



Performance

| Metrics | | | = |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| First Contentful Paint | 2.4 s | Time to Interactive | 2.6 s |
| Speed Index | 2.4 s | Total Blocking Time | 0 ms |
| Largest Contentful Paint | 3.9 s | Cumulative Layout Shift | 0.239 |

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator</u>.

View Original Trace



Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u>.

| | Show 3rd-party resources (0) | |
|--|------------------------------|----------------------|
| URL | Transfer Size | Potential Savings |
| css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 22.2 KiB | 800 ms |
| /BrunoClevenot 04 12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 4.6 KiB | 500 ms |

1.96 s 🔨

| Transfer Size | Potential Savings |
|------------------|---|
| 7.9 KiB | 650 ms |
| 2.2 KiB | 500 ms |
| 35.5 KiB | 1,100 ms |
| 11.6 KiB | 800 ms |
| 3.8 KiB | 200 ms |
| 15.0 KiB | 500 ms |
| | 7.9 KiB 2.2 KiB 35.5 KiB 11.6 KiB 3.8 KiB |

▲ Use HTTP/2 1.48 s ヘ

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more.

Show 3rd party resources (0)

| URL | Protocol |
|--|----------|
| /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| js/jquery.touchSwipe.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/title.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/citation.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/title2.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| img/image-de-presentation.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |

| URL | Protocol |
|--|---|
| img/lines-h2-bg.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/favicon.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | http/1.1 |
| Preload key requests | 0.35 s ^ |
| Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` to prioritize fetching resources that a more. | re currently requested later in page load. <u>Learn</u> |
| | Show 3rd-party resources (0) |
| URL | Potential Savings |
| fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 350 ms |
| fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 200 ms |
| Remove unused CSS | 0.15 s ^ |
| Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not us unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> . | sed for above-the-fold content to reduce |
| | Show 3rd party resources (0) |
| URL | Transfer Potential Size Savings |
| css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 22.2 KiB 21.4 KiB |
| Remove unused JavaScript | 0.15 s ^ |
| Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activi | ty. <u>Learn more</u> . |
| | Show 3rd-party resources (0) |
| URL | Transfer Potential Size Savings |
| js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 35.5 KiB 23.1 KiB |
| Diagnostics — More information about the performance of your application. Performance score. | These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the |
| ▲ Ensure text remains visible during webfont load | ^ |
| Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while | webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more</u> . |
| | Show 3rd-party resources (0) |
| URL | Potential Savings |
| fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 80 ms |
| fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 160 ms |

| Image elements do not have explicit width and height | ^ |
|--|--|
| Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduc | e layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn more</u> |
| | Show 3rd-party resources (0) |
| URL | Failing Elements |
| img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | img.img-responsive.portfolio-thumb |
| img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | img.img-responsive.portfolio-thumb |
| img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | img.img-responsive.portfolio-thumb |
| img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | img.img-responsive.portfolio-thumb |
| agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | img |
| est une excellen réussi à capturer grer à notre siteimg/citation.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) s ventes en ligne unbard, PDG de A vos fo | img |
| ne agencimg/title.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) attractive | img |

avec bear nos réalise ...img/title2.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) img

img

img

img.

img.center-block.image-resize-mode

...img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io)

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 24 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

Show 3rd party resources (0)

| URL | Cache TTL | Transfer Size |
|---|-----------|---------------|
| img/image-de-presentation.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 810 KiB |
| img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 601 KiB |
| img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 131 KiB |
| img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 112 KiB |
| img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 95 KiB |
| img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 89 KiB |
| fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 76 KiB |
| img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 74 KiB |
| fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 55 KiB |
| js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 36 KiB |
| img/la-chouette-agence.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 27 KiB |
| css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 22 KiB |
| js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 15 KiB |
| img/citation.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 12 KiB |
| js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 12 KiB |
| img/title.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 10 KiB |
| img/title2.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 8 KiB |
| css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 8 KiB |
| img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 8 KiB |
| js/jquery.touchSwipe.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 6 KiB |
| /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 5 KiB |

| URL | Cache TTL | Transfer Size |
|---|-----------|---------------|
| js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 4 KiB |
| css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 2 KiB |
| img/lines-h2-bg.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 10 m | 2 KiB |
| | | |

Avoid chaining critical requests — 8 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more.

