

# Notebook - Maratona de Programação

## DSUm balão da cor sim cor não

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# 1 Algoritmos

#### 1.1 Busca Binaria

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
2 using namespace std;
4 bool check(int valor, int x) {
      return valor <= x;</pre>
8 int bb(int a, int b, int x){
      int 1 = a;
9
      int r = b;
      while (1 < r) {
11
         int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
          if (check(mid, x)) r = mid;
          else l = mid + 1;
14
      }
15
      return 1;
16
17 }
19 bool check(int valor) {
      return valor <= 10;</pre>
20
21 }
23 int bb_menor(int a, int b){
      int 1 = a;
      int r = b;
25
      while (1 < r) {
26
          int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
          if (check(mid)) r = mid;
          else l = mid + 1;
      }
30
31
32
      return 1;
33 }
35
36 int bb_maior(int a, int b){
     int 1 = a;
      int r = b;
38
      while (1 < r) {
         int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
40
          if (!check(mid)) r = mid;
          else l = mid + 1;
42
      }
43
44 }
```

### 1.2 Busca Binaria Double

```
2 // Complexidade : O(NlogN)
4 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
5 using namespace std;
7 typedef long long ll;
8 typedef long double ld;
9 const ld EPS = 1e-9;
11 ll check(ld x, vector<int> &v){
     11 sum = 0;
      for(int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
          sum += (v[i]/x);
14
15
16
      return sum;
17 }
19 int main(){
   int n, k;
20
      cin>>n>>k;
```

```
vector < int > v(n);
22
23
       for(int i=0; i<n; i++)cin>>v[i];
24
       ld l=0.0000000, r=10000000.0000000;
25
       ld mid;
       while(r-1>EPS){
27
           mid = (1d)((1 + r)/2);
           if (check(mid, v)>=k){
29
               l=mid;
30
31
           else{
32
33
               r = mid;
34
35
       cout << fixed << setprecision(7) << mid << endl;</pre>
36
37
38
       return 0;
39 }
        Busca Ternaria
1 // Uma busca em uma curva, avaliando dois pontos
      diferentes
2 // Complexidade: O(Nlog3N)
4 double check(vector<int> v, vector<int> t, double x){
       double ans = 0;
       for(int i=0; i<v.size(); i++){</pre>
           ans = max(ans, (double)(abs(v[i]-x) + t[i]));
8
9
       return ans;
10 }
11
12 int32_t main(){ sws;
13
       int t; cin>>t;
14
       while(t--){
15
           int n; cin>>n;
16
17
           vector < int > v(n);
           vector < int > t(n);
18
19
           input(v);
           input(t);
20
21
           double ans = 0.0;
22
23
           double 1=0.0, r=1e9;
24
           while (r-1 >= EPS) {
25
                double mid1 = (double) 1 + (r - 1) / 3;
               double mid2 = (double) r - (r - 1) / 3;
27
28
29
                double x1 = check(v, t, mid1);
               double x2 = check(v, t, mid2);
30
               if(x1 < x2){
32
33
                   r = mid2;
               }else{
34
                   1 = mid1;
35
                    ans = 1;
37
38
           cout << fixed << setprecision(7);</pre>
39
40
           cout << ans << end1;</pre>
41
       return 0;
42
43 }
  1.4 Delta
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 using namespace std;
```

4 int main(){

```
int n, q;
6
       cin >> n >> q;
       vector < int > v(n,0);
       vector < int > delta(n+2, 0);
       while (q--) {
10
           int 1, r, x;
            cin >> 1 >> r >> x;
12
            delta[1] += x;
13
            delta[r+1] -= x;
15
16
17
       int atual = 0;
       for(int i=0; i < n; i++){</pre>
18
19
            atual += delta[i];
            v[i] = atual;
20
21
22
       for(int i=0; i < n; i++){</pre>
           cout << v[i] << " ";
24
25
       cout << endl;</pre>
26
27
       return 0;
29 }
```

#### 1.5 Fast Exponentiaton

```
1 // recursivo
2 int fast_exp(int base, int e, int m){
      if(!e) return 1;
      int ans = fast_exp(base * base % m, e/2, m);
      if(e % 2) return base * ans % m;
5
      else return ans;
7 }
8 //iterativo
9 int fast_exp(int base, int e, int m) {
      int ret = 1;
      while (e) {
          if (e & 1) ret = (ret * base) % m;
12
          base = (base * base) % m;
14
15
16
      return ret;
17 }
```

#### 1.6 Psum

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2 using namespace std;
4 #define input(x) for (auto &it : x) cin >> it
5 typedef long long 11;
6 vector < 11 > psum (1e5);
8 int solve(int 1, int r){
      if(1==0) return psum[r];
9
       else return psum[r] - psum[l-1];
11 }
13 int main(){
14
       int n, q;
       cin >> n >> q;
16
18
       vector < int > v(n);
      input(v);
19
       for(int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
20
           if(i==0) psum[i] = v[i];
21
           else psum[i] = psum[i-1] + v[i];
       }
23
       while(q--){
24
```

#### 1.7 Psum2d

```
int psum[MAX][MAX];
3 int32_t main(){ sws;
       int t; cin>>t;
       while(t--){
5
           memset(psum, 0, sizeof(psum));
 6
           int n, q; cin >> n >> q;
9
            for(int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
                int x, y;
10
11
                cin>>x>>y;
12
13
                psum[x][y] += x*y;
14
15
            for(int i=1; i<MAX; i++)</pre>
                for(int j=1; j<MAX; j++)</pre>
17
                     psum[i][j] += psum[i-1][j];
            for(int i=1; i<MAX; i++){</pre>
                for(int j=1; j<MAX; j++){</pre>
21
                     psum[i][j] += psum[i][j-1];
22
           }
24
25
            for(int i=0; i<q; i++){</pre>
26
                int x1, y1, x2, y2;
27
28
                cin>>x1>>y1>>x2>>y2;
                x2--; y2--;
29
                int soma = psum[x1][y1] + psum[x2][y2] -
31
       psum[x2][y1] - psum[x1][y2];
32
                cout <<soma << endl;</pre>
33
       }
34
       return 0;
35
```

