Practicalities



Bind with DNSSEC?

\$./configure --with-openssl

\$ head config.log

This file contains any messages produced by compilers while running configure, to aid debugging if configure makes a mistake.

It was created by configure, which was generated by GNU Autoconf 2.61. Invocation command line was

\$./configure --prefix=/usr/local --with-openssl

DNSSEC aware config

```
options {
    ...
    dnssec-enable yes;
    ....
};
```

- BIND: dnssec-enable
- NSD:As default



Generate keys

```
Usage:
    dnssec-keygen -a alg -b bits [-n type] [options] name
Version: 9.6-ESV
Required options:
    -a algorithm: RSA | RSAMD5 | DH | DSA | RSASHA1 | RSASHA256 | RSASHA512 | NSEC3DSA | NSEC3RSASHA1
HMAC-MD5 | HMAC-SHA1 | HMAC-SHA224 | HMAC-SHA256 | HMAC-SHA384 | HMAC-SHA512
    -b key size, in bits:
       RSAMD5:
                      [512..4096]
                      [512..4096]
       RSASHA1:
                             [512..4096]
       NSEC3RSASHA1:
      RSASHA256: [512..4096]
      RSASHA512: [1024..4096]
                 [128..4096]
       DH:
       DSA:
                       [512..1024] and divisible by 64
       NSEC3DSA:
                      [512..1024] and divisible by 64
       HMAC-MD5: [1..512]
                      [1..160]
       HMAC-SHA1:
       HMAC-SHA224: [1..224]
       HMAC-SHA256: [1..256]
       HMAC-SHA384: [1..384]
       HMAC-SHA512: [1..512]
   -n nametype: ZONE | HOST | ENTITY | USER | OTHER
        (DNSKEY generation defaults to ZONE
   name: owner of the key
Other options:
    -c <class> (default: IN)
    -d <digest bits> (0 => max, default)
    -e use large exponent (RSAMD5/RSASHA1 only)
   -f keyflag: KSK
   -g <generator> use specified generator (DH only)
   -t <type>: AUTHCONF | NOAUTHCONF | NOAUTH | NOCONF (default: AUTHCONF)
   -p protocol>: default: 3 [dnssec]
   -s <strength> strength value this key signs DNS records with (default: 0)
   -r <randomdev>: a file containing random data
    -v <verbose level>
    -k : generate a TYPE=KEY key
Output:
     K<name>+<alg>+<id>.key, K<name>+<alg>+<id>.private
```

Generate two keys

```
$ dnssec-keygen -a RSASHA1 -b 2048 -n zone -f KSK example.com
Kexample.com.+005+41863

$ dnssec-keygen -a RSASHA1 -b 1024 -n zone example.com
Kexample.com.+005+58803
```

Generate a Key Signing Key and Zone Signing Key



\$include the keys

```
$TTL 100
        100
                IN
                         SOA
                          zonemaster
                          2008091600
                                 100
                                         ; These values
                                 200
                                         ; are to unrealistic for
                              604800
                                         ; production zones
                                 100
                         NS
                                          ns
                                          192.0.2.1
                         A
ns
                                          192.0.2.3
demo
$include Kexample.com.+005+41863.key
$include Kexample.com.+005+58803.key
```



Sign the lot

\$ dnssec-signzone -o example.com zonefile.txt

Creates a ds-set as a bonus!



