

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND DESIGN

The Hardware/Software Interface

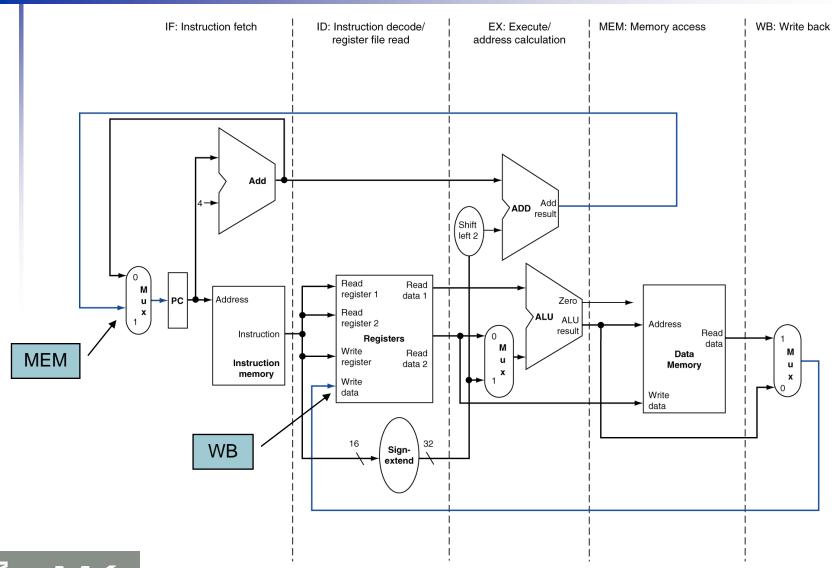


Arquitetura de um processador

4. Pipeline: caminho de dados e controle

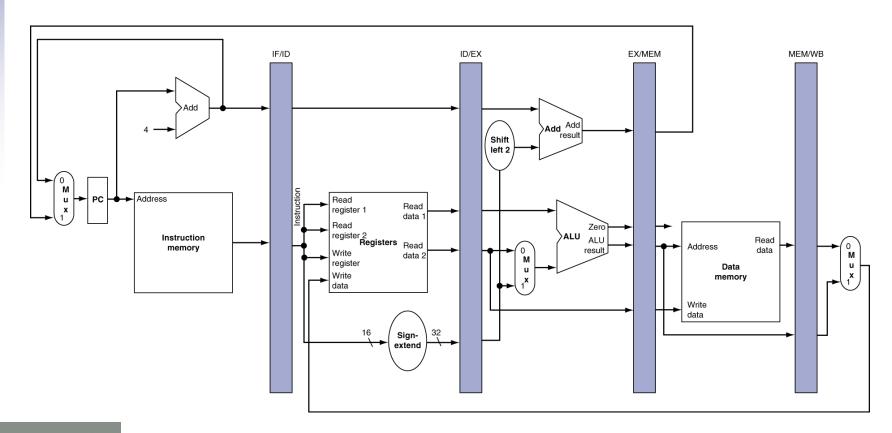
Prof. John L. Gardenghi Adaptado dos slides do livro