#### 2 DP

#### 2.1 Convex Hull Opt

```
1 // utiliza-se convexhull tricky geralmente para dp 0(
      2n), onde para cada elemento, percorre os
      elementos anteriores à ele.
_{2} // o objetivo \acute{\mathbf{e}} iterar pelo j e transformar o i em
      constante para criar retas e assim, encontrar o
      max. ou min.
_{\rm 3} // convex foi feito para achar o max, caso queira o
      min. troque o sinal de todos os j's
4 // reta ax + b, onde x é em çãfuno de i. Transforma em
       um for \acute{o}s, onde os i's \acute{a}j \~{a}so atribuidas em dp[i]
       e soma-se à ela o cht.eval(x da reta)
_{\rm 5} // logo depois, faz cht.insert_line(a da reta, b da
      reta)
7 // algoritmo
8 const ll is_query = -(1LL<<62);</pre>
9 struct line {
      ll m, b;
```

```
mutable function < const line *() > succ;
                                                                  dessa questao exemplo eh 0. 0)
11
      bool operator < (const line& rhs) const {</pre>
                                                           74
                                                                 for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){</pre>
          if (rhs.b != is_query) return m < rhs.m;</pre>
13
                                                           75
          const line* s = succ();
                                                           76
                                                                     ll x, a, b; tie(x, a, b) = v[i];
14
          if (!s) return 0;
                                                           77
                                                                      dp[i] = x * b + a - cht.eval(b);
          11 x = rhs.m:
                                                                      cht.insert_line(x, -dp[i]);
16
                                                           78
           return b - s->b < (s->m - m) * x;
17
      }
18
                                                             2.2 Digit Dp
19 };
21 struct dynamic_hull : public multiset <line > { // will
                                                            int tab[20][2][12][2];
       maintain upper hull for maximum
                                                            2 int dp(int idx, bool menor, int ant, bool zero,
      const ll inf = LLONG_MAX;
                                                                 string &digits){
      bool bad(iterator y) {
23
                                                                 if(idx >= (int)digits.size()){
24
          auto z = next(y);
                                                                      return 1;
                                                            4
           if (y == begin()) {
25
26
               if (z == end()) return 0;
                                                                 if(tab[idx][menor][ant][zero] != -1) return tab[
               return y->m == z->m && y->b <= z->b;
27
                                                                 idx][menor][ant][zero];
           }
                                                                 int ans = 0;
29
           auto x = prev(y);
                                                                 int k = menor ? digits[idx]-'0' : 9;
          if (z == end()) return y->m == x->m && y->b
30
                                                           9
      <= x -> b:
                                                           10
                                                                 for(int i=0; i<=k; i++){</pre>
31
                                                                     bool menornow = digits[idx]-'0' == i ? menor
          /* compare two lines by slope, make sure
      denominator is not 0 */
                                                                     if(ant != i or (i==0 and zero)) ans += dp(idx
          11 v1 = (x->b - y->b);
33
                                                                 +1, menornow, i, i==0 ? zero:false, digits);
          if (y->m == x->m) v1 = x->b > y->b ? inf : -
34
                                                                 return tab[idx][menor][ant][zero] = ans;
                                                           14
           else v1 /= (y->m - x->m);
35
                                                           15 }
          11 v2 = (y->b - z->b);
36
                                                          16
          if (z->m == y->m) v2 = y->b > z->b ? inf : -
37
                                                           17 int32_t main(){ sws;
                                                                 int a, b;
                                                           18
           else v2 /= (z->m - y->m);
38
                                                                 cin>>a>>b;
                                                           19
39
          return v1 >= v2;
                                                                 memset(tab, -1, sizeof(tab));
40
                                                                 string b_s = to_string(b);
                                                           21
41
      void insert_line(ll m, ll b) {
                                                                 int ba = dp(0, true, 11, true, b_s);
                                                           22
          auto y = insert({ m, b });
42
                                                                 int aa = 0;
          y->succ = [=] { return next(y) == end() ? 0 : ^{23}
43
                                                                 if(a > 0){
       &*next(y); };
                                                                      memset(tab, -1, sizeof(tab));
          if (bad(y)) { erase(y); return; }
44
                                                                      string a_s = to_string(a-1);
                                                           26
           while (next(y) != end() && bad(next(y)))
                                                           27
                                                                      aa = dp(0, true, 11, true, a_s);
      erase(next(y));
                                                           28
                                                                     cout < < ba - aa < < endl;
          while (y != begin() && bad(prev(y))) erase(
46
                                                           29
                                                                 }else{
      prev(y));
                                                                     cout < < ba < < endl;
47
                                                           31
      11 eval(ll x) {
          auto 1 = *lower_bound((line) { x, is_query }) 32 }
49
                                                                  Dр
                                                             2.3
          return 1.m * x + 1.b;
50
51
52 }:
                                                           1 // DP - Dynamic Programming
53
                                                           3 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
55 // antes do convex
                                                            4 using namespace std;
      vll dp(n+1, LLINF);
56
      for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){</pre>
57
                                                           6 typedef long long 11;
          11 x, a, b; tie(x, a, b) = v[i];
58
                                                           7 const int MAX = 110;
           ll ans = LLINF; dp[i] = x*b + a;
60
          for(int j=i-1; j>=1; j--){
                                                           9 int n;
              ll x_bef, a_bef, b_bef; tie(x_bef, a_bef, _{10} int tab[MAX];
61
       b_bef) = v[j];
                                                           vector < int > v;
              ll val = -x_bef * b;
62
               ans = min(ans, val + dp[j]);
                                                           13 ll dp(int i){
           }
64
                                                                 if(i>=n) return 0;
           dp[i] = min(dp[i], ans + x*b + a);
                                                                 if(tab[i] != -1) return tab[i];
                                                           15
      }
66
                                                           16
67
                                                                 int pega = v[i] + dp(i+2);
                                                           17
      return 0;
68
                                                           18
                                                                 int npega = dp(i+1);
69 }
                                                           19
70
                                                                 tab[i] = max(pega, npega);
                                                           20
71
                                                           21
                                                                  return tab[i];
72 // depois do convex
                                                           22 }
      cht.insert_line(0, 0); // primeiro valor (no caso 23
```

```
24 int main(){
                                                          59 }
25
      memset(tab, -1, sizeof(tab));
                                                                  \operatorname{Lis}
                                                             2.5
      cin>>n:
26
      v.assign(n, 0);
                                                          1 // Longest increase sequence
                                                           2 // O(nlogn)
29
      cout <<dp(0) <<end1;
                                                           3 multiset < int > S;
31
                                                           4 for (int i=0; i < n; i++) {
      return 0;
                                                                 auto it = S.upper_bound(vet[i]); // upper -
32
33 }
                                                                 longest strictly increase sequence
                                                                if(it != S.end())
  2.4 Knapsack
                                                           7
                                                                    S.erase(it);
                                                           8
                                                                 S.insert(vet[i]);
                                                          9 }
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2 using namespace std;
                                                          10 // size of the lis
                                                          int ans = S.size();
_{\rm 4} #define int long long
5 #define ll long long
                                                          _{13} // return the elements in LIS
); cout.tie(NULL);
                                                          15 // https://codeforces.com/blog/entry/13225?#comment
                                                                -180208
7 #define pb(x) push_back(x);
8 #define pii pair<int,int>
                                                          16
                                                          17 vi LIS(const vi &elements){
9 const int N = 1e3+5;
                                                                 auto compare = [&](int x, int y) {
10
                                                          18
                                                                     return elements[x] < elements[y];</pre>
11 int n, t;
                                                          19
12 int tab[N][N];
                                                                 }:
                                                          20
13 bool pegou[N][N];
                                                          21
                                                                 set < int, decltype(compare) > S(compare);
14 vector < pair < int , int >> v;
                                                          22
                                                          23
                                                                 vi previous( elements.size(), -1 );
16 vector < int > resposta;
                                                          24
                                                                 for(int i=0; i<int( elements.size() ); ++i){</pre>
                                                                     auto it = S.insert(i).first;
                                                          25
                                                                     if(it != S.begin())
18 int dp(int idx, int dias){
                                                                         previous[i] = *prev(it);
      if(idx >= n) return 0;
                                                          27
19
      if(tab[idx][dias] != -1) return tab[idx][dias];
                                                                     if(*it == i and next(it) != S.end())
20
                                                                         S.erase(next(it));
                                                          30
22
      int pega=0;
      if(dias+v[idx].first <= t){</pre>
                                                                 vi answer;
          pega = dp(idx+1, dias+v[idx].first)+v[idx].
                                                          32
24
                                                                 answer.push_back( *S.rbegin() );
      second;
                                                          33
                                                                 while ( previous[answer.back()] != -1 )
      }
                                                          34
25
                                                                     answer.push_back( previous[answer.back()] );
                                                          35
26
      int npega = dp(idx+1, dias);
                                                          36
                                                                 reverse( answer.begin(), answer.end() );
                                                                 return answer:
28
                                                          37
      if(pega>npega) pegou[idx][dias] = true;
29
30
                                                                  Mochila Iterativa
                                                             2.6
      return tab[idx][dias] = max(pega, npega);
31
32 }
                                                           #include <bits/stdc++.h>
33
34 int32_t main(){
                                                          2 using namespace std;
      memset(tab, -1, sizeof(tab));
35
      cin>>n>>t;
                                                          4 const int maxn = 110, maxp = 1e5+10;
36
      for(int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
                                                           5 const long long inf = 0x3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f; // ~= 10^18
          int ti. di:
38
          cin>>ti>>di;
                                                          7 int v[maxn], p[maxn];
                                                          8 long long dp[maxn][maxp];
40
          v.push_back({ti, di});
41
                                                           9
      }
                                                          10 int main() {
42
      dp(0, 0);
                                                                 int n, C; scanf("%d %d", &n, &C);
43
                                                          11
      int i = 0, j = 0;
                                                                 for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
                                                          12
      vector < int > ans;
                                                                     scanf("%d %d", &p[i], &v[i]);
45
                                                          13
      // retornar os valores
46
                                                          14
      while(i < n){
47
                                                          15
                                                                 long long ans = 0;
          if(pegou[i][j]){
                                                                 // inicializando o vetor
                                                          16
48
49
               j += v[i].first;
                                                          17
                                                                 for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
                                                                     for(int P = p[i]; P <= C; P++)</pre>
               ans.push_back(i+1);
50
                                                          18
           }
                                                                         dp[i][P] = -inf;
51
                                                          19
                                                                 // definindo o caso base
52
          i++;
                                                          20
53
                                                          21
                                                                 dp[0][0] = 0;
      cout << ans.size() << endl;</pre>
                                                          22
      for(int i=0; i < ans.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                                 for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
55
                                                          23
           cout << ans [i] << " ";
                                                                     for(int P = 0; P <= C; P++) {</pre>
                                                          24
                                                                         dp[i][P] = dp[i-1][P];
57
                                                          25
                                                                         if(P >= p[i])
                                                          26
58
```

```
dp[i][P] = max(dp[i][P], dp[i-1][P-p[20
                                                                 for(int i = 0; i < (1 << N); ++i) { // i = [0, 2^
      i]] + v[i]);
                                                                     for(int j = 0; j < N;++j)</pre>
               ans = max(ans, dp[i][P]);
28
          }
                                                                         if(i & (1 << j)) // se o j-esimo bit de
29
                                                          22
30
      }
                                                                 i esta setado, printamos S[j]
                                                                             cout << S[j] << " ";
31
                                                          23
      printf("%lld\n", ans);
32
                                                          24
                                                                     cout << endl;</pre>
33 }
                                                          25
                                                          26 }
  2.7 Mochila Recursiva
                                                          28 // x & (~x+1) -> first set bit
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                             3.2 Delayed
2 using namespace std;
4 const int maxn = 110, maxp = 1e5+10;
                                                          1 // adiciona elementos em um multiset, e calcula o
                                                                 numero de elementos menor que x no set
6 int v[maxn], p[maxn], n;
                                                           2 // O(raiz(QlogQ))
7 long long dp[maxn][maxp];
8 bool vis[maxn][maxp];
                                                           4 class Delayed{
                                                                 11 q;
10 long long solve(int i, int P) {
                                                                 vector<ll> a, delayed;
      if(i == n+1) return 0; // caso base, nao ha mais
11
                                                                 public:
      itens para se considerar
                                                                 void merge(){
      if(vis[i][P]) return dp[i][P];
                                                                     for(auto x : delayed){
      vis[i][P] = 1;
                                                                         a.pb(x);
13
                                                          10
                                                          11
14
      // primeira possibilidade, nao adicionar o
                                                          12
                                                                     sort(all(a));
      elemento
                                                                     delayed = {};
                                                          13
      dp[i][P] = solve(i+1, P);
                                                          14
17
                                                          15
      // segunda possibilidade, adicionar o elemento.
                                                          16
                                                                 void add(ll x){
18
      // Lembrar de tirar o maximo com o valor ja
                                                          17
                                                                     delayed.pb(x);
19
      calculado da primeira possibilidade
                                                                     if(delayed.size() * delayed.size() > q){
                                                          18
       if(P >= p[i])
                                                                          merge();
20
          dp[i][P] = max(dp[i][P], solve(i+1, P - p[i])_{20}
21
       + v[i]);
22
                                                          22
      return dp[i][P];
                                                                 11 get(11 x){
                                                          23
23
24 }
                                                          24
                                                                     11 \text{ ans} = 0;
                                                                     11 pos = lower_bound(a.begin(), a.end(), x) -
25
                                                          25
26 int main() {
      int C; scanf("%d %d", &n, &C);
                                                                     if(!pos){ans = 0;} else{ans = pos;}
27
                                                          26
      for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
                                                                     for(auto it: delayed){
                                                          27
          scanf("%d %d", &p[i], &v[i]);
                                                                         if(it < x){ans++;}
                                                          28
29
      printf("%lld\n", solve(1, C));
30
                                                          29
31 }
                                                                     return ans;
                                                          30
                                                          31
                                                          32
       ED
  3
                                                          33
                                                                 Delayed(11 q){
                                                                     this -> q = q;
                                                          34
  3.1 Bitwise
                                                          35
                                                          36 };
1 // Bitwise Operations
                                                             3.3
                                                                  \mathbf{Dsu}
3 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
4 using namespace std;
                                                           #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                           2 using namespace std;
                                                           4 // Complexidade
7 // Verificar se o bit esta ligado
                                                           5 // build : O(N)
8 bool isSet(int bitPosition, int number) {
                                                          6 // find : O(logN)
      bool ret = ((number & (1 << bitPosition)) != 0);</pre>
      return ret;
                                                           7 class DSU{
10
11 }
                                                                 vector < int > parent, sz;
                                                                 public:
                                                           9
13 // Ligar o bit
                                                          10
                                                                 void make(int v){
14 bool setBit(int bitPosition, int number) {
                                                                     parent[v] = v;
                                                          11
15
      return (number | (1 << bitPosition) );</pre>
                                                          12
                                                                     sz[v] = 1;
16 }
                                                          13
17
                                                          14
18 // Gerando todos os subconjuntos de um conjunto em
                                                                 int find(int v){
                                                          15
                                                                     if (v == parent[v]) return v;
      binario
                                                          16
```

return parent[v] = find(parent[v]);

