

Transforming Functions

Objectives

- 1 Determine vertical and horizontal shifts of the graph of a function.
- 2 Determine reflections across axes of the graph of a function.
- 3 Determine vertical and horizontal stretches and compressions of the graph of a function.
- 4 Perform multiple transformations of a function.

$$f(x) \pm d$$

For the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = f(x) \pm d$.

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Vertical shift

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Vertical shift

- Up d units if d is positive.

$$f(x) \pm d$$

For the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = f(x) \pm d$.

Vertical shift

- Up d units if d is positive.
- Down d units if d is negative.

$$f(x) \pm d$$

For the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = f(x) \pm d$.

Vertical shift

- Up d units if d is positive.
- Down d units if d is negative.

Notice the number you are adding or subtracting is **outside the function**.

Example 1

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ for each.

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(a) $g(x) = \sqrt{x} + 11$

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(a) $g(x) = \sqrt{x} + 11$

Shift up 11 units

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Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = \sqrt{x} + 11$

Shift up 11 units

(b) $g(x) = \sqrt{x} - 15$

Example 1

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = \sqrt{x} + 11$

Shift up 11 units

(b) $g(x) = \sqrt{x} - 15$

Shift down 15 units

$$f(x \pm c)$$

For the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = f(x \pm c)$

$$f(x \pm c)$$

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Horizontal shift

$$f(x \pm c)$$

For the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = f(x \pm c)$

Horizontal shift

- Right c units for $f(x - c)$

$$f(x \pm c)$$

For the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = f(x \pm c)$

Horizontal shift

- Right c units for $f(x - c)$
- Left c units for $f(x + c)$

$$f(x \pm c)$$

For the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = f(x \pm c)$

Horizontal shift

- Right c units for $f(x - c)$
- Left c units for $f(x + c)$

Notice the number you are adding or subtracting is **inside the function**.

Example 2

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ for each.

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(a) $g(x) = \sqrt{x + 11}$

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Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = \sqrt{x + 11}$

Shift left 11 units

(b) $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 15}$

Example 2

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = \sqrt{x + 11}$

Shift left 11 units

(b) $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 15}$

Shift right 15 units

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- 1 Determine vertical and horizontal shifts of the graph of a function.
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$$-f(x)$$

For the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = -f(x)$

$$-f(x)$$

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Reflect across x -axis

$$f(-x)$$

For the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = f(-x)$

$$f(-x)$$

For the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = f(-x)$

Reflect across y -axis

Example 3

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = -\sqrt{x} + 2$

Example 3

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = -\sqrt{x} + 2$

- 1 Reflect across x-axis

Example 3

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = -\sqrt{x} + 2$

- 1 Reflect across x -axis
- 2 Shift up 2 units

Example 3

$$(b) \quad g(x) = \sqrt{-x} - 3$$

Example 3

(b) $g(x) = \sqrt{-x} - 3$

- 1 Reflect across y -axis

Example 3

$$(b) \quad g(x) = \sqrt{-x} - 3$$

- 1 Reflect across y -axis
- 2 Shift down 3 units

Example 3

$$(c) \quad g(x) = 4 - \sqrt{x}$$

Example 3

$$(c) \quad g(x) = 4 - \sqrt{x}$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{x} + 4$$

Example 3

$$(c) \quad g(x) = 4 - \sqrt{x}$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{x} + 4$$

- 1 Reflect across x-axis

Example 3

$$(c) \quad g(x) = 4 - \sqrt{x}$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{x} + 4$$

- 1 Reflect across x -axis
- 2 Shift up 4 units

Objectives

- 1 Determine vertical and horizontal shifts of the graph of a function.
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$$a \cdot f(x)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of
 $g(x) = a \cdot f(x)$

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Vertical stretch if $a > 1$

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For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = a \cdot f(x)$

Vertical stretch if $a > 1$

- The factor is a

$$a \cdot f(x)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = a \cdot f(x)$

Vertical stretch if $a > 1$

- The factor is a
- The y -coordinates are now a times further away from the x -axis

$$a \cdot f(x)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of
 $g(x) = a \cdot f(x)$

$$a \cdot f(x)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = a \cdot f(x)$

Vertical compression if $0 < a < 1$

$$a \cdot f(x)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = a \cdot f(x)$

Vertical compression if $0 < a < 1$

- The factor is **the reciprocal of a**

$$a \cdot f(x)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = a \cdot f(x)$

Vertical compression if $0 < a < 1$

- The factor is **the reciprocal of a**
- The y -coordinates are now a times **closer to** the x -axis

Example 4

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sin x$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = 12 \sin x$

Example 4

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sin x$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = 12 \sin x$