Caminho de dados com pipeline



Registradores pipeline

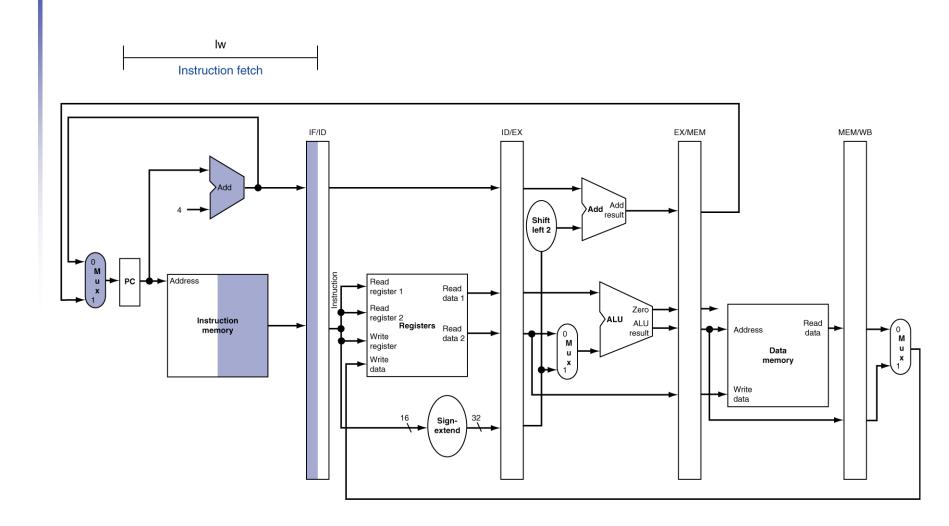
- Há registradores entre os estados
 - Armazenam a informação do ciclo anterior



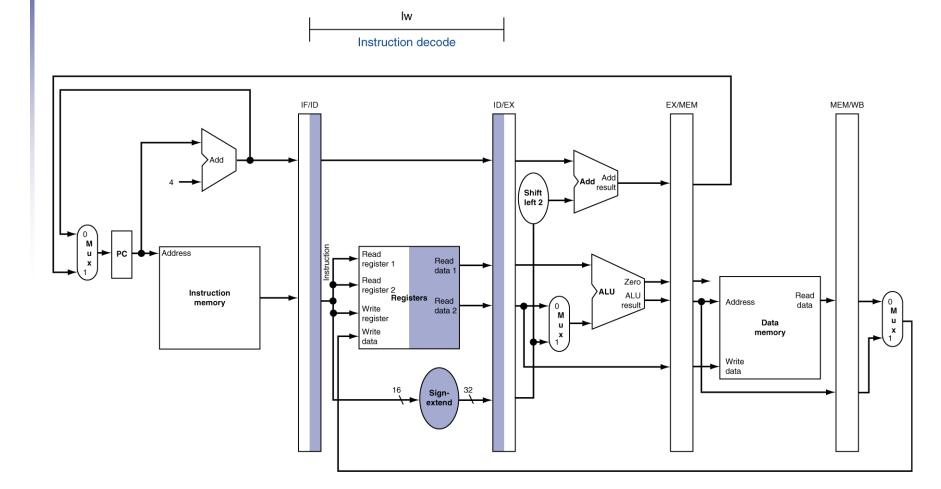
Representação gráfica do pipeline

- Fluxo de uma instrução por ciclo de clock através do caminho de dados pipeline
 - Diagrama de pipeline "Single-clock-cycle"
 - Mostra o uso do pipeline num único ciclo de clock
 - Destaca os recursos utilizados
 - Diagrama "multi-clock-cycle"
 - Gráfico da operação através do tempo (com as fases do pipeline)
- Próximos slides: diagramas "single-clockcycle" para load & store

IF para Load, Store, ...

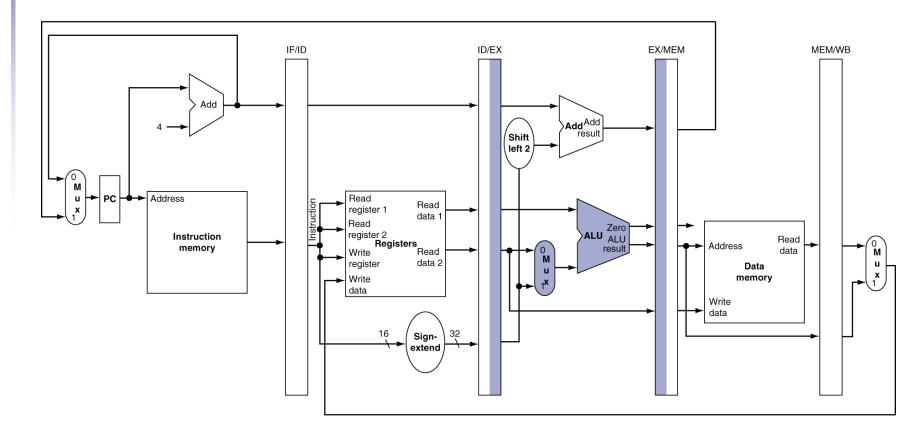


ID para Load, Store, ...