19 void possibleSubsets(char S[], int N) {

```
}
18
19
                                                              7 int block;
                                                             8 bool comp(tuple<int,int,int> a, tuple<int,int,int> b)
       void union_(int a, int b){
20
21
           a = find(a), b = find(b);
                                                                    int 1, r, idx, 11, rr, idx2;
                                                                    tie(l, r, idx) = a;
           if(sz[b]>sz[a]) swap(a,b);
23
                                                             10
           if (a != b){
                                                                    tie(11, rr, idx2) = b;
               sz[a] += sz[b];
25
               parent[b] = a;
                                                                    if(l/block != ll/block){
26
                                                             13
           }
                                                             14
                                                                        return 1/block < 11/block;</pre>
      }
28
                                                             15
29
                                                             16
                                                                    return (1/block & 1) ? r < rr : r > rr;
                                                             17 }
       bool same(int a, int b){
30
           a = find(a), b = find(b);
31
                                                             18
                                                             19 class MO{
32
           return a == b;
                                                                    public:
33
                                                             20
                                                             21
                                                                    vector<int> a;
       DSU(int n): parent(n+1), sz(n+1){
                                                                    int ans = 0:
35
                                                             22
           for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) make(i);</pre>
                                                                    unordered_map < int , int > cnt;
                                                                    vector<tuple<int,int,int>> queries;
37
                                                             24
38 };
                                                             25
                                                             26
                                                                    void add(int x){
39
                                                                        if(cnt[x] == x) ans--;
                                                             27
40
41 int main(){
                                                                        cnt[x]++;
       DSU dsu(10);
                                                                        if(cnt[x] == x) ans++;
42
                                                             29
43
       return 0;
                                                             30
44 }
                                                             31
                                                                    void del(int x){
                                                             32
  3.4 Merge Sort
                                                                        if(cnt[x] == x) ans--;
                                                             33
                                                                        cnt[x]--;
                                                             34
                                                                        if(cnt[x] == x) ans++;
                                                             35
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                             36
2 using namespace std;
                                                             37
                                                                    vector < int > get() {
                                                             38
                                                                        vector < int > qans (queries.size());
4 #define INF 100000000
                                                                        sort(all(queries), comp);
                                                             39
                                                                        int 1=0, r=-1;
6 void merge_sort(vector<int> &v){
                                                                        for(auto q: queries){
                                                             41
      if(v.size()==1)return;
                                                                             int 11, rr, idx;
                                                             42
                                                                             tie(ll, rr, idx) = q;
       vector<int> v1, v2;
                                                                             while(r < rr) add(a[++r]);</pre>
                                                             44
10
                                                                             while(1 > 11) add(a[--1]);
       for(int i=0; i<v.size()/2; i++) v1.push_back(v[i</pre>
                                                                             while(r > rr) del(a[r--]);
                                                                             while(1 < 11) del(a[1++]);</pre>
       for(int i=v.size()/2; i<v.size(); i++) v2.</pre>
                                                             48
                                                                             qans[idx] = ans;
       push_back(v[i]);
                                                             49
                                                             50
                                                                        return qans;
       merge_sort(v1);
                                                             51
      merge_sort(v2);
                                                                    MO(vector<int> a, vector<tuple<int,int,int>>
                                                                    queries){
       v1.push_back(INF);
17
                                                             53
                                                                        this -> a = a;
       v2.push_back(INF);
18
                                                                        this->queries = queries;
                                                             54
19
                                                                        block = (int)sqrt((int)a.size());
                                                             55
      int ini1=0, ini2=0;
20
                                                             56
21
                                                             57 };
       for(int i=0; i<v.size(); i++){</pre>
22
                                                             58
           if(v1[ini1] < v2[ini2]) {</pre>
23
                                                             59 int32_t main(){ sws;
               v[i] = v1[ini1];
24
                                                                    int n, m;
                                                             60
               ini1++;
25
                                                             61
                                                                    cin >> n >> m;
           }else{
                                                             62
                                                                    vector < int > a(n);
               v[i] = v2[ini2];
27
                                                                    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)cin>>a[i];
                                                             63
               ini2++;
                                                             64
                                                                    vector<tuple<int,int,int>> queries;
           }
29
                                                             65
                                                                    for(int i=0; i<m; i++){</pre>
30
                                                                        int 1, r;
                                                             66
       return;
31
                                                                        cin>>1>>r:
                                                             67
32 }
                                                             68
                                                                        queries.push_back({l-1, r-1, i});
                                                             69
  3.5 Mo
                                                                    MO mo(a, queries);
                                                             70
                                                                    vector < int > ans = mo.get();
                                                                    for(int i=0; i<m; i++){</pre>
                                                             72
_{1} // Contar uma certa ocorrencia em queries de L a R
_{2} // O(K*(N+Q)), onde K = raiz(N)
                                                                        cout << ans [i] << endl;</pre>
                                                             73
                                                             74
                                                             75
                                                                    return 0;
_{4} // Problema: quantos numeros x existem tal que
                                                             76 }
5 // x ocorre exatamente x vezes no subarray
```

```
3.6 Ordered Set
                                                            49
                                                            50
                                                                            lazy[no] = 0;
1 // disable define int long long
                                                            5.1
2 #include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
                                                            52
3 #include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
                                                                   int query(int A, int B, int 1, int r, int no){
4 using namespace __gnu_pbds;
                                                            54
                                                                       prop(1, r, no);
5 template <class T>
                                                                       if(B<1 or r<A) return elem_neutro;</pre>
      using ord_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
                                                            56
                                                                       if(A<=1 and r<=B) return tree[no];</pre>
      rb_tree_tag,
                                                            57
                                                                       int mid = (1+r)/2;
      tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
                                                            58
                                                            59
9 // k-th maior elemento - O(logN) - idx em O
                                                            60
                                                                       return merge(query(A, B, 1, mid, 2*no),
                                                                                    query(A, B, mid+1, r, 2*no+1));
10 s.find_by_order(k)
                                                            61
                                                            62
_{12} // qtd elementos < k - O(logN)
                                                            63
                                                                   public:
                                                            64
13 s.order_of_key(k)
                                                            65
                                                                       SegTree(vector<int> &v){
                                                                                this->n=v.size();
15 ord_set < int > s;
                                                            66
                                                                                this->v=v;
  3.7 Segtree
                                                                                tree.assign(4*n, 0);
                                                            68
                                                                                lazy.assign(4*n, 0);
                                                            69
                                                                                build(0, n-1, 1);
1 // Build: O(N)
                                                            70
                                                            71
2 // Queries: O(log N)
                                                                       int query(int 1, int r){return query(1, r, 0,
3 // Update: O(log N)
                                                            72
                                                                    n-1, 1);}
                                                                       void update(int 1, int r, int val){update(1,
5 // indexada em 0
                                                                   r, val, 0, n-1, 1);}
                                                                       void out(){for(int i=0; i<n; i++){cout<<query</pre>
7 class SegTree{
                                                                   (i, i) << " "; cout << endl; }}
      int n, elem_neutro = 0;
                                                            75 }:
      vector<int> tree, lazy, v;
                                                            76
10
                                                            77 int32_t main(){
      int merge(int a, int b){
11
                                                                   int n, q;
                                                            78
           return a+b; //seg de soma
                                                            79
                                                                   cin >> n >> q;
13
                                                                   vector < int > v(n);
                                                            80
                                                                   for(int i=0; i<n; i++)cin>>v[i];
                                                            81
      void build(int 1, int r, int no){
15
                                                                   SegTree seg(v);
           if(l==r){
                                                            82
16
               tree[no] = v[1];
                                                            83
                                                                   while(q--){
17
                                                            84
                                                                       int op; cin>>op;
               return;
18
                                                                       if(op == 1){
           }
                                                            85
                                                                            int 1, r, val;
                                                            86
           int mid = (1+r)/2;
20
                                                                            cin>>l>>r>>val;
           build(1, mid, 2*no);
                                                            87
                                                                            1--; r--;
           build(mid+1, r, 2*no+1);
22
                                                                            seg.update(1, r, val);
                                                            89
                                                                       }else{
24
           tree[no] = merge(tree[2*no], tree[2*no+1]);
                                                                            int idx;
25
                                                                            cin>>idx:
                                                                            idx --:
      void update(int A, int B, int x, int 1, int r,
27
                                                                            cout << seg.query(idx, idx) << endl;</pre>
      int no){
                                                            94
                                                            95
28
           prop(1, r, no);
                                                                   }
                                                            96
           if(B<1 or r<A) return;</pre>
                                                                   return 0;
           if (A \le 1 \text{ and } r \le B)
                                                            97
                                                            98 }
               lazy[no] += x; //update de soma
31
               prop(1, r, no);
32
                                                                     Sqrt Decomposition
33
               return;
34
           int mid = (1+r)/2;
                                                             1 // Acha o elemento minimo do segmento de l a r
                                                            _2 // O(N/K + K), onde K = raiz(N)
36
           update(A, B, x, 1, mid, 2*no);
                                                             4 class SQRT{
38
           update(A, B, x, mid+1, r, 2*no+1);
                                                                   vector < int > a, b;
39
           tree[no] = merge(tree[2*no], tree[2*no+1]);
40
                                                                   int n, k;
41
                                                                   public:
      void prop(int 1, int r, int no){
                                                                   void build(){
43
                                                                       b.resize((n/k)+1);
           if (lazy[no]!=0) {
45
               tree[no] += (r-l+1)*lazy[no]; //update de 11
                                                                       for(int i=0; i<=(n/k); i++){</pre>
                                                                            b[i] = LLINF;
        soma
               if(1!=r){
46
                   lazy[2*no] += lazy[no]; //update de
                                                                       for(int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
47
                                                            14
                                                                            b[i/k] = min(b[i/k], a[i]);
       soma
                   lazy[2*no+1] += lazy[no]; //update de 16
48
        soma
                                                            17
```

```
if(pref[trie[cur][bit^1]]){
18
                                                           37
19
      void update(int idx, int val){
                                                           38
                                                                              cur = trie[cur][bit^1];
          a[idx] = val;
                                                                              ans += 1<<i;
20
                                                           39
21
          int blockId = idx/k;
                                                                          lelse
          b[blockId] = LLINF;
                                                                              cur = trie[cur][bit];
          for(int i=blockId*k; i<min(blockId+k, n); i</pre>
                                                                      }
23
                                                           42
      ++){
                                                                      return ans;
               b[blockId] = min(b[blockId], a[i]);
24
                                                           44
          }
                                                           45 }:
25
      }
26
27
                                                                  Geometria
      int query(int 1, int r){
          int ans = LLINF;
29
                                                                    Geometria
                                                             4.1
          int i = 1;
30
31
           while(i <= r){
               if(i\%k==0 \text{ and } i+k-1<=r)
32
                                                           1 const long double EPS = 1e-9;
33
                   ans = min(ans, b[i/k]);
                                                           2 typedef long double ld;
                   i+=k;
34
               }else{
                                                           4 // point p(x, y);
                   ans = min(ans, a[i]);
36
                                                           5 struct point {
                   i++;
                                                                 ld x, y;
37
                                                           6
               }
38
                                                                 int id;
          }
39
                                                                 point(1d x=0, 1d y=0): x(x), y(y){}
                                                            8
          return ans;
                                                           9
41
                                                                 point operator+(const point &o) const{ return {x+
                                                           10
42
                                                                 o.x, y+o.y}; }
      SQRT(vector < int > a) {
43
                                                                 point operator-(const point &o) const{ return {x-
                                                           11
          this->a = a;
44
                                                                 o.x, y-o.y; }
           this->n = (int)a.size();
45
                                                                 point operator*(ld t) const{ return {x*t, y*t}; }
                                                           12
          this->k = sqrt(n);
46
                                                           13
                                                                 point operator/(ld t) const{ return {x/t, y/t}; }
           build();
47
                                                           14
                                                                 ld operator*(const point &o) const{ return x * o.
      }
48
                                                                 x + y * o.y; }
49 };
                                                                 ld operator^(const point &o) const{ return x * o.
                                                           15
                                                                 y - y * o.x; }
  3.9 Xortrie
                                                           16 };
                                                           17
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                           18 // line l(point(x1, y1), point(x2, y2));
                                                           19 struct line{
2 using namespace std;
                                                                 point a, b;
                                                           20
4 \text{ const int MAX} = (2e5+5)*30;
                                                                 line(){}
                                                           21
                                                                 line(point a, point b) : a(a), b(b){}
                                                           22
                                                           23 };
7 class Trie{
                                                           24
      int trie[MAX][2], pref[MAX];
                                                          25 // ponto e em relacao a linha l
9
                                                           26 // counterclockwise
                                                           27 int ccw(line l, point e){
      int node = 1;
10
                                                                 // -1=dir; 0=colinear; 1=esq;
                                                           28
                                                                 point a = 1.b-l.a, b=e-l.a;
      public:
12
                                                           29
13
      void add(int num){
                                                           30
                                                                 ld tmp = a ^ b;
                                                                 return (tmp > EPS) - (tmp < -EPS);</pre>
          int cur = 1;
                                                           31
14
          for(int i=30; i>=0; i--){
                                                           32 }
               int bit = ((num &(1<<i)) >= 1);
               if(!pref[trie[cur][bit]]) trie[cur][bit] 34 // se o ponto ta em cima da linha
17
      = ++node;
                                                           35 bool isinseg(point p, line 1){
               cur = trie[cur][bit];
                                                                 point a = 1.a-p, b = 1.b-p;
18
                                                           36
               pref[cur]++;
                                                           37
                                                                 return ccw(1, p) == 0 and (a * b) <= 0;
19
          }
                                                           38 }
20
      }
21
                                                           39
                                                           _{40} // se o seg de r intersecta o seg de s
23
      void erase(int num){
                                                           41 bool interseg(line r, line s) {
          int cur = 1;
                                                                 if (isinseg(r.a, s) or isinseg(r.b, s)
24
                                                           42
           for(int i=30; i>=0; i--){
25
                                                           43
                                                                     or isinseg(s.a, r) or isinseg(s.b, r)) return
               int bit = ((num &(1<<i)) >= 1);
                                                                   true:
26
               cur = trie[cur][bit];
                                                           44
               pref[cur]--;
                                                                 return (ccw(r, s.a)>0) != (ccw(r, s.b)>0) and
28
                                                           45
           }
                                                                      (ccw(s, r.a)>0) != (ccw(s, r.b)>0);
29
                                                           46
                                                           47 }
      }
30
                                                           48
31
      int find(int num){
                                                           49 // area do poligono
32
```

