## Rethinking IO emulation architectures for VMs

Sandro-Alessio Gierens

Advisor: Peter Okelmann

Chair of Decentralized Systems Engineering

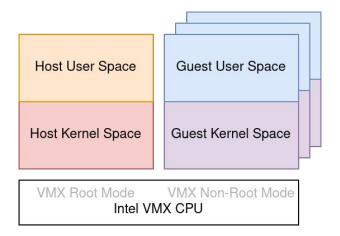
https://dse.in.tum.de/



## Motivation: I/O in System Virtualization



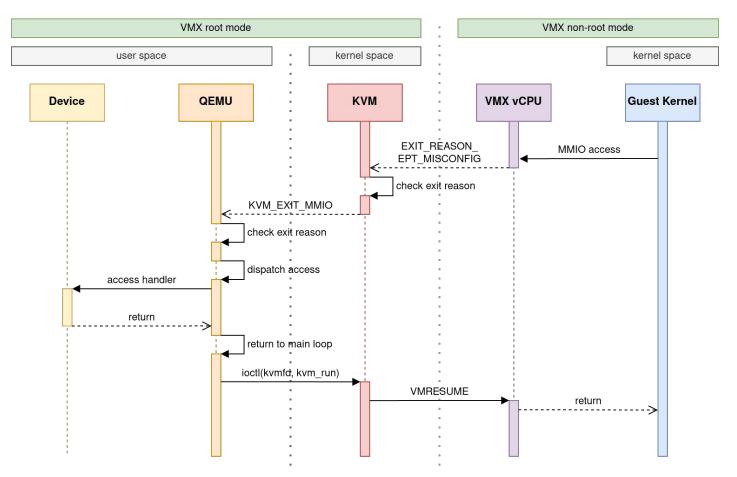
- System virtualization cornerstone of modern IT
- CPU and memory virtualization efficient due to processor extensions



- Similar approaches for I/O expensive and lack flexibility
- full- and para-virtualized I/O still common => performance penalty

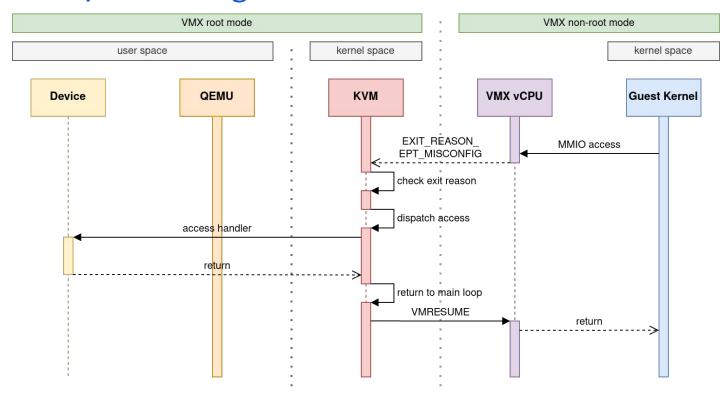
#### State of the art: virtualized MMIO





## Recent Proposal: ioregionfd-enhanced MMIO





ioregionfd replaces the context switch by inter-process communication.

## Research Gap



- Due to novelty only one application: QEMU remote device
  - counters additional IPC overhead
  - shows promising results
- Research question:

Is ioregionfd a viable solution to improve guest MMIO performance in general?