Vertical stretch by factor of 12

Example 4

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sin x$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = 12 \sin x$

Vertical stretch by factor of 12

(b) $g(x) = \frac{1}{3} \sin x$

Example 4

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sin x$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = 12 \sin x$

Vertical stretch by factor of 12

(b) $g(x) = \frac{1}{3} \sin x$

Vertical compression by factor of 3

Example 4

$$(c) \quad g(x) = -80 \sin x$$

Example 4

(c) $g(x) = -80 \sin x$

- 1 Reflect across x -axis

Example 4

(c) $g(x) = -80 \sin x$

- 1 Reflect across x -axis
- 2 Vertical stretch by factor of 80

Example 4

$$(d) \quad g(x) = -\frac{2}{3} \sin x$$

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$$(d) \quad g(x) = -\frac{2}{3} \sin x$$

- 1 Reflect across x -axis

Example 4

(d) $g(x) = -\frac{2}{3} \sin x$

- 1 Reflect across x -axis
- 2 Vertical compression by factor of $\frac{3}{2}$

$$f(bx)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of
 $g(x) = f(bx)$

$$f(bx)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of
 $g(x) = f(bx)$

Horizontal compression if $b > 1$

$$f(bx)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of
 $g(x) = f(bx)$

Horizontal compression if $b > 1$

- The factor is b

$$f(bx)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = f(bx)$

Horizontal compression if $b > 1$

- The factor is b
- The x -coordinates are now b times closer to the y -axis

$$f(bx)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of
 $g(x) = f(bx)$

$$f(bx)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of
 $g(x) = f(bx)$

Horizontal stretch if $0 < b < 1$

$$f(bx)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of
 $g(x) = f(bx)$

Horizontal stretch if $0 < b < 1$

- The factor is the reciprocal of b

$$f(bx)$$

For $f(x) = \sin x$, determine the effects on the graph of $g(x) = f(bx)$

Horizontal stretch if $0 < b < 1$

- The factor is **the reciprocal of b**
- The x -coordinates are now b times **further away from the y -axis**

Example 5

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sin x$ for each.

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(a) $g(x) = \sin(12x)$

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(a) $g(x) = \sin(12x)$

Horizontal compression by factor of 12

Example 5

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sin x$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = \sin(12x)$

Horizontal compression by factor of 12

(b) $g(x) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{5}x\right)$

Example 5

Determine the effect on the graph of $f(x) = \sin x$ for each.

(a) $g(x) = \sin(12x)$

Horizontal compression by factor of 12

(b) $g(x) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{5}x\right)$

Horizontal stretch by factor of 5

Objectives

- 1 Determine vertical and horizontal shifts of the graph of a function.
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Example 6

Parent function: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

(a) $g(x) = -\sqrt{-x + 1} - 5$

Example 6

Parent function: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

(a) $g(x) = -\sqrt{-x + 1} - 5$

- 1 Shift left 1 unit

Example 6

Parent function: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

(a) $g(x) = -\sqrt{-x + 1} - 5$

- 1 Shift left 1 unit
- 2 Reflect across y -axis

Example 6

Parent function: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

(a) $g(x) = -\sqrt{-x + 1} - 5$

- ① Shift left 1 unit
- ② Reflect across y -axis
- ③ Reflect across x -axis

Example 6

Parent function: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

(a) $g(x) = -\sqrt{-x + 1} - 5$

- ① Shift left 1 unit
- ② Reflect across y -axis
- ③ Reflect across x -axis
- ④ Shift down 5 units

Example 6a Alternate answer

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{-x + 1} - 5$$

Example 6a Alternate answer

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{-x + 1} - 5$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{-(x - 1)} - 5$$

Example 6a Alternate answer

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{-x + 1} - 5$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{-(x - 1)} - 5$$

- 1 Reflect across y -axis

Example 6a Alternate answer

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{-x + 1} - 5$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{-(x - 1)} - 5$$

- 1 Reflect across y -axis
- 2 Shift right 1 unit

Example 6a Alternate answer

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{-x + 1} - 5$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{-(x - 1)} - 5$$

- 1 Reflect across y -axis
- 2 Shift right 1 unit
- 3 Reflect across x -axis

Example 6a Alternate answer

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{-x + 1} - 5$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{-(x - 1)} - 5$$

- 1 Reflect across y -axis
- 2 Shift right 1 unit
- 3 Reflect across x -axis
- 4 Shift down 5 units

Preferred Order for Transformations

Preferred Order for Transformations

- 1 Horizontal shifts

Preferred Order for Transformations

- ① Horizontal shifts
- ② Horizontal stretches/compressions and/or y -axis reflection