53

50 ld area\_polygon(vector<point> vp){

for(int i=1; i<vp.size()-1; i++){</pre>

area += (vp[0]-vp[i]) ^ (vp[0]-vp[i+1]);

1d area = 0;

int cur = 1;

int ans = 0;

for(int i=30; i>=0; i--){

int bit = ((num &(1<<i)) >= 1);

33

35

36

#### 5.2 Diametro 54 55 return (abs(area)/2); 56 } 1 // Acha o caminho mais longo de uma ponta ate outra ponta de uma arvore 2 // Complexidade: O(N) 58 // localizacao do ponto no poligono 59 int point\_polygon(vector<point> vp, point p){ 3 // Lembrar de checar N == 1, diametro = 0 // -1=outside; 0=boundary; 1=inside; 4 #include <bits/stdc++.h> int sz = vp.size(); 61 5 using namespace std; int inter = 0; 62 6 const int MAX = 1e5+10; for(int i=0; i<sz; i++){</pre> 63 int j = (i+1)%sz;64 8 vector < int > adj[MAX]; 65 line l(vp[i], vp[j]); 9 /\*pair<int, int> bfs(int s, int N){ if(isinseg(p, 1)) return 0; 66 vi dist(N + 1, MAX); dist[s] = 0; queue < int > q; q.push(s); if $(vp[i].x \le p.x$ and p.x < vp[j].x and $ccw(l_{12})$ int last = s; , p) == 1) inter++; else if( $vp[j].x \le p.x$ and $p.x \le vp[i].x$ and $_{14}$ while(!q.empty()){ ccw(1, p) == -1) inter++; auto u = q.front();q.pop(); last = u; 16 71 for(auto v: adj[u]){ if(inter%2==0) return -1; if(dist[v]==MAX){ 72 18 else return 1; dist[v]=dist[u]+1; 19 74 } 20 q.push(v); 21 Grafos } 22 23 24 return {last, dist[last]}; 5.1 Binary Lifting 25 } 26 vector < int > adj[MAX]; 27 int diameter\_bfs(int N){ 2 const int LOG = 30; auto [v, \_] = bfs(1, N); 28 3 int up[MAX][LOG], parent[MAX]; 29 auto [w, D] = bfs(v, N);30 5 void process(int n){ return D; 31 for(int v=1; v<=n; v++){</pre> 32 }\*/ up[v][0] = parent[v]; 33 for(int i=1; i<LOG; i++){</pre> 34 void dfs(int u, int p, vector<int> &dist){ for(auto v : adj[u]){ 9 up[v][i] = up[ up[v][i-1] ][i-1]; 35 if(v == p) continue; 10 36 dist[v] = dist[u] + 1;} 37 11 dfs(v, u, dist); 12 } 38 39 } 40 } 14 int jump(int n, int k){ for(int i=0; i<LOG; i++){</pre> 41 15 16 if(k & (1 << i)){</pre> 42 int diameter(int n){ vector < int > dist(n+1); n = up[n][i]; 43 17 44 dfs(1, 0, dist); // get farthest node from root 19 45 20 if(n == 0) return -1; auto v = (int)(max\_element(dist.begin(), dist.end() ) - dist.begin()); 21 return n; 22 } 47 // start from farthest node dist[v] = 0;48 dfs(v, 0, dist); 24 int32\_t main(){ 49 return \*max\_element(dist.begin(), dist.end()); 50 int n, q; cin >> n >> q; 51 } 26 27 52 53 int32\_t main(){ sws; parent[1] = 0;28 for(int i=1; i<=n-1; i++){</pre> int n; cin>>n; 54 29 int x; for(int i=0; i<n-1; i++){</pre> 55 int a, b; 31 cin>>x; 56 cin>>a>>b; parent[i+1] = x;57 32 adj[a].pb(b); 33 58 adj[i+1].pb(x);59 adj[b].pb(a); 34 35 adj[x].pb(i+1); 60 } if(n == 1) cout << 0 << end1;</pre> } 61 36 else cout << diameter(n) << endl;</pre> 37 process(n); 62 for(int i=0; i<q; i++){ return 0: 38 63 int a, b; 64 } 39 cin >> a >> b;40 5.3 Kruskall 41 cout <<(jump(a,b)) << endl;</pre> 42 } 1 // Arvore geradora minima (arvore conexa com peso 43

minimo)