#### **Research Goals**



#### Implement and evaluate ioregionfd for VirtIO

#### Further system design goals:

- easy to use
- per-device activation
- mostly device-agnostic

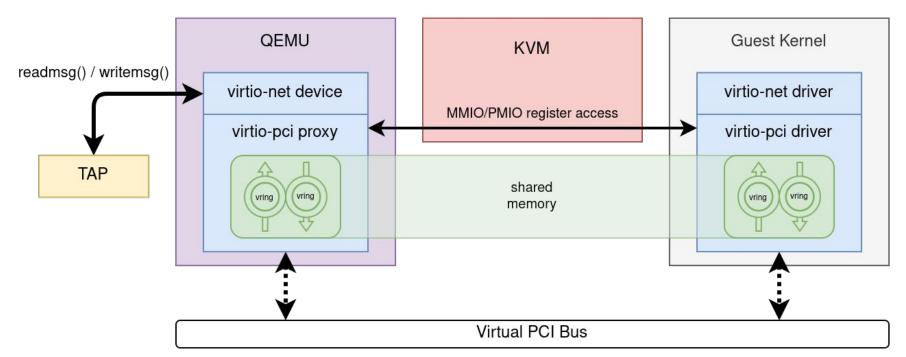
#### Outline



- Motivation
- Background
  - VirtIO
- Design
- Implementation
- Evaluation

## Background: VirtIO





ioregionfd has to be applied in the VirtIO frontend / bus proxy.

#### Outline



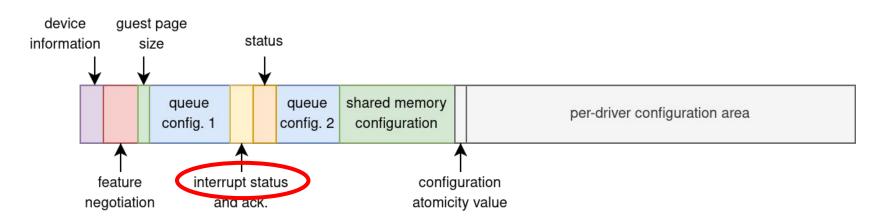
- Motivation
- Background
- Design
  - VirtIO-MMIO Registers
  - Device-agnostic Architecture
- Implementation
- Evaluation

## Design: VirtIO-MMIO Registers



- VirtIO-PCI **no** periodic MMIO accesses
- VirtIO-MMIO has frequent MMIO accesses

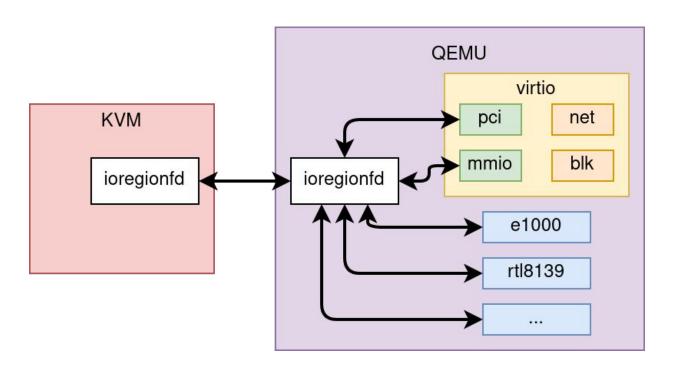
We **focus on** the **VirtIO-MMIO** bus, its frequent MMIO accesses promise a bigger impact.



## Design: Device-agnostic Architecture



Many QEMU devices have similar MMIO/PMIO handlers.



#### Outline



- Motivation
- Background
- Design
- Implementation
  - CLI option and File-Descriptors
  - Generic Handler
- Evaluation

## Implementation: CLI option and File-Descriptors



CLI option for per-device activation:

-netdev tap,id=if1,ifname=tap1 -device virtio-net-device,netdev=if1,use-ioregionfd=yes

**QEMU** File-descriptors created internally for ease of use: Main Thread socketpair() + kvm set ioregionfd() **KVM IOThread** Communication Channel FD<sub>1</sub> FD2 QIOChannel Access Handler

#### Implementation: Generic Handler



Common signature for MMIO handlers:

```
static uint64_t virtio_mmio_read(void *opaque, hwaddr offset, unsigned size);
static void virtio_mmio_write(void *opaque, hwaddr offset, uint64_t value, unsigned size);
Basic idea: split handler into:
    Big Device-agnostic core handler
    Tiny Device-specific proxy handler
static void virtio_mmio_ioregionfd_handler(void *opaque) {
    ioregionfd_gio_channel_read(opaque, virtio_mmio_read, virtio_mmio_write);
```