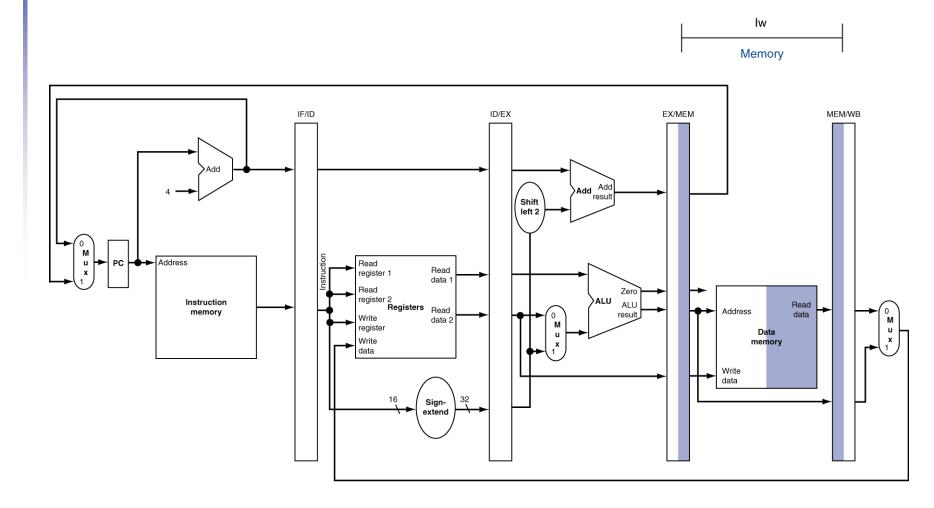


EX para Load

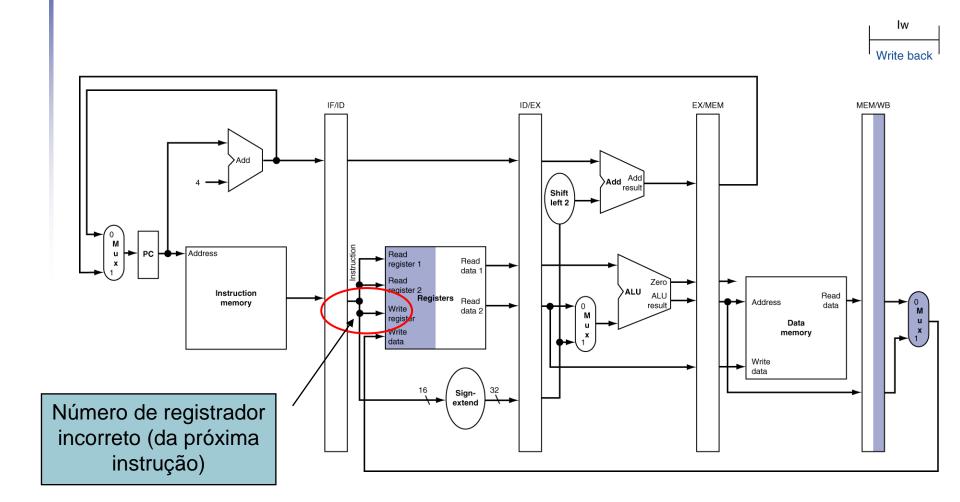




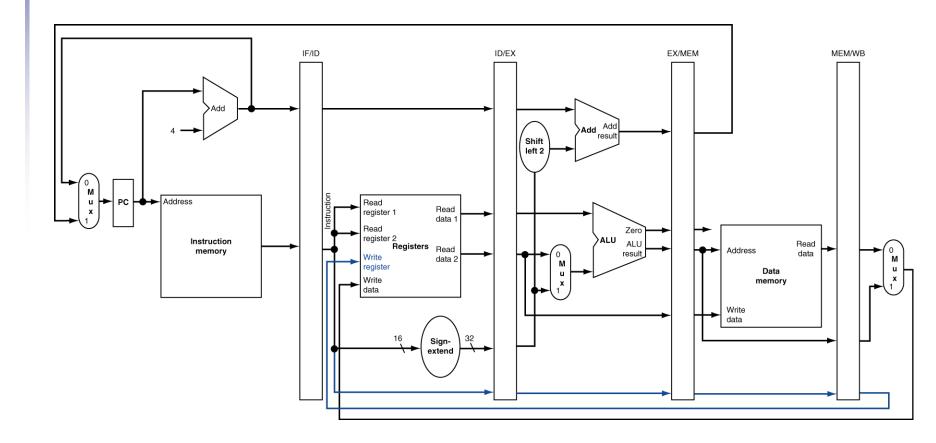
MEM para Load



WB para Load

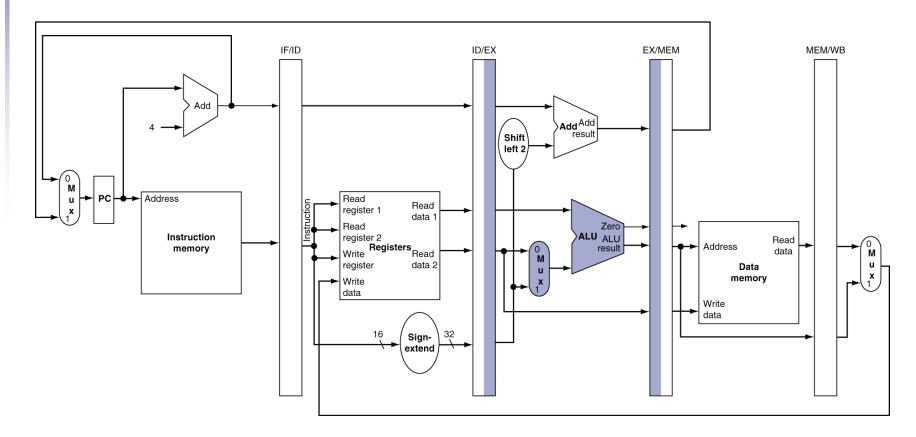


