```
JS - prototype vs ___proto___

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```

1. __proto__ svojstvo

Svaki novi objekt ima __proto__ svojstvo koje pokazuje na Object objekt na osnovu kojeg je kreiran kreiran novi objekt

```
> const noviObjekt = {};

    undefined

> noviObjekt
< ▼{} 1
    ▼[[Prototype]]: Object
      ▶ constructor: f Object()
      ▶ hasOwnProperty: f hasOwnProperty()
      ▶ isPrototypeOf: f isPrototypeOf()
      ▶ propertyIsEnumerable: f propertyIsEnumerable()
      ▶ toLocaleString: f toLocaleString()
      ▶ toString: f toString()
      ▶ valueOf: f valueOf()
      ▶ __defineGetter__: f __defineGetter__()
      ▶ __defineSetter__: f __defineSetter__()
      ▶ __lookupGetter__: f __lookupGetter__()

ightharpoonup __lookupSetter__()
      ▼ __proto__: Object
       ▶ constructor: f Object()
        ▶ hasOwnProperty: f hasOwnProperty()
        ▶ isPrototypeOf: f isPrototypeOf()
        ▶ propertyIsEnumerable: f propertyIsEnumerable()
        ▶ toLocaleString: f toLocaleString()
        ▶ toString: f toString()
        ▶ valueOf: f valueOf()
        ▶ __defineGetter__: f __defineGetter__()
        ▶ __defineSetter__: f __defineSetter__()
        ▶ _lookupGetter_: f _lookupGetter_()
        ▶ _lookupSetter_: f _lookupSetter_()
         __proto__: null
        ▶ get __proto__: f __proto__()
        ▶ set __proto__: f __proto__()
      ▶ get __proto__: f __proto__()
      ▶ set __proto__: f __proto__()
```

2. Vrsta i sadržaj (svojstva i metode) prototipa ovise o vrsti objekta kojeg kreiramo

Primjer za Array

Primjer za string

3. Lanac nasljeđivanja

Primjer sa funkcijom / vitičastim zagradama

```
> const Zivotinja = {
    vrsta: 'pas',
};

    undefined

> const fido = Object.create(Zivotinja);
< undefined
> fido.rep = 'kratak';
'kratak'
> const rex = Object.create(fido);

    undefined

> rex.dlaka = 'crna';
< 'crna'
> rex
dlaka: "crna"
     ▼[[Prototype]]: Object
        rep: "kratak"
      ▼[[Prototype]]: Object vrsta: "pas"
         ▼[[Prototype]]: Object
           ▶ constructor: f Object()
           ▶ hasOwnProperty: f hasOwnProperty()
           ▶ isPrototypeOf: f isPrototypeOf()
           ▶ propertyIsEnumerable: f propertyIsEnumerable()
           ▶ toLocaleString: f toLocaleString()
           ▶ toString: f toString()
           ▶ valueOf: f valueOf()
           b defineGetter_: f _ defineGetter_()
b _ defineSetter_: f _ defineSetter_()
b _ lookupGetter_: f _ lookupGetter_()
           ▶ __lookupSetter__: f __lookupSetter__()
            _proto_: (...)
           ▶ get __proto__: f __proto__()
▶ set __proto__: f __proto__()
> rex.dlaka
( 'crna'
> rex.rep
'kratak'
> rex.vrsta
< 'pas'
```

Primjer sa class sintaksom

```
> class Osoba {
       govor() {
           return 'Govorim...';
  }
< undefined
> class SuperOsoba extends Osoba {
       let() {
           return 'Letim...';
< undefined
> let ivica = new SuperOsoba();

    undefined

> ivica.let();
< 'Letim...'</pre>
> ivica.govor();

← 'Govorim...

> ivica

    ▼SuperOsoba {} 
    ⑤

     ▼[[Prototype]]: Osoba
      ▶ constructor: class SuperOsoba
      ▶ let: f let()
      ▼[[Prototype]]: Object
        ▶ constructor: class Osoba
        ▶ govor: f govor()
        ▼[[Prototype]]: Object
           ▶ constructor: f Object()
           ▶ hasOwnProperty: f hasOwnProperty()

ightharpoonup isPrototypeOf()
           ▶ propertyIsEnumerable: f propertyIsEnumerable()
           ▶ toLocaleString: f toLocaleString()
           ▶ toString: f toString()
           ▶ valueOf: f valueOf()
          b__defineGetter__: f __defineGetter__()
b__defineSetter__: f __defineSetter__()
b__lookupGetter__: f __lookupGetter__()
           __lookupSetter__: f __lookupSetter__()
             _proto_: (...)
          pet __proto__: f __proto__()
set __proto__: f __proto__()
```

3. __proto__ vs prototype

__proto__ je svojstvo svakog objekta - pokazuje na prototip objekt na osnovu kojeg je novi objekt kreiran prototype je svojstvo konstruktor funkcije ili klase - pokazuje na sva svojstva/metode koje nasljeđuje novi objekt

Primjer:

```
> function Osoba(ime) {
      this.ime = ime;
undefined
> const ivan = new Osoba('Ivan');
<- undefined
> ivan

√ Vosoba {ime: 'Ivan'} (1)

      ime: "Ivan"
    ▼[[Prototype]]: Object
      ▶ constructor: f Osoba(ime)
      ▶ [[Prototype]]: Object
> ivan.__proto__
< ▼ {constructor: f} </pre>
    ▶ constructor: f Osoba(ime)
    ▶ [[Prototype]]: Object
> Osoba.prototype
< ▼ {constructor: f} </pre>
    ▶ constructor: f Osoba(ime)
    ▶ [[Prototype]]: Object
> ivan.__proto__ === Osoba.prototype
< true
>
```

Ako želimo objektu ivan dodati novu metodu, to radimo pomoću protype svojstva na objektu Osoba:

```
> Osoba.prototype.govor = function() {
        return 'Govorim...';
    };
< f () {
        return 'Govorim...';
    }
> ivan.govor();
< 'Govorim...'
> |
```