44 }

```
2 // O(MlogN)
                                                             2 Lowest Common ancestor (LCA) - dado uma Arvore cuja
4 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                   raiz eh um vertice arbitrario e dois vertices u,v
                                                                    que a pertencem, diga qual eh o no mais baixo(
5 using namespace std;
                                                                   relativo a raiz) que eh ancestral de u, v.
7 int n:
                                                            3 */
8 class DSU{
                                                             4 // Complexidades:
      vector < int > parent, sz;
                                                             5 // build - O(n log(n))
9
                                                             6 // lca - O(log(n))
10
       void make(int v){
          parent[v] = v;
                                                            8 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
12
           sz[v] = 1;
                                                            9 using namespace std;
                                                            10 #define ll long long
14
                                                            11 const int SIZE = 2e5+5;
15
      int find(int v){
                                                            12 const int LOG = 30; // log2(SIZE)+1;
16
           if (v == parent[v]) return v;
                                                            13 int depth[SIZE];
17
           return parent[v] = find(parent[v]);
                                                            14 vector < pair < int , int >> adj[SIZE];
                                                            15 int up[SIZE][LOG];
19
      void union_(int a, int b){
                                                            17 void dfs(int u, int p) {
21
          a = find(a), b = find(b);
                                                            18
                                                                   for(auto edge : adj[u]) {
22
                                                            19
                                                                       int v, w;
23
           if(sz[b]>sz[a]) swap(a,b);
                                                                       tie(v, w) = edge;
24
                                                            20
           if (a != b){
                                                                       if(v != p){
                                                            21
               sz[a] += sz[b];
                                                                            up[v][0] = u;
26
                                                            22
               parent[b] = a;
                                                            23
                                                                            //weight[v] = weight[u] + w;
27
           }
                                                                            depth[v] = depth[u] + 1;
28
                                                            24
                                                                            for(int i=1; i<LOG; i++){</pre>
                                                            25
29
                                                                                up[v][i] = up[ up[v][i-1] ][i-1];
30
                                                            26
      bool same(int a, int b){
                                                            27
31
           a = find(a), b = find(b);
                                                                            dfs(v, u);
32
                                                            28
                                                                       }
           return a == b;
33
                                                            29
34
                                                            30
                                                            31 }
       DSU(int n): parent(n+1), sz(n+1){
36
                                                            32
           for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) make(i);</pre>
                                                            33 int lca(int a, int b) {
                                                                   if(depth[a] < depth[b]) swap(a,b);</pre>
38
                                                            34
                                                                   int k = depth[a] - depth[b];
39 }:
                                                            35
                                                                   for(int i=0; i<LOG; i++){</pre>
41 // {a, b, weight}
                                                                       if(k & (1 << i)){
                                                            37
42 vector < tuple < int , int , int >> MST (vector < tuple < int , int , 38
                                                                            a = up[a][i];
      int>> &v){
       DSU dsu(n):
                                                                   if(a == b) return a;
       sort(v.begin(), v.end());
                                                            41
44
       vector < tuple < int , int , int >> ans;
                                                                   for (int i = LOG-1; i >= 0; i--) {
45
                                                            42
       for(int i=0; i<v.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                            43
                                                                       if(up[a][i] != up[b][i]) {
46
          int w, a, b;
                                                                            a = up[a][i];
47
                                                            44
           tie(w, a, b) = v[i];
                                                                            b = up[b][i];
           if(!dsu.same(a, b)){
49
                                                            46
50
               dsu.union_(a, b);
                                                            47
               ans.push_back({a, b, w});
                                                            48
                                                                   return up[a][0];
51
                                                            49 }
52
      }
                                                            51 ll dist(int u, int v){
      return ans;
54
55 }
                                                            52
                                                                   return depth[u] + depth[v] - 2*depth[lca(u,v)];
                                                                   // return weight[u] + weight[v] -2*weight[lca(u,v
                                                            53
57 int32_t main(){
                                                                   )];
      int m:
                                                            54 }
59
       cin >> n >> m:
                                                            55
       DSU dsu(n);
                                                            56 int main() {
60
61
      vector<tuple<int,int,int>> vt;
                                                            57
                                                                   int n; cin>>n;
      for(int i=0; i<m; i++){</pre>
                                                            58
62
          int a, b, w;
                                                                   for(int i=0; i<n-1; i++){</pre>
                                                            59
                                                                       int x, y, z;
           cin>>a>>b>>w;
64
                                                            60
           // {weight, a, b}
                                                                        cin>>x>>y>>z;
           vt.push_back({w, a, b});
                                                                        adj[x].push_back({y, z});
66
                                                            62
                                                                        adj[y].push_back({x, z});
67
                                                            63
                                                                   }
       vector < tuple < int, int, int >> ans = MST(vt);
                                                            64
68
                                                                   // raiz
       return 0;
                                                            65
69
70 }
                                                                   dfs(1, 0);
                                                            66
                                                            67
                                                                   int q; cin>>q;
  5.4 Lca
                                                            69
                                                                   while (q--) {
```

```
push(i);
           int a, b, c;
70
                                                            57
71
           cin>>a>>b>>c;
                                                                                 }
                                                            58
           long long x = dist(a, b) + dist(b, c);
                                                            59
                                                                                 return st[i];
                                                                            }
           cout << x << endl;</pre>
                                                            60
74
                                                                            else if (auxr < 1 \mid | auxl > r) \{ //no
75 }
                                                                    overlap.
                                                                                return 0;
  5.5 Path Queries
                                                                            }
                                                            63
                                                                            else{ //partial overlap
                                                            64
                                                            65
                                                                                 int auxmid = (auxr+aux1)/2;
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                                 push(i):
2 using namespace std;
                                                            66
                                                            67
                                                                                 return merge(query(1, r, 2*i, aux1,
4 #define ll long long
                                                                    auxmid), query(1, r, 2*i + 1, auxmid+1, auxr));
5 #define sws ios::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie( NULL 68
                                                                        }
      );cout.tie(NULL);
                                                             70
6 #define loop(i,a,n) for(int i=a; i < n; i++)
                                                                        void update(int 1, int r, ll x, int i = 1,
7 #define pb(x) push_back(x);
                                                                    int auxl = 0, int auxr = n-1){
8 #define vi vector<int>
                                                                            if(1 <= auxl && auxr <= r){ //total</pre>
9 #define mp(x,y) make_pair(x,y)
10 #define print(x,y) loop(i,0,y){cout << x[i] << " ";}</pre>
                                                                    overlap.
                                                                                push(i,x);
      cout << "\n";
                                                                            }
11 #define pii pair<int,int>
                                                             74
                                                                            else if(auxr < l || auxl > r){ //no
                                                                    overlap.
13 const int N = 2e5+10:
14 const 11 MOD = 1e9+7;
                                                            76
                                                                                return;
15 const int INF = 0x3f3f3f3f;
                                                                            }
                                                             77
16 const 11 LLINF = 0x3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f;
                                                             78
                                                                            else{ //partial overlap
                                                                                 int auxmid = (auxr+auxl)/2;
17 const ll MAX = 2e5+10;
                                                             79
                                                                                 update(1, r, x, 2*i, auxl, auxmid);
18
                                                                                 update(1, r, x, 2*i + 1, auxmid+1,
19 ll n, T = 0, a[MAX], path[MAX], valor[MAX], in[MAX],
                                                                    auxr);
      out[MAX], preorder[MAX];
                                                                                 st[i] = merge(st[2*i],st[2*i+1]);
20
                                                                            }
                                                            83
21 vector<ll> tree[MAX];
                                                            84
                                                                        }
                                                            85 }:
23 class SegTree{
      private:
24
                                                            87 void dfs(int u, int p){
           11 st[4*MAX], lazy[4*MAX];
25
26
                                                            88
                                                                   path[u] += (path[p] + valor[u]);
                                                                    preorder[++T] = u; //preorder
           ll merge(ll a, ll b){
                                                            89
27
                                                                    a[T-1] = path[u];
               return max(a,b);
                                                            90
                                                            91
                                                                    in[u] = T;
           }
29
                                                                    for(auto v: tree[u]){
                                                            92
                                                                        if(v != p){
           void push(int i, long long x = 0){
                                                            93
31
                                                                            dfs(v,u);
               st[i] += (lazy[i]+x);
32
33
               if(2*i < 4*MAX) lazy[2*i] += (lazy[i]+x); 95
               if(2*i+1 < 4*MAX) lazy[2*i+1] += (lazy[i 96
34
                                                                    out[u] = T;
      ]+x);
                                                            97
                                                            98 }
               lazy[i] = 0;
35
           }
                                                            99
36
                                                            100 int main(){
37
      public:
38
                                                                    int q; cin >> n >> q;
           void build(int i = 1, int l = 0, int r = n-1)<sup>102</sup>
39
                                                                    SegTree seg;
                                                           103
                                                                    loop(i,1,n+1){
                if(1 == r){
                                                            104
40
                                                                        int a; cin >> a;
                    st[i] = a[1]; //leaf node.
41
                                                            106
                                                                        valor[i] = a;
                    lazy[i] = 0;
42
               }
43
                                                                    loop(i,0,n-1){
                                                            108
               else{
44
                                                                        int u, v; cin >> u >> v;
                    int mid = (r+1)/2;
                                                            109
                                                                        tree[u].pb(v);
46
                    lazv[i] = 0;
                                                            111
                                                                        tree[v].pb(u);
                    build(2*i, 1, mid);
47
                    build(2*i + 1, mid+1, r);
                                                                    dfs(1,0);
                    st[i] = merge(st[2*i], st[2*i + 1]); 113
49
                                                                    seg.build();
       //parent node.
                                                            114
                                                                    while (q--) {
               }
50
                                                                        int op; cin >> op;
                                                            116
               return;
                                                                        if(op == 1){
                                                            117
52
           }
                                                                            11 u, x; cin \rightarrow u \rightarrow x;
                                                                            seg.update(in[u]-1,out[u]-1,x-valor[u]);
           ll query(int l, int r, int i = 1, int auxl = 119
                                                                            valor[u] = x;
      0, int auxr = n-1){
                                                                        }
               if(1 <= auxl && r >= auxr){ //total
                                                            121
      overlap.
                                                                            int u; cin >> u;
                    if(lazy[i]){
56
```

```
cout << seg.query(in[u]-1,in[u]-1) << "\n 1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>[]
124
                                                             2 using namespace std;
           }
125
       }
                                                            4 //-----
126
127 }
                                                             5 #define MAXN 50050
                                                            7 int n, m;
   5.6 Bellman Ford
                                                             8 bool visited[MAXN];
                                                            9 vector < int > lista[MAXN];
 2 Algoritmo de busca de caminho minimo em um digrafo ( 11
       grafo orientado ou dirigido) ponderado, ou seja, 12 void bfs(int x){
       cujas arestas tem peso, inclusive negativo.
                                                            13
 3 Acha ciclo negativo
                                                                   queue < int > q;
 4 O(V*E)
                                                            15
                                                                  q.push(x);
 5 */
                                                                   while(!q.empty()){
                                                            16
                                                            17
                                                                       int v = q.front();
 7 int d[MAX];
                                                                       q.pop();
                                                            18
 8 int parent[MAX];
                                                                       visited[v] = true;
 9 vector < pair < int , int >> adj[MAX];
                                                                       for(auto i : lista[v]){
                                                            20
                                                            21
                                                                           if(!visited[i]){
11 int32_t main(){ sws;
                                                            22
                                                                                q.push(i);
      int n, m;
                                                            23
12
       cin >> n >> m;
                                                                       }
                                                            24
       for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){</pre>
                                                            25
                                                                   }
14
15
           d[i] = LLINF;
                                                            26 }
16
                                                               5.8
                                                                    Bridges
      for(int i=0; i<m; i++){</pre>
17
           int a, b, c;
           cin>>a>>b>>c;
19
                                                           1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
           adj[a].pb({b,c});
20
                                                            2 using namespace std;
       }
21
       d[1] = 0;
                                                            _4 #define endl " \n"
22
23
                                                            5 #define sws std::ios::sync_with_stdio(false); cin.tie
       int src_cycle = -1;
24
                                                                  (NULL); cout.tie(NULL);
       for(int j=1; j<=n and src_cycle; j++){</pre>
                                                            6 #define pb push_back
           src_cycle = 0;
26
                                                            7 \text{ const int MAX} = 1e5+5;
           for(int u=1; u <= n; u++){</pre>
               for(auto [v, w]: adj[u]){
28
                                                            9 vector < int > adj[MAX];
                    if(d[u] + w < d[v]){</pre>
29
                                                           10 int timer=0;
                        d[v] = d[u] + w;
30
                                                           int low[MAX], tin[MAX];
                        parent[v] = u;
31
                                                            12 bool bridge=false;
                        src_cycle = v;
                                                            13 bool visited[MAX];
33
                    }
                                                            14
               }
34
                                                            15 void dfs(int v, int p = -1) {
           }
                                                                  visited[v] = true;
35
                                                            16
36
                                                            17
                                                                   tin[v] = low[v] = timer++;
       // there is no negative cycle
                                                                   for (int to : adj[v]) {
                                                            18
       if(!src_cycle){cout<<"NO"<<endl;}</pre>
38
                                                            19
                                                                       if (to == p) continue;
39
       else {
                                                                       if (visited[to]) {
                                                            20
          // there is negative cycle
40
                                                            21
                                                                           low[v] = min(low[v], tin[to]);
           cout << "YES" << endl;
41
                                                                       } else {
                                                            22
           vector < int > v;
                                                                           dfs(to, v);
                                                            23
           int a = src_cycle;
43
                                                                           low[v] = min(low[v], low[to]);
                                                            24
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                                                                           if (low[to] > tin[v]){}
                                                            25
                src_cycle = parent[src_cycle];
45
                                                            26
                                                                                //IS_BRIDGE(v, to);
46
                                                            27
                                                                       }
           int atual=src_cycle;
                                                            28
           while(true){
48
               v.pb(atual);
               if(atual == src_cycle && v.size()>1)break 31 int32_t main(){ sws;
50
                                                           32
                                                                   int n, m;
51
                atual = parent[atual];
                                                                   cin >> n >> m;
                                                            33
           }
52
                                                            34
            reverse(all(v));
                                                                   for(int i=0; i<m; i++){</pre>
                                                            35
           print(v, (int)v.size());
54
                                                                       int a, b;
55
                                                            37
                                                                       cin >> a >> b;
56
                                                            38
57
       return 0;
                                                                       adj[a].pb(b);
                                                            39
58 }
                                                                       adj[b].pb(a);
                                                            40
                                                                   }
                                                            41
   5.7 Bfs
                                                                   for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){</pre>
                                                            42
                                                                       if(!visited[i]) dfs(i);
                                                            43
```

```
44
45
      if(bridge)cout << "YES" << endl;</pre>
                                                           23
                                                                 backedges[u] += sobe[u] - desce[u];
      else cout << "NO" << endl;</pre>
                                                           24 }
46
                                                             5.11 Dijkstra
      return 0;
49 }
                                                           _{1} // Acha o menor caminho de um ponto inicial para
  5.9 Dfs
                                                                 todos os outros
                                                           2 // Complexidade: O(|V|+|E|*log|V|)
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <vector>
                                                           4 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
3 #include <stack>
                                                           5 using namespace std;
                                                           6 #define ll long long
5 using namespace std;
                                                           7 typedef pair<int,int> pii;
                                                           9 const int N = 100005;
8 #define MAXN 50050
                                                          10 const ll oo = 1e18;
10 int n, m;
                                                          12 ll d[N]; // vetor onde guardamos as distancias
11 bool visited[MAXN];
12 vector < int > lista[MAXN];
                                                          14 int n; // numeros de vertices
                                                          15 vector < pair < int , ll >> adj[N];
13 //-----
                                                          16
void dfs(int x){
                                                          17 void dijkstra(int start){
      visited[x] = true;
                                                                 for(int u = 1; u <= n; u++)
                                                          18
17
      for(auto i : lista[x]){
                                                          19
                                                                     d[u] = oo;
          if(!visited[x]){
                                                          20
18
              dfs(i);
                                                                 priority_queue < pii,</pre>
                                                          21
19
                                                                 vector <pii>,
          }
      }
                                                                 greater<pii> > pq;
21
                                                          23
22 }
                                                           24
                                                                 d[start] = 0;
                                                          25
24 void dfsStack(int x){
                                                                 pq.push({d[start], start});
                                                          26
      stack < int > s;
                                                          27
      s.push(x);
                                                                 ll dt, w;
26
                                                          28
      while(!s.empty()){
                                                                 int u, v;
                                                          29
         int v = s.top();
28
                                                          30
                                                                 while(!pq.empty()){
                                                                     auto [dt, u] = pq.top(); pq.pop();
          s.pop();
                                                          31
29
30
          visited[v] = true;
                                                          32
                                                                      if(dt > d[u]) continue;
          for(auto i : lista[v]){
                                                                      for(auto [v, w] : adj[u]){
31
                                                          33
              if(!visited[i]){
                                                          34
                                                                          if(d[v] > d[u] + w){
                                                                              d[v] = d[u] + w;
                   s.push(i);
33
                                                          35
               }
                                                                              pq.push({d[v], v});
          }
                                                                          }
35
                                                          37
      }
                                                                      }
36
                                                          38
37 }
                                                          39
                                                                 }
                                                          40 }
         Dfs Tree
  5.10
                                                          42 int main(){
1 const int MAX = 1e5;
                                                                 // le o input, qnt de vertices, arestas
                                                          44
1 int desce[MAX], sobe[MAX], vis[MAX], h[MAX];
                                                                 // e vertice inicial(start)
                                                          45
3 int backedges[MAX], pai[MAX];
                                                                 int start = 0; // inicial
                                                                 dijkstra(start);
_{5} // backedges[u] = backedges que comecam embaixo de (
                                                           48
      ou =) u e sobem pra cima de u; backedges[u] == 0
                                                                 for(int u = 1; u <= n; u++){</pre>
                                                           49
      => u eh ponte
                                                                    printf("Distancia de %d para %d: %lld\n",
                                                           50
6 void dfs(int u, int p) {
                                                                 start, u, d[u]);
      if(vis[u]) return;
                                                          51
      pai[u] = p;
                                                           52
      h[u] = h[p]+1;
9
                                                           53 }
10
      vis[u] = 1;
11
                                                             5.12 Euler Path
      for(auto v : g[u]) {
          if(p == v or vis[v]) continue;
13
           dfs(v, u);
                                                           _{1} // Acha um caminho em que visita todas as arestas
          backedges[u] += backedges[v];
15
                                                                 somente uma vez
16
      for(auto v : g[u]) {
                                                           3 class EulerPath{
          if(h[v] > h[u]+1)
                                                                int n, m, id=0;
18
              desce[u]++;
                                                                 bool impossible=false, directed;
           else if (h[v] < h[u]-1)
                                                                 vector < int > in, out, deg;
20
21
              sobe[u]++;
                                                                 vector < pair < int , int >> adj [MAX] , path;
```

```
vector<bool> visited:
                                                             4 */
       int src = -1;
9
       public:
                                                             6 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
10
       void add(int a, int b){
                                                             7 using namespace std;
           if(directed){
               adj[a].pb({b, id});
                                                             9 const int oo = 100000000; // infinito
13
               out[a]++, in[b]++;
14
                                                             10
           }else{
                                                             int main(){
               adj[a].pb({b, id}), adj[b].pb({a, id});
16
                                                             12
                deg[a]++, deg[b]++;
                                                                    int n, m; cin >> n >> m;
18
                                                             14
19
           id++;
                                                                    vector < vector < int >> dist(n+1, vector < int > (n+1));
      }
20
                                                             16
                                                                    for(int i=0; i<n+1; i++){</pre>
                                                             17
21
                                                                        for(int j=0; j<n+1; j++){</pre>
22
       void dfs(int p, int u){
                                                             18
           while(!adj[u].empty()){
                                                                             dist[i][j] = oo;
                                                             19
23
               pair < int > p = adj[u].back(); adj[u].20
                                                                        }
       pop_back();
                                                             21
                int v, id; tie(v, id) = p;
               if(visited[id]) continue;
                                                                    for(int i=0; i<n +1; i++){</pre>
26
                                                             23
                visited[id] = true;
                                                                        dist[i][i]=0;
                                                             24
27
               dfs(u, v);
                                                             25
           }
29
                                                             26
           if(path.size() and path.back().first != u)
                                                                    for(int i=0; i<m; i++){</pre>
       impossible=true;
                                                                        int comeca, termina, custo;
                                                             28
           path.pb({p, u});
                                                                        cin>>comeca>>termina>>custo;
31
                                                             29
32
                                                             30
                                                                             // grafo direcionado
33
                                                             31
       // exists, path
                                                                        dist[comeca][termina] = custo;
34
                                                             32
       vector < int > findEulerPath() {
                                                                    }
35
                                                             33
           for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) if(deg[i]%2 != 0)
36
                                                             34
                                                                    for(int k=1; k \le n; k++){ // intermediario
       return {};
                                                             35
           dfs(-1, src);
                                                                        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){</pre>
                                                             36
           if((path.size() != m+1) or impossible) return 37
                                                                             for(int j=1; j<=n; j++){</pre>
        {}:
                                                                                 //(i,k,j) = ir de i pra j passando
           vector < int > ans;
           reverse(all(path));
40
           for(int i=0; i<path.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                             40
                                                                                 // relaxar distancia de i pra j
41
                ans.pb(path[i].second);
                                                                                 dist[i][j] = min(dist[i][j], dist[i][
                                                             41
                                                                    k] + dist[k][j]);
43
           return ans;
                                                                            }
                                                                        }
      }
45
                                                             43
46
                                                             44
47
       EulerPath(int _n, int _m, bool _directed, int
                                                             45
                                                                        return 0;
                                                             46 }
       in(n+1), out(n+1), deg(n+1), visited(m, 0),
                                                                       Kosaraju
                                                               5.14
       n(_n), m(_m), directed(_directed), src(_src){}
49
50 };
51
                                                              1 // Acha componentes fortemente conexas
52 int32_t main(){ sws;
                                                              2 // ou seja, que tem caminho entre todos os pares de
      int n, m;
53
                                                                   vertices
       cin >> n >> m;
54
                                                             _{3} // _{0(n+m)}
       EulerPath ep(n, m, true, 1);
       for(int i=0; i<m; i++){</pre>
56
                                                             5 // SCC from BenQ
           int a, b;
                                                             6 class SCC{
58
           cin >> a >> b;
                                                                    int N:
           ep.add(a, b);
59
                                                                    public:
                                                                    vector<int> adj[MAX], radj[MAX];
60
                                                             9
61
       vector < int > ans = ep.findEulerPath();
                                                                    stack<int> st;
                                                             10
62
       if(ans.size()){
                                                                    vector < bool > visited;
                                                             11
63
          print(ans, ans.size());
                                                                    // todas as componentes
                                                             12
       }else{
64
                                                             13
                                                                    vector < int > comps;
           cout << "IMPOSSIBLE" << endl;</pre>
65
                                                                    // componente do vertice
                                                             14
66
                                                             15
                                                                    vector < int > comp;
                                                             16
68
       return 0:
                                                                    void add(int x, int y) {
                                                             17
                                                             18
                                                                        adj[x].pb(y), radj[y].pb(x);
                                                             19
  5.13 Floyd Warshall
                                                                    void dfs(int u){
                                                             20
                                                                        visited[u] = true;
                                                             21
                                                                        for(auto v: adj[u]) if(!visited[v]) dfs(v);
2 Algoritmo de caminho mais curto com todos os pares.
                                                                        st.push(u);
3 Complexidade: O(3N)
                                                             24
```

```
void dfs2(int u, int c){
25
                                                            23
26
          comp[u] = c;
                                                            24 vector < int > topo_sort(int n){
           for(auto v: radj[u]) if(comp[v] == -1) dfs2(v 25
27
                                                                 ord.assign(n, 0);
       , c);
                                                                  has_cycle = false;
                                                            26
                                                                 pos = n-1;
       }
                                                                   for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){
      void gen() {
29
                                                            28
           for(int i=1; i<=N; i++) if(!visited[i]) dfs(i 29</pre>
                                                                       if(!visited[i]) dfs(i);
           while(!st.empty()){
31
               int u = st.top(); st.pop();
                                                                   if(has_cycle) return {};
32
                                                            32
               if(comp[u] == -1){
                                                                   else return ord;
33
                                                            33
34
                    dfs2(u, u);
                                                            34 }
35
                    comps.pb(u);
                                                            35
                                                            36 int main(){
36
           }
37
                                                            37
                                                                   int m;
      }
                                                                   cin >> n >> m;
38
                                                            38
39
      SCC(int n){
                                                            39
          N = n+1;
                                                                   for(int i=0; i<m; i++){</pre>
40
                                                            40
           comp.assign(N, -1);
                                                            41
                                                                       int a, b;
           visited.assign(N, false);
                                                                       cin >> a >> b;
42
                                                            42
                                                                       adj[a].pb(b);
43
                                                            43
44 };
                                                            44
                                                            45
45
46 int32_t main(){ sws;
                                                                   vector < int > ans = topo_sort(n);
    int n, m;
47
                                                            47
       cin >> n >> m;
                                                            48
                                                                   return 0;
48
      SCC scc(n);
                                                            49 }
49
      for(int i=0; i<m; i++){</pre>
50
          int a, b;
                                                                    Math
                                                               6
           cin>>a>>b:
52
          scc.add(a, b);
53
      }
                                                               6.1 Combinatoria
54
      int comp=0;
55
      vector < int > ans(n+1);
                                                            1 // quantidade de combinacoes possiveis sem repeticao
      scc.gen():
57
                                                                  de 2 numeros
       cout << scc.comps.size() << endl;</pre>
                                                             2 int comb(int k){
      for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){</pre>
59
                                                                   if(k==1 or k==0)return 0;
                                                             3
60
          if(!ans[scc.comp[i]]){
                                                                   return (k*(k-1))/2;
                                                            4
               ans[scc.comp[i]] = ++comp;
61
                                                            5 }
62
63
      }
                                                             7 int fat[MAX], ifat[MAX];
      for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){</pre>
64
          cout << ans[scc.comp[i]] << " ";</pre>
65
                                                             9 void factorial(){
66
                                                                  fat[0] = 1;
                                                            10
       cout << end1;
67
                                                                   for(int i=0; i<MAX; i++){</pre>
                                                            11
68
       return 0;
                                                                       if(i > 0) fat[i] = (i * fat[i-1]) % MOD;
                                                            12
69 }
                                                                       ifat[i] = fast_exp(fat[i], MOD-2, MOD);
                                                            13
  5.15 Topo Sort
                                                            15 }
                                                            16
1 // topological sort
                                                            _{
m 17} // N escolhe K
2 // retorna uma ordenacao topologica
                                                            18 int choose(int n, int k){
_{\rm 3} // caso for um dag, se nao, retorna vazio se tiver
                                                                   if (k > n \text{ or } k < 0) \text{ return } 0;
                                                            19
      ciclo
                                                                   return (((fat[n] * ifat[k]) % MOD) * ifat[n-k]) %
                                                            20
4 // O(n+m)
5 // indexado em 1 os vertices
                                                            21 }
7 int n;
                                                               6.2 Dec To Bin
8 int visited[MAX];
9 vector < int > adj[MAX];
                                                            int binary_to_decimal(long long n) {
10 int pos=0;
vector<int> ord;
                                                                int dec = 0, i = 0, rem;
12 bool has_cycle=false;
                                                                while (n!=0) {
14 void dfs(int v){
                                                                 rem = n \% 10;
      visited[v] = 1;
                                                                   n /= 10;
15
       for(auto u : adj[v]){
16
                                                                   dec += rem * pow(2, i);
          if(visited[u] == 1) has_cycle=true;
                                                                   ++i;
                                                                7
           else if(!visited[u]) dfs(u);
      }
19
                                                            10
       ord[pos--] = v;
                                                                 return dec;
20
                                                            11
                                                            12 }
      visited[v] = 2;
21
```