Caminho correto para Load

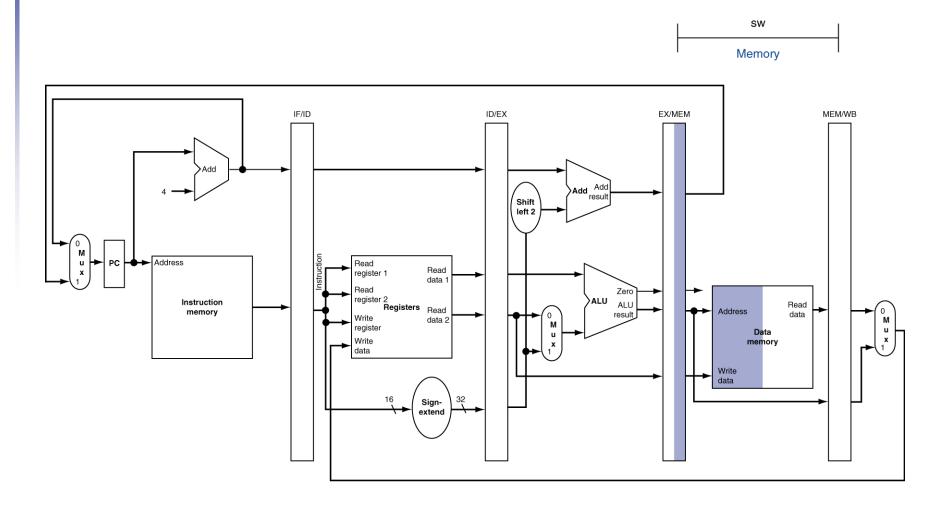


EX para Store





MEM para Store



WB para Store

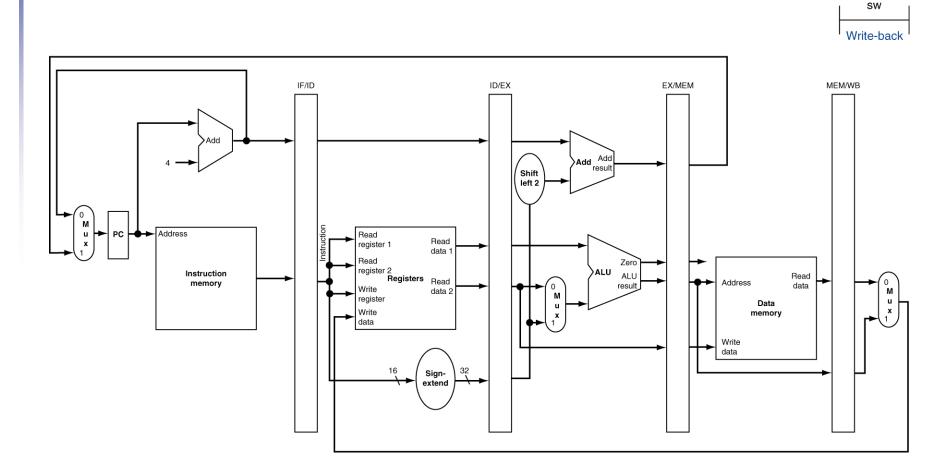
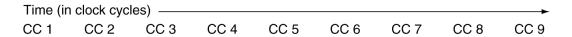


