# Honors Algebra 2



### **Extra Practice Problems**

### **Contents**

1	Equations and Inequalities         1.1 Answer Key	3
2	Compound Inequalities 2.1 Answer Key	5
3	Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities 3.1 Absolute Value Equations	6
4	Factoring Techniques 4.1 Answer Key	9
5	The Quadratic Formula 5.1 Answer Key	10 11
6	Complex Numbers 6.1 Answer Key	12 13
7	Graphs of Quadratic Expressions 7.1 Answer Key	14 15
8	Intro to Functions 8.1 Answer Key	16 17

### **Equations and Inequalities**

#### **Equations**

Solve each equation. Round decimal answers to 2 decimal places.

1. 
$$-7x + 5 = -10x + 11$$

2. 
$$\frac{2}{3}x - 10 = \frac{5}{8}$$

3. 
$$-0.2x - 3(x + 1.4) = -5.2x + 1$$

4. 
$$1.3 + 2.1(6.3x + 12) = -19.7$$

5. 
$$\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{3}{7} = -2\left(x + \frac{3}{8}\right)$$

Solve each for the variable indicated.

6. 
$$F = ma$$
; for a

7. 
$$PV = nRT$$
; for  $n$ 

8. 
$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$
; for  $y_2$ 

9. 
$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$
; for  $y_1$ 

10. 
$$v = v_0 + gt$$
; for  $t$ 

11. 
$$S = 180(n-2)$$
; for  $n$ 

#### **Inequalities**

Solve each inequality. Graph your answers on a number line.

1. 
$$2(x+2) < 4x - 2(x-1)$$

1. 
$$2(x+2) \le 4x - 2(x-1)$$
 2.  $-3.2x - 5(x-1.5) > 7.7 + 1.8x$ 

#### **Equations**

1. 
$$x = 2$$

4. 
$$x = -3.49$$

6. 
$$a = \frac{F}{m}$$

9. 
$$y_1 = y_2 - m(x_2 - x_1)$$

2. 
$$x = \frac{255}{16}$$

5. 
$$x = -\frac{11}{21}$$

7. 
$$n = \frac{PV}{RT}$$

$$10. \ t = \frac{v - v_0}{g}$$

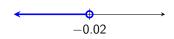
3. 
$$x = 2.6$$

8. 
$$y_2 = m(x_2 - x_1) + y_1$$

11. 
$$n = \frac{s}{180} + 2$$

#### Inequalities

2. 
$$x < -0.02$$



# **Compound Inequalities**

Solve each. Graph your answers on a number line.

1. 
$$-3 < x - 8 \le 12$$

4. 
$$x - 1.5 > 8$$
 or  $-x + 2 > 9$  5.  $4 \le x + 7 < 9$ 

7. 
$$3x > 9$$
 or  $-5x > 25$ 

10. 
$$-5x + 9 \ge 12$$
 or  $2x + 6 > 5$ 

2. 
$$7 \le 2x - 5 < 18$$

5. 
$$4 < x + 7 < 9$$

8. 
$$8x + 12 \le 20$$
 or  $x + 12 > 9$  9.  $-8 \le 3x + 7 < 40$ 

10. 
$$-5x + 9 \ge 12$$
 or  $2x + 6 > 5$  11.  $3x - 1 < x + 5$  or  $-x \ge 5 + 7x$ 

3. 
$$x + 8 < 10$$
 or  $5x - 9 \ge 26$ 

6. 
$$-2 < 6x + 10 \le 5$$

9. 
$$-8 \le 3x + 7 < 40$$

- 1.  $5 < x \le 20$
- 4. x < -7 or  $x > \frac{19}{2}$
- 7. x < -5 or x > 3
- 8. ℝ
- 10.  $x \le -\frac{3}{5}$  or  $x > -\frac{1}{2}$

- 2.  $6 \le x < \frac{23}{2}$
- 5.  $-3 \le x < 2$
- 9.  $-5 \le x < 11$



11.

- 3.  $x < 2 \text{ or } x \ge 7$
- 6.  $-2 < x \le -\frac{5}{6}$



12. *x* < 3



# **Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities**

#### 3.1 Absolute Value Equations

Solve each of the following.

1. 
$$|2x| = 10$$

4. 
$$|x + 7| = 9$$

7. 
$$\left| \frac{1}{2}x + 2 \right| = x - 3$$

2. 
$$|3x - 7| = 8$$

5. 
$$|8x + 16| = -24$$

3. 
$$|5x + 1| = -4$$

6. 
$$|-x-4|=-3$$

#### 3.2 Absolute Value Inequaltiies

Solve each. Graph your answers on a number line.

1. 
$$|x-9| < 10$$

4. 
$$|6x - 18| < 42$$

7. 
$$|3x + 2| > 1$$

10. 
$$3\left|\frac{1}{3}x+9\right| > 27$$

2. 
$$|-x+1| \ge 7$$

5. 
$$|-2x+1| \ge 9$$

8. 
$$|2x - 1| \le 7$$

11. 
$$|0.1x + 5.4| < 4.7$$

3. 
$$|x+8| < -1$$

6. 
$$|5x + 2| < 3x$$

9. 
$$|2x - 8| \le 3x$$

#### **Absolute Value Equations**

1. 
$$x = \pm 5$$

4. 
$$x = 2$$
 or  $x = -16$ 

7. 
$$x = 10$$

- 2.  $x = -\frac{1}{3}$  or x = 5
- 5. ∅

- 3. ∅
- 6. ∅

#### **Absolute Value Inequalities**

1. 
$$-1 < x < 19$$



2. 
$$x \le -6$$
 or  $x \ge 8$ 



3. ∅



4. 
$$-4 < x < 10$$

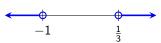


5. 
$$x \le -4 \text{ or } x \ge 5$$





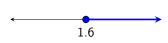
7. 
$$x < -1$$
 or  $x > \frac{1}{3}$ 



8. 
$$-3 \le x \le 4$$



#### 9. $x \ge 1.6$



10. 
$$x < -54$$
 or  $x > 0$ 

11. 
$$-101 < x < -7$$



# **Factoring Techniques**

Factor each completely.

