	^
	Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Each page has a URL	^
	Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u> .	

URL https://brunoclevenot.github.io/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/

Fetch Time Jul 30, 2021, 9:53 AM GMT+2

Device Emulated Desktop

Network throttling 40 ms TCP RTT, 10,240 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 1x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/92.0.4515.107 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_14_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/90.0.4420.0 Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 1708

Axe version 4.1.3

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