#### Outline

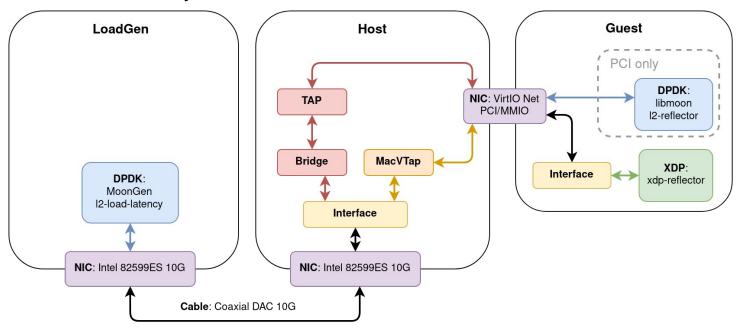


- Motivation
- Background
- Design
- Implementation
- Evaluation
  - Measurement Setup
  - Key Results

## **Evaluation: Measurement Setup**



- Two identical machines (FUJITSU Primergy CX250 S2, 2x Intel Xeon E5-2670 v2, 2x Samsung M393B1K70CH0-CH9 8 GB 1333 MHz ECC DDR3, Samsung 870 EVO SATA SSD)
- MoonGen for latency measurements



autotest: custom software generating and running test based of configuration file

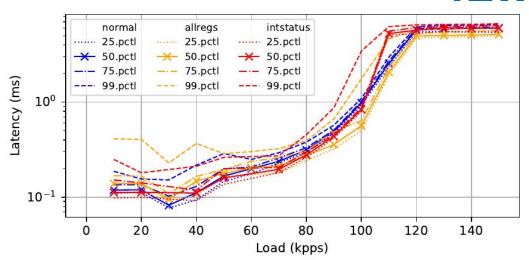
## **Evaluation: Key Results I**

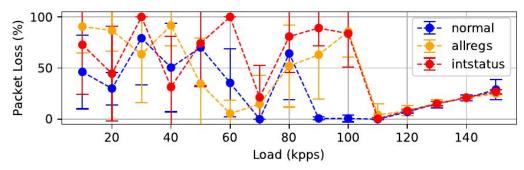
# ТΙΠ

#### ioregionfd:

 Small changes in latency behaviour

- Trend towards higher packet loss
- High packet loss before load limit





## **Evaluation: Key Results II**



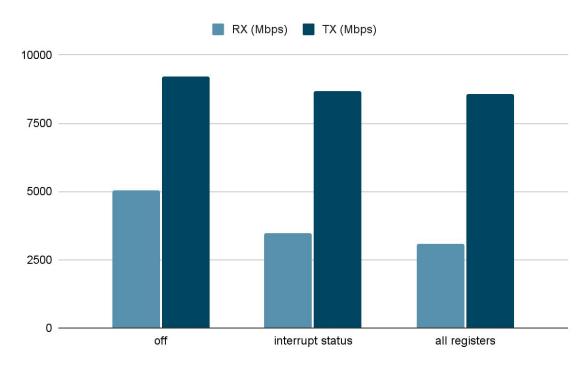
#### Ruling out other parameters:

- **vhost:** no influence at all
- **packet size:** larger packets widen differences, no influence otherwise
- **interface:** both types behave differently, but show same problems
- reflector: lower load limit and higher latency with XDP, but no packet loss on PCI
- **bus:** no unusual packet loss with PCI, but **significant packet** loss before load limit **with MMIO bus**

## **Evaluation: Key Results III**



#### iPerf3 Throughput:



- **significant drop in throughput** especially in receive performance
- no packet loss observed with iPerf3

## **Evaluation: Key Results III**



#### **Other Devices:**

- e1000
  - connectivity bug prevented any measurements
- rtl8139
  - load limit too low for proper MoonGen measurements
- virtio-blk-device
  - hardware issue prevented meaningful measurements

#### Conclusion



#### Implementation fulfills our requirements

easy of use, per-device activation and generic nature

#### No conclusive answer to question about ioregionfd's performance impact yet

- small changes in latency behavior with MoonGen
- but get alarmingly high packet loss on the VirtIO MMIO bus, reason unclear
- trend towards higher packet loss with ioregionfd
- performance drop in throughput with iPerf3

#### Good basis for future work

- find root cause of VirtIO MMIO bus packet loss
- test more devices (virtio-blk), and parameters (queue size, posted writes)
- upstreaming ioregionfd

# Questions?