# Quadratic Formula

## Objectives

Solve quadratic equations using the quadratic formula

Use the discriminant to determine the types of solutions to a quadratic equation

#### The Quadratic Formula

The quadratic formula can be used to solve  $\underline{any}$  quadratic equation that is equal to 0.

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For 
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

#### Quadratic Formula

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

(a) 
$$3x^2 + 8x - 28 = 0$$

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$$x = \frac{-8 \pm 20}{6}$$

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$$x = \frac{-8 - 20}{6}$$

x = 2

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$$x = -\frac{14}{3}$$

(b) 
$$5x^2 + 9x - 5 = 0$$

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  $a = 5$   $b = 9$   $c = -5$ 

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$$a = 5 \quad b = 9 \quad c = -5$$
 
$$x = \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{9^2 - 4(5)(-5)}}{2(5)}$$

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$$5x^2 + 9x - 5 = 0$$
  
 $a = 5$   $b = 9$   $c = -5$   

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$$x = \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{181}}{10}$$

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 $x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{156}}{12}$ 

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$$7x^2 + 20x - 8 = -3x^2 - 1 + 10x$$

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 $10x^2 + 10x - 7$   
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$$a = 10 \quad b = 10 \quad c = -7$$

$$x = \frac{-10 \pm \sqrt{10^2 - 4(10)(-7)}}{2(10)}$$

$$x = \frac{-10 \pm \sqrt{380}}{20}$$

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$$x=\frac{-10\pm2\sqrt{95}}{20}$$

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- **Discriminant is negative:** No real values of *x* make the original equation true.
- Discriminant is 0: There is one value of x (called a double root).
- **Discriminant is positive:** There are 2 unique answers for *x*.

In addition, if  $\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$  equals a rational number, then the quadratic equation is factorable over the integers (only use integers in your factoring).