22 }

```
14 long long decimal_to_binary(int n) {
                                                           5 }
15
    long long bin = 0;
                                                           7 // or just use __gcd(a,b)
    int rem, i = 1;
16
17
                                                             6.7 Mmc
    while (n!=0) {
      rem = n % 2;
19
      n /= 2;
20
                                                           1 // Least Common Multiple - MMC
      bin += rem * i;
21
                                                           2 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
      i *= 10;
22
                                                           3 using namespace std;
23
24
                                                           5 long long lcm(long long a, long long b){
25
    return bin;
                                                           6
                                                                 return (a/\_gcd(a,b)*b);
26 }
_{28} // copiei da nathalia, tem que ver se funciona
                                                             6.8
                                                                  \mathbf{Pa}
  6.3 Divisibilidade
                                                           1 // Termo Geral
                                                           _{2} // An = A1 + (n-1)*d
1 // 2 -> se eh par
                                                           4 // Soma
_2 // _3 -> se a soma dos algarismos eh divisivel por _3
                                                           5 // Sn = (n/2)(2*A1+(n-1)*d)
_3 // _4 -> se os dois ultimos algarismos eh divisivel
      por 4
                                                           7 // óSomatrio de 1 a K
 _4 // _5 -> se o ultima algarismo eh 0 ou 5
                                                           8 int pa(int k){
_{5} // 6 -> se eh par e a soma dos algarismos eh
                                                                 return (k*(k+1))/2;
                                                           9
      divisivel por 3
_{6} // _{7} -> se o dobro do ultimo algarismo subtraido do
      numero sem o ultimo algarismo eh divisivel por 7
                                                             6.9 Pg
_{7} // 8 -> se os 3 ultimos algarismos eh divisivel por 8
_8 // 9 -> se a soma dos algarimos eh divisivel por 9
_9 // 10 -> se o ultimo algarimo eh 0
                                                           1 // Termo Geral
                                                           _{2} // An = A1 * r^(n-1)
  6.4 Divisores
                                                           4 // Soma
                                                           5 // (A(r^(n)-1))/(r-1)
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2 using namespace std;
                                                             6.10 Pollard-rho
4 vector<long long> get_divisors(long long n){
      vector < long long > divs;
                                                           1 // O(sqrt(N) * logN)
      for(long long i = 1; i*i <=n; i++){
          if(n\%i == 0){
                                                           3 11 a[MAX];
               divs.push_back(i);
               long long j = n/i;
                                                           5 ll mul(ll a, ll b, ll m){
               if(j != i)
                                                                 ll ret = a*b - (ll)((long double)1/m*a*b+0.5)*m;
10
                                                           6
                   divs.push_back(j);
                                                           7
                                                                 return ret < 0 ? ret+m : ret;</pre>
12
          }
                                                           8 }
      }
13
14
      return divs;
                                                          10 ll pow(ll x, ll y, ll m) {
15 }
                                                          11
                                                                 if (!y) return 1;
                                                          12
                                                                 ll ans = pow(mul(x, x, m), y/2, m);
  6.5 Fatora
                                                                 return y%2 ? mul(x, ans, m) : ans;
                                                          13
                                                          14 }
1 map < int , int > fatora(int n) {
                                                          16 bool prime(ll n) {
      map < int , int > fact;
                                                          17
                                                                 if (n < 2) return 0;
      for(int i = 2; i*i <= n; i++){</pre>
                                                          18
                                                                 if (n <= 3) return 1;
          while (n\%i == 0) {
                                                                 if (n % 2 == 0) return 0;
                                                          19
              fact[i]++;
              n /= i;
                                                          21
                                                                 ll r = \__builtin\_ctzll(n - 1), d = n >> r;
          }
                                                                 for (int a : {2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775,
                                                          22
      }
                                                                 9780504, 795265022}) {
      if(n > 1)
9
                                                                     11 x = pow(a, d, n);
                                                          23
         fact[n]++;
                                                          24
                                                                     if (x == 1 or x == n - 1 or a % n == 0)
      return fact;
11
                                                                 continue;
                                                                     for (int j = 0; j < r - 1; j++) {
                                                          26
  6.6 Mdc
                                                                          x = mul(x, x, n);
                                                          27
                                                                          if (x == n - 1) break;
                                                          28
1 // Greatest common divisor / MDC
                                                          29
                                                                     if (x != n - 1) return 0;
                                                                 }
3 long long gcd(long long a, long long b){
                                                          31
```