Diagrama pipeline Multi-Cycle

Formato que mostra o uso de recursos



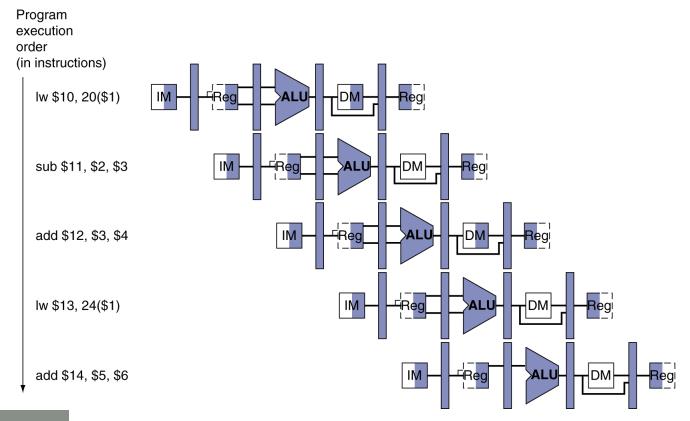


Diagrama pipeline Multi-Cycle

Formato tradicional

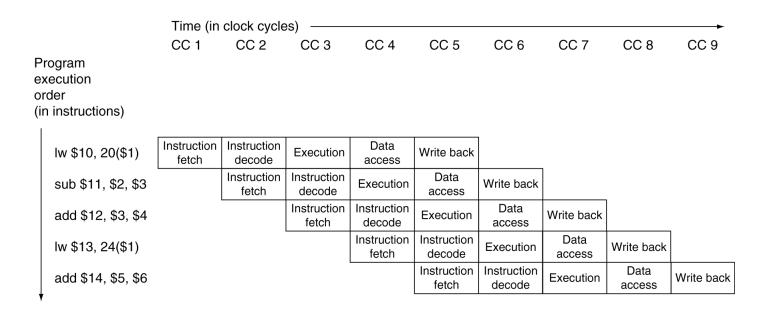
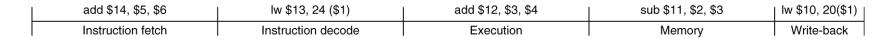
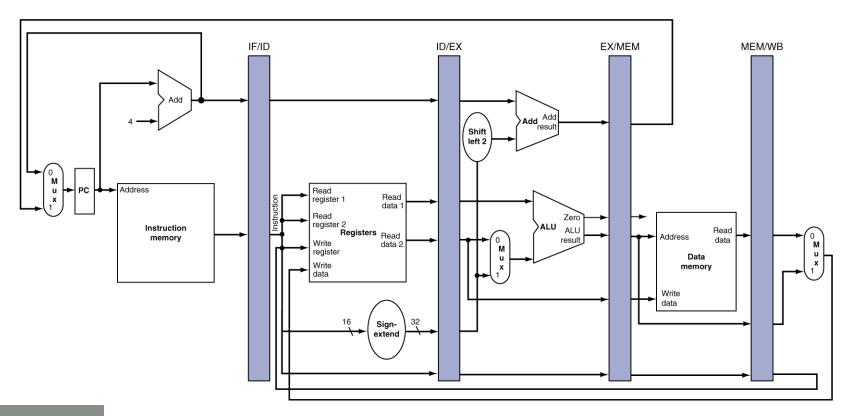