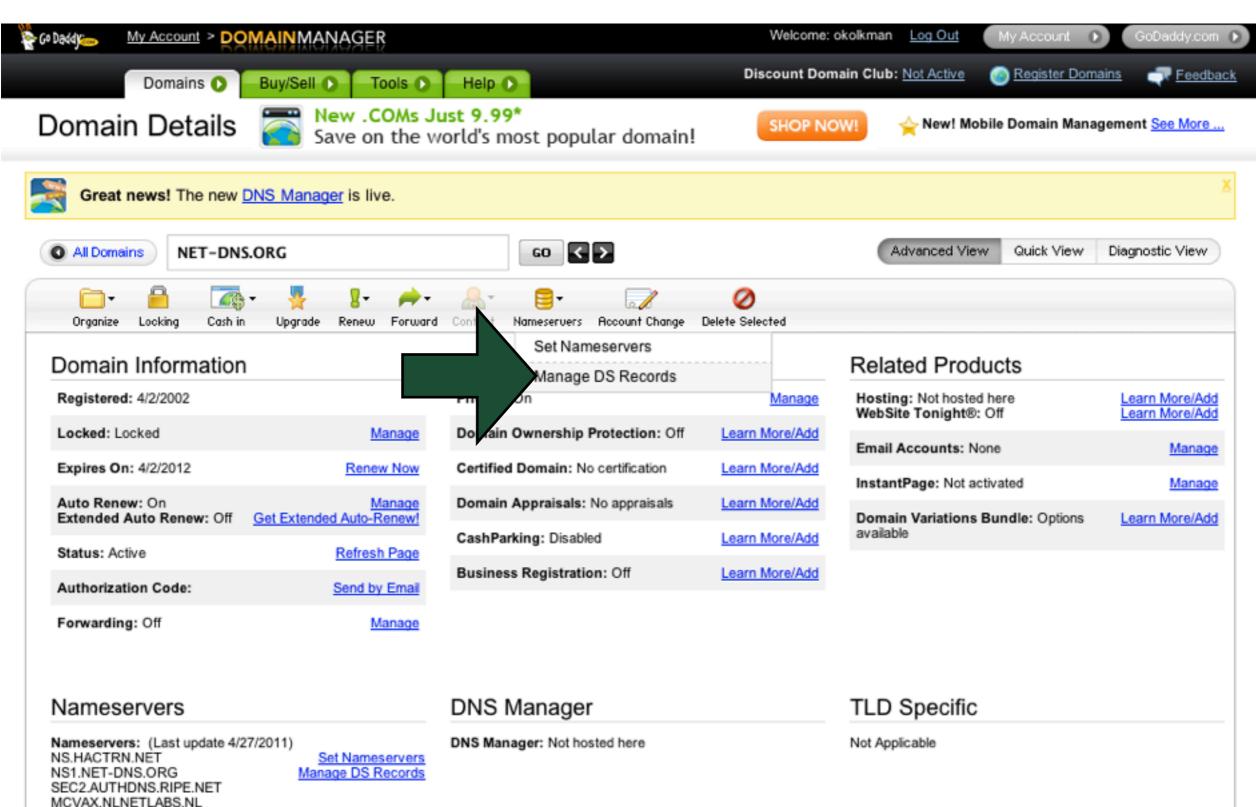
Serve your zone

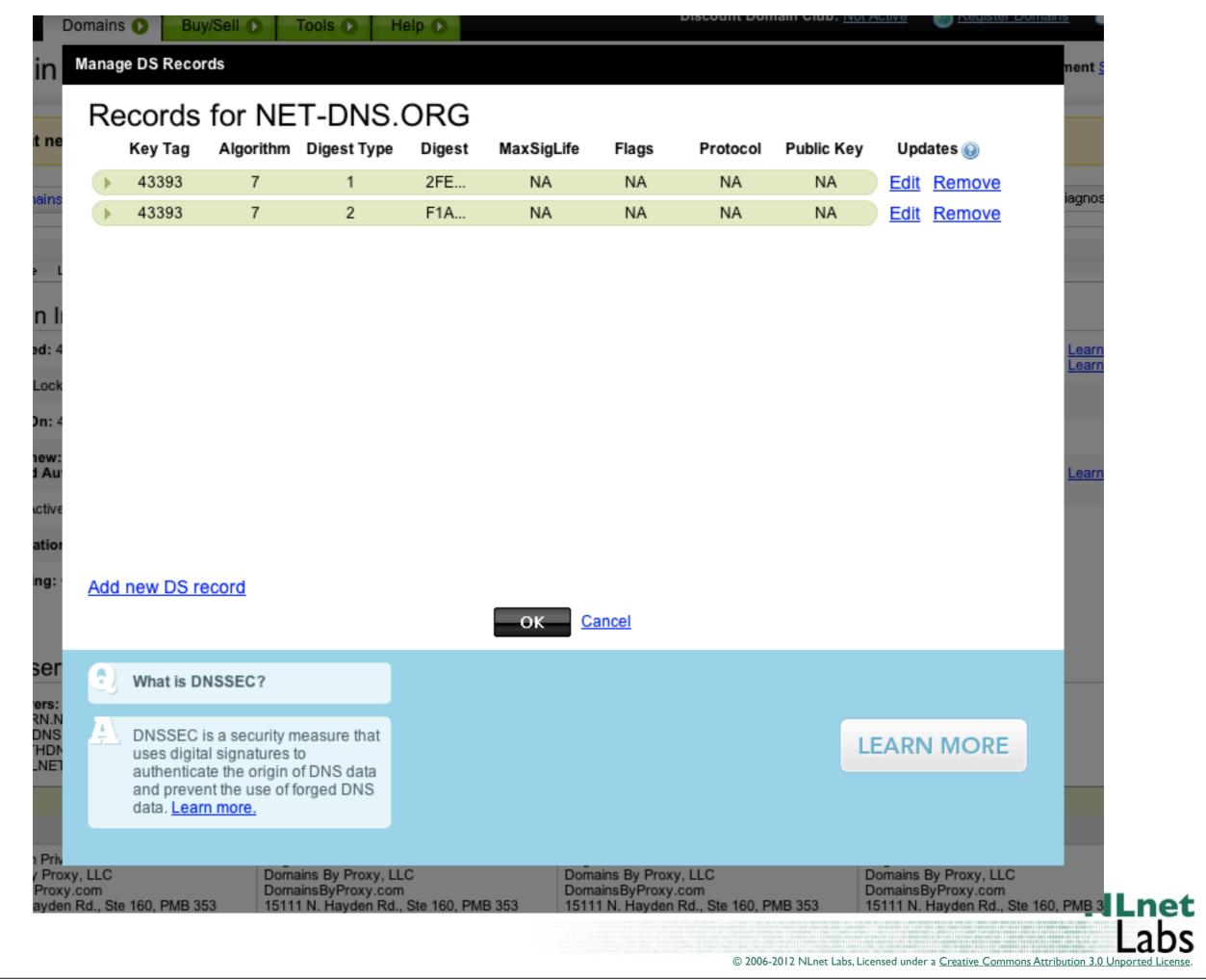
• Just point to it in your masterfile

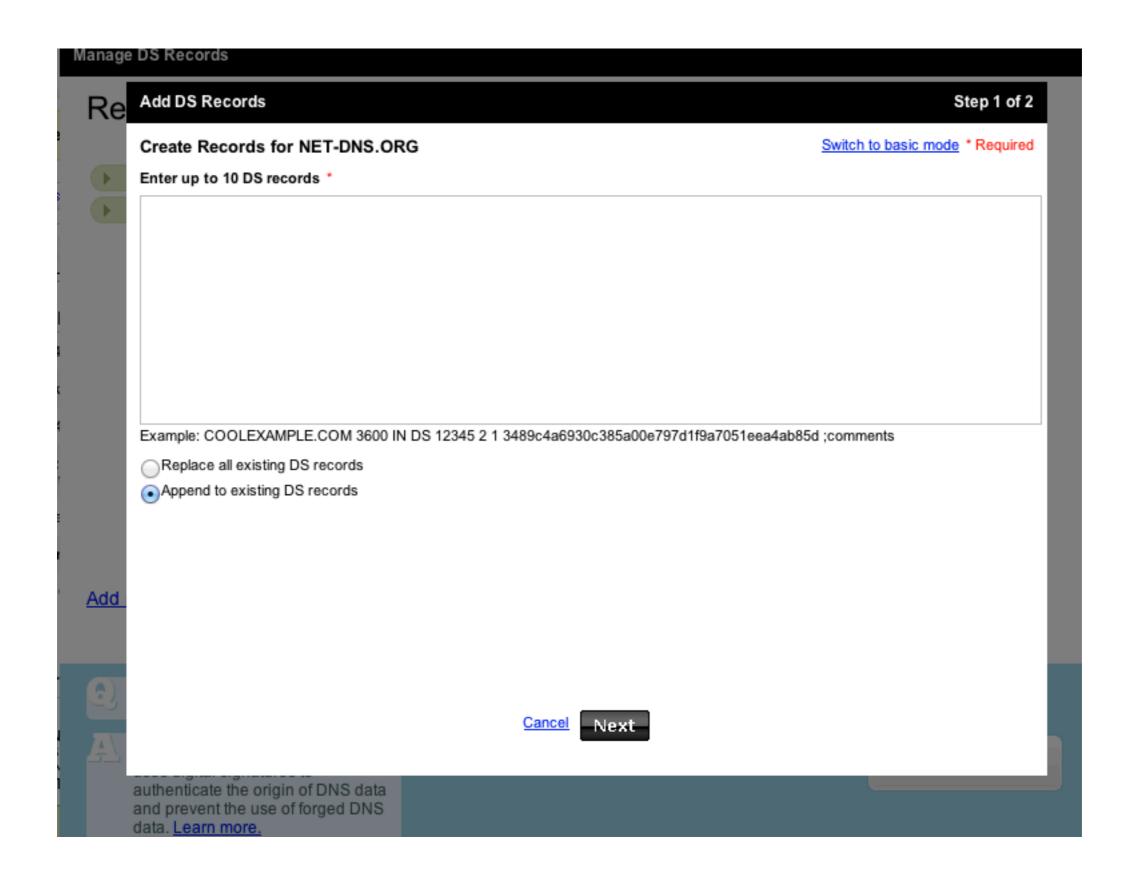


```
; <<>> DiG 9.5.0-P2 <<>> @192.168.1.11 example.com SOA +dnssec
; (1 server found)
;; global options: printcmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 53425
;; flags: gr aa rd; OUERY: 1, ANSWER: 0, AUTHORITY: 4, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; WARNING: recursion requested but not available
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags: do; udp: 4096
;; QUESTION SECTION:
; example.com.
                              IN SOA
;; AUTHORITY SECTION:
example.com.
                              100
                                        IN SOA
                                                  ns.example.com. zonemaster.example.com. (
                                                  2008091600 ; serial
                                                  100
                                                              ; refresh (1 minute 40 seconds)
                                                  200
                                                              ; retry (3 minutes 20 seconds)
                                                  604800
