

Basic Set Theory and Interval Notation

Sets

A **set** is a well-defined collection of things called *elements*. By “well-defined”, we mean that we will know whether or not an element belongs in the set.

Ways of Describing Sets

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The **empty set** is a set with no elements (symbol is \emptyset). This is notation used for “No Solution” answers.





Table of Contents

- 1 Write a set using interval notation
- 2 Finding intersections and unions of intervals



Interval Notation

Interval Notation	Set-Builder Notation	Graph
$(4, 9)$	$\{x \mid 4 < x < 9\}$	
$[4, 9]$	$\{x \mid 4 \leq x \leq 9\}$	
$[4, 9)$	$\{x \mid 4 \leq x < 9\}$	
$(4, 9]$	$\{x \mid 4 < x \leq 9\}$	

Interval Notation

Interval Notation	Set-Builder Notation	Graph
$(4, \infty)$	$\{x \mid x > 4\}$	
$[4, \infty)$	$\{x \mid x \geq 4\}$	
$(-\infty, 9)$	$\{x \mid x < 9\}$	
$(-\infty, 9]$	$\{x \mid x \leq 9\}$	

Interval Notation

Interval Notation	Set-Builder Notation	Graph
$(-\infty, \infty)$	\mathbb{R}	
\emptyset	$\{ \}$	

Example 1

Express each interval in set-builder notation and graph:

(a) $(-1, 4]$

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$$\{x \mid -1 < x \leq 4\}$$

Example 1

(b) $[2.5, 4]$

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$$\{x \mid 2.5 \leq x \leq 4\}$$

Example 1

(c) $(-4, \infty)$

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Example 1

(c) $(-4, \infty)$



$$\{x \mid x > -4\}$$

Example 1

(d) $(-\infty, 5]$

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$$\{x \mid x \leq 5\}$$

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Intersections are common when the variable is *between* two values.

Unions

The **union** of two sets is set of elements in either set (or both).

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Unions are common when the intervals do not overlap (although they can).

Example 2

Write each of the following in interval notation and graph.

(a) $x \leq 4$ or $x > 7$

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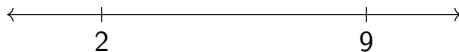
$$(-\infty, 4] \cup (7, \infty)$$

Example 2

$$(b) \quad x < 2 \text{ or } x \geq 9$$

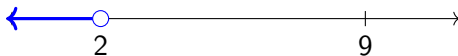
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(b) $x < 2$ or $x \geq 9$



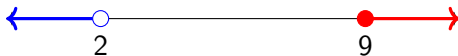
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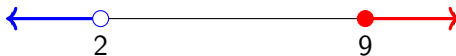
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$$(-\infty, 2) \cup [9, \infty)$$

Example 2

$$(c) \quad 0 < x \leq 5$$

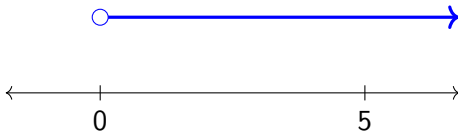
Example 2

(c) $0 < x \leq 5$



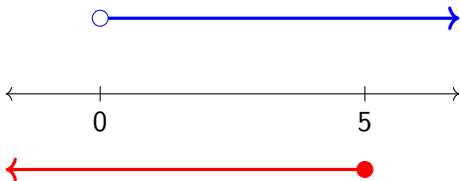
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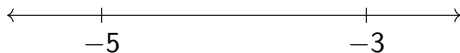
$$(0, 5]$$

Example 2

$$(d) \quad -5 \leq x \leq -3$$

Example 2

(d) $-5 \leq x \leq -3$



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$$[-5, -3]$$

Example 3

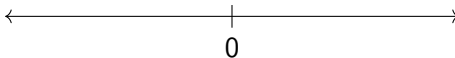
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(a) $\{x \mid x \neq 0\}$

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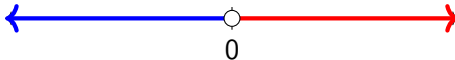
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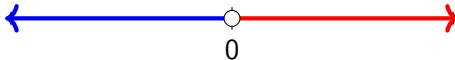
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$$(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$$

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Write each of the following in interval notation and graph.

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$$(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

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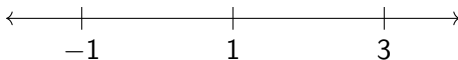
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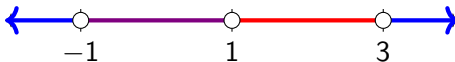
(c) $\{x \mid x \neq -1, 1, 3\}$



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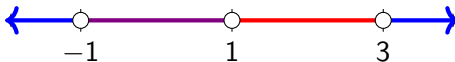
(c) $\{x \mid x \neq -1, 1, 3\}$



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Write each of the following in interval notation and graph.

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$$(-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, 1) \cup (1, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$$