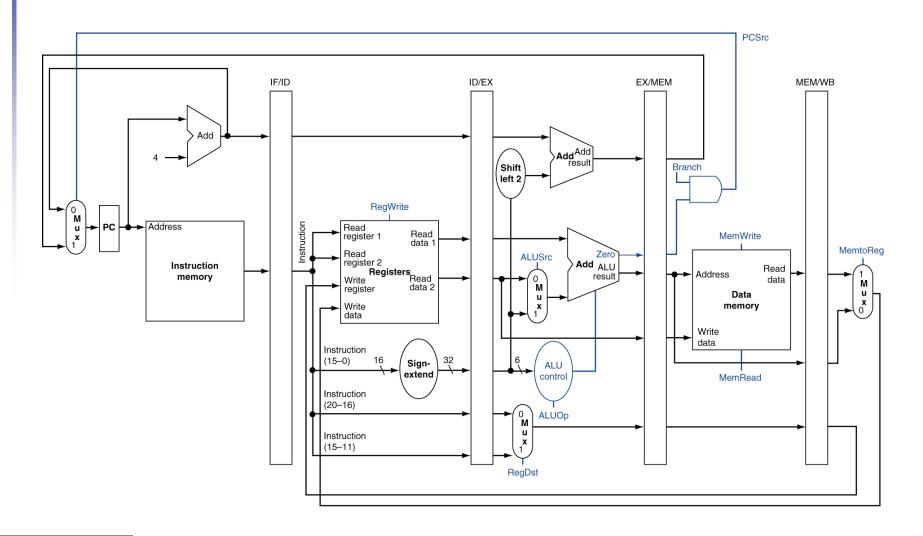
Diagrama pipeline Single-Cycle

Estado de um pipeline num dado ciclo





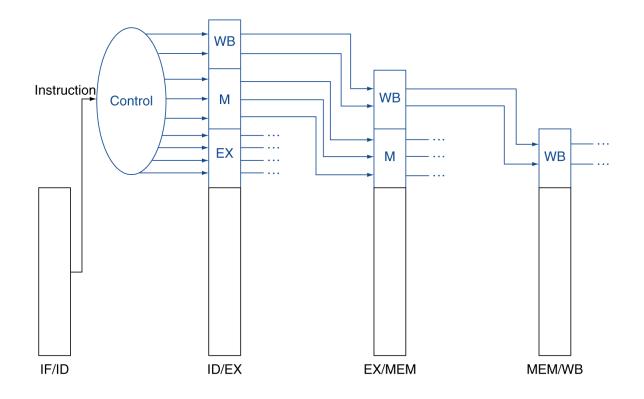
Controle no Pipeline (simplif.)





Controle no pipeline

- Os sinais são definidos a partir da instrução
 - Como na implementação monociclo





Controle no Pipeline