Maximum critical path latency: 450 ms

Initial Navigation

/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 130 ms, 22.23 KiB

/BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/style.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 120 ms, 4.58 KiB

...css/font-awesome.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 160 ms, 76.07 KiB

...css/et-line.css (brunoclevenot.github.io)

...fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 80 ms, 54.65 KiB

...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 110 ms, 35.55 KiB

...js/bootstrap.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 90 ms, 11.63 KiB

...js/blocs.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 180 ms, 3.84 KiB

...js/gmaps.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) - 180 ms, 14.95 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 26 requests • 2,233 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

| Resource Type | Requests | Transfer Size |
|---------------|----------|---------------|
| Total | 26 | 2,233.5 KiB |
| Image | 13 | 1,978.3 KiB |
| Font | 2 | 130.7 KiB |
| Script | 5 | 72.3 KiB |
| Stylesheet | 4 | 36.9 KiB |
| Other | 1 | 11.6 KiB |
| Document | 1 | 3.8 KiB |
| Media | 0 | 0.0 KiB |
| Third-party | 0 | 0.0 KiB |
| | | |

Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More

| Element | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------|
| div#bloc-1-hero.bloc.bgc-dark-slate-blue.bg-banniere.d-bloc.bg-t-ed | dge.bloc-bg-texture.textur | re-paper.b- |
| Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found | | ^ |
| These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. | | |
| Element | CLS | Contribution |
| div#bloc-2-services.bloc.bgc-white.l-bloc | | |
| | | 0.14 |
| div.text-center | | |
| | | 0.059 |
| h1.text-center.hero-bloc-text.tc-white | | |
| | | 0.028 |
| div.col-sm-4 | | |
| | | 0.012 |
| div.keywords | | |
| | | 0 |
| Avoid long main-thread tasks — 2 long tasks found | | ^ |
| Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to inp | out delay. <u>Learn more</u> | |
| | Show 3rd-party ro | esources (0) |
| URL | Start Time | Duration |
| /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 795 ms | 126 ms |

| URL | Start Time | Duration |
|---|--|----------------------|
| js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 3,252 ms | 58 ms |
| Passed audits (24) | | ^ |
| Properly size images | | ^ |
| Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time | ne. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| Defer offscreen images | | ^ |
| Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finteractive. <u>Learn more</u> . | inished loading to lower time t | to |
| Minify CSS — Potential savings of 4 KiB | | ^ |
| Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> . | | |
| | Show 3rd party re | esources (0) |
| URL | Transfer Size | Potential Savings |
| css/bootstrap.css (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 22.2 KiB | 4.4 KiB |
| Minify JavaScript | | ^ |
| Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more | <u>~e</u> . | |
| Efficiently encode images | | ^ |
| Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn more</u> . | | |
| Serve images in next-gen formats | | ^ |
| Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compress faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u> . | ion than PNG or JPEG, which | n means |
| Enable text compression | | ^ |
| Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to remore. | minimize total network bytes. <u>I</u> | <u>_earn</u> |
| Preconnect to required origins | | ^ |
| Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early con <u>Learn more</u> . | nections to important third-par | rty origins. |
| Initial server response time was short — Root document took 10 ms | | ^ |
| Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other reque | sts depend on it. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| | Show 3rd-party re | esources (0) |
| URL | | Time Spent |
| /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io) | | 10 ms |

Avoid multiple page redirects Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn **More** Preload Largest Contentful Paint image Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 2,233 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. Show 3rd party resources (0) **URL** Transfer Size 809.9 KiB ...img/image-de-presentation.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 601.0 KiB ...img/la-chouette-agence-banniere.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 131.2 KiB ...img/1.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 112.2 KiB ...img/2.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 94.6 KiB ...img/texture-paper.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) ...img/4.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) 88.5 KiB ...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (brunoclevenot.github.io) 76.1 KiB 73.6 KiB ...img/3.jpg (brunoclevenot.github.io) ...fonts/et-line.woff (brunoclevenot.github.io) 54.6 KiB ...js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot.github.io) 35.5 KiB Avoids an excessive DOM size — 178 elements A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more. Statistic Element Value **Total DOM Elements** 178

| | Element | | | Valu |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Maximum DOM Depth | | span.fa.fa-twitter. | icon-md | 11 |
| Maximum Child Elements | ul | | | ξ |
| User Timing marks and measures | | | | |
| Consider instrumenting your app wi experiences. <u>Learn more</u> . | th the User Timing API to meas | sure your app's real-w | vorld performance durin | g key user |
| JavaScript execution time — 0.1 s | | | | |
| Consider reducing the time spent pawith this. <u>Learn more</u> . | arsing, compiling, and executin | g JS. You may find de | elivering smaller JS pay | loads helps |
| | | | Show 3rd party | resources (0 |
| URL | | Total CPU Time | Script Evaluation | Script Pars |
| /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (b | runoclevenot.github.io) | 401 ms | 3 ms | 1 m |
| Unattributable | | 352 ms | 5 ms | 1 m |
| js/jquery-2.1.0.js (brunoclevenot. | github.io) | 59 ms | 43 ms | 6 m |
| Minimizes main-thread work — 0.9 | ∂s | | | |
| Consider reducing the time spent pa with this. <u>Learn more</u> | arsing, compiling and executing | JS. You may find de | livering smaller JS payl | oads helps |
| Category | | | | Time Spe |
| | | | | 499 m |
| Other | | | | 161 m |
| Other Rendering | | | | |
| Rendering Script Evaluation | | | | |
| Rendering Script Evaluation Parse HTML & CSS | | | | 62 m |
| Rendering Script Evaluation Parse HTML & CSS Style & Layout | | | | 62 m 58 m |
| Rendering Script Evaluation Parse HTML & CSS | | | | 95 ms 62 ms 58 ms 39 ms 15 ms |

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>.