return 1;

return b ? gcd(b, a % b) : a;

```
33 }
35 ll rho(ll n) {
      if (n == 1 or prime(n)) return n;
36
      auto f = [n](ll x) \{return mul(x, x, n) + 1;\};
38
      11 x = 0, y = 0, t = 30, prd = 2, x0 = 1, q;
39
      while (t \% 40 != 0 or __gcd(prd, n) == 1) {
40
          if (x==y) x = ++x0, y = f(x);
41
           q = mul(prd, abs(x-y), n);
           if (q != 0) prd = q;
43
44
           x = f(x), y = f(f(y)), t++;
      }
45
      return __gcd(prd, n);
46
47 }
48
49 vector<ll> fact(ll n) {
      if (n == 1) return {};
50
      if (prime(n)) return {n};
      11 d = rho(n);
52
      vector < 11 > 1 = fact(d), r = fact(n / d);
53
      l.insert(l.end(), r.begin(), r.end());
54
      return 1:
55
56 }
57
58
59 int main(){
      set < 11 > primes;
60
      int M, N, K; cin >> M >> N >> K;
      loop(i,0,N){
62
63
           cin >> a[i];
           vector<ll> aprimes = fact(a[i]);
64
          for(auto prime : aprimes){
65
               primes.insert(prime);
           }
67
      int m, n, d;
69
      loop(i,0,K) cin >> m >> n >> d;
70
      for(auto prime : primes){
71
          cout << prime << " ";
72
73
74 }
  6.11 Primos
1 // PRIMALIDADE
3 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
4 using namespace std;
6 const int MAX = 1e5+7;
8 void crivo(){
      vector < int > crivo(MAX, 1);
      for(int i=2; i*i<=MAX; i++){</pre>
10
11
           if (crivo[i] == 1) {
               for(int j=i+i; j<MAX; j+=i){</pre>
12
```

crivo[j]=0;

}

19 vector<int> generate\_primes() {

isPrime[1] = isPrime[0] = 1;

if(!isPrime[i]){

for(int i=2; i<MAX; i++){</pre>

primes.pb(i);

for(int j=i+i; j < MAX; j+=i){

isPrime[j]=1;

vector < int > primes;

}

18 bool isPrime[MAX];

}

13

15

16

20

21

22

23

25

27

28

17 **}** 

```
30
       return primes;
31 }
32
34 bool is_prime(int num){
       for(int i = 2; i*i<= num; i++) {</pre>
35
          if(num % i == 0) {
36
              return false;
37
38
       }
39
40
       return true;
41 }
```

### 7 Strings

### 7.1 Suffix Array

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2 using namespace std;
 4 #define ll long long
 5 #define sws ios::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie( NULL
       );cout.tie(NULL);
 6 #define print(x) for (auto &it : x) cout<<it<<' ';<<
       cout << end1;
7 #define loop(i,a,n) for(int i=a; i < n; i++)</pre>
8 #define pb(x) push_back(x);
9 #define vi vector<int>
10 #define mp(x,y) make_pair(x,y)
#define pii pair<int,int>
12 #define pqi priority_queue < int , vector < int > , greater <</pre>
       int>>
13 const 11 MOD = 1e9+7;
14 const int INF = 0x3f3f3f3f;
15 const 11 LLINF = 0x3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f;
16
17 vector < int > suffix_array(string s) {
       s += "$";
18
       int n = s.size(), N = max(n, 260);
19
       vector < int > sa(n), ra(n);
20
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) sa[i] = i, ra[i] = s[</pre>
21
22
       for (int k = 0; k < n; k ? k *= 2 : k++) {
23
24
           vector < int > nsa(sa), nra(n), cnt(N);
25
26
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) nsa[i] = (nsa[i]-
       k+n)%n, cnt[ra[i]]++;
27
           for (int i = 1; i < N; i++) cnt[i] += cnt[i</pre>
           for (int i = n-1; i+1; i--) sa[--cnt[ra[nsa[i
28
       ]]]] = nsa[i];
29
           for (int i = 1, r = 0; i < n; i++) nra[sa[i]]
30
        = r += ra[sa[i]] !=
               ra[sa[i-1]] or ra[(sa[i]+k)%n] != ra[(sa[
31
       i-1]+k)%n];
32
           ra = nra;
           if (ra[sa[n-1]] == n-1) break;
33
34
       return vector < int > (sa.begin()+1, sa.end());
35
36 }
37
38 vector<int> kasai(string s, vector<int> sa) {
39
       int n = s.size(), k = 0;
40
       vector < int > ra(n), lcp(n);
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) ra[sa[i]] = i;</pre>
41
42
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++, k -= !!k) {
           if (ra[i] == n-1) { k = 0; continue; }
44
           int j = sa[ra[i]+1];
45
```