                                                              ; expire (1 week)
                                                  100
                                                              ; minimum (1 minute 40 seconds)
example.com.
                              100
                                        RRSIG
                                                   SOA 5 2 100 20081017184752 (
                                                  20080917184752 58803 example.com.
                                                  mMS8by7109SKFv+zQHB/dd0czsmZpsvwrwil
                                                  qBh12tqK/9kGtuID8f5OvERqwSDhE4e462yF
                                                   sS8839JlKYndgMJu/cCY1qGIW34tad83P/yu
                                                   1PWdZO0bDGB8d0BeE4Sj8TbUtSrnJb1ZvByG
                                                   0IIB0JKZHRe009SBQAKfXqUnr/E= )
example.com.
                              100
                                        NSEC
                                                   demo.example.com. NS SOA RRSIG NSEC DNSKEY
example.com.
                              100
                                        RRSIG
                                                  NSEC 5 2 100 20081017184752 (
                                                  20080917184752 58803 example.com.
                                                  ROta6SMQWFoRrmEAdPaHIbViqNJAWYsPZYCG
                                                  iGodUKVDxGPw/E77rkMdwIKJZk3n/IMHleM+
                                                   ce/8v2zU3cBXtJ2BjFKiJ3quDWaJRb33DGWH
                                                   +SaIOJqc4lHMwcTGzdoqGdznCJ0xpbYmV9q8
                                                  rCZV59qWJ3sferRYTvRMbEokBh0= )
                              100
                                        DNSKEY
                                                  256 3 5 (
                                                  AwEAAbMW4ddT7IZ+xHcPkbyimnQEVd/h41Pm
                                                  VI2ghRdMoy3vY+Y4m0jg4YKL6DSRaWppZpF4
                                                  YGVvrL/jWngKUaUOeEDjDLx3e79K9t4ncL66
                                                   jKFgB1p0xUKxNSKda9nm4JbjoGZwU+AH4aGc
                                                   94fKVb12+jwSx6Y9UNN4E13JHIMeQvnt
                                                  ) ; key id = 58803;; Query time: 1 msec
;; SERVER: 192.168.2.202#53(192.168.2.202)
;; WHEN: Wed Sep 17 22:36:49 2008
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 452
```