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn more.

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn more



Accessibility

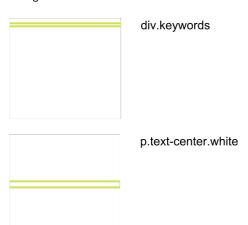
These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Contrast — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

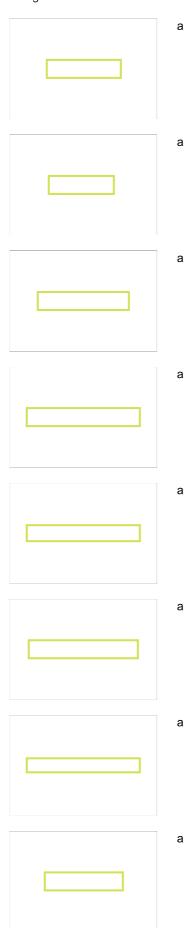
▲ Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.

Failing Elements



Failing Elements



Failing Elements

| а |
|---|
| а |
| а |
| а |
| а |
| а |
| а |
| а |

| Failing Elements | |
|------------------------------|---|
| | a |
| | a |
| | a |
| | a |
| | a |
| | a |
| Navigation — These are oppo | rtunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application. |
| ▲ Heading elements are not i | n a sequentially-descending order |
| | that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate g assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> . |
| Failing Elements | |
| | h3.mg-md.text-center |
| | |

| Internationalization and localization — These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in different locales. | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| <u> </u> | html> element does not have a valid value for its [lang] attribute. | | |
| | Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn more</u> . | | |
| | Failing Elements | | |
| | html | | |
| | mes and labels — These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader. | | |
| <u> </u> | Links do not have a discernible name | | |
| | Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u> . | | |
| | Failing Elements a.social | | |
| | a.social | | |
| | a.social | | |
| | a.social | | |
| | a.social | | |
| | | | |
| | a.social | | |
| | | | |

Additional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn ^ more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.

| TI | he page has a logical tab order | / |
|-----|---|------------|
| Ta | abbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more. | |
| In | teractive controls are keyboard focusable | |
| С | ustom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more. | |
| In | teractive elements indicate their purpose and state | |
| | teractive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive ements. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| TI | he user's focus is directed to new content added to the page | |
| lf | new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more. | |
| U | ser focus is not accidentally trapped in a region | , |
| Α | user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| С | ustom controls have associated labels | , |
| С | ustom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more. | |
| С | ustom controls have ARIA roles | , |
| С | ustom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| Vi | isual order on the page follows DOM order | |
| D | OM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| 0 | ffscreen content is hidden from assistive technology | |
| 0 | ffscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| Н | TML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation | |
| | andmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology earn more.</nav></main> | <i>/</i> . |
| sse | ed audits (10) | |
| [a | aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body> | |
| | ssistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body>`.</body> | |
| В | uttons have an accessible name | |
| | /hen a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who ely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> . |) |
| | he page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region | |
| TI | | |
| | dding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. | |

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.

[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique

All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u>.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more</u>.

List items () are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items (``) to be contained within a parent `` or `` to be announced properly. <u>Learn more</u>.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

Not applicable (30)

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more.

[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. <u>Learn more</u>.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA meter elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more.

ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more. <object> elements have [alt] text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. [lang] attributes have a valid value Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Learn more. <video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"] When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

Trust and Safety

▲ Includes front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities — 9 vulnerabilities detected

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. **Learn more**.

| Library Version | Vulnerability Count | Highest Severity |
|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Bootstrap@3.3.5 | 5 | Medium |
| j <u>Query@2.1.0</u> | 4 | Medium |

User Experience

Serves images with low resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd party resources (0)

| URL | Displayed size | Actual size | Expected size |
|---|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| ne agencimg/title.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 613 x 84 | 613 x 84 | 1226 x 168 |
| img/logo.png (brunoclevenot.github.io) | 100 x 100 | 100 x 100 | 200 x 200 |

Passed audits (15)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Links to cross-origin destinations are safe

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids unload event listeners The 'unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the 'pagehide' or 'visibilitychange' events instead. Learn more Avoids Application Cache Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more. **Detected JavaScript libraries** All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more. Name Version Bootstrap 3.3.5 jQuery 2.1.0 Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more Page has valid source maps Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more. No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the 'Issues' panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request

failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more

details on each issue.