Preferred Order for Transformations

- ① Horizontal shifts
- ② Horizontal stretches/compressions and/or y -axis reflection
- ③ Vertical stretches/compressions and/or x -axis reflection

Preferred Order for Transformations

- ① Horizontal shifts
- ② Horizontal stretches/compressions and/or y -axis reflection
- ③ Vertical stretches/compressions and/or x -axis reflection
- ④ Vertical shifts

Example 6

Parent function: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

$$(b) \quad g(x) = 1 - \sqrt{\frac{x+3}{2}}$$

Example 6

Parent function: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

$$(b) \quad g(x) = 1 - \sqrt{\frac{x+3}{2}}$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}} + 1$$

Example 6

Parent function: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

$$(b) \quad g(x) = 1 - \sqrt{\frac{x+3}{2}}$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}} + 1$$

- 1 Shift left $\frac{3}{2}$ units

Example 6

Parent function: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

$$(b) \quad g(x) = 1 - \sqrt{\frac{x+3}{2}}$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}} + 1$$

- ① Shift left $\frac{3}{2}$ units
- ② Horizontal stretch by factor of 2

Example 6

Parent function: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

$$(b) \quad g(x) = 1 - \sqrt{\frac{x+3}{2}}$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}} + 1$$

- ① Shift left $\frac{3}{2}$ units
- ② Horizontal stretch by factor of 2
- ③ Reflect across x -axis

Example 6

Parent function: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

$$(b) \quad g(x) = 1 - \sqrt{\frac{x+3}{2}}$$

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}} + 1$$

- ① Shift left $\frac{3}{2}$ units
- ② Horizontal stretch by factor of 2
- ③ Reflect across x -axis
- ④ Shift up 1 unit

Example 7

Given parent function $f(x) = x^2$, write the child function $g(x)$ after the following sequence of transformations.

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Given parent function $f(x) = x^2$, write the child function $g(x)$ after the following sequence of transformations.

1. Shift up 2 units

Example 7

Given parent function $f(x) = x^2$, write the child function $g(x)$ after the following sequence of transformations.

1. Shift up 2 units

$$g(x) = x^2 + 2$$

Example 7

Given parent function $f(x) = x^2$, write the child function $g(x)$ after the following sequence of transformations.

1. Shift up 2 units

$$g(x) = x^2 + 2$$

2. Reflect across x -axis

Example 7

Given parent function $f(x) = x^2$, write the child function $g(x)$ after the following sequence of transformations.

1. Shift up 2 units

$$g(x) = x^2 + 2$$

2. Reflect across x -axis

$$g(x) = -(x^2 + 2)$$

Example 7

Given parent function $f(x) = x^2$, write the child function $g(x)$ after the following sequence of transformations.

1. Shift up 2 units

$$g(x) = x^2 + 2$$

2. Reflect across x -axis

$$g(x) = -(x^2 + 2)$$

$$g(x) = -x^2 - 2$$

Example 7

Given parent function $f(x) = x^2$, write the child function $g(x)$ after the following sequence of transformations.

1. Shift up 2 units

$$g(x) = x^2 + 2$$

2. Reflect across x -axis

$$g(x) = -(x^2 + 2)$$

$$g(x) = -x^2 - 2$$

3. Shift right 1 unit

Example 7

Given parent function $f(x) = x^2$, write the child function $g(x)$ after the following sequence of transformations.

1. Shift up 2 units

$$g(x) = x^2 + 2$$

2. Reflect across x -axis

$$g(x) = -(x^2 + 2)$$

$$g(x) = -x^2 - 2$$

3. Shift right 1 unit

$$g(x) = -(x - 1)^2 - 2$$

Example 7

Given parent function $f(x) = x^2$, write the child function $g(x)$ after the following sequence of transformations.

1. Shift up 2 units

$$g(x) = x^2 + 2$$

2. Reflect across x -axis

$$g(x) = -(x^2 + 2)$$

$$g(x) = -x^2 - 2$$

3. Shift right 1 unit

$$g(x) = -(x - 1)^2 - 2$$

4. Horizontal stretch by factor of 2

Example 7

Given parent function $f(x) = x^2$, write the child function $g(x)$ after the following sequence of transformations.

1. Shift up 2 units

$$g(x) = x^2 + 2$$

2. Reflect across x -axis

$$g(x) = -(x^2 + 2)$$

$$g(x) = -x^2 - 2$$

3. Shift right 1 unit

$$g(x) = -(x - 1)^2 - 2$$

4. Horizontal stretch by factor of 2

$$g(x) = -\left(\frac{1}{2}x - 1\right)^2 - 2$$