Publish at Parent











Home

Domain Renew

Update Contact

Update Nameserver

DNS Management

Domain Forwarding

Request Client Transfer

Domain Transfer In

DNSSEC Control Panel

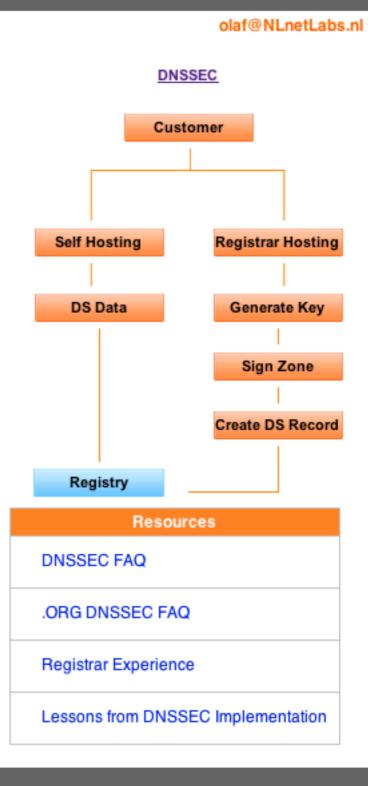
DNSSEC TOOLS

Change Password

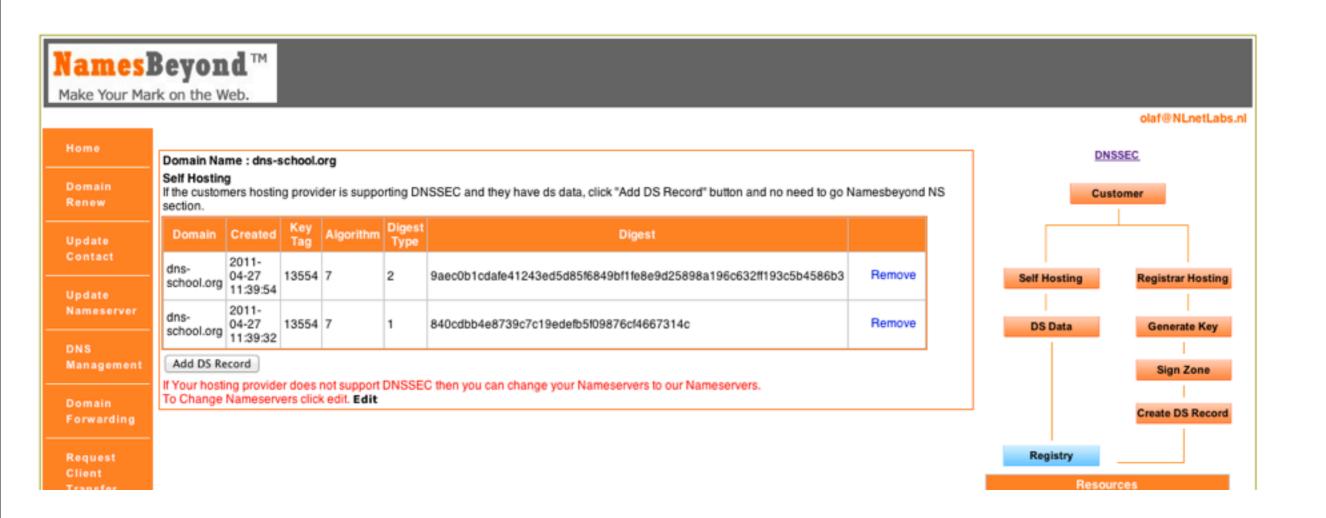
Login to Hosting Server

Logout





Powered by: www.NamesBeyond.com





This was the essence

Automate



Automate using Bind

- Configure your zones to work with dynamic update (IMPORTANT)
- Add "auto-dnssec" to you configuration
 - allow: use the keys when told to sign (in combination with cron maintained rndc resign)
 - maintain: have the name daemon maintain the signatures (recommended)
- Use dnssec-settime to prepare your keys







But first let us try to understand keys and timing