Not applicable (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload 'optional' fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

Content Best Practices — Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

Document does not have a meta description Description text is empty.

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more.

Mobile Friendly — Make sure your pages are mobile friendly so users don't have to pinch or zoom in order to read the content pages. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Document doesn't use legible font sizes — 30.39% legible text

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more.

| Source | Selector | % of Page Text | Font Size |
|---|--|-------------------|-----------|
| style.css:679 | p | 67.07% | 11px |
| /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io) | <pre><div class="keywords" style="color:#cccccc;font-size:1px;"></div></pre> | 1.27% | 1рх |
| /BrunoClevenot_04_12072021/ (brunoclevenot.github.io) | <pre><div class="keywords" style="color:#cccccc;font-size:1px;"></div></pre> | 1.27% | 1px |
| Legible text | | 30.39% | ≥ 12px |

▲ Tap targets are not sized appropriately — 35% appropriately sized tap targets

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.

Tap Target Size Overlapping Target

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

| Tap Target | | Size | Overlapping Target | |
|------------|---|--------|--------------------|---|
| | а | 72x16 | | а |
| | а | 63x16 | | а |
| | а | 88x16 | | а |
| | a | 130x16 | | а |
| | a | 107x16 | | а |
| | а | 76x16 | | а |
| | а | 76x16 | | а |
| | а | 75x16 | | а |

| Tap Target | | Size | Overlapping Target | |
|------------|---|--------|--------------------|---|
| | а | 149x16 | | а |
| | а | 101x16 | | а |
| | а | 77×16 | | а |
| | а | 88x16 | | а |
| | а | 111x16 | | а |
| | а | 103x16 | | а |
| | а | 115x16 | | а |
| | а | 98x16 | | а |

| Tap Target | Size | Overlapping Target | |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| | a 80x16 | | а |
| | a 134x16 | | a |
| | a 147x16 | | а |
| Additional items to manually checopractices. | ck (1) — Run these additional validators o | n your site to check additiona | al SEO best ^ |
| Structured data is valid Run the Structured Data Testing | g <u>Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to vali | date structured data. <u>Learn r</u> | nore. |
| Passed audits (9) | | | ^ |
| Has a <meta name="viewport"/> to Add a ` <meta <="" name="viewport" td=""/> <td>ag with width or initial-scale >` tag to optimize your app for mobile scree</td> <td>ens. <u>Learn more</u>.</td> <td>^</td> | ag with width or initial-scale >` tag to optimize your app for mobile scree | ens. <u>Learn more</u> . | ^ |
| Document has a <title> eleme</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader us page is relevant to their search.</td><td>ers an overview of the page, and search er Learn more.</td><td>ngine users rely on it heavily</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP stat</td><td>tus code</td><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP</td><td>status codes may not be indexed properly.</td><td><u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td></td><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Descriptive link text helps search</td><td>ch engines understand your content. <u>Learn i</u></td><td>more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links are crawlable</td><td></td><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>-</td><td>attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure o more pages of the site can be discovered</td><td></td><td>nchor elements links</td></tr><tr><td>Page isn't blocked from indexin</td><td>g</td><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines are unable to ir</td><td>nclude your pages in search results if they d</td><td>lon't have permission to craw</td><td>l them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td></tr></tbody></table></title> | | | |

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more.

Document has a valid hreflang

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region.

Learn more.

Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.

Not applicable (2)

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more.

Document has a valid rel=canonical



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

Installable

■ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

No manifest was fetched

PWA Optimized

Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

| | Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS | ^ |
|----------|--|---|
| | If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| A | Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched. | ^ |
| | A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| <u> </u> | Does not set a theme color for the address bar. | ^ |
| | Failures: No manifest was fetched, No ` <meta name="theme-color"/> ` tag found. | |
| | The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| | Content is sized correctly for the viewport | ^ |
| | If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| | Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale | ^ |
| | Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| A | Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon | ^ |
| | For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u> . | |
| A | Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched | ^ |
| | A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| | ditional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not omatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually. | ^ |
| | Site works cross-browser | ^ |
| | To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| | Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network | ^ |
| | Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| | Each page has a URL | ^ |
| | Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u> . | |

Runtime Settings

URL https://brunoclevenot.github.

Fetch Time Jul 23, 2021, 10:08 AM GMT+2

Device Emulated Moto G4

Network throttling 150 ms TCP RTT, 1,638.4 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 4x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.164 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 7.0; Moto G (4)) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/90.0.4420.0 Mobile Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 1755

Axe version 4.1.2

Generated by **Lighthouse** 7.2.0 | File an issue