```
while (i+k < n and j+k < n and s[i+k] == s[j+45]
                                                                   int find(string s){
46
      k]) k++;
                                                                       int cur = 1;
           lcp[ra[i]] = k;
                                                                       for(auto c: s){
47
                                                            47
                                                                           if(!trie[cur][c-c_min]) return 0;
                                                            48
48
       return lcp;
                                                                           cur = trie[cur][c-c_min];
49
                                                            49
50 }
                                                                       }
                                                            50
                                                            51
                                                                       return cur;
52
                                                            52
53 int32_t main(){
                                                            53
       sws;
                                                            54
                                                                   int count_pref(string s){
54
       string s;
                                                                       return pref[find(s)];
55
                                                            55
56
       cin>>s;
                                                            56
57
                                                            57
      vector<int> suf = suffix_array(s);
                                                                   Trie(int qtd_char_=26, char c_min_ = 'a', int
                                                            58
58
      vector < int > lcp = kasai(s, suf);
                                                                   {\tt max\_size\_=MAX)}:
50
                                                                   c_min(c_min_), qtd_char(qtd_char_), max_size(
60
                                                            59
61
      11 \text{ ans} = 0;
                                                                   max_size_){
      for(int i=0; i<s.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                                       trie.resize(max_size, vector<int>(qtd_char));
62
                                                            60
           if(islower(s[suf[i]])){
                                                            61
                                                                       pref.resize(max_size);
                                                                       end.resize(max_size);
               int sz = s.size()-suf[i];
64
                                                            62
               ans += (sz - lcp[i]);
                                                            63
65
           }
                                                            64 };
66
      }
                                                            65
67
       cout << ans << endl;</pre>
                                                            66 int32_t main(){ sws;
69 }
                                                                   Trie t;
                                                            67
                                                            68
                                                                   t.add("abcd");
  7.2 Trie
                                                                   t.add("ad");
                                                            69
                                                                   t.erase("ad");
                                                            70
                                                                   cout << t.count_pref("a") << endl;</pre>
1 // Constroi e procura por uma string em uma arvore
                                                            71
2 // Trie t;
                                                            72
                                                            73
                                                                   return 0;
3 // Trie t(qtd_char, c_min, max_size)
                                                           74 }
4 // qtd_char = qntd maxima de caracteres
5 // c_min = menor caractere
6 // max_size = tamanho maximo de strings
                                                              7.3 Zfunction
8 // Complexidade - O(N*|s|*qtd_char)
10 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                            1 // complexidades
using namespace std;
                                                             _{2} // z - 0(|s|)
                                                            3 // match: O(|s|+|p|)
#define sws std::ios::sync_with_stdio(false); cin.tie 4 vector<int> z_func(string s){
      (NULL); cout.tie(NULL);
                                                                  int n = s.size();
14 const int MAX = 2005;
                                                                   vector < int > z(n);
15
                                                                   int l=0, r=0;
16 class Trie{
                                                                   for (int i = 1, i < n; i++) {
                                                             8
      int node = 1;
17
                                                                       if (i <= r)</pre>
                                                            9
       char c_min;
                                                                           z[i] = min(z[i-1], r-i+1);
                                                            10
      int qtd_char, max_size;
19
                                                                       while (i + z[i] < n \&\& s[z[i]] == s[i + z[i]]
                                                            11
      vector<vector<int>> trie;
20
                                                                   ]])
      vector<int> pref, end;
21
                                                                           z[i]++;
                                                            12
22
                                                                       if (i + z[i] - 1 > r)
                                                            13
      public:
23
                                                                           l = i, r = i + z[i] - 1;
                                                            14
      void add(string s){
24
                                                            15
                                                                   7
          int cur = 1;
                                                                   return z;
                                                           16
           for(auto c: s){
26
                                                            17 }
27
               if(!trie[cur][c-c_min]){
                                                           18 // string matching
                    trie[cur][c-c_min] = ++node;
                                                           19 // quantas vezes B aparece em A
29
                                                           20 int32_t main(){ sws;
               cur = trie[cur][c-c_min];
                                                            21
                                                                   string a, b;
31
               pref[cur]++;
                                                            22
                                                                   cin >> a >> b;
           }
32
                                                            23
33
           end[cur]++;
                                                                   string s = b + '$' + a;
                                                            24
34
                                                                   vector < int > z = z_func(s);
                                                            25
35
                                                                   int ans = 0;
                                                            26
      void erase(string s){
36
                                                                   for(int i=0; i<z.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                            27
           int cur = 1;
                                                                       if(z[i] == b.size())ans++;
                                                            28
38
           for(auto c: s){
                                                            29
               cur = trie[cur][c-c_min];
39
                                                                   cout <<ans << end1:
                                                           30
               pref[cur]--;
40
                                                            31
41
                                                            32
                                                                   return 0;
           end[cur]--;
                                                            33 }
      }
43
```

### **Template**

#### Template 8.1

```
30 }
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                        32 // first term, number of elements, ratio
2 using namespace std;
                                                        33 long long general_term_pg(int a1, int n, int q) {
3 //alias comp='g++ -std=c++17 -g -02 -Wall -
                                                        34 return a1 * fexp(q, n -1);
     Wconversion -Wshadow -fsanitize=address, undefined 35 }
       -fno-sanitize-recover -ggdb -o out'
                                                        37 // first element of original pa, first element of
5 #define sws std::ios::sync_with_stdio(false); cin.tie
                                                              derived pa, number of elements of original pa,
      (NULL); cout.tie(NULL);
                                                              ratio of derived pa
6 #define int long long
                                                        38 long long sum_second_order_pa(int a1, int b1, int n,
7 #define endl "\n"
                                                              int r) {
8 #define input(x) for (auto &it : x) cin >> it
                                                        39 return a1 * n + (b1 * n * (n - 1)) / 2 + (r * n * (n
9 #define pb push_back
                                                               - 1) * (n - 2)) / 6
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
                                                        40 }
11 #define ff first
12 #define ss second
                                                        42 // log
13 #define TETO(a, b) ((a) + (b-1))/(b)
                                                        43 int intlog(double base, double x) {
14 #define dbg(msg, x) cout << msg << " = " << x << endl _{44}
                                                             return (int)(log(x) / log(base));
15 #define print(x,y) for (auto &it : x) cout << it</pre>
                                                        45 }
17 typedef long long 11;
                                                        47 // sum from one to n
18 typedef long double ld;
                                                        48 (n * (n +1)) / 2
19 typedef vector<int> vi;
20 typedef pair<int,int> pii;
                                                        50 // gdc
21 typedef priority_queue<int, vector<int>, greater<int 51 long long gcd(long long a, long long b){
      >> pqi;
                                                        52
                                                              return b ? gcd(b, a % b) : a;
                                                        53 }
23 const 11 MOD = 1e9+7;
24 const int MAX = 1e4+5;
                                                        55 // or just use __gcd(a,b)
25 const ll LLINF = 0x3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f;
26 const double PI = acos(-1);
                                                        57 // lcm
                                                        58 long long lcm(long long a, long long b){
28 int32_t main(){ sws;
                                                        return (a/__gcd(a,b)*b);
                                                        60 }
31
      return 0;
                                                        62 // distancia manhattan
32 }
                                                        63 // https://vjudge.net/contest/539684#problem/H
                                                        65 // distancia euclidiana
      zExtra
                                                        67 // GEOMETRIA
```

27 // first term, ratio

29 return a1 \* (1 - q);

28 long long sum\_infinite\_pg(int a1, double q) {

#### 9.1 Formulasmat

```
68 // seno
                                                       69 a / sen(a) = b / sen(b) = c / sen(c)
int gcd(int a, int b) {
                                                       71 //cosseno
72 a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2*b*c*cos(a)
3 return gcd(b, a % b);
                                                       74 // area losango
                                                       75 A = (1/2) * diagonal_maior * diagonal_menor
6 // number of elements
7 long long sum_of_n_first_squares(int n) {
                                                       77 // volume prisma
8 return (n * (n - 1) * (2 * n - 1)) / 6;
                                                       78 V = B * H
9 }
                                                       80 //volume esfera
11 // first element, last element, number of elements
                                                       81 \text{ V} = (4/3) * PI * R^3
12 long long sum_pa(int a1, int an, int n) {
13 return ((a1 + an) * n) / 2;
                                                       83 //volume piramide
14 }
                                                       84 V = (1/3) * B * H
16 // first element, number of elements, ratio
                                                       86 //volume cone
17 long long general_term_pa(int a1, int n, int r) {
                                                       87 V = (1/3) * PI * R^2 * H
18 return a1 + (n - 1) * r;
                                                       89 //condicao de existencia
21 // first term, numbers of elements, ratio
                                                       90 a - b | < c < a + b
                                                       91
22 long long sum_pg(int a1, int n, int q) {
23 return (a1 * (fexp(q, n) - 1)) / (q - 1);
                                                       92 // combinacao sem rep.
                                                       93 C(n x) = n! / (x! (n-x)!)
_{26} // -1 < q < 1
                                                        95 // combinacao com rep.
```

```
96 C(n m) = (m + n - 1)!/(n! (m-1)!)
                                                              5
                                                                    string s1; cin>>s1;
                                                              6
98 // perm sem rep
                                                                    cin.ignore();
                                                              7
99 p = n!
                                                                     while (true) {
                                                              8
                                                                         string s; getline(cin, s);
if (s == "PARO") break;
                                                              9
101 // perm com rep
                                                              10
102 p = n!/(rep1! rep2! ... repn!)
                                                                         cout << "A" << endl;</pre>
                                                              11
103
                                                              12
104 // perm circ
                                                                     string s2; cin>>s2;
                                                              13
P = (n-1)!
                                                                     cin.ignore();
                                                              14
                                                                     while (true) {
                                                              15
   9.2 Getline
                                                                         string s3; getline(cin, s3);
if (s3 == "PARO") break;
                                                              16
                                                              17
                                                                         cout << "A" << endl;
 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                             18
                                                                     }
                                                             19
 2 using namespace std;
 3 // Sempre usar cin.ignore() entre um cin e um getline 20 }
 4 int main() {
```