1. 
$$x^2 + 2x - 15$$

2. 
$$a^2 - 15a + 56$$

3. 
$$8x^2 + 10x + 3$$

4. 
$$w^2 + w - 12$$

5. 
$$5b^2 - 9b - 2$$

6. 
$$12x^2 + 40x - 7$$

7. 
$$4x^2 - 4x - 24$$

8. 
$$18t^2 - 9t - 5$$

9. 
$$6a^2 + 23a + 21$$
 10.  $x^2 - 12x + 36$ 

10. 
$$x^2 - 12x + 36$$

11. 
$$9x^2 - 1$$

11. 
$$9x^2 - 1$$
 12.  $4x^2 + 4x + 1$ 

13. 
$$x^3 - x^2 - 2x$$

14. 
$$6x^2 - 32x + 10$$

15. 
$$2x^3 - 9x^2 - 51x - 40$$

- 1. (x+5)(x-3)
- 2. (a-8)(a-7)
- 3. (4x+3)(2x+1)
- 4. (w+4)(w-3)
- 5. (b-2)(5b+1)
- 6. (2x+7)(6x-1)
- 7. 4(x-3)(x+2)
- 8. (3t+1)(6t-5)
- 9. (3a+7)(2a+3)
- 10.  $(x-6)^2$
- 11. (3x-1)(3x+1)
- 12.  $(2x+1)^2$
- 13. x(x-2)(x+1)
- 14. 2(3x-1)(x-5)
- 15. (2x+5)(x+1)(x-8)

# The Quadratic Formula

Solve each. Exact answers only.

1. 
$$x^2 - 6x = -2$$

4. 
$$5x^2 + 6x - 2 = 3x^2 + 10$$

$$2. \ 4x^2 + 7x - 1 = 0$$

5. 
$$7x^2 - 5 = 6x + 11$$

3. 
$$8x^2 + 4x = 3$$

6. 
$$8x^2 + 2x + 1 = 7x^2 - 8x - 9$$

- 1.  $x = 3 \pm \sqrt{7}$
- 2.  $x = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{65}}{8}$
- 3.  $x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{7}}{4}$
- 4.  $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{33}}{2}$
- 5.  $x = -\frac{8}{7}$ , x = 2
- 6.  $x = -5 \pm \sqrt{15}$

# **Complex Numbers**

Simplify each.

1. 
$$(4-7i)+(-2+6i)$$

2. 
$$(2-4i)-(2-3i)$$

3. 
$$6 - (8 + 4i)$$

4. 
$$3(-2+7i)$$

5. 
$$(2+3i)(-2-5i)$$

6. 
$$(4+6i)(4-6i)$$

7. 
$$\frac{3+i}{2-i}$$

8. 
$$3(7-4i)+2i(1+6i)$$
 9.  $(-2-6i)^2$ 

9. 
$$(-2-6i)^2$$

10.  $\frac{2+3i}{4-5i}$ 

Solve each. Exact answers only.

11. 
$$3x^2 - 7x + 6 = 0$$

12. 
$$5x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$$

- 1. 2 *i*
- 2. *-i*
- 3. -2-4i
- 4. -6 + 21i
- 5. 11 16*i*
- 6. 52
- 7. 1 + i
- 8. 9-10i
- 9. -32 + 24i
- 10.  $-\frac{7}{41} + \frac{22}{41}i$
- 11.  $x = \frac{7 \pm i\sqrt{23}}{6}$
- 12.  $x = \frac{3 \pm i\sqrt{31}}{10}$

# **Graphs of Quadratic Expressions**

Identify the vertex and axis of symmetry for each.

1. 
$$y = 5x^2 - 15x + 7$$

2. 
$$y = x^2 + 8x - 1$$

3. 
$$y = \frac{1}{4}(x+3)^2 + 1$$

Write each of the following in general,  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ , form.

4. 
$$y = (x-7)^2 + 4$$

5. 
$$y = -3(x+2)^2 - 5$$

6. 
$$y = \frac{1}{4}(x-7)^2 + 1$$

- 1. Vertex:  $\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{17}{4}\right)$ ; Axis of Symmetry:  $x = \frac{3}{2}$
- 2. Vertex: (-4, -17); Axis of Symmetry: x = -4
- 3. Vertex: (-3, 1); Axis of Symmetry: x = -3
- 4.  $y = x^2 14x + 53$
- 5.  $y = -3x^2 12x 17$
- 6.  $y = \frac{1}{4}x^2 \frac{7}{2}x + \frac{53}{4}$

# **Intro to Functions**

Evaluate each of the following given  $f(x) = \frac{x}{5} + 8$ .

1. *f*(9)

2. f(-1)

3. *f*(8)

- 1.  $\frac{49}{5}$ 2.  $\frac{39}{5}$
- 3.  $\frac{48}{5}$