Interactr

Iteration 3

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Design

Domain Model - Overview

- Low representational gap
- Main classes : Diagram, Message, Party
- Business logic completely separate from UI

Domain Model - UML

Put diagram of domain model here

Domain Model - Diagram Visitors

Interface DiagramVisitor can be implemented by various visitors in other subsystems.

Every DiagramComponent can accept such a visitor.

ightarrow makes it easy to add functionality to the domain layer without having to add code to the classes themselves (like UI code)

Example of visitors used in our UI layer: DialogCreator (makes dialog for a given diagram component without resorting to the use of *instanceof*)

Domain Model - Diagram Observers

Interface DiagramObserver represents an observer of a diagram.

A diagram has a list of such observers that it notifies when a party is added, a label is edited, ...

We currently implement this interface in our classes representing dialog windows and diagram views, for synchronisation of, say, labels.

Entry Point - Controller

Everything starts in Controller :

- → creates a Window (extends CanvasWindow)
- → associates the window with PaintBoard (draw events)
- \rightarrow associates the window with EventHandler (key/mouse events)

Both support Protected Variations. Both encapsulate awt package.

Entry Point - Controller

Put diagram of Controller, PaintBoard and EventHandler and Window + CanvasWindow here

Controller - Underlying Structure

The Controller keeps track of a list of SubWindows.

A SubWindow can be a DiagramWindow or a DialogBox.

Each SubWindow has a frame.

Each SubWindow is 'activated' by putting it at the front of the window list.

SubWindows - Diagram Windows & Dialog Boxes/Windows

A DiagramWindow has two DiagramViews. A DialogWindow is composed of Controls.

A Diagram is directly altered by DiagramViews and DialogWindow.

Synchronization is done with the Observer pattern.

Since Diagram knows when it changes, it keeps a list of
DiagramObservers and notifies them (Information Expert).

 \rightarrow disadvantage : coordinates aren't synchronised (solved by 'making room' upon addition of a diagram component to a 'DiagramView')

Event Handling - How it all Starts

- ightarrow Every mouse or key event goes from Window ightarrow EventHandler.
- ightarrow EventHandler interprets the events and transforms them into Command instances.
- \rightarrow Command is forwarded to Controller.

Note: if event is a *mouse press*, EventHandler asks the Controller to activate the SubWindow at that coordinate first. This very window will be the first receiver for the command.

Event Handling - Commands

Put diagram of Command etc. here

Event Handling - Executing Commands

Precondition: SubWindow is active

- ightarrow Every Command can be handled by a CommandHandler.
- ightarrow DiagramWindow, DiagramView and DialogBox extend the CommandHandler class.
- → The first CommandHandler is the active SubWindow.
- → Every CommandHandler either deals with the Command or (on failure) passes it to the next CommandHandler in its chain.

Patterns used : Command, Visitor and (some sort of) Chain of Responsibility.

Event Handling - Example

Vid. Sequence diagram for Add Party.

Drawing - Paint Board

The PaintBoard encapsulates the *awt* package. It is passed along to any class responsible for drawing. Drawing is done 'on' the paint board.

- manages clip rect (to prevent overflowing)
- allows color changes

- ...

ightarrow it is a Facade

Drawing - Displaying Elements

Each class that displays something draws itself (Information Expert):

- SubWindow draws title bar, close button, frame.
- DiagramView draws diagram with messages, parties, ...
 - \rightarrow use of Visitor pattern to generate figures (representations) for these diagram components.
 - ightarrow these figures are Flyweights.
 - \rightarrow separation of UI / domain logic without use of type checking (i.e. instanceof).
- Control draws itself, eg. text for label.

Extensibility

Extensibility - Diagram Visitors

As stated before, DiagramVisitor interface makes it easy to add functionality to the domain model without 'polluting' it with, say, UI logic.

Extensibility - Commands

Command pattern eases undoing, allows delayed processing, use by menu items, ... When using new types of events (eg. speech recognition) only EventHandler has to change.

Small disadvantages;

- many new types of CommandHandler
 - ightarrow bloated Command abstract class (Visitor pattern discussion)
- if Chain of Responsibility is long
 - \rightarrow wasted processing (command goes down the whole chain before realising that it can't be handled)

Testing

Testing

Coverage here!

Project Management

Refactoring

- No duplicated code.
- Moved methods here and there.
- Addressed *long methods* with *extract method*
 → not the best metric ... but all methods 'fit on the screen' (max. 30 lines).
- If appropriate a temporary variable was replaced with getters.
- Avoided message chains.
- Virtually no switch statements (only in EventHandler).
- Comments virtually never necessary (maybe when drawing messages in SequenceView).

Time management

- weekly meeting with assistant
- +- 40 hours per person
- designed, refactored, tested, redesigned, ... in no particular order

Demonstration